RCW 74.08A.210 Diversion program—Emergency assistance. (Effective until January 1, 2025.) (1) In order to prevent some families from developing dependency on temporary assistance for needy families, the department shall make available to qualifying applicants a diversion program designed to provide brief, emergency assistance for families in crisis whose income and assets would otherwise qualify them for temporary assistance for needy families.

- (2) Diversion assistance may include cash or vouchers in payment for the following needs:
 - (a) Child care;
 - (b) Housing assistance;
 - (c) Transportation-related expenses;
 - (d) Food;
 - (e) Medical costs for the recipient's immediate family;
- (f) Employment-related expenses which are necessary to keep or obtain paid unsubsidized employment.
- (3) Diversion assistance is available once in each twelve-month period for each adult applicant. Recipients of diversion assistance are not included in the temporary assistance for needy families program.
- (4) Diversion assistance may not exceed one thousand five hundred dollars for each instance.
- (5) To be eligible for diversion assistance, a family must otherwise be eligible for temporary assistance for needy families.
- (6) Families ineligible for temporary assistance for needy families or benefits under RCW 74.62.030 due to sanction, noncompliance, the lump sum income rule, or any other reason are not eligible for diversion assistance.
- (7) Families must provide evidence showing that a bona fide need exists according to subsection (2) of this section in order to be eligible for diversion assistance.

An adult applicant may receive diversion assistance of any type no more than once per twelve-month period. If the recipient of diversion assistance is placed on the temporary assistance for needy families program within twelve months of receiving diversion assistance, the prorated dollar value of the assistance shall be treated as a loan from the state, and recovered by deduction from the recipient's cash grant. [2011 1st sp.s. c 36 s 30; 2010 1st sp.s. c 8 s 27; 1997 c 58 s 302.]

Findings—Intent—2011 1st sp.s. c 36: See RCW 74.62.005.

Effective date—2011 1st sp.s. c 36: See note following RCW 74.62.005.

Findings—Intent—Short title—Effective date—2010 1st sp.s. c 8: See notes following RCW 74.04.225.

RCW 74.08A.210 Diversion program—Emergency assistance. (Effective January 1, 2025.) (1) In order to prevent some families from developing dependency on temporary assistance for needy families, the department shall make available to qualifying applicants a diversion program designed to provide brief, emergency assistance for families in crisis whose income and assets would otherwise qualify them for temporary assistance for needy families.

- (2) Diversion assistance may include cash or vouchers in payment for the following needs:
 - (a) Child care;
 - (b) Housing assistance;
 - (c) Transportation-related expenses;
 - (d) Food;
 - (e) Medical costs for the recipient's immediate family;
- (f) Employment-related expenses which are necessary to keep or obtain paid unsubsidized employment.
- (3) Diversion assistance is available once in each 12-month period for each adult applicant. Recipients of diversion assistance are not included in the temporary assistance for needy families program.
 - (4) Diversion assistance may not exceed \$2,000 for each instance.
- (5) To be eligible for diversion assistance, a family must otherwise be eligible for temporary assistance for needy families.
- (6) Families ineligible for temporary assistance for needy families due to sanction, noncompliance, the lump sum income rule, or any other reason are not eligible for diversion assistance.
- (7) Families must provide evidence showing that a bona fide need exists according to subsection (2) of this section in order to be eligible for diversion assistance.

An adult applicant may receive diversion assistance of any type no more than once per 12-month period. If the recipient of diversion assistance is placed on the temporary assistance for needy families program within 12 months of receiving diversion assistance, the prorated dollar value of the assistance shall be treated as a loan from the state, and recovered by deduction from the recipient's cash grant. [2024 c 154 s 1; 2011 1st sp.s. c 36 s 30; 2010 1st sp.s. c 8 s 27; 1997 c 58 s 302.]

Effective date—2024 c 154 s 1: "Section 1 of this act takes effect January 1, 2025." [2024 c 154 s 2.]

Findings—Intent—2011 1st sp.s. c 36: See RCW 74.62.005.

Effective date—2011 1st sp.s. c 36: See note following RCW 74.62.005.

Findings—Intent—Short title—Effective date—2010 1st sp.s. c 8: See notes following RCW 74.04.225.