
HOUSE BILL 1700

State of Washington 55th Legislature 1997 Regular Session

By Representatives McMorris, Wood and Linville

Read first time 02/05/97. Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

1 AN ACT Relating to creating a property tax credit as an incentive
2 for the improvement of streams, rivers, and riparian areas; amending
3 RCW 90.58.030; adding a new section to chapter 89.08 RCW; adding a new
4 section to chapter 35.63 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35A.63
5 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.70 RCW; adding a new section to
6 chapter 36.70A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.21C RCW; adding
7 a new section to chapter 75.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter
8 79.90 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.48 RCW; adding a new
9 chapter to Title 84 RCW; providing an effective date; providing
10 expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

12 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** (1) The legislature finds that:
13 (a) Cooperative partnerships formed by governmental agencies and
14 private landowners can provide needed improvement to streams, rivers,
15 and riparian areas;
16 (b) Improving the habitat of streams, rivers, and riparian areas
17 will:
18 (i) Benefit the aquatic and wildlife species in the state;
19 (ii) Improve water quality for water resource users;

1 (iii) Reduce damage to property that often accompanies flooding;
2 and

3 (iv) Potentially improve the availability of water for users; and

4 (c) Some salmonid stocks within the state of Washington have
5 declined at an accelerated rate during the past few years and improving
6 the habitat of streams, rivers, and riparian areas upon which spawning
7 salmonid stocks depend for survival will help to reverse this decline.

8 (2) The legislature intends that a program be created to improve
9 the habitat of aquatic and wildlife species of streams, rivers, and
10 riparian areas and that owners of land abutting streams and rivers be
11 allowed a credit against the state portion of property taxes levied on
12 such land for expenditures made to improve the habitat of streams,
13 rivers, and riparian areas.

14 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 2.** The definitions in this section apply
15 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

16 (1) "Conservation commission" means the conservation commission
17 created under chapter 89.08 RCW.

18 (2) "Conservation district" means a conservation district created
19 under chapter 89.08 RCW.

20 (3) "Improvement" and "improve" mean expenditures made to improve
21 the water quality and quantity, wildlife habitat, or aquatic habitat of
22 streams, rivers, or riparian areas in the state.

23 (4) "Owner" means the party or parties having the fee interest in
24 land, except that where land is subject to real estate contract,
25 "owner" means the contract vendee.

26 (5) "Riparian" means areas next to streams or rivers that are
27 capable of supporting plant and animal species that require more
28 moisture than the plant and animal communities growing on adjacent
29 uplands. Riparian areas are adjacent to streams and rivers where
30 specific measures are needed to protect aquatic and wildlife habitat
31 needs and watershed.

32 (6) "Salmonid" means a fish of the family salmonidae. Fish in this
33 family include salmon, steelhead, trout, char, whitefish, and grayling.

34 (7) "Watershed" means a geographic region within which water drains
35 into a particular river, stream, or body of water identified and
36 numbered as state of Washington water resource inventory areas under
37 RCW 43.27A.130 and defined by WAC 173-500-040 as existing on the
38 effective date of this act.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 3.** (1) An owner of a parcel of land shall be
2 entitled to the credit specified in section 6 of this act against
3 property taxes on the parcel, if:

4 (a) The parcel contains land that abuts a stream, river, or
5 riparian area and the land falls within one of the categories set forth
6 in section 4 of this act and the owner of the parcel requests the
7 development of an improvement plan under this chapter;

8 (b) A conservation district has determined that improvements on
9 that land or on a portion of any public property that is within the
10 stream or river, which portion is immediately abutted by the parcel,
11 are necessary to improve the habitat of the stream, river, or riparian
12 area;

13 (c) The conservation district and the department of fish and
14 wildlife have jointly prepared an improvement plan under section 5 of
15 this act specifying the improvements to be made;

16 (d) The owner has completed the improvements as specified in the
17 improvement plan and has provided the conservation district with all
18 receipts for work and materials associated with the improvements;

19 (e) The conservation district has inspected the improvements and
20 has determined that the improvements specified by the improvement plan
21 have been satisfactorily completed; and

22 (f) The conservation district is authorized to issue a voucher for
23 the improvements under section 7(2) of this act.

24 (2) The conservation district shall provide the owner with a credit
25 voucher certifying that the owner has completed the improvements and
26 certifying the total amount of money spent by the owner in this effort.
27 The credit shall be for the amount of money spent implementing the
28 improvement plan, within the limitations of section 6 of this act. The
29 credit is for improvements specified in the improvement plan that are
30 made on the parcel or on a portion of any public property within a
31 stream or river, which portion is immediately abutted by the parcel.

32 (3) To receive this credit the owner shall submit the credit
33 voucher received from the conservation district for the improvements to
34 the treasurer of the county in which the improved stream, river, or
35 riparian area is located. The treasurer shall treat this credit
36 voucher in the same manner as a monetary payment of property taxes.

37 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** Land that falls within one of the following
38 categories may qualify for improvements to the habitat of streams,

1 rivers, or riparian areas that may be specified in improvement plans
2 under this chapter:

3 (1) Land bordering streams that are critical to the recovery of
4 anadromous fishery stocks listed as "critical" or "depressed" in the
5 1992 Washington State Salmon and Steelhead Stock Inventory published by
6 the department of fisheries, the department of wildlife, and the
7 Western Washington Treaty of Indian Tribes in March 1993;

8 (2) Land within a watershed that is listed as a priority in the
9 Preliminary Priority Watersheds for Restoration and Conservation of
10 Fish and Wildlife published by the department of fish and wildlife and
11 the department of natural resources in February 1995;

12 (3) Land bordering streams, rivers, and riparian areas that do not
13 meet water quality standards according to the May 1994 Section 303(d)
14 list published by the department of ecology;

15 (4) Land within watersheds that have an approved watershed plan
16 developed in accordance with chapter 90.70 RCW;

17 (5) Land abutting streams, rivers, or riparian areas impacting
18 threatened or endangered species as listed in the federal Endangered
19 Species Act, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq., as existing on the effective
20 date of this act; or

21 (6) Land included within watershed restoration plans or projects
22 that have been approved in accordance with RCW 89.08.450 through
23 89.08.510.

24 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 5.** (1) In order to qualify for the property tax
25 credit set forth in section 3 of this act, an improvement plan must be
26 developed. A conservation district and the department of fish and
27 wildlife shall jointly, in conjunction with the owner of land abutting
28 one or more streams, rivers, or riparian areas, develop a plan to
29 improve the habitat of the stream, river, or riparian areas using:

30 (a) Practices listed in the United States department of
31 agriculture/natural resources conservation service's field office
32 technical guide, as existing on the effective date of this act, for the
33 protection or improvement of riparian areas; or

34 (b) Practices listed in the 1995 Fish and Wildlife Priority Habitat
35 Management Recommendations: RIPARIAN.

36 (2) An owner of land or the owner's predecessor in right shall not
37 be responsible for maintaining any improvement made or caused to be
38 made as specified in an improvement plan authorized by this chapter.

1 Plans developed under this chapter shall not include maintenance
2 requirements. Plans developed under this chapter shall not include or
3 establish any public access requirements. Neither a person who makes
4 improvements or causes improvements to be made as specified in an
5 improvement plan authorized under this chapter nor the person's
6 successor in right shall be liable for any consequences resulting from
7 making the improvements or for any consequences arising from the
8 improvements.

9 (3) No state or local permit of any kind may be required for the
10 development of or for an activity conducted solely to implement an
11 improvement plan developed under this chapter if the conditions set
12 forth in section 3(1) (a) through (d) of this act are satisfied and the
13 implementation takes place by June 30, 2000.

14 (4) A conservation district and the department of fish and wildlife
15 may consult a unit of the natural resources conservation service of the
16 United States department of agriculture regarding the development of an
17 improvement plan for a parcel of land only with the consent of the
18 owner of the parcel of land.

19 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 6.** (1) A credit allowed under this chapter
20 shall be used as a credit against the state portion of property taxes
21 imposed on the parcel of land with regard to which an improvement plan
22 has been implemented under this chapter. Such a credit may not be used
23 against any property taxes imposed against buildings or other
24 facilities located on the parcel.

25 (2) Credits shall not exceed the amount of the state portion of the
26 property taxes imposed on the parcel nor the amount of money the owner
27 spent to improve stream, river, or riparian areas.

28 (3) A credit shall be allowed against taxes levied for collection
29 in each of not more than two years immediately following the year in
30 which completion of and payment for improvements occurs. Credits may
31 not be carried forward to subsequent tax years.

32 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 7.** (1) The total amount of credits to be
33 allowed under this chapter shall not exceed six million dollars for the
34 fiscal year ending June 30, 1998, twelve million dollars for the fiscal
35 year ending June 30, 1999, and twelve million dollars for the fiscal
36 year ending June 30, 2000.

1 (2) The conservation commission shall keep a running total of the
2 estimated costs of implementing improvement plans and a running total
3 of the dollar amount of credits approved under this chapter. The
4 commission shall immediately notify all conservation districts when the
5 estimated costs of implementing plans is approaching the amounts in
6 subsection (1) of this section and when the annual maximum dollar
7 amount of credit has been reached. A conservation district shall not
8 issue any credit voucher that would cause an annual limit to be
9 exceeded and shall advise landowners requesting the development of
10 improvement plans as to whether the total of the estimated costs of
11 implementing the plans state-wide approximate the amounts in subsection
12 (1) of this section.

13 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 8.** Any portion of the state levy reduced as a
14 result of this chapter shall be made whole from other state revenues.
15 This chapter shall not result in the reduction in any manner of the
16 amount of the state school levy for support of the common schools.

17 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 9.** This chapter shall expire June 30, 2000.

18 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 10.** A new section is added to chapter 89.08 RCW
19 to read as follows:

20 (1) Conservation districts shall monitor and provide monthly
21 reports to the conservation commission on the number of owners who
22 submit applications and who are approved to participate in the
23 improvement program set forth in section 3 of this act and on the
24 estimated costs of implementing the improvement plans developed under
25 the program.

26 (2) The conservation commission shall provide grants to
27 conservation districts to reimburse them for the technical assistance
28 costs incurred in developing improvement plans under chapter 84.-- RCW
29 (sections 1 through 9 of this act).

30 (3) The conservation commission in conjunction with the department
31 of fish and wildlife shall submit a report to the office of the
32 governor summarizing the progress of the program set forth in chapter
33 84.-- RCW (sections 1 through 9 of this act) by October 1, 1998.

34 (4) The conservation commission in cooperation with the Washington
35 department of fish and wildlife shall prepare and submit a report by
36 October 1, 1999, to the environmental committees of the legislature and

1 to the office of the governor summarizing the progress of the program
2 set forth in chapter 84.-- RCW (sections 1 through 9 of this act) to
3 date.

4 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 11.** A new section is added to chapter 35.63 RCW
5 to read as follows:

6 No permit or other authorization may be required under a local
7 ordinance for the development of an improvement plan under section 5 of
8 this act or for an activity conducted solely to implement such a plan.

9 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 12.** A new section is added to chapter 35A.63
10 RCW to read as follows:

11 No permit or other authorization may be required under a local
12 ordinance for the development of an improvement plan under section 5 of
13 this act or for an activity conducted solely to implement such a plan.

14 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 13.** A new section is added to chapter 36.70 RCW
15 to read as follows:

16 No permit or other authorization may be required under a local
17 ordinance for the development of an improvement plan under section 5 of
18 this act or for an activity conducted solely to implement such a plan.

19 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 14.** A new section is added to chapter 36.70A
20 RCW to read as follows:

21 This chapter does not apply to the development of an improvement
22 plan under section 5 of this act or to an activity conducted solely to
23 implement such a plan.

24 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 15.** A new section is added to chapter 43.21C
25 RCW to read as follows:

26 This chapter does not apply to the development of an improvement
27 plan under section 5 of this act or to an activity conducted solely to
28 implement such a plan.

29 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 16.** A new section is added to chapter 75.20 RCW
30 to read as follows:

31 Hydraulic project approval shall not be required for the
32 development of an improvement plan under section 5 of this act or an
33 activity conducted solely to implement such a plan.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 17.** A new section is added to chapter 79.90 RCW
2 to read as follows:

3 No permit or lease shall be required for the development of an
4 improvement plan under section 5 of this act or for an activity
5 conducted on state aquatic lands solely to implement such a plan.

6 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 18.** A new section is added to chapter 90.48 RCW
7 to read as follows:

8 A permit shall not be required under this chapter for the
9 development of an improvement plan under section 5 of this act or for
10 an activity conducted solely to implement such a plan.

11 **Sec. 19.** RCW 90.58.030 and 1996 c 265 s 1 are each amended to read
12 as follows:

13 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the
14 following definitions and concepts apply:

15 (1) Administration:

16 (a) "Department" means the department of ecology;

17 (b) "Director" means the director of the department of ecology;

18 (c) "Local government" means any county, incorporated city, or town
19 which contains within its boundaries any lands or waters subject to
20 this chapter;

21 (d) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation,
22 association, organization, cooperative, public or municipal
23 corporation, or agency of the state or local governmental unit however
24 designated;

25 (e) "Hearing board" means the shoreline hearings board established
26 by this chapter.

27 (2) Geographical:

28 (a) "Extreme low tide" means the lowest line on the land reached by
29 a receding tide;

30 (b) "Ordinary high water mark" on all lakes, streams, and tidal
31 water is that mark that will be found by examining the bed and banks
32 and ascertaining where the presence and action of waters are so common
33 and usual, and so long continued in all ordinary years, as to mark upon
34 the soil a character distinct from that of the abutting upland, in
35 respect to vegetation as that condition exists on June 1, 1971, as it
36 may naturally change thereafter, or as it may change thereafter in
37 accordance with permits issued by a local government or the department:

1 PROVIDED, That in any area where the ordinary high water mark cannot be
2 found, the ordinary high water mark adjoining salt water shall be the
3 line of mean higher high tide and the ordinary high water mark
4 adjoining fresh water shall be the line of mean high water;

5 (c) "Shorelines of the state" are the total of all "shorelines" and
6 "shorelines of state-wide significance" within the state;

7 (d) "Shorelines" means all of the water areas of the state,
8 including reservoirs, and their associated shorelands, together with
9 the lands underlying them; except (i) shorelines of state-wide
10 significance; (ii) shorelines on segments of streams upstream of a
11 point where the mean annual flow is twenty cubic feet per second or
12 less and the wetlands associated with such upstream segments; and (iii)
13 shorelines on lakes less than twenty acres in size and wetlands
14 associated with such small lakes;

15 (e) "Shorelines of state-wide significance" means the following
16 shorelines of the state:

17 (i) The area between the ordinary high water mark and the western
18 boundary of the state from Cape Disappointment on the south to Cape
19 Flattery on the north, including harbors, bays, estuaries, and inlets;

20 (ii) Those areas of Puget Sound and adjacent salt waters and the
21 Strait of Juan de Fuca between the ordinary high water mark and the
22 line of extreme low tide as follows:

23 (A) Nisqually Delta--from DeWolf Bight to Tatsolo Point,

24 (B) Birch Bay--from Point Whitehorn to Birch Point,

25 (C) Hood Canal--from Tala Point to Foulweather Bluff,

26 (D) Skagit Bay and adjacent area--from Brown Point to Yokeko Point,
27 and

28 (E) Padilla Bay--from March Point to William Point;

29 (iii) Those areas of Puget Sound and the Strait of Juan de Fuca and
30 adjacent salt waters north to the Canadian line and lying seaward from
31 the line of extreme low tide;

32 (iv) Those lakes, whether natural, artificial, or a combination
33 thereof, with a surface acreage of one thousand acres or more measured
34 at the ordinary high water mark;

35 (v) Those natural rivers or segments thereof as follows:

36 (A) Any west of the crest of the Cascade range downstream of a
37 point where the mean annual flow is measured at one thousand cubic feet
38 per second or more,

1 (B) Any east of the crest of the Cascade range downstream of a
2 point where the annual flow is measured at two hundred cubic feet per
3 second or more, or those portions of rivers east of the crest of the
4 Cascade range downstream from the first three hundred square miles of
5 drainage area, whichever is longer;

6 (vi) Those shorelands associated with (i), (ii), (iv), and (v) of
7 this subsection (2)(e);

8 (f) "Shorelands" or "shoreland areas" means those lands extending
9 landward for two hundred feet in all directions as measured on a
10 horizontal plane from the ordinary high water mark; floodways and
11 contiguous floodplain areas landward two hundred feet from such
12 floodways; and all wetlands and river deltas associated with the
13 streams, lakes, and tidal waters which are subject to the provisions of
14 this chapter; the same to be designated as to location by the
15 department of ecology. Any county or city may determine that portion
16 of a one-hundred-year-flood plain to be included in its master program
17 as long as such portion includes, as a minimum, the floodway and the
18 adjacent land extending landward two hundred feet therefrom;

19 (g) "Floodway" means those portions of the area of a river valley
20 lying streamward from the outer limits of a watercourse upon which
21 flood waters are carried during periods of flooding that occur with
22 reasonable regularity, although not necessarily annually, said floodway
23 being identified, under normal condition, by changes in surface soil
24 conditions or changes in types or quality of vegetative ground cover
25 condition. The floodway shall not include those lands that can
26 reasonably be expected to be protected from flood waters by flood
27 control devices maintained by or maintained under license from the
28 federal government, the state, or a political subdivision of the state;

29 (h) "Wetlands" means areas that are inundated or saturated by
30 surface water or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to
31 support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence
32 of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.
33 Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas.
34 Wetlands do not include those artificial wetlands intentionally created
35 from nonwetland sites, including, but not limited to, irrigation and
36 drainage ditches, grass-lined swales, canals, detention facilities,
37 wastewater treatment facilities, farm ponds, and landscape amenities,
38 or those wetlands created after July 1, 1990, that were unintentionally
39 created as a result of the construction of a road, street, or highway.

1 Wetlands may include those artificial wetlands intentionally created
2 from nonwetland areas to mitigate the conversion of wetlands.

3 (3) Procedural terms:

4 (a) "Guidelines" means those standards adopted to implement the
5 policy of this chapter for regulation of use of the shorelines of the
6 state prior to adoption of master programs. Such standards shall also
7 provide criteria to local governments and the department in developing
8 master programs;

9 (b) "Master program" shall mean the comprehensive use plan for a
10 described area, and the use regulations together with maps, diagrams,
11 charts, or other descriptive material and text, a statement of desired
12 goals, and standards developed in accordance with the policies
13 enunciated in RCW 90.58.020;

14 (c) "State master program" is the cumulative total of all master
15 programs approved or adopted by the department of ecology;

16 (d) "Development" means a use consisting of the construction or
17 exterior alteration of structures; dredging; drilling; dumping;
18 filling; removal of any sand, gravel, or minerals; bulkheading; driving
19 of piling; placing of obstructions; or any project of a permanent or
20 temporary nature which interferes with the normal public use of the
21 surface of the waters overlying lands subject to this chapter at any
22 state of water level;

23 (e) "Substantial development" shall mean any development of which
24 the total cost or fair market value exceeds two thousand five hundred
25 dollars, or any development which materially interferes with the normal
26 public use of the water or shorelines of the state; except that the
27 following shall not be considered substantial developments for the
28 purpose of this chapter:

29 (i) Normal maintenance or repair of existing structures or
30 developments, including damage by accident, fire, or elements;

31 (ii) Construction of the normal protective bulkhead common to
32 single family residences;

33 (iii) Emergency construction necessary to protect property from
34 damage by the elements;

35 (iv) Construction and practices normal or necessary for farming,
36 irrigation, and ranching activities, including agricultural service
37 roads and utilities on shorelands, and the construction and maintenance
38 of irrigation structures including but not limited to head gates,
39 pumping facilities, and irrigation channels. A feedlot of any size,

1 all processing plants, other activities of a commercial nature,
2 alteration of the contour of the shorelands by leveling or filling
3 other than that which results from normal cultivation, shall not be
4 considered normal or necessary farming or ranching activities. A
5 feedlot shall be an enclosure or facility used or capable of being used
6 for feeding livestock hay, grain, silage, or other livestock feed, but
7 shall not include land for growing crops or vegetation for livestock
8 feeding and/or grazing, nor shall it include normal livestock wintering
9 operations;

10 (v) Construction or modification of navigational aids such as
11 channel markers and anchor buoys;

12 (vi) Construction on shorelands by an owner, lessee, or contract
13 purchaser of a single family residence for his own use or for the use
14 of his family, which residence does not exceed a height of thirty-five
15 feet above average grade level and which meets all requirements of the
16 state agency or local government having jurisdiction thereof, other
17 than requirements imposed pursuant to this chapter;

18 (vii) Construction of a dock, including a community dock, designed
19 for pleasure craft only, for the private noncommercial use of the
20 owner, lessee, or contract purchaser of single and multiple family
21 residences. This exception applies if either: (A) In salt waters, the
22 fair market value of the dock does not exceed two thousand five hundred
23 dollars; or (B) in fresh waters, the fair market value of the dock does
24 not exceed ten thousand dollars, but if subsequent construction having
25 a fair market value exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars occurs
26 within five years of completion of the prior construction, the
27 subsequent construction shall be considered a substantial development
28 for the purpose of this chapter;

29 (viii) Operation, maintenance, or construction of canals,
30 waterways, drains, reservoirs, or other facilities that now exist or
31 are hereafter created or developed as a part of an irrigation system
32 for the primary purpose of making use of system waters, including
33 return flow and artificially stored ground water for the irrigation of
34 lands;

35 (ix) The marking of property lines or corners on state owned lands,
36 when such marking does not significantly interfere with normal public
37 use of the surface of the water;

38 (x) Operation and maintenance of any system of dikes, ditches,
39 drains, or other facilities existing on September 8, 1975, which were

1 created, developed, or utilized primarily as a part of an agricultural
2 drainage or diking system;

3 (xi) Site exploration and investigation activities that are
4 prerequisite to preparation of an application for development
5 authorization under this chapter, if:

6 (A) The activity does not interfere with the normal public use of
7 the surface waters;

8 (B) The activity will have no significant adverse impact on the
9 environment including, but not limited to, fish, wildlife, fish or
10 wildlife habitat, water quality, and aesthetic values;

11 (C) The activity does not involve the installation of a structure,
12 and upon completion of the activity the vegetation and land
13 configuration of the site are restored to conditions existing before
14 the activity;

15 (D) A private entity seeking development authorization under this
16 section first posts a performance bond or provides other evidence of
17 financial responsibility to the local jurisdiction to ensure that the
18 site is restored to preexisting conditions; and

19 (E) The activity is not subject to the permit requirements of RCW
20 90.58.550;

21 (xii) The process of removing or controlling an aquatic noxious
22 weed, as defined in RCW 17.26.020, through the use of an herbicide or
23 other treatment methods applicable to weed control that are recommended
24 by a final environmental impact statement published by the department
25 of agriculture or the department jointly with other state agencies
26 under chapter 43.21C RCW;

27 (xiii) The development of a plan under section 5 of this act or an
28 activity conducted solely to implement such a plan. This subsection
29 (3)(e)(xiii) expires June 30, 2000.

30 NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. Sections 1 through 9 of this act constitute
31 a new chapter in Title 84 RCW.

32 NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. Sections 10 through 18 of this act expire
33 June 30, 2000.

34 NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. This act is necessary for the immediate
35 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the

1 state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect
2 July 1, 1997.

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