## HOUSE BILL 2908

State of Washington 60th Legislature 2008 Regular Session

By Representatives Orcutt, Blake, Kretz, McCune, and VanDeWege

Read first time 01/17/08. Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Natural Resources.

AN ACT Relating to forest practices regulations applicable to small forest landowners; amending RCW 76.13.120 and 76.13.140; creating new sections; and providing an expiration date.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

Sec. 1. This act is intended to allow the small 5 NEW SECTION. forest landowner office to begin the process of calculating the 6 7 compensation that may be offered to a small forest landowner who is 8 participating in the forest riparian easement program shortly after receipt of the landowner's application. Timing the compensation 9 10 calculation with the receipt of the application, as opposed to initiating the compensation determination upon the appropriation of 11 distributable funds, allows the small forest landowner office to both 12 capture the actual value of the unharvested timber at the time that the 13 forest practices operation was conducted, and allows the small forest 14 15 landowner office to more accurately estimate for the legislature the 16 budget needs of the forest riparian easement program.

17 This act is also intended to ensure that family forest landowners, 18 for whom the forest riparian easement program was initially designed, are compensated under the program before all other qualifying
 landowners.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. To implement the intent of this act: 3 4 (1) The small forest landowner office shall, by the end of the 2007-2009 fiscal biennium, use any funding specifically made available 5 to it for these purposes from the state's capital construction budget 6 7 to complete the compensation estimates and execute the resulting 8 easement contracts for forest riparian easement contracts received by the small forest landowner office prior to the effective date of this 9 10 section.

(2) The forest practices board shall initiate and complete a rulemaking procedure to remove the requirement for the small forest landowner office to send a landowner a notice of compensation within sixty days of completion of the requisite timber cruise.

15 (3) This section expires July 1, 2009.

16 **Sec. 3.** RCW 76.13.120 and 2004 c 102 s 1 are each amended to read 17 as follows:

(1) The legislature finds that the state should acquire easements along riparian and other sensitive aquatic areas from small forest landowners willing to sell or donate such easements to the state provided that the state will not be required to acquire such easements if they are subject to unacceptable liabilities. The legislature therefore establishes a forestry riparian easement program.

(2) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this
 section and RCW 76.13.100 and 76.13.110 unless the context clearly
 requires otherwise.

(a) "Forestry riparian easement" means an easement covering
 qualifying timber granted voluntarily to the state by a small forest
 landowner.

30 (b) "Qualifying timber" means: (i) Those trees covered by a forest 31 practices application that the small forest landowner is required to 32 leave unharvested under the rules adopted under RCW 76.09.055 and 33 76.09.370 or that is made uneconomic to harvest by those rules, and for 34 which the small landowner is willing to grant the state a forestry 35 riparian easement; and (ii) those trees covered by a forest practices 36 application that a small forest landowner who is eligible for the

exemption provided in RCW 76.13.130 before June 5, 2006, voluntarily 1 2 leaves unharvested, to the extent that the landowner would have been required to leave those trees unharvested under the rules adopted under 3 RCW 76.09.370, if the landowner was not eligible for the exemption 4 provided in RCW 76.13.130; but not (iii) those trees covered by a 5 forest practices application with a proposal to convert to a use other 6 than commercial timber production. "Qualifying timber" is timber 7 within or bordering a commercially reasonable harvest unit 8 as determined under rules adopted by the forest practices board, or timber 9 10 for which an approved forest practices application for timber harvest cannot be obtained because of restrictions under the forest practices 11 12 rules, including restrictions on harvesting in riparian areas and 13 restrictions on harvesting on unstable slopes.

14 (c) "Small forest landowner" means a landowner meeting all of the following characteristics: (i) A forest landowner as defined in RCW 15 76.09.020 whose interest in the land and timber is in fee or who has 16 17 rights to the timber to be included in the forestry riparian easement that extend at least fifty years from the date the forest practices 18 application associated with the easement is submitted; (ii) an entity 19 that has harvested from its own lands in this state during the three 20 21 years prior to the year of application an average timber volume that 22 would qualify the owner as a small harvester under RCW 84.33.035; and (iii) an entity that certifies at the time of application that it does 23 24 not expect to harvest from its own lands more than the volume allowed by RCW 84.33.035 during the ten years following application. 25 If a landowner's prior three-year average harvest exceeds the limit of RCW 26 27 84.33.035, or the landowner expects to exceed this limit during the ten years following application, and that landowner establishes to the 28 department of natural resources' reasonable satisfaction that the 29 harvest limits were or will be exceeded to raise funds to pay estate 30 taxes or equally compelling and unexpected obligations such as court-31 32 ordered judgments or extraordinary medical expenses, the landowner shall be deemed to be a small forest landowner. 33

For purposes of determining whether a person qualifies as a small forest landowner, the small forest landowner office, created in RCW 76.13.110, shall evaluate the landowner under this definition, pursuant to RCW 76.13.160, as of the date that the forest practices application is submitted or the date the landowner notifies the department that the

harvest is to begin with which the forestry riparian easement is 1 2 associated. A small forest landowner can include an individual, partnership, corporate, or other nongovernmental legal entity. 3 If a landowner grants timber rights to another entity for less than five 4 5 years, the landowner may still qualify as a small forest landowner under this section. If a landowner is unable to obtain an approved 6 7 forest practices application for timber harvest for any of his or her land because of restrictions under the forest practices rules, the 8 landowner may still qualify as a small forest landowner under this 9 10 section.

(d) "Completion of harvest" means that the trees have been harvested from an area and that further entry into that area by mechanized logging or slash treating equipment is not expected.

14 (3) The department of natural resources is authorized and directed 15 to accept and hold in the name of the state of Washington forestry 16 riparian easements granted by small forest landowners covering 17 qualifying timber and to pay compensation to such landowners in 18 accordance with subsections (6) and (7) of this section. The 19 department of natural resources may not transfer the easements to any 20 entity other than another state agency.

(4) Forestry riparian easements shall be effective for fifty years from the date the forest practices application associated with the qualifying timber is submitted to the department of natural resources, unless the easement is terminated earlier by the department of natural resources voluntarily, based on a determination that termination is in the best interest of the state, or under the terms of a termination clause in the easement.

(5) Forestry riparian easements shall be restrictive only, and 28 shall preserve all lawful uses of the easement premises by the 29 landowner that are consistent with the terms of the easement and the 30 requirement to protect riparian functions during the term of the 31 32 easement, subject to the restriction that the leave trees required by the rules to be left on the easement premises may not be cut during the 33 term of the easement. No right of public access to or across, or any 34 public use of the easement premises is created by this statute or by 35 the easement. Forestry riparian easements shall not be deemed to 36 37 trigger the compensating tax of or otherwise disqualify land from being 38 taxed under chapter 84.33 or 84.34 RCW.

1 (6)(a) Upon application (( $\Theta$ f)) from a small forest landowner for a 2 riparian easement that is associated with a forest practices 3 application and the landowner's marking of the qualifying timber on the 4 qualifying lands, the small forest landowner office shall determine the 5 compensation to be offered to the small forest landowner as provided 6 for in this section.

7 (b) The small forest landowner office shall also determine the 8 compensation to be offered to a small forest landowner for qualifying 9 timber for which an approved forest practices application for timber 10 harvest cannot be obtained because of restrictions under the forest 11 practices rules.

12 (c) The legislature recognizes that there is not readily available 13 market transaction evidence of value for easements of this nature, and 14 thus establishes the ((following)) methodology <u>contained in this</u> 15 <u>section</u> to ascertain the value for forestry riparian easements. Values 16 so determined shall not be considered competent evidence of value for 17 any other purpose.

(d) The small forest landowner office shall establish the volume of 18 the qualifying timber. Based on that volume and using data obtained or 19 maintained by the department of revenue under RCW 84.33.074 and 20 21 84.33.091, the small forest landowner office shall attempt to determine 22 the fair market value of the qualifying timber as of the date the forest practices application associated with the qualifying timber was 23 24 submitted or the date the landowner notifies the department that the 25 harvest is to begin. Removal of any qualifying timber before the expiration of the easement must be in accordance with the forest 26 27 practices rules and the terms of the easement. There shall be no reduction in compensation for reentry. 28

29 (e) Small forest landowners who are not nonprofit organizations or 30 municipalities, municipal corporations, or special districts have 31 priority for payment under this section.

32 (f) The small forest landowner office shall initiate the process 33 for determining the compensation amount as soon as possible after 34 receipt of an application. No duty to present an actual offer for 35 compensation exists until appropriations allow.

36 (7) Except as provided in subsection (8) of this section, the small 37 forest landowner office shall, subject to available funding, offer 38 compensation to the small forest landowner in the amount of fifty

percent of the value determined in subsection (6) of this section, plus 1 2 the compliance and reimbursement costs as determined in accordance with RCW 76.13.140. If the landowner accepts the offer for qualifying 3 timber that will be harvested pursuant to an approved forest practices 4 5 application, the department of natural resources shall pay the compensation promptly upon (a) completion of harvest in the area 6 7 covered by the forestry riparian easement; (b) verification that there has been compliance with the rules requiring leave trees in the 8 easement area; and (c) execution and delivery of the easement to the 9 10 department of natural resources. If the landowner accepts the offer qualifying timber for which an approved forest 11 for practices 12 application for timber harvest cannot be obtained because of 13 restrictions under the forest practices rules, the department of 14 natural resources shall pay the compensation promptly upon (i) verification that there has been compliance with the rules requiring 15 leave trees in the easement area; and (ii) execution and delivery of 16 17 the easement to the department of natural resources. Upon donation or payment of compensation, the department of natural resources may record 18 19 the easement.

20 (8) For approved forest practices applications where the regulatory 21 impact is greater than the average percentage impact for all small 22 landowners as determined by the department of natural resources analysis under the regulatory fairness act, chapter 19.85 RCW, the 23 24 compensation offered will be increased to one hundred percent for that 25 portion of the regulatory impact that is in excess of the average. Regulatory impact includes trees left in buffers, special management 26 27 zones, and those rendered uneconomic to harvest by these rules. Α separate average or high impact regulatory threshold 28 shall be established for western and eastern Washington. Criteria for these 29 measurements and payments shall be established by the small forest 30 landowner office. 31

32 (9) The forest practices board shall adopt rules under the 33 administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, to implement the 34 forestry riparian easement program, including the following:

(a) A standard version or versions of all documents necessary or
 advisable to create the forestry riparian easements as provided for in
 this section;

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1 (b) Standards for descriptions of the easement premises with a 2 degree of precision that is reasonable in relation to the values 3 involved;

(c) Methods and standards for cruises and valuation of forestry 4 riparian easements for purposes of establishing the compensation. The 5 department of natural resources shall perform the timber cruises of 6 7 forestry riparian easements required under this chapter and chapter Any rules concerning the methods and standards for 8 76.09 RCW. valuations of forestry riparian easements shall apply only to the 9 10 department of natural resources, small forest landowners, and the small forest landowner office; 11

(d) A method to determine that a forest practices application involves a commercially reasonable harvest, and adopt criteria for entering into a forest riparian easement where a commercially reasonable harvest is not possible or a forest practices application that has been submitted cannot be approved because of restrictions under the forest practices rules;

(e) A method to address blowdown of qualified timber fallingoutside the easement premises;

20 (f) A formula for sharing of proceeds in relation to the 21 acquisition of qualified timber covered by an easement through the 22 exercise or threats of eminent domain by a federal or state agency with 23 eminent domain authority, based on the present value of the department 24 of natural resources' and the landowner's relative interests in the 25 qualified timber;

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(g) High impact regulatory thresholds;

(h) A method to determine timber that is qualifying timber because
it is rendered uneconomic to harvest by the rules adopted under RCW
76.09.055 and 76.09.370; and

(i) A method for internal department of natural resources review of
 small forest landowner office compensation decisions under subsection
 (7) of this section.

33 **Sec. 4.** RCW 76.13.140 and 2002 c 120 s 3 are each amended to read 34 as follows:

35 <u>(1)</u> In order to assist small forest landowners to remain 36 economically viable, the legislature intends that the small forest

landowners be able to net fifty percent of the value of the trees left
 in the buffer areas.

3 (2) The amount of compensation offered in RCW 76.13.120 shall also 4 include the compliance costs for participation in the riparian easement 5 program. For purposes of this section, "compliance costs" includes the 6 cost of preparing and recording the easement, and any business and 7 occupation tax and real estate excise tax imposed because of entering 8 into the easement.

9 (3) The office may contract with private consultants that the 10 office finds qualified to perform timber cruises of forestry riparian 11 easements or to lay out streamside buffers and comply with other forest 12 and fish regulatory requirements related to the forest riparian 13 easement program.

(4) Once a contract has been executed for the forestry riparian 14 easement program, the department shall reimburse small forest 15 landowners for the actual costs incurred for laying out the streamside 16 17 buffers ((and)), marking the qualifying timber ((once a contract has been executed for the forestry riparian easement program)), and hiring 18 a qualified expert to complete required studies or reports as part of 19 the forest practices application upon which the easement application is 20 21 based. Reimbursement is subject to the work being acceptable to the 22 department. The small forest landowner office shall determine how the reimbursement costs will be calculated. 23

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