## SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 3159

State of Washington 60th Legislature 2008 Regular Session

**By** House State Government & Tribal Affairs (originally sponsored by Representatives Chandler, Roach, Dunn, Bailey, and McCune)

READ FIRST TIME 02/05/08.

AN ACT Relating to voter registration integrity; amending RCW 2.36.072, 29A.08.010, 29A.08.110, 29A.08.210, 29A.08.440, 29A.08.510, and 29A.08.520; adding a new section to chapter 29A.08 RCW; and providing an effective date.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 2.36.072 and 1993 c 408 s 9 are each amended to read 7 as follows:

8 (1) Each court shall establish a means to preliminarily determine 9 by a written declaration signed under penalty of perjury by the person 10 summoned, the qualifications set forth in RCW 2.36.070 of each person 11 summoned for jury duty prior to their appearance at the court to which 12 they are summoned to serve.

13 (2) Upon receipt by the summoning court of a written declaration 14 stating that a declarant does not meet the qualifications set forth in 15 RCW 2.36.070, that declarant shall be excused from appearing in 16 response to the summons. If a person summoned to appear for jury duty 17 fails to sign and return a declaration of his or her qualifications to 18 serve as a juror prior to appearing in response to a summons and is later determined to be unqualified for one of the reasons set forth in
 RCW 2.36.070, that person shall not be entitled to any compensation as
 provided in RCW 2.36.150.

<u>(3)</u> Information provided to the court for preliminary determination
of statutory qualification for jury duty may only be used for the term
such person is summoned and may not be used for any other purpose,
except ((that)) under the following circumstances:

8 <u>(a) The court</u>, or designee, may report a change of address or 9 nondelivery of summons of persons summoned for jury duty to the county 10 auditor<u>; and</u>

11 (b) The summoning court must immediately notify the applicant, 12 county auditor, and secretary of state if it receives a written 13 declaration or otherwise learns that a declarant does not meet the 14 gualifications set forth in RCW 2.36.070 (1), (2), (3), or (5).

15 Sec. 2. RCW 29A.08.010 and 2006 c 320 s 2 are each amended to read 16 as follows:

As used in this chapter: "Information required for voter registration" means the minimum information provided on a voter registration application that is required by the county auditor in order to place a voter registration applicant on the voter registration rolls. This information includes:

22 (1) Name and full legal name, if different;

23 (2) Residential address;

24 (3) Date of birth;

(4) Washington state driver's license number or Washington state
identification card number, or the last four digits of the applicant's
Social Security number if the applicant does not have a Washington
state driver's license or Washington state identification card;

(5) A signature attesting to the truth of the information provided
 on the application; ((and))

31 (6) A check or indication in the box confirming the individual is 32 a United States citizen; and

(7) A check or indication confirming that the individual has not
 been convicted of a felony and, if the individual has been convicted of
 a felony, that voting rights have been restored.

The residential address provided must identify the actual physical residence of the voter in Washington, as defined in RCW 29A.04.151,

with detail sufficient to allow the voter to be assigned to the proper 1 2 precinct and to locate the voter to confirm his or her residence for purposes of verifying qualification to vote under Article VI, section 3 1 of the state Constitution. A residential address may be either a 4 traditional address or a nontraditional address. A traditional address 5 consists of a street number and name, optional apartment number or unit 6 7 number, and city or town, as assigned by a local government, which serves to identify the parcel or building of residence and the unit if 8 A nontraditional address consists of a 9 a multiunit residence. narrative description of the location of the voter's residence, and may 10 be used when a traditional address has not been assigned to the voter's 11 12 residence. If the postal service does not deliver mail to the voter's 13 residential address, or the voter prefers to receive mail at a different address, the voter may separately provide the mailing address 14 at which they receive mail. Any mailing address provided shall be used 15 only for mail delivery purposes and not for precinct assignment or 16 17 confirmation of residence for voter qualification purposes.

the individual does not have a driver's license, state 18 If identification card, or Social Security number, the registrant must be 19 issued a unique voter registration number in order to be placed on the 20 21 voter registration rolls. All other information supplied is ancillary 22 and not to be used as grounds for not registering an applicant to vote. Modification of the language of the official Washington state voter 23 24 registration form by the voter will not be accepted and will cause the 25 rejection of the registrant's application.

26 **Sec. 3.** RCW 29A.08.110 and 2005 c 246 s 5 are each amended to read 27 as follows:

(1) An application is considered complete only if it contains the 28 applicant's name and full legal name, if different, complete valid 29 residence address, date of birth, signature attesting to the truth of 30 31 the information provided, a mark in the check-off box confirming United States citizenship, a mark in the check-off box confirming no felony 32 conviction or, if the applicant has a felony conviction, proof of 33 34 restoration of voting rights, and an indication that the provided driver's license number, state identification card number, or Social 35 36 Security number has been confirmed by the secretary of state. If it is 37 not complete, the auditor shall promptly mail a verification notice of

the deficiency to the applicant. This verification notice shall 1 2 require the applicant to provide the missing information. If the verification notice is not returned by the applicant within forty-five 3 days or is returned as undeliverable, the name of the applicant shall 4 not be placed on the official list of registered voters. If the 5 applicant provides the required verified information, the applicant 6 7 shall be registered to vote as of the original date of mailing or date of delivery, whichever is applicable. 8

(2) If the information required in subsection (1) of this section 9 is complete, the applicant is considered to be registered to vote as of 10 the original date of mailing or date of delivery, whichever is 11 12 applicable. The auditor shall record the appropriate precinct 13 identification, taxing district identification, and date of registration on the voter's record in the state voter registration 14 list. Within forty-five days after the receipt of an application but 15 16 no later than seven days before the next primary, special election, or 17 general election, the auditor shall send to the applicant, by firstclass mail, an acknowledgement notice identifying the registrant's 18 precinct and containing such other information as may be required by 19 the secretary of state. The postal service shall be instructed not to 20 21 forward a voter registration card to any other address and to return to the auditor any card which is not deliverable. 22

23 (3) If an acknowledgement notice card is properly mailed as 24 required by this section to the address listed by the voter as being 25 the voter's mailing address and the notice is subsequently returned to the auditor by the postal service as being undeliverable to the voter 26 27 at that address, the auditor shall promptly send the voter a confirmation notice. The auditor shall place the voter's registration 28 29 inactive status pending a response from the voter to the on confirmation notice. 30

31 **Sec. 4.** RCW 29A.08.210 and 2005 c 246 s 11 are each amended to 32 read as follows:

An applicant for voter registration shall complete an application providing the following information concerning his or her gualifications as a voter in this state:

36 (1) The address of the last former registration of the applicant as37 a voter in the state;

1 (2) The applicant's full name <u>and full legal name</u>, <u>if different</u>;

2 (3) The applicant's date of birth;

3 (4) The address of the applicant's residence for voting purposes;

4 (5) The mailing address of the applicant if that address is not the 5 same as the address in subsection (4) of this section;

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(6) The sex of the applicant;

7 (7) The applicant's Washington state driver's license number or 8 Washington state identification card number, or the last four digits of 9 the applicant's Social Security number if he or she does not have a 10 Washington state driver's license or Washington state identification 11 card;

(8) A check box for the applicant to indicate that he or she does
not have a Washington state driver's license, Washington state
identification card, or Social Security number;

(9) A check box allowing the applicant to indicate that he or she is a member of the armed forces, national guard, or reserves, or that he or she is an overseas voter;

(10) A check box allowing the applicant to confirm that he or sheis at least eighteen years of age;

20 (11) <u>A check box allowing the applicant to indicate whether he or</u>
21 <u>she has ever been convicted of a felony;</u>

22 <u>(12)</u> Clear and conspicuous language, designed to draw the 23 applicant's attention, stating that the applicant must be a United 24 States citizen in order to register to vote;

25 ((<del>(12)</del>)) <u>(13)</u> A check box and declaration confirming that the 26 applicant is a citizen of the United States;

27 ((<del>(13</del>

((<del>(13)</del>)) <u>(14)</u> The following warning:

28 "If you knowingly provide false information on this voter 29 registration form or knowingly make a false declaration about your 30 qualifications for voter registration you will have committed a class 31 C felony that is punishable by imprisonment for up to five years, a 32 fine of up to ten thousand dollars, or both."

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((+14))) (15) The following affirmation by the applicant:

34 "By signing this document, I hereby assert, under penalty of 35 perjury, that I am legally eligible to vote. If I am found to have 36 voted illegally, I may be prosecuted and/or fined for this illegal act. 37 In addition, I hereby acknowledge that my name and last known address will be forwarded to the appropriate state and/or federal authorities
 if I am found to have voted illegally."

3 (((<del>15)</del>)) <u>(16)</u> The oath required by RCW 29A.08.230 and a space for 4 the applicant's signature; and

5 ((<del>(16)</del>)) <u>(17)</u> Any other information that the secretary of state 6 determines is necessary to establish the identity of the applicant and 7 prevent duplicate or fraudulent voter registrations.

8 This information shall be recorded on a single registration form to 9 be prescribed by the secretary of state.

10 If the applicant fails to provide the information required for 11 voter registration, the auditor shall send the applicant a verification 12 notice. The applicant may not be registered until the required 13 information is provided. If a verification notice is returned as 14 undeliverable or the applicant fails to respond to the notice within 15 forty-five days, the applicant shall not be registered to vote.

16 Sec. 5. RCW 29A.08.440 and 2003 c 111 s 231 are each amended to 17 read as follows:

To maintain a valid voter registration, a person who changes his or 18 19 her <u>legal</u> name shall notify the county auditor regarding the name 20 change in one of the following ways: (1) By sending the auditor a 21 notice clearly identifying the name under which he or she is registered to vote, the voter's new <u>full legal</u> name, and the voter's residence. 22 23 Such a notice must be signed by the voter using both this former name 24 and the voter's new full legal name; (2) by appearing in person before the auditor or a registration assistant and signing such a change-of-25 26 name notice; (3) by signing such a change-of-name notice at the voter's precinct polling place on the day of a primary or special or general 27 election; (4) by properly executing a name change on a mail-in 28 registration application or a prescribed state agency application. 29

A properly registered voter who files a change-of-name notice at the voter's precinct polling place during a primary or election and who desires to vote at that primary or election shall sign the poll book using the voter's former and new names in the same manner as is required for the change-of-name notice.

35 **Sec. 6.** RCW 29A.08.510 and 2004 c 267 s 124 are each amended to 36 read as follows:

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1 ((In addition to case by case maintenance under RCW 29A.08.620 and 2 29A.08.630 and the general program of maintenance of voter registration 3 lists under RCW 29A.08.605,)) Deceased voters will be canceled from 4 voter registration lists as follows:

5 (1) ((Periodically)) Monthly, the registrar of vital statistics of 6 the state shall prepare a list of persons who resided in each county, 7 for whom a death certificate was transmitted to the registrar and was 8 not included on a previous list, and shall supply the list to the 9 secretary of state.

10 The secretary of state shall compare this <u>monthly</u> list with the 11 registration records and cancel the registrations of deceased voters 12 ((within at least forty-five days before the next primary or 13 election)).

14 (2) In addition, each county auditor may also use newspaper 15 obituary articles as a source of information in order to cancel a 16 voter's registration from the official state voter registration list. 17 The auditor must verify the identity of the voter by matching the 18 voter's date of birth or an address. The auditor shall record the date 19 and source of the obituary in the cancellation records.

(3) In addition, any registered voter may sign a statement, subject to the penalties of perjury, to the effect that to his or her personal knowledge or belief another registered voter is deceased. This statement may be filed with the county auditor or the secretary of state. Upon the receipt of such signed statement, the county auditor or the secretary of state shall cancel the registration ((records concerned)) from the official state voter registration list.

27 (4) Once each year, the secretary of state shall conduct an audit 28 of county registration records regarding cancellation of deceased 29 voters. The audit shall consist of a comparison of the deceased voter 30 information received with the county registration records to ensure 31 that the appropriate cancellations are made.

32 Sec. 7. RCW 29A.08.520 and 2005 c 246 s 15 are each amended to 33 read as follows:

(1) Upon receiving official notice of a person's conviction of a felony in either state or federal court, if the convicted person is a registered voter in the county, the county auditor shall cancel the defendant's voter registration. ((Additionally,))

(2) The secretary of state in conjunction with the department of 1 2 corrections, the Washington state patrol, the office of the administrator for the courts, and other appropriate state agencies 3 shall arrange for a ((quarterly)) semiannual comparison of a list of 4 known felons with the statewide voter registration list. If a person 5 is found on a felon list and the statewide voter registration list, the б 7 secretary of state or county auditor shall confirm the match through a date of birth comparison and suspend the voter registration from the 8 official state voter registration list. The canceling authority shall 9 10 send to the person at his or her last known voter registration address a notice of the proposed cancellation and an explanation of the 11 12 requirements for restoring the right to vote once all terms of 13 sentencing have been completed. If the person does not respond within 14 thirty days, the registration must be canceled.

15 (((2))) <u>(3)</u> The right to vote may be restored by, for each felony 16 conviction, one of the following:

(a) A certificate of discharge issued by the sentencing court, asprovided in RCW 9.94A.637;

(b) A court order restoring the right, as provided in RCW 9.92.066;
(c) A final order of discharge issued by the indeterminate sentence
review board, as provided in RCW 9.96.050; or

(d) A certificate of restoration issued by the governor, asprovided in RCW 9.96.020.

(4) Once each year, the secretary of state shall conduct an audit
 of county registration records regarding cancellation of felon voters.
 The audit shall consist of a comparison of the felon voter information
 received and the county registration records to ensure that the
 appropriate cancellations are made.

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 29A.08 RCW 30 to read as follows:

(1) Whenever the secretary of state or a county auditor receives information from the courts regarding a juror's ineligibility to serve based on age, citizenship, residence, or felony conviction pursuant to RCW 2.36.072(3)(b), the county auditor shall verify the reason for ineligibility and take appropriate action to cancel or transfer the registration. If the reason for ineligibility for jury duty is based on felony conviction, procedures in RCW 29A.08.520 must be followed.

1 (2) Once each year, the secretary of state shall conduct an audit 2 of county registration records regarding cancellation of voters based 3 on information received about their ineligibility to serve on a jury. 4 The audit shall consist of a comparison of the ineligible juror 5 information received from the courts and the county registration 6 records to ensure that the appropriate cancellations and transfers are 7 made.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** Sections 2 through 5 of this act take effect 9 January 1, 2009.

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