HOUSE BILL 3385

State of Washington 60th Legislature 2008 Regular Session

By Representatives Chase, O'Brien, Skinner, and Hankins

Read first time 03/05/08. Referred to Committee on Health Care & Wellness.

1 AN ACT Relating to biological research laboratory health and 2 safety; adding a new chapter to Title 70 RCW; and prescribing 3 penalties.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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WASHINGTON STATE BIOLOGICAL LABORATORY RULES PREAMBLE

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. Biotechnology research promises advances in
fields ranging from medicine and agriculture to combating bioterrorism.
It is a well-funded and rapidly growing enterprise in research centers
around the United States, including Seattle.

11 As with other technologies such as nuclear energy, research in 12 biotechnology also carries risks. Some materials used in biotechnology 13 labs are dangerous and/or environmentally destructive. Improper 14 handling of those materials could cause loss of life, personal injury, 15 environmental destruction, and property damage.

Although research in biotechnology is relatively new, exposures to dangerous substances from various biotechnology labs around the country, including exposures at a biotechnology lab operated in downtown Seattle, already have occurred. Nonetheless, biotechnology
 research in Seattle is largely unregulated. Indeed, human exposures
 have occurred without the public ever being informed.

4 Safe and responsible biotechnology research requires that the 5 research be transparent, subject to independent oversight and 6 regulation, and that violations of those regulations be effectively 7 sanctioned. These regulations are established in order to accomplish 8 those ends.

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BIOLOGICAL RESEARCH LABORATORY HEALTH AND SAFETY PROGRAM FOR WASHINGTON STATE

PART I

12 NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise. 13 "Biological 14 (1)agent" means any naturally occurring, 15 bioengineered, or genetically altered or synthesized microorganism including, but not limited to, bacteria, virus, fungus, and protozoa, 16 17 infectious substance or vector, or component of any such or microorganism or infectious substance capable of causing death, 18 disease, or other physiological change in a human, an animal, a plant, 19 20 or other living organism; deterioration of food, water, equipment, supplies, or material of any kind; or having a deleterious effect on 21 22 the environment.

(2) "Biosafety level 2 laboratory" means a laboratory that is
 designed, equipped, or operated as a biosafety level 2 laboratory as
 defined by the United States national institutes of health guidelines
 for research involving recombinant DNA molecules.

(3) "Biosafety level 3 laboratory" means a laboratory that is
designed, equipped, or operated as a biosafety level 3 laboratory as
defined by the United States national institutes of health guidelines
for research involving recombinant DNA molecules.

31 (4) "Biosafety level 4 laboratory" means a laboratory that is 32 designed, equipped, or operated as a biosafety level 4 laboratory as 33 defined by the United States national institutes of health guidelines 34 for research involving recombinant DNA molecules.

35 (5) "Commission" means the Washington state biosafety commission 36 created in section 5 of this act.

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(6) "Department" means the department of health.

2 (7) "Facility" means a building or combination of buildings under
3 common control and ownership containing one or more laboratories
4 subject to a common institutional biosafety committee.

5 (8) "Laboratory" means a room or rooms used primarily for research, development, nonroutine testing, 6 biological or 7 experimentation activity, or any room or rooms where vertebrate animals are contained under animal biosafety levels described in national 8 institutes of health guidelines including, but not limited to, all 9 10 enclosed areas with a laboratory containment area, including any rooms, closets, facilities, freezers, refrigerators, or incubators where 11 12 biological agents are stored, fermented, grown, proliferated, or 13 colonized.

14 (9) "Principal investigator" means the individual designated by a 15 research sponsor to direct the biological research project or program 16 the research sponsor conducts at biosafety laboratory levels 2 or 3, 17 who is responsible to the research sponsor for the scientific and 18 technical direction of that project or program.

19 (10) "Research sponsor" means any state, public or private corporation or authority, individual, trust, firm, joint stock company, 20 21 limited liability company, partnership, research group, task force, 22 university program, association, or entity or group thereof, group of persons, and agency or political subdivision of the state of 23 24 Washington, the federal government, or other government, subdivision, 25 agent or agency thereof, which operates or which proposes to operate a 26 biosafety level 2 and/or biosafety level 3 laboratory in Washington 27 state.

(11) "Toxin" means any toxic material or product of plants, 28 animals, microorganisms including, but not limited to, bacteria, virus, 29 fungus, rickettsia, or protozoa, misfolded protein, 30 infectious 31 substance, or a recombinant or synthesized molecule, whatever its 32 origin or method of production. "Toxin" includes any poisonous substance or biological product that may be engineered as a result of 33 34 biotechnology produced by a living organism; or any poisonous isomer or 35 biological product, homolog, or derivative of such substance.

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. There is established in the department, a

1 high containment biological research laboratory health and safety 2 program for biosafety level 2 and 3 laboratories located in Washington 3 state.

4 (1) The program shall provide standards for location, operation, 5 and maintenance of high containment biological research laboratories 6 and the oversight of such laboratories to protect the safety of 7 laboratory workers, the public, and the environment from regulated 8 agents and toxins.

9 (2) The program shall provide standards for the transportation, 10 relocation, shipment, delivery, conveyance, and receipt of regulated 11 agents and toxins.

12 (3) The program shall provide for procedures which would allow the 13 department to order biosafety level 2 and 3 laboratories to immediately 14 cease and desist work on a project and lock down and/or refrain from 15 any activity that the department determines could cause immediate and 16 irreparable injury, loss, or damage.

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(4) The program shall be administered by the commission.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. The department shall adopt rules for the 19 implementation of the program that establish the criteria for 20 determining appropriate locations for siting a building or facility 21 that contains a laboratory, including whether a laboratory may be 22 created within an existing building. The criteria shall include, at a 23 minimum, that:

(1) Sites shall not be within a floodplain, within eight hundred
yards of property whose regular use could endanger the site due to fire
or explosion; or near an area of traffic congestion that might impede
emergency access for evacuation or endanger motorists or pedestrians.

(2) Sites shall have sufficient land available to provide for a
 reasonable buffer around the buildings which shall be no less than one
 hundred fifty unobstructed feet in each direction.

31 (3) Other criteria for consideration shall include proximity of 32 wetlands, waterways, and water bodies; the relationship of the site to 33 groundwater elevation; the nature and extent of residential areas and 34 schools in proximity to the site; the availability and suitability of 35 access roads to the site, including the ability of first responders to 36 access the site in an emergency; the potential for adverse public health and safety impacts; potential impact of increased traffic volume on adjacent roads; and the potential threat of terrorist attack or infiltration of the building.

4 (4) The department shall set forth procedures, consistent with this 5 section, for the submission, review, and approval of permit and 6 construction applications, and the issuance and renewal of permit and 7 construction applications. Permits may be issued which contain 8 conditions or restrictions that serve and protect public health and 9 safety.

(a) The application for a permit or renewal of a permit shall be 10 acted upon within sixty days of submission of a completed application. 11 The department is not obligated to review incomplete applications. If, 12 13 at the conclusion of the sixty-day period, the review of the application is not complete, the department may issue to a research 14 sponsor a provisional permit if the application is complete and it 15 16 establishes substantial compliance with this chapter. A provisional 17 permit shall not exceed one hundred twenty days in duration, and shall not be renewed or extended. 18

(b) To the extent that the permit application may require the 19 submission or review of trade secret information under RCW 19.108.010, 20 21 research sponsor may submit such information under seal. the 22 Commission members and their staff shall be prohibited from disclosing trade secret information submitted under seal pursuant to this 23 24 subsection to any third party, and such matter shall be used by the 25 commission and its staff for no purpose other than the permitting intentional disclosure of trade 26 process. Reckless or secret 27 information submitted under seal is a misdemeanor.

(c) The denial of a permit application may be appealed pursuant to the rules of practice and procedure of the King county board of appeals.

31 (d) Prior to issuance of any permit for a biosafety level 3 32 laboratory under this chapter, the department must hold, with sixty 33 days, notice to the public of the application and its contents, a 34 public hearing on the application with opportunity for reasonable 35 public comment on whether the application should be granted.

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PART II

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WASHINGTON STATE BIOSAFETY COMMISSION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) The department shall 2 appoint а Washington state biosafety commission composed of both scientific and 3 4 community representatives drawn from lists submitted to it from community and neighborhood organizations, universities, colleges, and 5 public interest organizations located within Washington state to assist 6 7 in regulating biological laboratories and facilities operating under 8 the auspices of this chapter. The commission shall include at least nine members and one salaried executive director who shall be selected 9 10 by the department for a term of four years. Members will be appointed for a two-year term and may be removed only for cause. Members shall 11 have no financial, professional, familial, close social, or business 12 relationship in or with the regulated research sponsors, their 13 affiliates, subsidiaries, employees, contractors, subcontractors, 14 15 investors, or funders. Members appointed to fill vacancies shall serve 16 for a full term. Any member of the commission is eligible for 17 reappointment for up to three consecutive terms. Members of the 18 commission shall serve without compensation, but their reasonable costs and expenses shall be reimbursed by the department. 19

(2) (2) The commission shall periodically report to the department and provide technical assistance, review of the effectiveness of this chapter and advise and/or deliberate as needed about technical issues arising out of permits and applications of this chapter.

(3) The commission shall consider policy changes or possible
amendments to this chapter, improve the system of laboratory and
facility regulation, for the safe handling, relocation, shipment,
delivery, conveyance, receipt, and transportation of biological agents
or toxins and deliberate as needed.

(4) The commission shall meet monthly or with sufficient frequency
to assure its ability to carry out its duties and responsibilities.

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PART III

INSTITUTIONAL BIOSAFETY COMMITTEE

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. (1) A research sponsor that holds a permit 34 issued under this chapter shall have an institutional biosafety 35 committee for each facility to ensure the public safety and conformance 36 with this chapter. Composition of the committee shall include at least

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two community representatives who have no financial, professional, 1 2 familial, close social, or business relationship in or with the regulated research sponsor, its affiliates or subsidiaries, employees, 3 contractors, subcontractors, or investors. Community representatives 4 5 shall be selected by joint approval of the department and neighborhood organizations representing the communities or community where the 6 7 laboratory is located. Community representatives shall be individuals whose principal residence is within three miles of the laboratory, and 8 whose principal residence has been within three miles of the laboratory 9 10 for at least two years immediately preceding their selection as such.

(2) Each committee shall report to the commission. 11 The committee 12 will meet at least four times a year and at such other times as may be 13 specified by the commission, or guidelines issued under this chapter, 14 or as requested by any member of the committee. Except for executive 15 sessions, meetings of the committee and all of its subcommittees shall be open to the public. Notice of such public meetings and the conduct 16 17 of public meetings shall be in accordance with the Washington state 18 open public meetings act.

(3) Each committee shall file an annual report with the commission. 19 The report shall include, at a minimum, complete copies of all 20 21 committee minutes for the preceding reporting period, certification 22 that the laboratory and/or facility is in compliance with this chapter, 23 a report on any quality assurance and quality improvement efforts made 24 during the period, a complete roster of current committee members, and 25 an update of any information relative to the permit application. То 26 the extent committee minutes contain information that jeopardizes trade 27 secret information as defined by RCW 19.108.010, the commission shall develop procedures for assuring confidentiality of said information. 28 Committee minutes shall, at a minimum, conform to the national 29 institutes of health office of biotechnology activities issued guidance 30 31 concerning the preparation of, and public access to, minutes of 32 committee meetings and department of health and human services quidance on the content of minutes of committee meetings, dated February 23, 33 2007. 34

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PART IV PERMIT FEES

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. The department is authorized to establish 1 2 fees for the issuance and renewal of permits which may vary according to the type of use and scale of activity being conducted. 3 All fees shall be directly related to the costs incurred by the department 4 5 and/or the commission for any issuance of permits, the inspection of laboratories, and any other costs associated with implementation of 6 7 this chapter. Full payment of such fees shall be a condition for the 8 granting or renewal of any permit.

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PART V

10 DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH PREAPPROVAL REQUIRED FOR CERTAIN RESEARCH

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. (1) Any research sponsor operating or proposing to operate a biological laboratory or laboratories, or any 12 research sponsor conducting or proposing to conduct any biological 13 research at biosafety level 2 or 3 laboratories, shall obtain a permit 14 15 from the commission. The permittee shall ensure that all persons in such laboratories comply with the requirements set forth in this 16 chapter and the rules adopted under this chapter. 17

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(2) Each permit application shall include the following:

(a) Name and location of the research sponsor;

20 (b) The location and biosafety level rating or ratings for each 21 laboratory that will operate under the permit;

22 (c) Roster, biographical information, and contact information of 23 the institutional biosafety committee indicating the chair, and community members; 24

25 (d) Name, title, and contact information of each of the following: (i) A health officer responsible for the health of the laboratory or 26 facility, known as the "health officer"; (ii) an officer responsible 27 for biological safety at the laboratory or facility, known as the 28 29 "biological safety officer"; and (iii) an official responsible for the 30 overall operation of the laboratory or facility, known as the "responsible official"; 31

(e) Project information including, but not limited to, the title 32 and brief description of the project, grant identification number or 33 34 institutional identifier number, the other unique principal 35 investigator, and the agent or agents used in the project, including 36 all biological agents and toxins for each project or program;

(f) Procedures and policies relating to laboratory safety 1 2 including, but not limited to, research, training, security, laboratory inspections, transportation, waste disposal, commissioning, 3 decommissioning, decontamination, termination of work with biological 4 5 agents and toxins, training of all employees, visitors, or students, and first responder plans including evacuation and emergency response; 6 7 (q) Other information as required by the commission and quidelines 8 issued under this chapter; and

9 (h) Any incident in which the research sponsor, any of its 10 officers, employees, or any other person who will work in the lab or 11 exercise authority over activity in the lab was found to have violated, 12 or was sanctioned for violating, any law, rule, or ordinance regulating 13 the environment, health, safety, public disclosure, and/or the 14 truthfulness of statements.

PART VI

EMERGENCY SUSPENSION OF PERMIT

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. If the secretary of the department becomes 17 aware of credible evidence that activity at a facility licensed for, or 18 seeking a license for, operation under this chapter is likely to pose 19 20 a significant and imminent threat to human health or to the environment or to cause substantial property damage, the secretary may find that 21 22 immediate closure of the facility is required to avert such danger and 23 order all research and related activity at that facility suspended until such time as the secretary finds that threat to have been 24 25 resolved. If the research sponsor believes the secretary's finding to have been unwarranted, it may seek reversal of the decision in a county 26 27 superior court based on clear and convincing evidence.

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PART VII

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. (1) The licensed research sponsor must, 31 within twenty-four hours, report to the commission any incident in 32 which there was human exposure to a biological agent or toxin, and/or 33 a reasonable likelihood of such exposure, including all incidents 34 resulting in actual or recommended prophylactic quarantine or drug use. 1 (2) A research sponsor shall report any release or spread of a 2 biological agent or toxin, or the reasonable likelihood of a release or 3 spread, outside the primary containment area of a biosafety level 4 laboratory to the department as soon as possible and in no case more 5 than twenty-four hours after the event. The report shall also be 6 provided to the commission.

7 (3) The facility or laboratory shall also provide the institutional 8 biosafety committee with a detailed report of all incidents, accidents, 9 and other events that cause or are suspected to have caused a threat to 10 the public health, death, illness, or bodily injury to any person to 11 report said incident not later than seventy-two hours after the 12 incident. The report shall be a public record.

13 (4) On an annual basis, the facility or laboratory shall provide 14 the commission with third party certification for all biosafety 15 cabinets, autoclaves, tissue digesters, incubators, centrifuges, and 16 all other major laboratory equipment.

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PART VIII TRAINING

19 NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. Each facility with a laboratory shall have 20 and implement a plan to provide adequate training for the proper 21 handling of biological agents and toxins that might be present therein. 22 Such training shall include, but not be limited to, decontamination 23 methods, personnel safety precautions and work habits, early warning disease surveillance, and accident response actions and notifications, 24 25 access control and monitoring, personnel management, inventory and accountability, information security, and transport of biological 26 Each facility shall provide a training plan to its 27 agents. institutional biosafety committee and to the commission for approval 28 29 and shall update the plan annually, or as necessary. The training plan 30 shall ensure that all laboratory staff, facility workers, and researchers, including the principal investigator for each facility, 31 are trained adequately. The principal investigator shall participate 32 in the creation and implementation of the training plan. No individual 33 34 other than a local, state, or federal government representative with 35 authorized access for regulatory compliance for investigative purposes

1 may enter the biosafety level laboratory located within a facility 2 without first completing the facility's training plan.

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PART IX WASTE MANAGEMENT

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. Each facility regulated by this chapter 6 shall implement a waste management and decontamination plan submitted 7 to and approved in advance as a condition of permitting by the 8 commission.

PART X EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. A facility regulated by this chapter shall 11 12 develop an emergency response plan, in conjunction with local and state 13 officials, that addresses security threats and releases involving the spread of biological agents and toxins. The emergency response plan 14 shall comply with local, state, and federal plans already in existence. 15 16 The plan must address such events as severe weather, earthquakes, power outages, power line breaks, terrorism, and other natural, accidental, 17 18 or intentional disasters or emergencies. The emergency response plan shall, at a minimum, address the following: 19

(1) Particular hazards associated with specific biological agents
 and toxins located at the facility or its laboratories;

22 (2) Personnel roles, lines of authority, training, and 23 communication;

- 24 (3) Emergency assessment and prevention;
- 25 (4) Site security and control;
- 26 (5) Evacuation routes and procedures;
- 27 (6) Decontamination;
- 28 (7) Emergency medical treatment and first aid;
- 29 (8) Emergency alerting and response procedures;
- 30 (9) Personal protective and emergency equipment;

(10) Regulatory scheduled preparedness exercises coordinated with
 Seattle public health and safety officials;

33 (11) Critique of response and follow up subsequent to an incident; 34 and 1

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PART XI INSPECTIONS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. The commission has the authority to review 4 all documentation relating to the operations of the facility and any 5 laboratories therein, and to conduct a physical inspection of any 6 facility or laboratory, with or without prior notice, so long as such 7 inspection is conducted at a reasonable time under the circumstances 8 and in a manner that maintains the health and safety systems of the 9 laboratories involved. Failure to provide any requested documentation 10 or access to a laboratory for the purpose of inspection will result in 11 a fine and/or the immediate suspension or restriction of a research 12 A failure to provide requested 13 sponsor's permit to operate. 14 documentation or access to a laboratory for the purpose of inspection 15 for a period exceeding seven days shall result in suspension of the 16 facility or laboratory permit to operate at least until such time as the failure has been rectified. 17

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PART XII

PROHIBITIONS

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 15.** (1) Any biosafety level 2 or 3 laboratory 21 research or project is forbidden in Washington state if it is 22 reasonably likely to:

(a) Be used to harm human health, human habitat, agriculture, orthe breeding or raising of livestock;

25 (b) Render an immunization ineffective or lessen immunity in 26 humans, animals, or plants;

(c) Confer to a biological agent or toxin resistance of clinically and/or agriculturally useful prophylaxes or therapeutics against that agent or toxin;

30 (d) Enhance the virulence of a biological agent or render a 31 nonpathogen virulent;

32 (e) Enhance the ease of transmission of a biological agent from33 human to human, animal to animal, or animal to human;

(f) Enable the evasion of diagnostic/detection modalities;

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1 2 (g) Alter the host range or vector of a biological agent or toxin;

(h) Enhance the susceptibility of a host population; or

3 (i) Create a novel biological agent or toxin, reconstitute or 4 revitalize an eradicated, inactive, dormant, or extinct biological 5 agent that is harmful to humans, human habitat, agriculture, or 6 livestock.

(2) A principal investigator may seek an exemption to the 7 prohibitions listed in subsection (1) of this section for a specific 8 research project by submitting to the commission, in advance, a written 9 10 request which specifies in detail the precise research proposed to be carried out, the purpose and need for the exemption, the names of all 11 research sponsors for the research that will be subject to the 12 13 exemption, the unavailability of alternative means of conducting the 14 research, a clear explanation of any special risks involved in the research or project proposed for exemption, and any extraordinary 15 safeguards and precautions which need to be implemented. 16 The 17 commission may permit exemptions to the prohibitions listed in subsection (1) of this section, only on a research project by project 18 19 basis; it may not issue a blanket exemption to any particular principal investigator or research sponsor, nor may the commission issue a 20 21 blanket exemption for a particular type of research project. Any 22 exemption permitted under this section shall be updated and resubmitted 23 to the commission annually for review and reconsideration. Research or 24 projects that are subject to the prohibitions described in subsection 25 (1) of this section shall not be exempted solely on the basis that the research or project has dual purposes or uses, some of which may not 26 27 violate subsection (1) of this section.

(3) Biosafety level 4 laboratories and facilities that contain themare not permitted within Washington state.

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PART XIII

NOTICE POSTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF THIS CHAPTER

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 16. (1) A copy of this chapter shall be 33 distributed to all employees, students, and any other person who has 34 regular access to any portion of a facility or laboratory permitted 35 under this chapter. All entities permitted under this chapter shall 36 have a system for reporting health and safety violations, including a 1 method to report in an anonymous manner to the health and safety 2 officer and a method to report in an anonymous manner to the 3 institutional biosafety committee.

(2) A person is not required to conduct scientific research, 4 experimentation, study, or take other action in a laboratory that 5 violates any provision of this chapter or permits issued under this 6 7 chapter or has reasonable potential to adversely affect public or employee health and safety. A person or employer shall not discharge, 8 refuse to hire, discipline, or in any manner retaliate or take any 9 10 adverse action against any employee, applicant, or other person because such employee, applicant, or person discloses or threatens to disclose 11 to a supervisor or a governmental agency an activity, policy, or 12 13 practice that the person reasonably believes is in violation of this 14 chapter; or objects to or refuses to participate in any activity, policy, or practice that the person reasonably believes is in violation 15 of this chapter. In addition to any other remedy provided by law, an 16 17 employee, researcher, or student aggrieved by a violation of this 18 subsection, within two years, may file a complaint with the attorney 19 after a proper may, general, who, investigation, in proper circumstances, bring an action in the name of the state against the 20 21 facility alleged to have violated this section. If the attorney 22 general declines to bring an action based on the complaint filed, the attorney general shall expeditiously provide notice of decline to the 23 24 grievant. The aggrieved employee, researcher, or student may, within 25 one year after said notice, institute a civil action in court of 26 jurisdiction where the facility is located. Any party to said action 27 shall be entitled to trial by jury. Remedies available in common law tort actions shall be available to prevailing parties, in addition to 28 any legal or equitable relief. The court may, in addition to issuing 29 temporary restraining orders or preliminary or permanent injunctions, 30 order the reinstatement of an employee's, researcher's, or student's 31 32 position, the restatement of salary and fringe benefits and rights, compensation of three times lost wages and benefits or other 33 remuneration, interest for liquidated damages, and/or repayment by the 34 35 facility of employee's, researcher's, or student's reasonable costs and 36 attorneys' fees.

PART XIV

VIOLATION OF THIS CHAPTER

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. (1) The intentional or reckless violation 3 4 of any conditional restriction of a permit or any provision of this chapter subjects the violator to conviction of a gross misdemeanor. 5 Each violation constitutes a separate and distinct offense. Any false 6 7 statement contained in an application for a permit under this chapter 8 or in any report or disclosure required under this chapter, including a false statement that matter is a trade secret, constitutes a 9 10 violation subject to the sanctions listed in section 17 of this act.

11 (2) Any violation of this chapter at the laboratory or pertaining 12 to the laboratory or any violation of any condition or restriction on a laboratory permit, regardless of the identity or affiliation of the 13 violator, may result in the suspension of the research sponsor's permit 14 15 to operate one or more laboratories for a period of not less than one 16 year, and may result in more serious sanctions including permanent 17 revocation of the permit and assessment of a civil penalty against the 18 research sponsor of up to three hundred thousand dollars. Where the violation was caused by the reckless or intentional conduct of research 19 20 sponsor or agent thereof, suspension of the research sponsor's permit 21 to operate the laboratory at which the violation occurred for a period 22 of not less than one year and assessment of three hundred thousand 23 dollars against the research sponsor shall be the minimum sanction. 24 Each violation constitutes a separate and distinct ground for sanction 25 under this section.

26 (3) Any violation of this chapter at the laboratory or pertaining 27 to the laboratory or any violation of a condition or restriction on a laboratory permit, regardless of the identity or affiliation of the 28 violator, which is preceded by two prior violations will result in 29 30 revocation of all the research sponsor's permits to operate any 31 biosafety level 2 or 3 laboratory for a period of two years, and in the preclusion of the research sponsor's obtaining any additional permits 32 to operate any biosafety level 2 or 3 laboratory for a period of two 33 34 years.

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PART XV

SEVERABILITY

1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 18. If any provision of this act or its 2 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 3 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 4 persons or circumstances is not affected.

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PART XVI

MISCELLANEOUS

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 19. Part headings used in this act are not any 8 part of the law.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 20. Sections 1 through 19 of this act 10 constitute a new chapter in Title 70 RCW.

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