S-0622.2			

SENATE BILL 5213

State of Washington 60th Legislature 2007 Regular Session

By Senator Jacobsen

Read first time 01/12/2007. Referred to Committee on Natural Resources, Ocean & Recreation.

AN ACT Relating to strengthening Washington's ocean management policies; adding new sections to chapter 43.143 RCW; and creating a new

3 section.

5

6

7

9

1112

1314

15

16

17

18 19

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that Washington's ocean resources are among the most important of its natural resources and that the state holds these ocean resources in trust for the people of Washington. Washington's character is largely defined by its relationship with its ocean waters. Ocean-based activities, such as fishing, tourism, recreation, and marine transportation have historically played a vital role in Washington's economy and culture. Additionally, new uses for ocean waters are being proposed in such areas as renewable energy, marine aquaculture, and ocean observation.

Washington's coastal areas and ocean waters also face significant challenges, including the preservation of water quality, fish populations, and fish and wildlife habitat, and the utilization of opportunities offered by new sustainable use activities. The movement of ocean currents, atmospheric winds, and marine fish and wildlife across state and national borders and the multijurisdictional reach of

p. 1 SB 5213

many users of the coast and sea complicate policymaking and actions to address these challenges. Over a number of years, in an attempt to preserve our ocean resources and address these challenges, Washington has adopted a myriad of laws that require implementation by both local and state levels of government.

A healthy ocean is an integral part of the high quality of life enjoyed in this state. The people of Washington have an obligation to be good stewards of the ocean so that coastal and ocean resources are preserved for future generations. In an effort to address this obligation and the challenges posed by the implementation of laws that cross local, state, and international boundaries, the legislature intends to promote coordinated, interagency action on issues such as marine resources stewardship, coastal hazards, coastal pollution, and ocean research, observation, and education.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) The ocean policy advisory council is established in the executive office of the governor. The ocean policy advisory council is composed of the following voting members:

- (a) The governor or governor's designee;
- 19 (b) The director or commissioner, or the director's or 20 commissioner's designee, of the following agencies:
 - (i) The department of ecology;

1 2

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

21

2324

25

34

35

- 22 (ii) The department of natural resources;
 - (iii) The department of fish and wildlife;
 - (iv) The department of state parks and recreation; and
 - (v) The department of community, trade, and economic development;
- 26 (c) A member of each of the governing bodies of the coastal 27 counties, to be appointed by a majority of the members of the governing 28 body of the respective county;
- 29 (d) An elected city official from a city located near the coastal 30 waters to be appointed by the governor;
- 31 (e) A tribal representative from each of the tribes located on the 32 coast bordering the coastal waters, if the tribe chooses to 33 participate;
 - (f) An elected official from a port district located near the coastal waters to be appointed by the governor; and
- 36 (g) When the issue before the ocean policy advisory council 37 directly affects either Wahkiakum or San Juan county as determined by

SB 5213 p. 2

a majority vote of the council, the council will also include either a member of the governing body of Wahkiakum or San Juan county, or both, to be appointed by the majority of the members of the governing bodies of the respective county.

1 2

3

5

6 7

8

10 11

12

1314

15

16

- (2) The ocean policy advisory council shall also include a representative from the University of Washington school of marine affairs who shall serve an advisory role as a nonvoting member.
- (3) An agency representative shall serve as the chair of the ocean policy advisory council. The term of the chair is one year. The first chair of the ocean policy advisory council is the representative from the department of ecology, whose term begins on the effective date of this section. At the expiration of each chair's term, the chair shall rotate to the next agency listed under subsection (1)(b) of this section. The chair shall schedule meetings and set meeting agendas for the council.
- (4) The council shall meet at least twice each year.
- 17 (5) The term of office of each member appointed by the governor, or 18 the governing body of a county is four years. Members are eligible for 19 reappointment.
- 20 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The ocean policy advisory council shall adopt 21 the final report of the Washington state ocean policy work group entitled "Washington's Ocean Action Plan: Enhancing Management of 22 23 Washington State's Ocean and Outer Coasts" and implement the priority 24 recommendations appropriate for immediate action. For those priority recommendations that are not ready for immediate action, the ocean 25 26 policy advisory council shall develop an implementation plan that includes the council's strategy for implementation by July 1, 2008. 27 The ocean policy advisory council shall identify, where necessary, 28 29 additional resources or legislation necessary for implementation.
- 30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** (1) The ocean policy advisory council's 31 duties are to:
- 32 (a) Serve as a forum for communication in order to seek consistency 33 of state, local, and tribal policies concerning ocean issues, including 34 issues relating to resource management, marine and coastal hazards, 35 ocean energy, and ocean research and education issues;

p. 3 SB 5213

1 (b) Serve as a point of contact for, and collaborate with, the 2 federal government, regional entities, and other state governments, 3 regarding ocean issues;

4 5

6 7

8

10 11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19

28

29

30

31

32

33

- (c) Provide a forum to discuss ocean resource policy, planning, and management issues, and when appropriate, mediate disagreements;
- (d) Serve as an interagency resource to respond to issues facing coastal communities and ocean resources in a collaborative manner;
- (e) Identify and pursue public and private funding opportunities for the programs and activities of the council, and for relevant programs and activities of member entities; and
- (f) Provide policy recommendations to the governor, the legislature, and state and local agencies on specific ocean resource management issues.
- (2) The ocean policy advisory council may invite federal agencies with responsibility for the study and management of ocean resources or regulation of ocean activities to designate a liaison to the council to attend council meetings, respond to council requests for technical and policy information, and review any draft materials prepared by the council.
- 20 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) The ocean policy advisory council shall 21 review the funding of state programs relating to ocean management, policy coordination, research, and public education. The review must 22 23 identify current funding levels and projected funding needs to 24 implement recommendations of the 2006 ocean policy work group report. The review must also include a review of existing and potential funding 25 26 sources, from state, federal, and local sources, for implementing ocean 27 programs.
 - (2) The ocean policy advisory council and the Puget Sound partnership's leadership council, created in chapter . . . ([House][Senate] Bill No. . . .), Laws of 2007 shall integrate the review of funding needs for ocean programs and Puget Sound programs. The review and recommendations may be consolidated into a single report.
- 34 (3) The ocean policy advisory council shall provide a report of its 35 review and make recommendations regarding funding levels and funding 36 sources for ocean programs by December 31, 2008, or an earlier date as

SB 5213 p. 4

- 1 may be provided for the funding review required by the Puget Sound 2 partnership's leadership council under chapter . . . ([House][Senate]
- 3 Bill No. . . .), Laws of 2007.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** Each biennium, the ocean policy advisory council may select two ocean policy fellows to assist the council, and its staff, in fulfilling the council's responsibilities under this When selecting fellows, the ocean policy advisory council shall select individuals who demonstrate exceptional knowledge of, and interest in, the issues facing Washington state's coastal and ocean resources and who, within two years of beginning the fellowship, have received an advanced degree from a public or private college or university located in the state of Washington.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. (1)(a) The legislature finds that Washington state's coastal zone management program does not contain many existing state and local government policies and programs that, if included, would be the basis for exerting far greater influence upon the permitting activities and direct undertakings of federal agencies in areas within or affecting the state's expansive coastal zone.

- (b) Therefore, it is the intent of this section to direct a review of the state's existing program and the submission of additional state and local government policies to the national oceanic and atmospheric administration for inclusion in such a program, and to direct that maximum state efforts be directed toward implementing the state's role in federal consistency determinations to ensure that state and local policies influence federal agency actions affecting the state's coastal zone.
- (2) The ocean policy advisory council shall review the state and local policies included in the state's approved coastal zone program, and other state and local policies not included in the program, which if included would further the purposes of protecting the state's coastal zone and influencing federal actions affecting the state's coastal zone as expressed in section 1 of this act. This review must be conducted collaboratively with the department of ecology, which is the principal state agency for administering provisions of the federal coastal zone management act by states as designated in section 8 of this act. The ocean policy advisory council and the department of

p. 5 SB 5213

ecology shall conduct this review with the participation of other state agencies and local governments administering the policies and programs under review, and, at a minimum, must include the departments of natural resources, fish and wildlife, and community, trade, and economic development, the Puget Sound partnership's leadership council created in chapter . . . ([House][Senate] Bill No. . . .), Laws of 2007, and the governing bodies of the counties included within the state's coastal zone.

1 2

(3) The ocean policy advisory council and the department of ecology shall conclude their review of the state and local policies included in the state's approved coastal zone program by July 1, 2009, and the policies not included in the program, which if included would further the purposes of protecting the state's coastal zone and influencing federal actions affecting the state's coastal zone by July 1, 2011. Upon concluding its review of a policy and concluding that all or portions of the enforceable provisions in the policies would strengthen the state's coastal zone management program and the benefits of federal consistency requirements, the department of ecology shall expeditiously thereafter apply to the appropriate federal agency to have those state and local policies included in the federally approved state coastal management program. The application must identify the state agencies and local governments responsible for administering those policies.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. The department of ecology is designated as the principal state agency for administering the provisions of the federal coastal zone management act (16 U.S.C. Sec. 1451 et seq.), as it exists on January 1, 2007, and is authorized to receive and administer federal grants to implement the act. The department of ecology, in the implementation of the network of state and local policies and programs comprising the state coastal zone management program, shall enter into agreements of administration with other state agencies and local governments as appropriate to fully and effectively implement all elements of the state's federally approved coastal zone management program.

34 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** Sections 2 through 8 of this act are each

SB 5213 p. 6

added to chapter 43.143 RCW.

--- END ---

p. 7 SB 5213