## SENATE BILL 5578

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State of Washington 60th Legislature 2007 Regular Session

By Senators Keiser, Kastama, Franklin and Kohl-Welles; by request of Department of Health

Read first time 01/24/2007. Referred to Committee on Health & Long-Term Care.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to health professions administrative penalties;
- 2 amending RCW 18.130.040, 18.130.050, 18.130.140, 18.130.150,
- 3 18.130.165, 18.130.170, 18.130.172, 18.130.180, 9.96A.020, and
- 4 9.95.240; reenacting and amending RCW 18.130.160; adding new sections
- 5 to chapter 18.130 RCW; and prescribing penalties.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 7 **Sec. 1.** RCW 18.130.040 and 2004 c 38 s 2 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
- 9 (1) This chapter applies only to the secretary and the boards and 10 commissions having jurisdiction in relation to the professions licensed 11 under the chapters specified in this section. This chapter does not 12 apply to any business or profession not licensed under the chapters
- 13 specified in this section.
- 14 (2)(a) The secretary has authority under this chapter in relation 15 to the following professions:
- 16 (i) Dispensing opticians licensed and designated apprentices under 17 chapter 18.34 RCW;
- 18 (ii) Naturopaths licensed under chapter 18.36A RCW;
- 19 (iii) Midwives licensed under chapter 18.50 RCW;

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- 1 (iv) Ocularists licensed under chapter 18.55 RCW;
- 2 (v) Massage operators and businesses licensed under chapter 18.108
- 3 RCW;
- 4 (vi) Dental hygienists licensed under chapter 18.29 RCW;
- 5 (vii) Acupuncturists licensed under chapter 18.06 RCW;
- 6 (viii) Radiologic technologists certified and X-ray technicians
- 7 registered under chapter 18.84 RCW;
- 8 (ix) Respiratory care practitioners licensed under chapter 18.89
- 9 RCW;
- 10 (x) Persons registered under chapter 18.19 RCW;
- 11 (xi) Persons licensed as mental health counselors, marriage and
- 12 family therapists, and social workers under chapter 18.225 RCW;
- 13 (xii) Persons registered as nursing pool operators under chapter
- 14 18.52C RCW;
- 15 (xiii) Nursing assistants registered or certified under chapter
- 16 18.88A RCW;
- 17 (xiv) Health care assistants certified under chapter 18.135 RCW;
- 18 (xv) Dietitians and nutritionists certified under chapter 18.138
- 19 RCW;
- 20 (xvi) Chemical dependency professionals certified under chapter
- 21 18.205 RCW;
- 22 (xvii) Sex offender treatment providers and certified affiliate sex
- offender treatment providers certified under chapter 18.155 RCW;
- 24 (xviii) Persons licensed and certified under chapter 18.73 RCW or
- 25 RCW 18.71.205;
- 26 (xix) Denturists licensed under chapter 18.30 RCW;
- 27 (xx) Orthotists and prosthetists licensed under chapter 18.200 RCW;
- 28 (xxi) Surgical technologists registered under chapter 18.215 RCW;
- 29 and
- 30 (xxii) Recreational therapists.
- 31 (b) The boards and commissions having authority under this chapter
- 32 are as follows:
- 33 (i) The podiatric medical board as established in chapter 18.22
- 34 RCW;
- 35 (ii) The chiropractic quality assurance commission as established
- 36 in chapter 18.25 RCW;
- 37 (iii) The dental quality assurance commission as established in
- 38 chapter 18.32 RCW;

- 1 (iv) The board of hearing and speech as established in chapter 2 18.35 RCW;
- 3 (v) The board of examiners for nursing home administrators as 4 established in chapter 18.52 RCW;
- 5 (vi) The optometry board as established in chapter 18.54 RCW governing licenses issued under chapter 18.53 RCW;
- 7 (vii) The board of osteopathic medicine and surgery as established 8 in chapter 18.57 RCW governing licenses issued under chapters 18.57 and 9 18.57A RCW;
- 10 (viii) The board of pharmacy as established in chapter 18.64 RCW 11 governing licenses issued under chapters 18.64 and 18.64A RCW;
- (ix) The medical quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.71 RCW governing licenses and registrations issued under chapters 18.71 and 18.71A RCW;
- 15 (x) The board of physical therapy as established in chapter 18.74 16 RCW;
- 17 (xi) The board of occupational therapy practice as established in chapter 18.59 RCW;
- 19 (xii) The nursing care quality assurance commission as established 20 in chapter 18.79 RCW governing licenses and registrations issued under 21 that chapter;
- 22 (xiii) The examining board of psychology and its disciplinary 23 committee as established in chapter 18.83 RCW; and
- 24 (xiv) The veterinary board of governors as established in chapter 25 18.92 RCW.

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- (3) In addition to the authority to discipline license holders, the disciplining authority has the authority to grant or deny licenses ((based on the conditions and criteria established in this chapter and the chapters specified in subsection (2) of this section)). ((This chapter also governs any investigation, hearing, or proceeding relating to denial of licensure or issuance of a license conditioned on the applicant's compliance with an order entered pursuant to RCW 18.130.160 by)) The disciplining authority may also grant a license subject to conditions.
- 35 (4) All disciplining authorities shall adopt procedures to ensure 36 substantially consistent application of this chapter, the Uniform 37 Disciplinary Act, among the disciplining authorities listed in 38 subsection (2) of this section.

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) The legislature finds that in order to protect the public and to promote the safety of and confidence in the health care system, the disciplining authority may deny an application for licensure or grant a license with conditions if the applicant:

- (a) Has had his or her license to practice any health care profession suspended, revoked, or restricted, by competent authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction;
- (b) Has committed any act defined as unprofessional conduct for a license holder under RCW 18.130.180;
- (c) Has been convicted or is subject to current prosecution or pending charges of a crime involving moral turpitude or a crime identified in RCW 43.43.830. For purposes of this section, conviction includes all instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for the conviction and all proceedings in which the prosecution or sentence has been deferred or suspended. At the request of an applicant for an original license whose conviction is under appeal, the disciplining authority may defer decision upon the application during the pendency of such a prosecution or appeal;
- (d) Fails to prove that he or she is qualified in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, the chapters identified in RCW 18.130.040(2), or the rules adopted by the disciplining authority; or
- (e) Is not able to practice with reasonable skill and safety to consumers by reason of any mental or physical condition.
- (i) The disciplining authority may require the applicant, at his or her own expense, to submit to a mental or physical examination by one or more licensed health professionals designated by the disciplining authority. The disciplining authority shall provide written notice of its requirement for a mental or physical examination. If the applicant fails to submit to the examination or provide the results of the examination or any required waivers, the disciplining authority may deny the application.
- (ii) An applicant governed by this chapter is deemed to have given consent to submit to a mental, physical, or psychological examination when directed in writing by the disciplining authority and further to have waived all objections to the admissibility or use of the examining health professional's testimony or examination reports by the disciplining authority on the grounds that the testimony or reports constitute privileged communications.

1 (2) The provisions of RCW 9.95.240 and chapter 9.96A RCW do not apply to a decision to deny a license under this section.

- (3) The disciplining authority shall give written notice to the applicant of the decision to deny a license or grant a license with conditions in response to an application for a license. The notice must state the reasons for the action and be served upon the applicant.
- (4) A license applicant who is aggrieved by the decision to deny the license or grant the license with conditions has the right to an adjudicative proceeding. The application for adjudicative proceeding must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the adverse action, include a copy of the adverse notice, and be served on and received by the department within twenty-eight days of the decision. The license applicant has the burden to establish, by a preponderance of evidence, that the license applicant is qualified in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, the chapters identified in RCW 18.130.040(2), and the rules adopted by the disciplining authority.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 18.130.050 and 2006 c 99 s 4 are each amended to read 18 as follows:

The disciplining authority has the following authority:

- 20 (1) To adopt, amend, and rescind such rules as are deemed necessary 21 to carry out this chapter;
  - (2) To investigate all complaints or reports of unprofessional conduct as defined in this chapter and to hold hearings as provided in this chapter;
  - (3) To issue subpoenas and administer oaths in connection with any investigation, consideration of an application for license, hearing, or proceeding held under this chapter;
  - (4) To take or cause depositions to be taken and use other discovery procedures as needed in any investigation, hearing, or proceeding held under this chapter;
    - (5) To compel attendance of witnesses at hearings;
  - (6) In the course of investigating a complaint or report of unprofessional conduct, to conduct practice reviews <u>and to issue</u> <u>citations and assess fines for failure to produce documents, records, or other items in accordance with section 4 of this act;</u>
- 36 (7) To take emergency action ordering summary suspension of a 37 license, or restriction or limitation of the license holder's practice

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- pending proceedings by the disciplining authority. Consistent with RCW 1 2 18.130.370, a disciplining authority shall issue a summary suspension of the license or temporary practice permit of a license holder 3 prohibited from practicing a health care profession in another state, 4 federal, or foreign jurisdiction because of an act of unprofessional 5 conduct that is substantially equivalent to an act of unprofessional 6 7 conduct prohibited by this chapter or any of the chapters specified in RCW 18.130.040. The summary suspension remains in effect until 8 proceedings by the Washington disciplining authority have been 9 10 completed;
  - (8) To use a presiding officer as authorized in RCW 18.130.095(3) or the office of administrative hearings as authorized in chapter 34.12 RCW to conduct hearings. The disciplining authority shall make the final decision regarding disposition of the license unless the disciplining authority elects to delegate in writing the final decision to the presiding officer;
  - (9) To use individual members of the boards to direct investigations and to authorize the issuance of a citation under subsection (6) of this section. However, the member of the board shall not subsequently participate in the hearing of the case;
  - (10) To enter into contracts for professional services determined to be necessary for adequate enforcement of this chapter;
  - (11) To contract with licensees or other persons or organizations to provide services necessary for the monitoring and supervision of licensees who are placed on probation, whose professional activities are restricted, or who are for any authorized purpose subject to monitoring by the disciplining authority;
    - (12) To adopt standards of professional conduct or practice;
  - (13) To grant or deny license applications, and in the event of a finding of unprofessional conduct by an applicant or license holder, to impose any sanction against a license applicant or license holder provided by this chapter;
- 33 (14) To restrict or place conditions on the practice of new 34 licensees in order to protect the public and promote the safety of and 35 confidence in the health care system;
- 36 <u>(15)</u> To designate individuals authorized to sign subpoenas and 37 statements of charges;

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(((15))) (16) To establish panels consisting of three or more members of the board to perform any duty or authority within the board's jurisdiction under this chapter;

 $((\frac{(16)}{(16)}))$  (17) To review and audit the records of licensed health facilities' or services' quality assurance committee decisions in which a licensee's practice privilege or employment is terminated or restricted. Each health facility or service shall produce and make accessible to the disciplining authority the appropriate records and otherwise facilitate the review and audit. Information so gained shall not be subject to discovery or introduction into evidence in any civil action pursuant to RCW 70.41.200(3).

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** (1)(a) A licensee must produce documents, records, or other items within twenty-one days of service of a request by a disciplining authority.

- (b) In the event the licensee fails to produce the documents, records, or other items as requested by the disciplining authority or fails to obtain an extension of the time for response, the disciplining authority may issue a written citation and assess a fine of up to five hundred dollars per day for each day after the issuance of the citation until the documents, records, or other items are produced.
  - (2) Citations issued under this section must include the following:
- (a) A statement that the citation represents a determination that the person named has failed to produce documents, records, or other items as required by this section and that the determination is final unless contested as provided in this section;
  - (b) A statement of the specific circumstances;
- (c) A statement of the monetary fine, which is up to five hundred dollars per working day for each day after the issuance of the citation;
  - (d) A statement informing the licensee that if the licensee desires a hearing to contest the finding of a violation, the hearing must be requested by written notice to the disciplining authority within twenty days of the date of issuance of the citation. The hearing is limited to the issue of whether the licensee timely produced the requested documents, records, or other items or had good cause for failure to do so; and

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- (e) A statement that in the event a licensee fails to pay a fine within thirty days of the date of assessment, the full amount of the assessed fine must be added to the fee for renewal of the license unless the citation is being appealed.
  - (3) RCW 18.130.165 governs proof and enforcement of the fine.

- (4) Administrative fines collected under this section must be deposited in the health professions account created in RCW 43.70.320.
- (5) Issuance of a citation under this section does not preclude the disciplining authority from pursuing other action under this chapter.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 18.130.140 and 1984 c 279 s 14 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

An individual who has been disciplined ((<del>or</del>)), whose license has been denied, or whose license has been granted with conditions by a disciplining authority may appeal the decision as provided in chapter 34.05 RCW.

**Sec. 6.** RCW 18.130.150 and 1997 c 58 s 831 are each amended to read as follows:

A person whose license has been suspended ((or revoked)) under this chapter may petition the disciplining authority for reinstatement after an interval as determined by the disciplining authority in the order. The disciplining authority shall hold hearings on the petition and may deny the petition or may order reinstatement and impose terms and conditions as provided in RCW 18.130.160 and issue an order of reinstatement. The disciplining authority may require successful completion of an examination as a condition of reinstatement.

A person whose license has been suspended for noncompliance with a support order or ((a residential or)) visitation order under RCW 74.20A.320 may petition for reinstatement at any time by providing the secretary a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, the secretary shall automatically reissue the person's license upon receipt of the release, and payment of a reinstatement fee, if any.

Sec. 7. RCW 18.130.160 and 2006 c 99 s 6 and 2006 c 8 s 104 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

Upon a finding, after hearing, that a license holder ((exapplicant)) has committed unprofessional conduct or is unable to practice with reasonable skill and safety due to a physical or mental condition, the disciplining authority may consider the imposition of sanctions, taking into account any prior findings of fact under RCW 18.130.110, any stipulations to informal disposition under RCW 18.130.172, and any action taken by other in-state or out-of-state disciplining authorities, and issue an order providing for one or any combination of the following:

- (1) Revocation of the license;
- (2) Suspension of the license for a fixed or indefinite term;
- (3) Restriction or limitation of the practice;
- 15 (4) Requiring the satisfactory completion of a specific program of remedial education or treatment;
  - (5) The monitoring of the practice by a supervisor approved by the disciplining authority;
    - (6) Censure or reprimand;
- 20 (7) Compliance with conditions of probation for a designated period 21 of time;
  - (8) Payment of a fine for each violation of this chapter, not to exceed five thousand dollars per violation. Funds received shall be placed in the health professions account;
    - (9) Denial of the license request;
- 26 (10) Corrective action;

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- (11) Refund of fees billed to and collected from the consumer;
- 28 (12) A surrender of the practitioner's license in lieu of other 29 sanctions, which must be reported to the federal data bank.
- 30 <u>Surrender or revocation of a license under this section is not</u> 31 <u>subject to a petition for reinstatement under RCW 18.130.150.</u>

Any of the actions under this section may be totally or partly stayed by the disciplining authority. Safeguarding the public's health and safety is the paramount responsibility of every disciplining authority and in determining what action is appropriate, the disciplining authority must first consider what sanctions are necessary to protect or compensate the public. Only after such provisions have been made may the disciplining authority consider and include in the

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order requirements designed to rehabilitate the license holder ((or applicant)). All costs associated with compliance with orders issued under this section are the obligation of the license holder ((or applicant)).

The licensee ((or applicant)) may enter into a stipulated disposition of charges that includes one or more of the sanctions of this section, but only after a statement of charges has been issued and the licensee has been afforded the opportunity for a hearing and has elected on the record to forego such a hearing. The stipulation shall either contain one or more specific findings of unprofessional conduct or inability to practice, or a statement by the licensee acknowledging that evidence is sufficient to justify one or more specified findings of unprofessional conduct or inability to practice. The stipulation entered into pursuant to this subsection shall be considered formal disciplinary action for all purposes.

Sec. 8. RCW 18.130.165 and 1993 c 367 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

Where an order for payment of a fine is made as a result of a citation under section 4 of this act or a hearing under RCW 18.130.100 or 18.130.190 and timely payment is not made as directed in the final order, the disciplining authority may enforce the order for payment in the superior court in the county in which the hearing was held. This right of enforcement shall be in addition to any other rights the disciplining authority may have as to any licensee ordered to pay a fine but shall not be construed to limit a licensee's ability to seek judicial review under RCW 18.130.140.

In any action for enforcement of an order of payment of a fine, the disciplining authority's order is conclusive proof of the validity of the order of payment of a fine and the terms of payment.

- Sec. 9. RCW 18.130.170 and 1995 c 336 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
- 32 (1) If the disciplining authority believes a license holder ((<del>or</del> applicant)) may be unable to practice with reasonable skill and safety
  34 to consumers by reason of any mental or physical condition, a statement
  35 of charges in the name of the disciplining authority shall be served on
  36 the license holder ((<del>or applicant</del>)) and notice shall also be issued

providing an opportunity for a hearing. The hearing shall be limited to the sole issue of the capacity of the license holder ((<del>or</del> applicant)) to practice with reasonable skill and safety. If the disciplining authority determines that the license holder ((<del>or</del> applicant)) is unable to practice with reasonable skill and safety for one of the reasons stated in this subsection, the disciplining authority shall impose such sanctions under RCW 18.130.160 as is deemed necessary to protect the public.

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(2)(a) In investigating or adjudicating a complaint or report that a license holder ((or applicant)) may be unable to practice with reasonable skill or safety by reason of any mental or physical condition, the disciplining authority may require a license holder ((or applicant)) to submit to a mental or physical examination by one or more licensed or certified health professionals designated by the disciplining authority. The license holder ((or applicant)) shall be provided written notice of the disciplining authority's intent to order a mental or physical examination, which notice shall include: (i) A statement of the specific conduct, event, or circumstances justifying an examination; (ii) a summary of the evidence supporting the disciplining authority's concern that the license holder ((<del>or</del> applicant)) may be unable to practice with reasonable skill and safety by reason of a mental or physical condition, and the grounds for believing such evidence to be credible and reliable; (iii) a statement of the nature, purpose, scope, and content of the intended examination; (iv) a statement that the license holder ((or applicant)) has the right to respond in writing within twenty days to challenge the disciplining authority's grounds for ordering an examination or to challenge the manner or form of the examination; and (v) a statement that if the license holder ((<del>or applicant</del>)) timely responds to the notice of intent, then the license holder ((or applicant)) will not be required to submit to the examination while the response is under consideration.

(b) Upon submission of a timely response to the notice of intent to order a mental or physical examination, the license holder ((<del>or</del> applicant)) shall have an opportunity to respond to or refute such an order by submission of evidence or written argument or both. The evidence and written argument supporting and opposing the mental or physical examination shall be reviewed by either a panel of the disciplining authority members who have not been involved with the

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allegations against the license holder ((or applicant)) or a neutral 1 2 decision maker approved by the disciplining authority. The reviewing panel of the disciplining authority or the approved neutral decision 3 maker may, in its discretion, ask for oral argument from the parties. 4 5 The reviewing panel of the disciplining authority or the approved neutral decision maker shall prepare a written decision as to whether: 6 7 There is reasonable cause to believe that the license holder ((or applicant)) may be unable to practice with reasonable skill and safety 8 by reason of a mental or physical condition, or the manner or form of 9 10 the mental or physical examination is appropriate, or both.

- (c) Upon receipt by the disciplining authority of the written decision, or upon the failure of the license holder ((or applicant)) to timely respond to the notice of intent, the disciplining authority may issue an order requiring the license holder ((or applicant)) to undergo a mental or physical examination. All such mental or physical examinations shall be narrowly tailored to address only the alleged mental or physical condition and the ability of the license holder ((or applicant)) to practice with reasonable skill and safety. An order of disciplining authority requiring the license holder applicant)) to undergo a mental or physical examination is not a final order for purposes of appeal. The cost of the examinations ordered by the disciplining authority shall be paid out of the health professions account. In addition to any examinations ordered by the disciplining authority, the licensee may submit physical or mental examination reports from licensed or certified health professionals of the license holder's ((or applicant's)) choosing and expense.
- (d) If the disciplining authority finds that a license holder ((exapplicant)) has failed to submit to a properly ordered mental or physical examination, then the disciplining authority may order appropriate action or discipline under RCW 18.130.180(9), unless the failure was due to circumstances beyond the person's control. However, no such action or discipline may be imposed unless the license holder ((erapplicant)) has had the notice and opportunity to challenge the disciplining authority's grounds for ordering the examination, to challenge the manner and form, to assert any other defenses, and to have such challenges or defenses considered by either a panel of the disciplining authority members who have not been involved with the allegations against the license holder ((erapplicant)) or a neutral

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decision maker approved by the disciplining authority, as previously set forth in this section. Further, the action or discipline ordered by the disciplining authority shall not be more severe than a suspension of the license, certification, registration, or application until such time as the license holder ((or applicant)) complies with the properly ordered mental or physical examination.

- (e) Nothing in this section shall restrict the power of a disciplining authority to act in an emergency under RCW 34.05.422(4), 34.05.479, and 18.130.050(7).
  - (f) A determination by a court of competent jurisdiction that a license holder ((or applicant)) is mentally incompetent or mentally ill is presumptive evidence of the license holder's ((or applicant's)) inability to practice with reasonable skill and safety. An individual affected under this section shall at reasonable intervals be afforded an opportunity, at his or her expense, to demonstrate that the individual can resume competent practice with reasonable skill and safety to the consumer.
  - (3) For the purpose of subsection (2) of this section, ((an applicant or)) a license holder governed by this chapter, by making application, practicing, or filing a license renewal, is deemed to have given consent to submit to a mental, physical, or psychological examination when directed in writing by the disciplining authority and further to have waived all objections to the admissibility or use of the examining health professional's testimony or examination reports by the disciplining authority on the ground that the testimony or reports constitute privileged communications.
- **Sec. 10.** RCW 18.130.172 and 2000 c 171 s 29 are each amended to 28 read as follows:
  - (1) Prior to serving a statement of charges under RCW 18.130.090 or 18.130.170, the disciplinary authority may furnish a statement of allegations to the licensee ((or applicant)) along with a detailed summary of the evidence relied upon to establish the allegations and a proposed stipulation for informal resolution of the allegations. These documents shall be exempt from public disclosure until such time as the allegations are resolved either by stipulation or otherwise.
  - (2) The disciplinary authority and the ((applicant or)) licensee may stipulate that the allegations may be disposed of informally in

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accordance with this subsection. The stipulation shall contain a 1 2 statement of the facts leading to the filing of the complaint; the act or acts of unprofessional conduct alleged to have been committed or the 3 alleged basis for determining that the ((applicant or)) licensee is 4 unable to practice with reasonable skill and safety; a statement that 5 the stipulation is not to be construed as a finding of either 6 unprofessional conduct or inability to practice; an acknowledgement 7 that a finding of unprofessional conduct or inability to practice, if 8 proven, constitutes grounds for discipline under this chapter; and an 9 10 agreement on the part of the licensee ((or applicant)) that the sanctions set forth in RCW 18.130.160, except RCW 18.130.160 (1), (2), 11 12 (6), and (8), may be imposed as part of the stipulation, except that no 13 fine may be imposed but the licensee ((or applicant)) may agree to reimburse the disciplinary authority the costs of investigation and 14 processing the complaint up to an amount not exceeding one thousand 15 16 dollars per allegation; and an agreement on the part of the 17 disciplinary authority to forego further disciplinary proceedings concerning the allegations. A stipulation entered into pursuant to 18 this subsection shall not be considered formal disciplinary action. 19

- (3) If the licensee ((or applicant)) declines to agree to disposition of the charges by means of a stipulation pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, the disciplinary authority may proceed to formal disciplinary action pursuant to RCW 18.130.090 or 18.130.170.
- (4) Upon execution of a stipulation under subsection (2) of this section by both the licensee ((or applicant)) and the disciplinary authority, the complaint is deemed disposed of and shall become subject to public disclosure on the same basis and to the same extent as other records of the disciplinary authority. Should the licensee ((or applicant)) fail to pay any agreed reimbursement within thirty days of the date specified in the stipulation for payment, the disciplinary authority may seek collection of the amount agreed to be paid in the same manner as enforcement of a fine under RCW 18.130.165.
- 33 **Sec. 11.** RCW 18.130.180 and 1995 c 336 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

The following conduct, acts, or conditions constitute unprofessional conduct for any license holder ((or applicant)) under the jurisdiction of this chapter:

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(1) The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, or corruption relating to the practice of the person's profession, whether the act constitutes a crime or not. If the act constitutes a crime, conviction in a criminal proceeding is not a condition precedent to disciplinary action. Upon such a conviction, however, the judgment and sentence is conclusive evidence at the ensuing disciplinary hearing of the guilt of the license holder or applicant of the crime described in the indictment or information, and of the person's violation of the statute on which it is based. For the purposes of this section, conviction includes all instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for the conviction and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or suspended. Nothing in this section abrogates rights guaranteed under chapter 9.96A RCW;

- 15 (2) Misrepresentation or concealment of a material fact in obtaining a license or in reinstatement thereof;
  - (3) All advertising which is false, fraudulent, or misleading;
  - (4) Incompetence, negligence, or malpractice which results in injury to a patient or which creates an unreasonable risk that a patient may be harmed. The use of a nontraditional treatment by itself shall not constitute unprofessional conduct, provided that it does not result in injury to a patient or create an unreasonable risk that a patient may be harmed;
  - (5) Suspension, revocation, or restriction of the individual's license to practice any health care profession by competent authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction, a certified copy of the order, stipulation, or agreement being conclusive evidence of the revocation, suspension, or restriction;
  - (6) The possession, use, prescription for use, or distribution of controlled substances or legend drugs in any way other than for legitimate or therapeutic purposes, diversion of controlled substances or legend drugs, the violation of any drug law, or prescribing controlled substances for oneself;
  - (7) Violation of any state or federal statute or administrative rule regulating the profession in question, including any statute or rule defining or establishing standards of patient care or professional conduct or practice;
    - (8) Failure to cooperate with the disciplining authority by:

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1 (a) Not furnishing any papers ((<del>or</del>)), documents, records, or other 2 items;

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- (b) Not furnishing in writing a full and complete explanation covering the matter contained in the complaint filed with the disciplining authority;
- (c) Not responding to subpoenas issued by the disciplining authority, whether or not the recipient of the subpoena is the accused in the proceeding; or
- (d) Not providing reasonable and timely access for authorized representatives of the disciplining authority seeking to perform practice reviews at facilities utilized by the license holder;
- 12 (9) Failure to comply with an order issued by the disciplining 13 authority or a stipulation for informal disposition entered into with 14 the disciplining authority;
- 15 (10) Aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to practice when a license is required;
  - (11) Violations of rules established by any health agency;
- 18 (12) Practice beyond the scope of practice as defined by law or 19 rule;
- 20 (13) Misrepresentation or fraud in any aspect of the conduct of the 21 business or profession;
- 22 (14) Failure to adequately supervise auxiliary staff to the extent 23 that the consumer's health or safety is at risk;
  - (15) Engaging in a profession involving contact with the public while suffering from a contagious or infectious disease involving serious risk to public health;
  - (16) Promotion for personal gain of any unnecessary or inefficacious drug, device, treatment, procedure, or service;
  - (17) Conviction of any gross misdemeanor or felony relating to the practice of the person's profession. For the purposes of this subsection, conviction includes all instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for conviction and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or suspended. Nothing in this section abrogates rights guaranteed under chapter 9.96A RCW;
- 35 (18) The procuring, or aiding or abetting in procuring, a criminal abortion;
- 37 (19) The offering, undertaking, or agreeing to cure or treat 38 disease by a secret method, procedure, treatment, or medicine, or the

- treating, operating, or prescribing for any health condition by a method, means, or procedure which the licensee refuses to divulge upon demand of the disciplining authority;
  - (20) The willful betrayal of a practitioner-patient privilege as recognized by law;
    - (21) Violation of chapter 19.68 RCW;
- 7 (22) Interference with an investigation or disciplinary proceeding by willful misrepresentation of facts before the disciplining authority 8 9 or its authorized representative, or by the use of threats or harassment against any patient or witness to prevent them from 10 providing evidence in a disciplinary proceeding or any other legal 11 action, or by the use of financial inducements to any patient or 12 13 witness to prevent or attempt to prevent him or her from providing 14 evidence in a disciplinary proceeding;
  - (23) Current misuse of:
- 16 (a) Alcohol;

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- (b) Controlled substances; or
- 18 (c) Legend drugs;
- 19 (24) Abuse of a client or patient or sexual contact with a client 20 or patient;
  - (25) Acceptance of more than a nominal gratuity, hospitality, or subsidy offered by a representative or vendor of medical or health-related products or services intended for patients, in contemplation of a sale or for use in research publishable in professional journals, where a conflict of interest is presented, as defined by rules of the disciplining authority, in consultation with the department, based on recognized professional ethical standards.
- 28 **Sec. 12.** RCW 9.96A.020 and 1999 c 16 s 1 are each amended to read 29 as follows:
  - (1) Subject to the exceptions in subsections (3) and (4) of this section, and unless there is another provision of law to the contrary, a person is not disqualified from employment by the state of Washington or any of its counties, cities, towns, municipal corporations, or quasi-municipal corporations, nor is a person disqualified to practice, pursue or engage in any occupation, trade, vocation, or business for which a license, permit, certificate, or registration is required to be issued by the state of Washington or any of its counties, cities,

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towns, municipal corporations, or quasi-municipal corporations solely because of a prior conviction of a felony. However, this section does not preclude the fact of any prior conviction of a crime from being considered.

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- (2) A person may be denied employment by the state of Washington or any of its counties, cities, towns, municipal corporations, or quasimunicipal corporations, or a person may be denied a license, permit, certificate or registration to pursue, practice, or engage in an occupation, trade, vocation, or business by reason of the prior conviction of a felony if the felony for which he or she was convicted directly relates to the position of employment sought or to the specific occupation, trade, vocation, or business for which the license, permit, certificate, or registration is sought, and the time elapsed since the conviction is less than ten years. However, for positions in the county treasurer's office, a person may be disqualified from employment because of a prior guilty plea or conviction of a felony involving embezzlement or theft, even if the time elapsed since the guilty plea or conviction is ten years or more.
  - (3) A person is disqualified for any certificate required or authorized under chapters 28A.405 or 28A.410 RCW, because of a prior guilty plea or the conviction of a felony involving sexual exploitation of a child under chapter 9.68A RCW, sexual offenses under chapter 9A.44 RCW where a minor is the victim, promoting prostitution of a minor under chapter 9A.88 RCW, or a violation of similar laws of another jurisdiction, even if the time elapsed since the guilty plea or conviction is ten years or more.
  - (4) A person is disqualified from employment by school districts, educational service districts, and their contractors hiring employees who will have regularly scheduled unsupervised access to children, because of a prior guilty plea or conviction of a felony involving sexual exploitation of a child under chapter 9.68A RCW, sexual offenses under chapter 9A.44 RCW where a minor is the victim, promoting prostitution of a minor under chapter 9A.88 RCW, or a violation of similar laws of another jurisdiction, even if the time elapsed since the guilty plea or conviction is ten years or more.
- 36 (5) The provisions of this chapter do not apply to issuance of 37 licenses or credentials for professions regulated under chapter 18.130 38 RCW.

- (6) Subsections (3) and (4) of this section only apply to a person applying for a certificate or for employment on or after July 25, 1993.
  Subsection (5) of this section only applies to a person applying for a license or credential on or after the effective date of this section.
- 5 **Sec. 13.** RCW 9.95.240 and 2003 c 66 s 1 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

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- (1) Every defendant who has fulfilled the conditions of his or her probation for the entire period thereof, or who shall have been discharged from probation prior to the termination of the period thereof, may at any time prior to the expiration of the maximum period of punishment for the offense for which he or she has been convicted be permitted in the discretion of the court to withdraw his or her plea of quilty and enter a plea of not quilty, or if he or she has been convicted after a plea of not guilty, the court may in its discretion set aside the verdict of guilty; and in either case, the court may thereupon dismiss the information or indictment against such defendant, who shall thereafter be released from all penalties and disabilities resulting from the offense or crime of which he or she has been convicted. The probationer shall be informed of this right in his or her probation papers: PROVIDED, That in any subsequent prosecution, for any other offense, such prior conviction may be pleaded and proved, and shall have the same effect as if probation had not been granted, or the information or indictment dismissed.
- (2)(a) After the period of probation has expired, the defendant may apply to the sentencing court for a vacation of the defendant's record of conviction under RCW 9.94A.640. The court may, in its discretion, clear the record of conviction if it finds the defendant has met the equivalent of the tests in RCW 9.94A.640(2) as those tests would be applied to a person convicted of a crime committed before July 1, 1984.
- (b) The clerk of the court in which the vacation order is entered shall immediately transmit the order vacating the conviction to the Washington state patrol identification section and to the local police agency, if any, which holds criminal history information for the person who is the subject of the conviction. The Washington state patrol and any such local police agency shall immediately update their records to reflect the vacation of the conviction, and shall transmit the order vacating the conviction to the federal bureau of investigation. A

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- 1 conviction that has been vacated under this section may not be
- 2 disseminated or disclosed by the state patrol or local law enforcement
- 3 agency to any person, except other criminal justice enforcement
- 4 agencies.
- 5 (3) This section does not apply to chapter 18.130 RCW.
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** Sections 2 and 4 of this act are each added 7 to chapter 18.130 RCW.

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