SENATE BILL 6094

State of Washington 60th Legislature 2007 Regular Session

By Senators Pridemore, Tom and Kohl-Welles; by request of Superintendent of Public Instruction

Read first time 02/21/2007. Referred to Committee on Early Learning & K-12 Education.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the improving core subject instruction for all
- 2 students pilot program; adding a new section to chapter 28A.630 RCW;
- 3 providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.630 6 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1)(a) Research has shown that early, intensive interventions can significantly improve reading, written language, and mathematics skills for children who are struggling academically. This early research-based assistance has been successful in reducing the number of children
- 11 who require specialized programs. Research further suggests that the
- 12 disabilities of many students with mild and moderate disabilities are
- 13 correctable through strategic early intervention and the students do
- 14 not necessitate special education eligibility. However, by being
- 15 effective in reducing the number of students eligible for these
- 16 programs, school district funding is reduced.

7

8

9

- 17 (b) The purpose of the program in this section is to continue
- 18 support to the existing pilot districts and to encourage other school
- 19 districts to participate as pilot districts to improve the

p. 1 SB 6094

- implementation of high quality general education research-based core instructional programs to meet the needs of students struggling academically, while reducing the number of students inappropriately referred and placed in special education under the specific learning disability eligibility category because of ineffective instructional practices. This will allow special education programs to concentrate specially designed instruction on students who truly require special education services. The goal of this assistance is to effectively address reading, written language, and mathematics difficulties resulting in a substantially greater proportion of students meeting the progressively increasing performance standards for both the aggregate and disaggregated subgroups under federal law.
 - (c) The participating pilot districts implementing the special services pilot program have met the goals of the pilot program resulting in (i) a substantial number of underachieving students meeting the progressively increasing reading performance standards and (ii) a reduction in the number of children who require special education.
 - (2) Seven school districts may participate in the special services pilot program, including two school districts already participating and five additional school districts. The special services pilot program shall begin in the 2007-08 school year and conclude in the 2010-11 school year.
 - (3) School districts participating in the pilot program shall receive state special education funding in accordance with state special education funding formulas and a separate pilot program appropriation from sources other than special education funds. The separate appropriation shall be calculated as provided in this subsection.
 - (a) The school district's estimated state special education funding for the current year based on the school district's average percentage of students age three through twenty-one who were eligible for special education services for the school year before participation as a pilot program as reported to the office of the superintendent of public instruction;
- 36 (b) Minus the school district's actual state special education 37 funding based on the district's current percentage of students age

SB 6094 p. 2

three through twenty-one eligible for special education services as reported to the superintendent of public instruction.

- (c) The superintendent shall adjust the factors in (a) of this subsection for one or more participating school districts, where legislative changes to the special education funding formula impact the funding mechanism of this program.
- (4) Participation in the pilot program shall not increase or decrease a district's ability to access the safety net for high-cost students by virtue of the district's participation in the program. Districts participating in the pilot program shall have access to the special education safety net using a modified application approach for the office of the superintendent of public instruction demonstration of financial need. The superintendent shall create a modified application to include all special education revenues received by the district, all pilot program funding, expenditures for students with individual education programs, and expenditures for students generating pilot program revenue. Districts participating in the pilot program that seek safety net funding shall convincingly demonstrate to the committee that any change in demonstrated need is not attributable to their participation in this pilot program.
 - (5) School districts participating in the program must agree to:
- (a) Implement the program as part of the school districts' general education curriculum for all students;
- (b) Use a multitiered service delivery system to provide scientific research-based instructional interventions addressing individual student needs in the areas of reading, written language, or mathematics;
- (c) Develop and implement an assessment system to conduct universal screening, progress monitoring, targeted assessments, and outcome assessments to identify the reading, written language, or mathematics needs of each student and to monitor student progress;
- (d) Incorporate student-specific data obtained through the pilot program when conducting an evaluation to determine if the student has a disability;
- (e) Assure that parents are informed of: The amount and nature of student performance data that is collected and the general education services that are provided; the strategies for increasing the student's

p. 3 SB 6094

rate of learning; the parents' right to make a referral for special education evaluation if they suspect the student has a disability; and the parents' right to have input into designed interventions;

- (f) Assure that parents are provided assessments of achievement at reasonable intervals addressing student progress during instruction;
 - (g) Actively engage parents as partners in the learning process;
 - (h) Comply with state special education requirements; and
- (i) Participate and provide staff expertise in the design and implementation of an evaluation of the program as determined by the superintendent of public instruction. Districts shall annually review and report progress, including objective measures or indicators that show the progress towards achieving the purpose and goal of the program, to the office of the superintendent of public instruction.
- (6) By December 15, 2010, the superintendent of public instruction shall submit a report to the governor and appropriate committees of the legislature that summarizes the effectiveness of the pilot program in this section. The report shall also include a recommendation as to whether or not the pilot program should be continued, expanded, or otherwise modified.
- (7) This section expires June 30, 2011.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

--- END ---

SB 6094 p. 4