S-4006.2
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## SENATE BILL 6311

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State of Washington

60th Legislature

2008 Regular Session

By Senator Hargrove

Read first time 01/15/08. Referred to Committee on Human Services & Corrections.

AN ACT Relating to reform of competency evaluation and competency restoration procedures; amending RCW 10.77.060, 10.77.065, 10.77.084, 10.77.086, 10.77.088, 10.77.010, 10.77.092, 10.77.097, 10.77.163, 71.05.235, 71.05.280, 71.05.290, 71.05.300, 71.05.320, 71.05.425, 71.09.025, 71.09.030, and 71.09.060; adding new sections to chapter 10.77 RCW; creating a new section; and repealing RCW 10.77.260 and 10.77.800.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

9 PART I

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## 10 COMPETENCY EVALUATION AND RESTORATION

11 **Sec. 101.** RCW 10.77.060 and 2004 c 9 s 1 are each amended to read 12 as follows:

(1)(a) Whenever ((a defendant has pleaded not guilty by reason of insanity, or)) there is reason to doubt ((his or her)) a defendant's competency, the court on its own motion or on the motion of any party shall ((either appoint or)) request the secretary to designate at least ((two)) one qualified expert((two)) or professional person((two), one of whom shall be approved by the prosecuting attorney,)) to examine and

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report upon the mental condition of the defendant. The signed order of the court shall serve as authority for the expert((s)) to be given access to all records held by any mental health, medical, educational, or correctional facility that relate to the present or past mental, emotional, or physical condition of the defendant. ((At least one of the experts or professional persons appointed shall be a developmental disabilities professional if the court is advised by any party that the defendant may be developmentally disabled. Upon agreement of the parties, the court may designate one expert or professional person to conduct the examination and report on the mental condition of the defendant. For purposes of the examination, the court may order the defendant committed to))

- (b) If at any point the expert or professional person becomes aware that the defendant may be developmentally disabled, or if it appears that the characteristics of developmental disability may be a significant factor in the defendant's ability to participate in the criminal proceeding, the evaluation shall be performed by or in conjunction with a developmental disabilities professional.
- (c) If the defendant is being held in jail or other detention facility, the examination shall be held in the jail or other detention facility unless, upon motion, a party establishes good cause for the examination to take place in a hospital or other suitably secure public or private mental health facility ((for a period of time necessary to complete the examination, but not to)). If the court orders the evaluation to take place in a hospital or mental health facility, the commitment for the evaluation shall not exceed fifteen days from the time of admission to the facility. ((If the defendant is being held in jail or other detention facility, upon agreement of the parties, the court may direct that the examination be conducted at the jail or other detention facility.
- (b) When a defendant is ordered to be committed for inpatient examination under this subsection (1), the court may delay granting bail until the defendant has been evaluated for competency or sanity and appears before the court. Following the evaluation, in determining bail the court shall consider: (i) Recommendations of the expert or professional persons regarding the defendant's competency, sanity, or diminished capacity; (ii) whether the defendant has a recent history of one or more violent acts; (iii) whether the defendant has previously

been acquitted by reason of insanity or found incompetent; (iv) whether it is reasonably likely the defendant will fail to appear for a future court hearing; and (v) whether the defendant is a threat to public safety.))

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- (d) The order shall be served upon the secretary or his or her designee along with a copy of the charging document, certification of probable cause, police report, and a summary of the defendant's criminal history as soon as possible, and no later than three business days after it is signed. From the time of service of these documents, the evaluation report shall be completed within twenty-one days if the examination is to be held in a jail or other detention facility or within thirty days if the examination is to be held in a hospital or mental health facility. If during an examination held in a jail or other detention facility the secretary determines that it is necessary to admit the defendant into a hospital or secure mental health facility to complete the examination, the secretary shall immediately notify all parties and arrange for the defendant to be committed to such facility for a period not to exceed fifteen days, and the evaluation report shall be completed within thirty days of such notification. The time limits in this section shall not include any time during which the secretary is unable to admit the defendant into a hospital or secure mental health facility because it has not received medical screening information from the jail. Should the secretary fail to meet these time periods, a party may seek an order to compel as the sole remedy. Upon a showing of good cause, the court may extend the time period for completion of the examination.
- (e) In addition to the information required to be provided to the secretary pursuant to (d) of this subsection, the court or any party may provide any additional information which it reasonably deems may be of assistance to the examination, unless such action would infringe on the ethical duties of defense counsel.
- (f) Upon agreement by all parties, the court may appoint a qualified expert or professional person to fulfill the duties of this section instead of requesting the secretary to designate a qualified expert or professional person.
- (2) The court may direct that a qualified expert or professional person retained by or appointed for the defendant be permitted to witness the examination authorized by subsection (1) of this section,

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- 1 and that the defendant shall have access to all information obtained by
- 2 the ((court appointed experts or professional persons)) examiner. The
- 3 defendant's expert or professional person shall have the right to file
- 4 his or her own report following the guidelines of subsection (3) of
- 5 this section. If the defendant is indigent, the court shall upon the
- 6 request of the defendant assist him or her in obtaining an expert or
- 7 professional person.

- 8 (3) The report of the examination shall include the following:
- 9 (a) A description of the nature of the examination;
  - (b) A diagnosis of the mental condition of the defendant;
- 11 (c) If the defendant suffers from a mental disease or defect, or is 12 developmentally disabled, an opinion as to competency;
- 13 (d) ((If the defendant has indicated his or her intention to rely
  14 on the defense of insanity pursuant to RCW 10.77.030, an opinion as to
  15 the defendant's sanity at the time of the act;
- (e) When directed by the court, an opinion as to the capacity of the defendant to have a particular state of mind which is an element of the offense charged;
- (f)) An opinion as to whether the defendant should be evaluated by a ((county)) designated mental health professional under chapter 71.05 RCW((, and an opinion as to whether the defendant is a substantial danger to other persons, or presents a substantial likelihood of committing criminal acts jeopardizing public safety or security, unless kept under further control by the court or other persons or institutions)).
- 26 (4) The secretary may execute such agreements as appropriate and 27 necessary to implement this section.
- 28 **Sec. 102.** RCW 10.77.065 and 2000 c 74 s 2 are each amended to read 29 as follows:
- 30 (1)(a)(i) The ((facility conducting the evaluation)) qualified 31 expert or professional person shall provide ((its)) his or her report and recommendation to the court in which the criminal proceeding is 32 pending. A copy of the report and recommendation shall be provided to 33 the ((county designated mental health professional, the)) prosecuting 34 attorney, the defense attorney, and the professional person at the 35 36 local correctional facility where the defendant is being held, or if 37 there is no professional person, to the person designated under (a)(ii)

of this subsection. Upon request, the ((facility)) secretary shall ((also)) provide copies of the report and recommendation and copies of any source documents relevant to the evaluation to the ((county)) designated mental health professional. The report and recommendation shall be provided not less than twenty-four hours preceding the transfer of the defendant to the correctional facility in the county in which the criminal proceeding is pending.

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- (ii) If there is no professional person at the local correctional facility, the local correctional facility shall designate a professional person as defined in RCW 71.05.020 or, in cooperation with the regional support network, a professional person at the regional support network to receive the report and recommendation.
- (iii) When a defendant is transferred to ((the facility conducting)) a hospital or other mental health facility for the evaluation, or upon commencement of a defendant's evaluation in the local correctional facility, the local correctional facility must notify the evaluator or the facility conducting the evaluation of the name of the professional person, or person designated under (a)(ii) of this subsection to receive the report and recommendation.
- (b) If the ((facility concludes, under RCW 10.77.060(3)(f), the person should be kept under further control, an evaluation shall be conducted of such person)) evaluation report recommends that the <u>defendant should be referred for evaluation by a designated mental</u> <u>health professional</u> under chapter 71.05 RCW((-)), the court shall order an evaluation be conducted by the ((appropriate county)) designated mental health professional( $(\div (i))$ ) prior to the defendant's release from confinement ((for such person who is convicted, if sentenced to confinement for twenty-four months or less; (ii) for any person who is acquitted; or (iii) for any person: (A) Whose charges are dismissed pursuant to RCW 10.77.090(4); or (B) whose nonfelony charges are dismissed)) following any conviction, dismissal, or acquittal, unless the defendant is sentenced to confinement for more than twenty-four months. A defendant may not be detained in jail longer than twentyfour hours following entry of an order of dismissal for this evaluation.
- (2) The ((county)) designated mental health professional shall provide written notification within twenty-four hours of the results of

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the determination whether to commence proceedings under chapter 71.05 RCW. The notification shall be provided to the persons identified in subsection (1)(a) of this section.

- (3) The ((prosecuting attorney)) petitioner in a proceeding under subsection (2) of this section shall provide a copy of the results of any proceedings commenced by the ((county)) designated mental health professional under subsection (2) of this section to the ((facility conducting the evaluation under this chapter)) secretary.
- (4) The fact of admission and all information and records compiled, obtained, or maintained in the course of providing services under this chapter may also be disclosed to the courts solely to prevent the entry of any evaluation or treatment order that is inconsistent with any order entered under chapter 71.05 RCW.
- **Sec. 103.** RCW 10.77.084 and 2007 c 375 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1)(a) If at any time during the pendency of an action and prior to judgment the court finds, following a report as provided in RCW 10.77.060, a defendant is incompetent, the court shall order the proceedings against the defendant be stayed except as provided in subsection (4) of this section. The court shall then order the defendant to undergo a period of treatment for restoration of competency, if permitted, within the time limits established by RCW 10.77.086 and 10.77.088 and the requirements of this section.
  - (b) ((A defendant found incompetent shall be evaluated at the direction of the secretary and a determination made whether the defendant is an individual with a developmental disability. Such evaluation and determination shall be accomplished as soon as possible following the court's placement of the defendant in the custody of the secretary.
  - (i) When appropriate, and subject to available funds, if the defendant is determined to be an individual with a developmental disability, he or she may be placed in a program specifically reserved for the treatment and training of persons with developmental disabilities where the defendant shall have the right to habilitation according to an individualized service plan specifically developed for the particular needs of the defendant. A copy of the evaluation shall be sent to the program.

(A) The program shall be separate from programs serving persons involved in any other treatment or habilitation program.

- (B) The program shall be appropriately secure under the circumstances and shall be administered by developmental disabilities professionals who shall direct the habilitation efforts.
- (C) The program shall provide an environment affording security appropriate with the charged criminal behavior and necessary to protect the public safety.
- (ii) The department may limit admissions of such persons to this specialized program in order to ensure that expenditures for services do not exceed amounts appropriated by the legislature and allocated by the department for such services.
- (iii) The department may establish admission priorities in the event that the number of eligible persons exceeds the limits set by the department.
- restoration period ordered under (a) of this subsection, or at any time a professional person determines competency has been, or is unlikely to be, restored, the defendant shall be returned to court for a hearing. If, after notice and hearing, the court finds that competency has been restored, the stay entered under (a) of this subsection shall be lifted. ((If competency has not been restored, the proceedings shall be dismissed.)) If the court ((concludes)) finds that competency has not been restored, but that further treatment within the time limits established by RCW 10.77.086 or 10.77.088 is likely to restore competency, the court may order ((that)) the defendant to undergo an additional period of treatment for purposes of competency restoration ((be continued. Such treatment may not extend beyond the combination of time provided for in RCW 10.77.086 or 10.77.088)).
- $((\frac{d}{d}))$  (c) If at any time during the proceeding the court finds, following notice and hearing, ((a)) the defendant is not likely to regain competency, or that the defendant is not competent and not eligible for further competency restoration, or is not competent and has not been ordered to receive competency restoration treatment, the ((proceedings)) charges shall be dismissed without prejudice and ((the defendant shall be evaluated for civil commitment proceedings.)):
- (i) If the charge was a felony, the defendant shall be detained and transported to a state hospital or other suitably secure mental health

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facility for purposes of filing a petition under chapter 71.05 RCW.

The defendant may not be detained in jail for more than seven days prior to transport under this subsection (1)(c)(i); if transport has not occurred within seven days the defendant shall be released.

- (ii) If the charge was a nonfelony, and was a serious offense as defined by RCW 10.77.092 and the defendant was in custody and not on conditional release at the time of dismissal, the defendant shall be detained and transported to an evaluation and treatment facility for purposes of filing a petition under chapter 71.05 RCW. The defendant may not be detained in jail for more than three days, excluding holidays, prior to transport under this subsection (1)(c)(ii); if transport has not occurred within three days the defendant shall be released. The defendant may be detained at the evaluation and treatment facility for up to seventy-two hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, for evaluation prior to the filing of a petition under chapter 71.05 RCW.
- (iii) If the charge was a nonfelony, and the charge was not a serious offense as defined by RCW 10.77.092 or the defendant was on conditional release at the time of dismissal, the court may order the defendant to be evaluated by a designated mental health professional, and shall do so if required by RCW 10.77.065(1)(b). The defendant may not be detained in jail longer than twenty-four hours following entry of the order of dismissal for evaluation under this subsection (1)(c)(iii).
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of (a) and (b) of this subsection, if the defendant has multiple pending criminal charges, the length of competency restoration treatment available for all charges shall be the longest treatment period ordered for any of the charges.
- (2) If the defendant is referred to the designated mental health professional for consideration of initial detention proceedings under chapter 71.05 RCW pursuant to this chapter, the designated mental health professional shall provide prompt written notification of the results of the determination whether to commence initial detention proceedings under chapter 71.05 RCW and whether the ((person)) defendant was detained. The notification shall be provided to the court in which the criminal action was pending, the prosecutor in the criminal action, the defense attorney in the criminal action, and the ((facility that evaluated the defendant for competency)) secretary.

(3) ((The fact)) A finding that the defendant is ((unfit to proceed)) not competent does not preclude any pretrial proceedings which do not require the personal participation of the defendant.

- (4) A defendant receiving medication for either physical or mental problems shall not be prohibited from standing trial, if the medication either enables the defendant to understand the proceedings against him or her and to assist in his or her own defense, or does not disable him or her from so understanding and assisting in his or her own defense.
- (5) At or before the conclusion of any ((commitment)) competency restoration period provided for by ((this section)) RCW 10.77.086 or RCW 10.77.088, the facility providing evaluation and treatment shall provide to the court a written report of examination which meets the requirements of RCW 10.77.060(3).
- **Sec. 104.** RCW 10.77.086 and 2007 c 375 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- $((\frac{1}{1}))$  If  $(\frac{1}{1})$  a defendant is charged with a felony and determined to be incompetent  $(\frac{1}{1})$ :
  - (1) Until he or she has regained the competency necessary to understand the proceedings against him or her and assist in his or her own defense, or has been determined to be unlikely to regain competency ((pursuant to RCW 10.77.084(1)(c))), but in any event for a period of no longer than ninety days, the court(( $\div$  (a))) shall commit the defendant to the custody of the secretary who shall place such defendant in an appropriate facility of the department for evaluation and treatment(( $\div$ )), or (( $\div$ )) may alternatively order the defendant to undergo evaluation and treatment at some other facility as determined by the department, or under the guidance and control of a professional person.
  - (2) On or before expiration of the initial ninety-day period of commitment under subsection (1) of this section the <u>secretary shall</u> provide the court and the parties with a report in accordance with RCW 10.77.060(3). The <u>secretary shall</u> return the defendant to court ((shall conduct)) for a hearing as provided by RCW 10.77.084(1)(b), at which ((it)) the court shall determine by a preponderance of the <u>evidence</u> whether or not the defendant is incompetent.
- 36 (3) If the court finds ((by a preponderance of the evidence)) that 37 ((a)) the defendant ((charged with a felony is)) remains incompetent,

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the court ((shall have the option of extending the)) may order ((of 1 2 commitment or alternative)) a second period of competency restoration treatment for an additional ((ninety-day)) period of up to ninety days. 3 In determining whether a second ninety-day period of competency 4 restoration is appropriate, the court shall consider the nature of the 5 allegations, the defendant's criminal history, and the public interest 6 to be served by further competency restoration treatment. If treatment 7 is extended, ((but)) the court must at the time of extension set a date 8 for a prompt hearing to determine the defendant's competency before the 9 10 expiration of the second ninety-day period. The defendant, the defendant's attorney, or the prosecutor has the right to demand that 11 the hearing be before a jury. No extension shall be ordered for a 12 13 second ninety-day period, nor for any subsequent period as provided in subsection (4) of this section, if the defendant's incompetence has 14 15 been determined by the secretary to be solely the result of a developmental disability which is such that competence is not 16 17 reasonably likely to be regained during an extension.

(4) ((For persons charged with a felony, at the hearing upon the expiration of the second ninety day period or at the end of the first ninety-day period, in the case of a defendant with a developmental disability, if the jury or court finds that the defendant is incompetent, the charges shall be dismissed without prejudice, and either civil commitment proceedings shall be instituted or the court shall order the release of the defendant. The criminal charges shall not be dismissed)) If, following the second ninety-day period, the court finds that the defendant remains incompetent, the court may order a third and final period of competency restoration treatment for the <u>defendant only</u> if the court or jury finds that: (a) The defendant (i) is a substantial danger to other persons; or (ii) presents a substantial likelihood of committing criminal acts jeopardizing public safety or security; and (b) there is a substantial probability that the defendant will regain competency within a reasonable period of time. In the event that the court or jury makes such a finding, the court may extend the period of commitment for up to an additional six months.  $\underline{A}$ third period of competency restoration shall not be ordered for any offense which does not fit one of the categories of offenses identified in RCW 10.77.092.

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**Sec. 105.** RCW 10.77.088 and 2007 c 375 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

 $(1)((\frac{1}{2}))$  If the defendant is charged with a nonfelony crime which is a serious offense as  $((\frac{identified\ in}))$  defined by RCW 10.77.092 and  $\underline{is}$  found by the court to be not competent, then the court shall order the secretary to place the defendant:

 $((\frac{(i)}{(i)}))$  (a) At a secure mental health facility in the custody of the department or an agency designated by the department for mental health treatment and restoration of competency. The placement shall not exceed  $((\frac{(fourteen))}{(fourteen)})$  twenty days  $((\frac{(in addition\ to\ any\ unused\ time\ of\ the\ evaluation\ under\ RCW\ 10.77.060)$ . The court shall compute this total period and include its computation in the order)). The  $((\frac{(fourteen-day))}{(fourteen-day)})$  twenty-day period  $((\frac{(plus\ any\ unused\ time\ of\ the\ evaluation\ under\ RCW\ 10.77.060))$  shall be considered to include only the time the defendant is actually at the facility and shall be in addition to reasonable time for transport to or from the facility; ox

 $((\frac{(ii)}{)})$  On conditional release for up to ninety days for mental health treatment and restoration of competency(( $\frac{\cdot}{}$  or

(iii) Any combination of this subsection.

(b)(i) If the proceedings are dismissed under RCW 10.77.084 and the defendant was on conditional release at the time of dismissal, the court shall order the designated mental health professional within that county to evaluate the defendant pursuant to chapter 71.05 RCW. The evaluation may be conducted in any location chosen by the professional.

(ii) If the defendant was in custody and not on conditional release at the time of dismissal, the defendant shall be detained and sent to an evaluation and treatment facility for up to seventy two hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, for evaluation for purposes of filing a petition under chapter 71.05 RCW. The seventy two hour period shall commence upon the next nonholiday weekday following the court order and shall run to the end of the last nonholiday weekday within the seventy two hour period)).

(2) If the defendant is charged with a nonfelony crime that is not a serious offense as defined in RCW  $10.77.092((\div$ 

The court may stay or dismiss proceedings and detain the defendant for sufficient time to allow the designated mental health professional to evaluate the defendant and consider initial detention proceedings under chapter 71.05 RCW. The court must give notice to all parties at

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- 1 least twenty-four hours before the dismissal of any proceeding under
- 2 this subsection, and provide an opportunity for a hearing on whether to
- 3 dismiss the proceedings)), the defendant is not eligible for competency
- 4 restoration treatment.

- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 106.** A new section is added to chapter 10.77 6 RCW to read as follows:
  - (1)(a) Whenever a defendant has pleaded not guilty by reason of insanity or has advised the court that he or she intends to rely upon a defense of diminished capacity, the court, on motion of the prosecuting attorney, shall either appoint or request the secretary to designate at least one qualified expert or professional person to examine and report upon the mental condition of the defendant. The signed order of the court shall serve as authority for the expert to be given access to all records held by any mental health, medical, educational, or correctional facility that relate to the present or past mental, emotional, or physical condition of the defendant.
  - (b) The department shall not be obliged to examine and report upon a defense of diminished capacity unless provided with an evaluation and report by a qualified expert or professional person which concludes that the defendant did lack the capacity at the time of the offense to form the mental state necessary to commit the crime charged. The department shall not be obliged to examine and report upon a defense of diminished capacity for any charged offense that lacks a mental state element.
  - (c) The order shall be served upon the secretary or his or her designee along with a copy of the charging document, certification of probable cause, police report, and a summary of the defendant's criminal history. In addition, the court or any party may provide any additional information which it reasonably deems may be of assistance to the examination, unless such action would infringe on the ethical duties of defense counsel.
    - (2) The report of the examination shall include the following:
    - (a) A description of the nature of the examination;
- 34 (b) A diagnosis of the mental condition of the defendant;
- 35 (c) If the defendant suffers from a mental disease or defect, or is 36 developmentally disabled, an opinion as to competency;

(d) If the defendant has indicated his or her intention to rely on the defense of insanity pursuant to RCW 10.77.030, an opinion as to the defendant's sanity at the time of the act, and an opinion as to whether the defendant is a substantial danger to other persons, or presents a substantial likelihood of committing criminal acts jeopardizing public safety or security, unless kept under further control by the court or other persons or institutions;

- (e) When directed by the court, subject to the restrictions of (b) of this subsection, an opinion as to the capacity of the defendant to have a particular state of mind which is an element of the offense charged;
- (f) An opinion as to whether the defendant should be evaluated by a designated mental health professional under chapter 71.05 RCW.
- (3) The court may direct that a qualified expert or professional person retained by or appointed for the defendant be permitted to witness the examination authorized by subsection (1) of this section, and that the defendant has access to all information obtained by the examiner. The defendant's expert or professional person has the right to file his or her own report following the guidelines of subsection (2) of this section. If the defendant is indigent, the court shall upon the request of the defendant assist him or her in obtaining an expert or professional person.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 107. A new section is added to chapter 10.77 RCW to read as follows:
  - Statements made by a defendant during a competency evaluation, competency hearing, or competency restoration treatment are not admissible for the purpose of proving that the defendant is guilty of the charges which gave rise to the evaluation; provided that such statements may be admitted to impeach testimony by the defendant or to rebut evidence offered by the defendant at trial.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 108. A new section is added to chapter 10.77 RCW to read as follows:
- Any defendant placed in the custody of the secretary for competency restoration treatment shall be evaluated at the direction of the secretary as soon as possible and a determination made whether the defendant is an individual with a developmental disability.

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- (1) When appropriate, and subject to available funds, if the 1 2 defendant is determined to be an individual with a developmental disability, he or she may be placed in a program specifically reserved 3 the treatment and training of persons with developmental 4 5 disabilities where the defendant has the right to habilitation according to an individualized service plan specifically developed for 6 7 the particular needs of the defendant. A copy of the evaluation shall be sent to the program. 8
- 9 (a) The program shall be separate from programs serving persons 10 involved in any other treatment or habilitation program.
  - (b) The program shall be appropriately secure under the circumstances and shall be administered by developmental disabilities professionals who shall direct the habilitation efforts.
  - (c) The program shall provide an environment affording security appropriate with the charged criminal behavior and necessary to protect the public safety.
  - (2) The department may limit admissions of such persons to this specialized program in order to ensure that expenditures for services do not exceed amounts appropriated by the legislature and allocated by the department for such services.
- 21 (3) The department may establish admission priorities in the event 22 that the number of eligible persons exceeds the limits set by the 23 department.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 109. A new section is added to chapter 10.77 RCW to read as follows:
- Whenever a jail receives notice of an order requiring transport of a defendant to a state hospital or other medical facility pursuant to RCW 10.77.060(1) (c) or (d) or 10.77.084(1)(c) (i) or (ii), the jail shall transmit all medical screening information necessary to the transfer to the secretary within three days.

## 31 PART II

## 32 TECHNICAL CHANGES

- 33 **Sec. 201.** RCW 10.77.010 and 2005 c 504 s 106 are each amended to read as follows:
- 35 As used in this chapter:

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1 (1) "Admission" means acceptance based on medical necessity, of a person as a patient.

- (2) "Commitment" means the determination by a court that a person should be detained for a period of either evaluation or treatment, or both, in an inpatient or a less-restrictive setting.
- (3) "Conditional release" means modification of a court-ordered commitment, which may be revoked upon violation of any of its terms.
- (4) A "criminally insane" person means any person who has been acquitted of a crime charged by reason of insanity, and thereupon found to be a substantial danger to other persons or to present a substantial likelihood of committing criminal acts jeopardizing public safety or security unless kept under further control by the court or other persons or institutions.
- 14 (5) "Department" means the state department of social and health services.
  - (6) "Designated mental health professional" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 71.05.020.
    - (7) "Detention" or "detain" means the lawful confinement of a person, under the provisions of this chapter, pending evaluation.
    - (8) "Developmental disabilities professional" means a person who has specialized training and three years of experience in directly treating or working with persons with developmental disabilities and is a psychiatrist or psychologist, or a social worker, and such other developmental disabilities professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary.
- 26 (9) "Developmental disability" means the condition as defined in 27 RCW 71A.10.020(3).
  - (10) "Discharge" means the termination of hospital medical authority. The commitment may remain in place, be terminated, or be amended by court order.
    - (11) "Furlough" means an authorized leave of absence for a resident of a state institution operated by the department designated for the custody, care, and treatment of the criminally insane, consistent with an order of conditional release from the court under this chapter, without any requirement that the resident be accompanied by, or be in the custody of, any law enforcement or institutional staff, while on such unescorted leave.

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(12) "Habilitative services" means those services provided by program personnel to assist persons in acquiring and maintaining life skills and in raising their levels of physical, mental, social, and vocational functioning. Habilitative services include education, training for employment, and therapy. The habilitative process shall be undertaken with recognition of the risk to the public safety presented by the person being assisted as manifested by prior charged criminal conduct.

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- (13) (("History of one or more violent acts" means violent acts committed during: (a) The ten-year period of time prior to the filing of criminal charges; plus (b) the amount of time equal to time spent during the ten-year period in a mental health facility or in confinement as a result of a criminal conviction.
- (14))) "Incompetency" means a person lacks the capacity to understand the nature of the proceedings against him or her or to assist in his or her own defense as a result of mental disease or defect.
- ((<del>(15)</del>)) <u>(14)</u> "Indigent" means any person who is financially unable to obtain counsel or other necessary expert or professional services without causing substantial hardship to the person or his or her family.
- ((<del>(16)</del>)) (15) "Individualized service plan" means a plan prepared by a developmental disabilities professional with other professionals as a team, for an individual with developmental disabilities, which shall state:
  - (a) The nature of the person's specific problems, prior charged criminal behavior, and habilitation needs;
  - (b) The conditions and strategies necessary to achieve the purposes of habilitation;
- 30 (c) The intermediate and long-range goals of the habilitation 31 program, with a projected timetable for the attainment;
  - (d) The rationale for using this plan of habilitation to achieve those intermediate and long-range goals;
    - (e) The staff responsible for carrying out the plan;
- 35 (f) Where relevant in light of past criminal behavior and due 36 consideration for public safety, the criteria for proposed movement to 37 less-restrictive settings, criteria for proposed eventual release, and 38 a projected possible date for release; and

1 (g) The type of residence immediately anticipated for the person 2 and possible future types of residences.

 $((\frac{17}{17}))$  (16) "Professional person" means:

- (a) A psychiatrist licensed as a physician and surgeon in this state who has, in addition, completed three years of graduate training in psychiatry in a program approved by the American medical association or the American osteopathic association and is certified or eligible to be certified by the American board of psychiatry and neurology or the American osteopathic board of neurology and psychiatry;
- (b) A psychologist licensed as a psychologist pursuant to chapter 18.83 RCW; or
  - (c) A social worker with a master's or further advanced degree from an accredited school of social work or a degree deemed equivalent under rules adopted by the secretary.
  - (((18))) (17) "Registration records" include all the records of the department, regional support networks, treatment facilities, and other persons providing services to the department, county departments, or facilities which identify persons who are receiving or who at any time have received services for mental illness.
- $((\frac{19}{19}))$  <u>(18)</u> "Release" means legal termination of the court-ordered commitment under the provisions of this chapter.
- $((\frac{20}{10}))$  "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social and health services or his or her designee.
- $((\frac{21}{21}))$  (20) "Treatment" means any currently standardized medical or mental health procedure including medication.
- $((\frac{(22)}{)})$  (21) "Treatment records" include registration and all other records concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time have received services for mental illness, which are maintained by the department, by regional support networks and their staffs, and by treatment facilities. Treatment records do not include notes or records maintained for personal use by a person providing treatment services for the department, regional support networks, or a treatment facility if the notes or records are not available to others.
- (((23) "Violent act" means behavior that: (a)(i) Resulted in; (ii) if completed as intended would have resulted in; or (iii) was threatened to be carried out by a person who had the intent and opportunity to carry out the threat and would have resulted in, homicide, nonfatal injuries, or substantial damage to property; or (b)

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- 1 recklessly creates an immediate risk of serious physical injury to
- 2 another person. As used in this subsection, "nonfatal injuries" means
- 3 physical pain or injury, illness, or an impairment of physical
- 4 condition. "Nonfatal injuries" shall be construed to be consistent
- 5 with the definition of "bodily injury," as defined in RCW 9A.04.110.))
- 6 **Sec. 202.** RCW 10.77.092 and 2004 c 157 s 3 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

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- (1) For purposes of determining whether a court may authorize involuntary medication for the purpose of competency restoration pursuant to RCW ((10.77.090)) 10.77.084, a pending charge involving any one or more of the following crimes is a serious offense per se in the context of competency restoration:
- 13 (a) Any violent offense, sex offense, serious traffic offense, and 14 most serious offense, as those terms are defined in RCW 9.94A.030;
  - (b) Any offense, except nonfelony counterfeiting offenses, included in crimes against persons in RCW 9.94A.411;
  - (c) Any offense contained in chapter 9.41 RCW (firearms and dangerous weapons);
    - (d) Any offense listed as domestic violence in RCW 10.99.020;
- 20 (e) Any offense listed as a harassment offense in chapter 9A.46 21 RCW;
  - (f) Any violation of chapter 69.50 RCW that is a class B felony; or
  - (g) Any city or county ordinance or statute that is equivalent to an offense referenced in this subsection.
    - (2)(a) In a particular case, a court may determine that a pending charge not otherwise defined as serious by state or federal law or by a city or county ordinance is, nevertheless, a serious offense within the context of competency restoration treatment when the conduct in the charged offense falls within the standards established in (b) of this subsection.
  - (b) To determine that the particular case is a serious offense within the context of competency restoration, the court must consider the following factors and determine that one or more of the following factors creates a situation in which the offense is serious:
- 35 (i) The charge includes an allegation that the defendant actually 36 inflicted bodily or emotional harm on another person or that the

- defendant created a reasonable apprehension of bodily or emotional harm to another;
- 3 (ii) The extent of the impact of the alleged offense on the basic 4 human need for security of the citizens within the jurisdiction;
- 5 (iii) The number and nature of related charges pending against the 6 defendant;
- 7 (iv) The length of potential confinement if the defendant is 8 convicted; and
- 9 (v) The number of potential and actual victims or persons impacted 10 by the defendant's alleged acts.
- 11 **Sec. 203.** RCW 10.77.097 and 2000 c 74 s 4 are each amended to read 12 as follows:
- 13 A copy of relevant records and reports as defined by the 14 department, in consultation with the department of corrections, made 15 pursuant to this chapter, and including relevant information necessary
- 16 to meet the requirements of RCW 10.77.065(1) and  $((\frac{10.77.090}{10.77.090}))$
- $17 \quad 10.77.084$ , shall accompany the defendant upon transfer to a mental
- 18 health facility or a correctional institution or facility.

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- 19 **Sec. 204.** RCW 10.77.163 and 1994 c 129 s 4 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
  - (1) Before a person committed under this chapter is permitted temporarily to leave a treatment facility for any period of time without constant accompaniment by facility staff, the superintendent, professional person in charge of a treatment facility, or his or her professional designee shall in writing notify the prosecuting attorney of any county to which the person is released and the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the criminal charges against the committed person were dismissed, of the decision conditionally to release the person. The notice shall be provided at least forty-five days before the anticipated release and shall describe the conditions under which the release is to occur.
  - (2) In addition to the notice required by subsection (1) of this section, the superintendent of each state institution designated for the custody, care, and treatment of persons committed under this chapter shall notify appropriate law enforcement agencies through the state patrol communications network of the furloughs of persons

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committed under RCW ((10.77.090)) 10.77.084 or 10.77.110. Notification shall be made at least thirty days before the furlough, and shall include the name of the person, the place to which the person has permission to go, and the dates and times during which the person will be on furlough.

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- (3) Upon receiving notice that a person committed under this chapter is being temporarily released under subsection (1) of this section, the prosecuting attorney may seek a temporary restraining order to prevent the release of the person on the grounds that the person is dangerous to self or others.
- (4) The notice requirements contained in this section shall not apply to emergency medical furloughs.
- (5) The existence of the notice requirements contained in this section shall not require any extension of the release date in the event the release plan changes after notification.
- 16 (6) The notice provisions of this section are in addition to those provided in RCW 10.77.205.
- 18 **Sec. 205.** RCW 71.05.235 and 2005 c 504 s 708 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) If an individual is referred to a designated mental health professional under RCW ((10.77.090(1)(d)(iii)(A)))10.77.084(1)(c)(iii), the designated mental health professional shall examine the individual within forty-eight hours. If the designated mental health professional determines it is not appropriate to detain individual or petition for a ninety-day less restrictive the alternative under RCW 71.05.230(4), that decision shall be immediately presented to the superior court for hearing. The court shall hold a hearing to consider the decision of the designated mental health professional not later than the next judicial day. At the hearing the superior court shall review the determination of the designated mental health professional and determine whether an order should be entered requiring the person to be evaluated at an evaluation and treatment facility. No person referred to an evaluation and treatment facility may be held at the facility longer than seventy-two hours.
- 35 (2) If an individual is placed in an evaluation and treatment 36 facility under RCW  $((\frac{10.77.090(1)(d)(iii)(B)}{(d)(iii)(B)}))$   $\frac{10.77.084(1)(c)(ii)}{(d)(d)(d)(d)(d)}$ , a 37 professional person shall evaluate the individual for purposes of

determining whether to file a ninety-day inpatient or outpatient petition under chapter 71.05 RCW. Before expiration of the seventy-two hour evaluation period authorized under RCW ((10.77.090(1)(d)(iii)(B)))10.77.084(1)(c)(ii), the professional person shall file a petition or, if the recommendation of the professional person is to release the individual, present his or her recommendation to the superior court of the county in which the criminal charge was dismissed. The superior court shall review the recommendation not later than forty-eight hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, after the recommendation is presented. If the court rejects the recommendation to unconditionally release the individual, the court may order the individual detained at a designated evaluation and treatment facility for not more than a seventy-two hour evaluation and treatment period and direct the individual to appear at a surety hearing before that court within seventy-two hours, or the court may release the individual but direct the individual to appear at a surety hearing set before that court within eleven days, at which time the prosecutor may file a petition under this chapter for ninety-day inpatient or outpatient treatment. If a petition is filed by the prosecutor, the court may order that the person named in the petition be detained at the evaluation and treatment facility that performed the evaluation under this subsection or order the respondent to be in outpatient treatment. If a petition is filed but the individual fails to appear in court for the surety hearing, the court shall order that a mental health professional or peace officer shall take such person or cause such person to be taken into custody and placed in an evaluation and treatment facility to be brought before the court the next judicial day after detention. Upon the individual's first appearance in court after a petition has been filed, proceedings under RCW 71.05.310 and 71.05.320 shall commence. For an individual subject to this subsection, the prosecutor or professional person may directly file a petition for ninety-day inpatient or outpatient treatment and no petition for initial detention or fourteen-day detention is required before such a petition may be filed.

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The court shall conduct the hearing on the petition filed under this subsection within five judicial days of the date the petition is filed. The court may continue the hearing upon the written request of the person named in the petition or the person's attorney, for good

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cause shown, which continuance shall not exceed five additional 1 2 judicial days. If the person named in the petition requests a jury trial, the trial shall commence within ten judicial days of the date of 3 the filing of the petition. The burden of proof shall be by clear, 4 5 cogent, and convincing evidence and shall be upon the petitioner. The person shall be present at such proceeding, which shall in all respects 6 7 accord with the constitutional quarantees of due process of law and the rules of evidence pursuant to RCW 71.05.360 (8) and (9). 8

During the proceeding the person named in the petition shall continue to be detained and treated until released by order of the court. If no order has been made within thirty days after the filing of the petition, not including any extensions of time requested by the detained person or his or her attorney, the detained person shall be released.

- (3) If a designated mental health professional or the professional person and prosecuting attorney for the county in which the criminal charge was dismissed or attorney general, as appropriate, stipulate that the individual does not present a likelihood of serious harm or is not gravely disabled, the hearing under this section is not required and the individual, if in custody, shall be released.
- 21 (4) The individual shall have the rights specified in RCW 71.05.360 22 (8) and (9).
- 23 **Sec. 206.** RCW 71.05.280 and 1998 c 297 s 15 are each amended to 24 read as follows:
  - At the expiration of the fourteen-day period of intensive treatment, a person may be confined for further treatment pursuant to RCW 71.05.320 if:
  - (1) Such person after having been taken into custody for evaluation and treatment has threatened, attempted, or inflicted: (a) Physical harm upon the person of another or himself or herself, or substantial damage upon the property of another, and (b) as a result of mental disorder presents a likelihood of serious harm; or
- 33 (2) Such person was taken into custody as a result of conduct in 34 which he or she attempted or inflicted physical harm upon the person of 35 another or himself or herself, or substantial damage upon the property 36 of others, and continues to present, as a result of mental disorder, a 37 likelihood of serious harm; or

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- (3) Such person has been determined to be incompetent and criminal 1 2 have been dismissed pursuant to RCW ((10.77.090(4)))10.77.084(1)(c), and has committed acts constituting a felony, and as 3 a result of a mental disorder, presents a substantial likelihood of 4 5 repeating similar acts. In any proceeding pursuant to this subsection it shall not be necessary to show intent, willfulness, or state of mind 6 7 as an element of the crime; or
  - (4) Such person is gravely disabled.

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- 9 **Sec. 207.** RCW 71.05.290 and 1998 c 297 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) At any time during a person's fourteen day intensive treatment period, the professional person in charge of a treatment facility or his or her professional designee or the ((county)) designated mental health professional may petition the superior court for an order requiring such person to undergo an additional period of treatment. Such petition must be based on one or more of the grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280.
  - (2) The petition shall summarize the facts which support the need for further confinement and shall be supported by affidavits signed by two examining physicians, or by one examining physician and examining mental health professional. The affidavits shall describe in detail the behavior of the detained person which supports the petition and shall explain what, if any, less restrictive treatments which are alternatives to detention are available to such person, and shall state the willingness of the affiant to testify to such facts in subsequent judicial proceedings under this chapter.
  - (3) If a person has been determined to be incompetent pursuant to RCW ((10.77.090(4))) 10.77.084(1)(c), then the professional person in charge of the treatment facility or his or her professional designee or the ((county)) designated mental health professional may directly file a petition for one hundred eighty day treatment under RCW 71.05.280(3). No petition for initial detention or fourteen day detention is required
- 32 No petition for initial detention or fourteen day detention is required 33 before such a petition may be filed.
- 34 **Sec. 208.** RCW 71.05.300 and 2006 c 333 s 303 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) The petition for ninety day treatment shall be filed with the

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- clerk of the superior court at least three days before expiration of 1 2 the fourteen-day period of intensive treatment. At the time of filing such petition, the clerk shall set a time for the person to come before 3 the court on the next judicial day after the day of filing unless such 4 5 appearance is waived by the person's attorney, and the clerk shall notify the designated mental health professional. The designated 6 7 mental health professional shall immediately notify the person detained, his or her attorney, if any, and his or her guardian or 8 9 conservator, if any, the prosecuting attorney, and the regional support network administrator, and provide a copy of the petition to such 10 11 persons as soon as possible. The regional support network administrator or designee may review the petition and may appear and 12 13 testify at the full hearing on the petition.
  - (2) At the time set for appearance the detained person shall be brought before the court, unless such appearance has been waived and the court shall advise him or her of his or her right to be represented by an attorney and of his or her right to a jury trial. If the detained person is not represented by an attorney, or is indigent or is unwilling to retain an attorney, the court shall immediately appoint an attorney to represent him or her. The court shall, if requested, appoint a reasonably available licensed physician, psychologist, or psychiatrist, designated by the detained person to examine and testify on behalf of the detained person.
  - (3) The court may, if requested, also appoint a professional person as defined in RCW 71.05.020 to seek less restrictive alternative courses of treatment and to testify on behalf of the detained person. In the case of a ((developmentally disabled)) person with a developmental disability who has been determined to be incompetent pursuant to RCW ((10.77.090(4))) 10.77.084(1)(c), then the appointed professional person under this section shall be a developmental disabilities professional.
- 32 (4) The court shall also set a date for a full hearing on the 33 petition as provided in RCW 71.05.310.
- 34 **Sec. 209.** RCW 71.05.320 and 2006 c 333 s 304 are each amended to read as follows:
- 36 (1) If the court or jury finds that grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280 have been proven and that the best interests of the person or

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others will not be served by a less restrictive treatment which is an alternative to detention, the court shall remand him or her to the custody of the department or to a facility certified for ninety day treatment by the department for a further period of intensive treatment not to exceed ninety days from the date of judgment: PROVIDED, That

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- (a) If the grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280(3) are the basis of commitment, then the period of treatment may be up to but not exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of judgment in a facility certified for one hundred eighty day treatment by the department.
- 10 (b) If the committed person ((is developmentally disabled)) has a developmental disability and has been determined incompetent pursuant 11 12 to RCW  $((\frac{10.77.090(4)}{}))$   $\frac{10.77.084(1)(c)}{}$ , and the best interests of the 13 person or others will not be served by a less-restrictive treatment 14 which is an alternative to detention, the court shall remand him or her to the custody of the department or to a facility certified for one 15 hundred eighty-day treatment by the department. When appropriate and 16 17 subject to available funds, treatment and training of such persons must be provided in a program specifically reserved for the treatment and 18 training of ((developmentally disabled)) persons with developmental 19 A person so committed shall receive habilitation 20 disabilities. 21 services pursuant to an individualized service plan specifically 22 developed to treat the behavior which was the subject of the criminal program shall be The treatment 23 proceedings. administered 24 developmental disabilities professionals and others 25 specifically in the needs of ((developmentally disabled)) persons with developmental disabilities. The department may limit admissions to 26 27 this specialized program in order to ensure that expenditures for services do not exceed amounts appropriated by the legislature and 28 allocated by the department for such services. The department may 29 establish admission priorities in the event that the number of eligible 30 31 persons exceeds the limits set by the department. An order for 32 treatment less restrictive than involuntary detention may include conditions, and if such conditions are not adhered to, the designated 33 mental health professional or developmental disabilities professional 34 may order the person apprehended under the terms and conditions of RCW 35 36 71.05.340.
- 37 (2) If the court or jury finds that grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280 have been proven, but finds that treatment less restrictive

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- than detention will be in the best interest of the person or others, then the court shall remand him or her to the custody of the department or to a facility certified for ninety day treatment by the department or to a less restrictive alternative for a further period of less restrictive treatment not to exceed ninety days from the date of judgment: PROVIDED, That if the grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280(3) are the basis of commitment, then the period of treatment may be up to but not exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of judgment.
  - (3) The person shall be released from involuntary treatment at the expiration of the period of commitment imposed under subsection (1) or (2) of this section unless the superintendent or professional person in charge of the facility in which he or she is confined, or in the event of a less restrictive alternative, the designated mental health professional or developmental disabilities professional, files a new petition for involuntary treatment on the grounds that the committed person;
  - (a) During the current period of court ordered treatment: (i) Has threatened, attempted, or inflicted physical harm upon the person of another, or substantial damage upon the property of another, and (ii) as a result of mental disorder or developmental disability presents a likelihood of serious harm; or
  - (b) Was taken into custody as a result of conduct in which he or she attempted or inflicted serious physical harm upon the person of another, and continues to present, as a result of mental disorder or developmental disability a likelihood of serious harm; or
  - (c) Is in custody pursuant to RCW 71.05.280(3) and as a result of mental disorder or developmental disability presents a substantial likelihood of repeating similar acts considering the charged criminal behavior, life history, progress in treatment, and the public safety; or
    - (d) Continues to be gravely disabled.

If the conduct required to be proven in (b) and (c) of this subsection was found by a judge or jury in a prior trial under this chapter, it shall not be necessary to reprove that element. Such new petition for involuntary treatment shall be filed and heard in the superior court of the county of the facility which is filing the new petition for involuntary treatment unless good cause is shown for a

change of venue. The cost of the proceedings shall be borne by the state.

The hearing shall be held as provided in RCW 71.05.310, and if the court or jury finds that the grounds for additional confinement as set forth in this subsection are present, the court may order the committed person returned for an additional period of treatment not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of judgment. At the end of the one hundred eighty day period of commitment, the committed person shall be released unless a petition for another one hundred eighty day period of continued treatment is filed and heard in the same manner as provided in this subsection. Successive one hundred eighty day commitments are permissible on the same grounds and pursuant to the same procedures as the original one hundred eighty day commitment.

- (4) No person committed as provided in this section may be detained unless a valid order of commitment is in effect. No order of commitment can exceed one hundred eighty days in length.
- Sec. 210. RCW 71.05.425 and 2005 c 504 s 710 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, at the earliest possible date, and in no event later than thirty days before conditional release, final release, authorized leave under RCW 71.05.325(2), or transfer to a facility other than a state mental hospital, the superintendent shall send written notice of conditional release, release, authorized leave, or transfer of a person committed under RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320(((2))) (3)(c) following dismissal of a sex, violent, or felony harassment offense pursuant to RCW ((10.77.090(4))) 10.77.084(1)(c) to the following:
- 28 (i) The chief of police of the city, if any, in which the person 29 will reside; and
  - (ii) The sheriff of the county in which the person will reside.
- 31 (b) The same notice as required by (a) of this subsection shall be sent to the following, if such notice has been requested in writing about a specific person committed under RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320( $(\frac{(2)}{2})$ )  $(\frac{3}{2})$ (c) following dismissal of a sex, violent, or felony harassment offense pursuant to RCW ( $(\frac{10.77.090(4)}{2})$ )  $(\frac{3}{2})$ (c):

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- (ii) Any witnesses who testified against the person in any court proceedings; and
- (iii) Any person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney. Information regarding victims, next of kin, or witnesses requesting the notice, information regarding any other person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney to receive the notice, and the notice are confidential and shall not be available to the person committed under this chapter.
- 13 (c) The thirty-day notice requirements contained in this subsection 14 shall not apply to emergency medical transfers.
  - (d) The existence of the notice requirements in this subsection will not require any extension of the release date in the event the release plan changes after notification.
    - Ιf a person committed under RCW 71.05.280(3)  $71.05.320((\frac{(2)}{(2)}))$  (3)(c) following dismissal of a sex, violent, or felony harassment offense pursuant to RCW ((10.77.090(4)))10.77.084(1)(c) escapes, the superintendent shall immediately notify, by the most reasonable and expedient means available, the chief of police of the city and the sheriff of the county in which the person resided immediately before the person's arrest. If previously requested, the superintendent shall also notify the witnesses and the victim of the sex, violent, or felony harassment offense that was commitment under RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320( $(\frac{(2)}{(2)})$ ) or the victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide. In addition, the secretary shall also notify appropriate parties pursuant to RCW 71.05.390(18). If the person is recaptured, the superintendent shall send notice to the persons designated in this subsection as soon as possible but in no event later than two working days after the department learns of such recapture.
- 35 (3) If the victim, the victim's next of kin, or any witness is 36 under the age of sixteen, the notice required by this section shall be 37 sent to the parent or legal guardian of the child.

- 1 (4) The superintendent shall send the notices required by this 2 chapter to the last address provided to the department by the 3 requesting party. The requesting party shall furnish the department 4 with a current address.
  - (5) For purposes of this section the following terms have the following meanings:
    - (a) "Violent offense" means a violent offense under RCW 9.94A.030;
  - (b) "Sex offense" means a sex offense under RCW 9.94A.030;

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- 9 (c) "Next of kin" means a person's spouse, parents, siblings, and 10 children;
- 11 (d) "Felony harassment offense" means a crime of harassment as 12 defined in RCW 9A.46.060 that is a felony.
- 13 **Sec. 211.** RCW 71.09.025 and 2001 c 286 s 5 are each amended to 14 read as follows:
  - (1)(a) When it appears that a person may meet the criteria of a sexually violent predator as defined in RCW  $71.09.020((\frac{1}{(1)}))$  (16), the agency with jurisdiction shall refer the person in writing to the prosecuting attorney of the county where that person was charged, three months prior to:
- 20 (i) The anticipated release from total confinement of a person who 21 has been convicted of a sexually violent offense;
- (ii) The anticipated release from total confinement of a person found to have committed a sexually violent offense as a juvenile;
  - (iii) Release of a person who has been charged with a sexually violent offense and who has been determined to be incompetent to stand trial pursuant to RCW ((10.77.090(4))) 10.77.084(1)(c); or
  - (iv) Release of a person who has been found not guilty by reason of insanity of a sexually violent offense pursuant to RCW 10.77.020(3).
  - (b) The agency shall provide the prosecutor with all relevant information including but not limited to the following information:
  - (i) A complete copy of the institutional records compiled by the department of corrections relating to the person, and any such out-of-state department of corrections' records, if available;
- 34 (ii) A complete copy, if applicable, of any file compiled by the 35 indeterminate sentence review board relating to the person;
- 36 (iii) All records relating to the psychological or psychiatric 37 evaluation and/or treatment of the person;

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- (iv) A current record of all prior arrests and convictions, and 1 2 full police case reports relating to those arrests and convictions; and
- (v) A current mental health evaluation or mental health records 3 4 review.
- 5 (2) This section applies to acts committed before, on, or after March 26, 1992. 6

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- (3) The agency, its employees, and officials shall be immune from liability for any good-faith conduct under this section.
- (4) As used in this section, "agency with jurisdiction" means that agency with the authority to direct the release of a person serving a 10 sentence or term of confinement and includes the department of 11 the indeterminate sentence review board, 12 and the department of social and health services. 13
- **Sec. 212.** RCW 71.09.030 and 1995 c 216 s 3 are each amended to 14 15 read as follows:

16 When it appears that: (1) A person who at any time previously has been convicted of a sexually violent offense is about to be released 17 from total confinement on, before, or after July 1, 1990; (2) a person 18 19 found to have committed a sexually violent offense as a juvenile is 20 about to be released from total confinement on, before, or after July 21 1, 1990; (3) a person who has been charged with a sexually violent 22 offense and who has been determined to be incompetent to stand trial is 23 about to be released, or has been released on, before, or after July 1, 24 1990, pursuant to RCW  $((\frac{10.77.090(3)}{0.77.084(1)(c)}; (4) \text{ a person})$ who has been found not guilty by reason of insanity of a sexually 25 26 violent offense is about to be released, or has been released on, before, or after July 1, 1990, pursuant to RCW 10.77.020(3), 10.77.110 27 (1) or (3), or 10.77.150; or (5) a person who at any time previously 28 has been convicted of a sexually violent offense and has since been 29 30 released from total confinement and has committed a recent overt act; 31 and it appears that the person may be a sexually violent predator, the 32 prosecuting attorney of the county where the person was convicted or charged or the attorney general if requested by the prosecuting 33 attorney may file a petition alleging that the person is a "sexually 34 violent predator" and stating sufficient facts to support such 35 36 allegation.

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**Sec. 213.** RCW 71.09.060 and 2006 c 303 s 11 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

(1) The court or jury shall determine whether, beyond a reasonable doubt, the person is a sexually violent predator. In determining whether or not the person would be likely to engage in predatory acts of sexual violence if not confined in a secure facility, the fact finder may consider only placement conditions and voluntary treatment options that would exist for the person if unconditionally released from detention on the sexually violent predator petition. The community protection program under RCW 71A.12.230 may not be considered as a placement condition or treatment option available to the person if unconditionally released from detention on a sexually violent predator petition. When the determination is made by a jury, the verdict must be unanimous.

If, on the date that the petition is filed, the person was living in the community after release from custody, the state must also prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the person had committed a recent overt act. If the state alleges that the prior sexually violent offense that forms the basis for the petition for commitment was an act that was sexually motivated as provided in RCW 71.09.020(15)(c), the state must prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the alleged sexually violent act was sexually motivated as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.

If the court or jury determines that the person is a sexually violent predator, the person shall be committed to the custody of the department of social and health services for placement in a secure facility operated by the department of social and health services for control, care, and treatment until such time as: (a) The person's condition has so changed that the person no longer meets the definition of a sexually violent predator; or (b) conditional release to a less restrictive alternative as set forth in RCW 71.09.092 is in the best interest of the person and conditions can be imposed that would adequately protect the community.

If the court or unanimous jury decides that the state has not met its burden of proving that the person is a sexually violent predator, the court shall direct the person's release.

If the jury is unable to reach a unanimous verdict, the court shall declare a mistrial and set a retrial within forty-five days of the date of the mistrial unless the prosecuting agency earlier moves to dismiss

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the petition. The retrial may be continued upon the request of either party accompanied by a showing of good cause, or by the court on its own motion in the due administration of justice provided that the respondent will not be substantially prejudiced. In no event may the person be released from confinement prior to retrial or dismissal of the case.

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- (2) If the person charged with a sexually violent offense has been found incompetent to stand trial, and is about to ((\{be\})) be or has been released pursuant to RCW  $((\frac{10.77.090(4)}{10.77.084(1)(c)})$ , and his or her commitment is sought pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, the court shall first hear evidence and determine whether the person did commit the act or acts charged if the court did not enter a finding person committed the act or acts charged. The hearing on this issue must comply with all the procedures specified in this section. addition, the rules of evidence applicable in criminal cases shall apply, and all constitutional rights available to defendants at criminal trials, other than the right not to be tried while incompetent, shall apply. After hearing evidence on this issue, the court shall make specific findings on whether the person did commit the act or acts charged, the extent to which the person's incompetence or developmental disability affected the outcome of the hearing, including its effect on the person's ability to consult with and assist counsel and to testify on his or her own behalf, the extent to which the evidence could be reconstructed without the assistance of the person, and the strength of the prosecution's case. If, after the conclusion of the hearing on this issue, the court finds, beyond a reasonable doubt, that the person did commit the act or acts charged, it shall enter a final order, appealable by the person, on that issue, and may proceed to consider whether the person should be committed pursuant to this section.
- (3) The state shall comply with RCW 10.77.220 while confining the person pursuant to this chapter, except that during all court proceedings the person shall be detained in a secure facility. The department shall not place the person, even temporarily, in a facility on the grounds of any state mental facility or regional habilitation center because these institutions are insufficiently secure for this population.

Т	(4) A court has jurisdiction to order a less restrictive
2	alternative placement only after a hearing ordered pursuant to RCW
3	71.09.090 following initial commitment under this section and in accord
4	with the provisions of this chapter.
5	NEW SECTION. Sec. 214. The following acts or parts of acts are
6	each repealed:
7	(1) RCW 10.77.260 (Violent actPresumptions) and 2000 c 74 s 5;
8	and
9	(2) RCW 10.77.800 (Evaluation of chapter 297, Laws of 1998
10	Recidivism, competency restoration, information sharing) and 1998 c 297
11	s 54.
12	PART III
13	MISCELLANEOUS

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 301.** Part headings used in this act are not any part of the law.

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