S-4209.1			

## SENATE BILL 6370

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State of Washington 60th Legislature 2008 Regular Session

By Senators Delvin, Kohl-Welles, Hewitt, Kauffman, and Shin

Read first time 01/16/08. Referred to Committee on Labor, Commerce, Research & Development.

- AN ACT Relating to alarm system companies; amending RCW 18.170.020,
- 2 18.170.070, 18.170.080, 18.170.110, 18.170.120, 18.170.130, 18.170.160,
- and 18.170.300; reenacting and amending RCW 18.170.010; adding a new
- 4 section to chapter 9.96A RCW; adding new sections to chapter 18.170
- 5 RCW; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 7 Sec. 1. RCW 18.170.010 and 2007 c 306 s 1 and 2007 c 154 s 1 are 8 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 9 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 10 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 11 (1) <u>"Alarm response runner" means a person employed by a private</u>
  12 <u>security company or alarm system company to respond to alarm system</u>
- 13 <u>signals</u>.
- 14 (2) "Alarm system" means an alarm system, burglar alarm signal
- 15 device, burglar alarm, robbery alarm, television camera, still camera,
- 16 or an assembly of equipment and devices used to detect or signal the
- 17 presence of an emergency, any unauthorized intrusion, movement, or exit
- 18 at a protected premises, other than in a vehicle, to which law
- 19 <u>enforcement</u>, <u>emergency services</u>, <u>private security guards</u>, <u>or alarm</u>

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system employees are expected to respond. The system's functions include, solely or in combination: Burglary detection, fire detection, access control, or closed circuit television.

- (3) "Alarm system company" includes any individual, firm, corporation, partnership, association, company, society, manager, contractor, subcontractor, bureau, agency, service, office, or an agent of any of the foregoing licensed under this chapter and engaged in providing the services of: (a) Surveying the property for purposes of installing an alarm system; (b) physically installing, servicing, maintaining, repairing, or monitoring an alarm system for the customer; or (c) responding to a distress call or an alarm sounding from an alarm system.
- (4) "Alarm system employee" means a person who personally sells or provides alarm system services, an individual registered to perform installation and repair of alarm systems, an individual who acts as an alarm system installer for purposes of this chapter if the individual installs, maintains, or repairs an alarm system, an alarm response runner, or an individual who acts as an alarm system monitor for purposes of this chapter if the individual monitors an alarm system or detection device.
- (5) "Armed private security guard" means a private security guard who has a current firearms certificate issued by the commission and is licensed as an armed private security guard under this chapter.
- $((\frac{2}{2}))$  (6) "Armored vehicle guard" means a person who transports in an armored vehicle under armed guard, from one place to another place, valuables, jewelry, currency, documents, or any other item that requires secure delivery.
- (((3) "Burglar alarm response runner" means a person employed by a private security company to respond to burglar alarm system signals.
- (4) "Burglar alarm system" means a device or an assembly of equipment and devices used to detect or signal unauthorized intrusion, movement, or exit at a protected premises, other than in a vehicle, to which police or private security guards are expected to respond.
- (5))) (7) "Chief law enforcement officer" means the elected or appointed police administrator of a municipal, county, or state police or sheriff's department that has full law enforcement powers in its jurisdiction.

- $((\frac{(6)}{(6)}))$  "Classroom instruction" means training that takes place in a setting where individuals receiving training are assembled together and learn through lectures, study papers, class discussion, textbook study, or other means of organized formal education techniques, such as video, closed circuit, or other forms of electronic means, and as distinguished from individual instruction.
- 7  $((\frac{7}{1}))$  (9) "Commission" means the criminal justice training 8 commission established in chapter 43.101 RCW.
  - $((\frac{8}{8}))$  (10) "Department" means the department of licensing.

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- $((\frac{(9)}{(9)}))$  (11) "Department-certified trainer" means any person who has been approved by the department by receiving a passing score on a department-administered examination, to administer department-provided examinations and attest that training or testing requirements have been met.
- 15  $((\frac{10}{10}))$  <u>(12)</u> "Director" means the director of the department of licensing.
- <u>(1</u>3) 17  $((\frac{11}{11}))$ "Employer" includes any individual, corporation, partnership, association, company, society, manager, 18 contractor, subcontractor, bureau, agency, service, office, or an agent 19 20 of any of the foregoing that employs or seeks to enter into an 21 arrangement to employ any person as a private security guard or an 22 alarm system employee.
- $((\frac{12}{12}))$  (14) "Firearms certificate" means the certificate issued by the commission.
- 25 ((<del>(13)</del>)) (15) "Individual instruction" means training that takes 26 place either on-the-job or through formal education techniques, such as 27 video, closed circuit, internet, or other forms of electronic means, 28 and as distinguished from classroom instruction.
- 29  $((\frac{14}{14}))$  (16) "Licensee" means a person granted a license required 30 by this chapter.
- ((<del>(15)</del>)) <u>(17)</u> "Person" includes any individual, firm, corporation, partnership, association, company, society, manager, contractor, subcontractor, bureau, agency, service, office, or an agent or employee of any of the foregoing.
- $((\frac{16}{16}))$  (18) "Primary responsibility" means activity that is fundamental to, and required or expected in, the regular course of employment and is not merely incidental to employment.

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- 1 ((<del>(17)</del>)) <u>(19)</u> "Principal corporate officer" means the president, 2 vice president, treasurer, secretary, comptroller, or any other person 3 who performs the same functions for the corporation as performed by 4 these officers.
  - $((\frac{18}{18}))$  (20) "Private security company" means a person or entity licensed under this chapter and engaged in the business of providing the services of private security guards on a contractual basis.
- 8 ((<del>(19)</del>)) <u>(21)</u> "Private security guard" means an individual who is 9 licensed under this chapter and principally employed as or typically 10 referred to as one of the following:
- 11 (a) Security officer or guard;
  - (b) Patrol or merchant patrol service officer or guard;
- (c) Armed escort or bodyguard;
- 14 (d) Armored vehicle guard;

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- (e) ((<del>Burglar</del>)) <u>A</u>larm response runner; or
- 16 (f) Crowd control officer or guard.
- ((<del>(20)</del>)) <u>(22)</u> "Qualifying agent" means an officer or manager of a corporation who meets the requirements set forth in this chapter for obtaining a license to own or operate a private security company <u>or an alarm system company</u>.
- ((<del>(21)</del>)) <u>(23)</u> "Sworn peace officer" means a person who is an employee of the federal government, the state, a political subdivision, agency, or department branch of a municipality, or other unit of local government, and has law enforcement powers.
- 25 **Sec. 2.** RCW 18.170.020 and 2007 c 154 s 2 are each amended to read 26 as follows:
- 27 <u>(1)</u> The requirements of this chapter do not apply to:
- ((<del>(1)</del>)) <u>(a)</u> A person who is employed exclusively or regularly by one employer and performs the functions of a private security guard solely in connection with the affairs of that employer, if the employer is not a private security company;
- $((\frac{2}{2}))$  (b) A sworn peace officer while engaged in the performance of the officer's official duties;
- ((<del>(3)</del>)) <u>(c)</u> A sworn peace officer while employed by any person to engage in off-duty employment as a private security guard, but only if the employment is approved by the chief law enforcement officer of the jurisdiction where the employment takes place and the sworn peace

officer does not employ, contract with, or broker for profit other persons to assist him or her in performing the duties related to his or her private employer; ((or

- (4))) (d)(i) A person performing crowd management or guest services including, but not limited to, a person described as a ticket taker, usher, door attendant, parking attendant, crowd monitor, or event staff who:
- 8 ((<del>(a)</del>)) <u>(A)</u> Does not carry a firearm or other dangerous weapon 9 including, but not limited to, a stun gun, taser, pepper mace, or 10 nightstick;
  - $((\frac{b}{b}))$  (B) Does not wear a uniform or clothing readily identifiable by a member of the public as that worn by a private security officer or law enforcement officer; and
- (((+c))) (C) Does not have as his or her primary responsibility the detainment of persons or placement of persons under arrest.
  - (ii) The exemption provided in this subsection (1)(d) applies only when a crowd has assembled for the purpose of attending or taking part in an organized event, including preevent assembly, event operation hours, and postevent departure activities;
  - (e) An officer or employee of the United States or of this state or a political subdivision thereof, while engaged in the performance of the officer's official duties;
  - (f) The installation, servicing, monitoring, or responding to an alarm device that is installed in a motor vehicle, aircraft, or boat;
    - (g) A person or company entity who owns, installs, or monitors alarm systems, on his or her own property whether owned or leased, or, if he or she does not charge for the system or its installation, installs it for the protection of his or her personal property located on the property of another, and does not install or monitor the system as a normal company practice on the property of another; or
- 31 (h) A person or company entity whose sale of an alarm system is 32 exclusively over-the-counter or by mail order.
  - (2) Engineers and architects properly licensed by the state are exempt from the registration and licensing requirements of this chapter for the purposes of designing or planning alarm systems.
  - (3) Individuals, corporations, partnerships, associations, organizations, or similar entities licensed by the state electrical

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- licensing unit of the department of labor and industries may install conduit or wire for a system if they do not connect any devices or have access to plans or designs for the complete system.
  - (4) This chapter does not supersede any state law that establishes standards or qualifications for electricians or for electrical work involved in the installation of burglar alarm systems.
- 7 (5) This chapter does not authorize an individual to perform 8 electrical work that otherwise requires an electrician's license under 9 any state law.
- 10 (6) The licensing requirements in this chapter do not apply to an electrician who is: (a) Currently licensed in that occupation under state law; (b) acting only within the scope of that occupation; and (c) not installing alarm systems.
- 14 (7) An electrician may not personally provide alarm services unless 15 the electrician is licensed and registered under this chapter.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. An applicant must meet the following minimum requirements to obtain an alarm system employee license:
  - (1) Be at least eighteen years of age;

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- 19 (2) Be a citizen of the United States or a legal resident alien;
- (3) Not have been convicted of a crime in any jurisdiction if the director determines that the applicant's particular crime directly relates to a capacity to perform the duties of an alarm technician and the director determines that the license should be withheld to protect the citizens of the state, notwithstanding the restoration of employment rights act, chapter 9.96A RCW;
- 26 (4) Submit a set of fingerprints with the applicable fees for a 27 background check through the Washington state patrol and the federal 28 bureau of investigation;
- 29 (5) Be employed by or have an employment offer from a licensed 30 alarm system company;
  - (6) Pay the fee established by the director; and
- 32 (7) Submit a completed application that includes proper 33 identification on a form prescribed by the director for each company of 34 employment.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) In addition to meeting the minimum requirements to obtain a license as an alarm system employee, an

- applicant, or, in the case of a partnership, each partner, or, in the case of a corporation, the qualifying agent must meet the following requirements to obtain a license to own or operate an alarm system company:
  - (a) Be at least twenty-one years of age;

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- (b) Meet the insurance requirements of this chapter; and
- (c) Pay any additional fees established by the director.
- (2) If the qualifying agent upon whom the licensee relies to comply with subsection (1) of this section ceases to perform his or her duties on a regular basis, the licensee must promptly notify the director by certified or registered mail. Within sixty days of sending notification to the director, the licensee must obtain a substitute qualifying agent who meets the requirements of this section. The director may extend the period for obtaining a substitute qualifying agent.
- (3) A company license issued under this section may not be assigned or transferred without prior written approval of the director.
- (4) Any individual, corporation, partnership, association, organization, or similar entity doing business as an alarm system company in multiple locations within this state must have branch office certificates for each of its offices located in this state. The director shall grant branch office certificates for each branch, which must be displayed at the branch office, upon payment of an appropriate fee.
- 25 (5) No license to own or operate an alarm system company may be 26 issued to an applicant if the name of the company portrays the company 27 as a public law enforcement agency, or in association with a public law 28 enforcement agency, or includes the word "police."
- 29 **Sec. 5.** RCW 18.170.070 and 1995 c 277 s 5 are each amended to read 30 as follows:
- (1) The director shall issue a private security guard license card to each licensed private security guard ((and)), an armed private security guard license card to each armed private security guard, and an alarm system employee license to each licensed alarm system employee.
- 36 (a) The license card may not be used as security clearance.

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1 (b) A private security guard shall carry the license card whenever 2 he or she is performing the duties of a private security guard and 3 shall exhibit the card upon request.

- (c) An armed private security guard shall carry the license card whenever he or she is performing the duties of an armed private security guard and shall exhibit the card upon request.
- (d) An alarm system employee shall carry the license card whenever he or she is performing the duties of an alarm system employee and shall exhibit the card upon request.
- (2) The director shall issue a license certificate to each licensed private security company. The director shall issue a license certificate to each licensed alarm system company.
- (a) Within seventy-two hours after receipt of the license certificate, the licensee shall post and display the certificate in a conspicuous place in the principal office of the licensee within the state.
- (b) It is unlawful for any person holding a license certificate to knowingly and willfully post the license certificate upon premises other than those described in the license certificate or to materially alter a license certificate.
  - (c) Every advertisement by a licensee that solicits or advertises business shall contain the name of the licensee, the address of record, and the license number as they appear in the records of the director.
  - (d) The licensee shall notify the director within thirty days of any change in the licensee's officers or directors or any material change in the information furnished or required to be furnished to the director.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 18.170.080 and 1991 c 334 s 8 are each amended to read 29 as follows:
  - A licensed private security company or a licensed alarm system company shall file and maintain with the director a certificate of insurance as evidence that it has comprehensive general liability coverage of at least twenty-five thousand dollars for bodily or personal injury and twenty-five thousand dollars for property damage.
- **Sec. 7.** RCW 18.170.110 and 2000 c 171 s 39 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A private security company or an alarm system company shall notify the director within thirty days after the death or termination of employment of any employee who is a licensed private security guard ((or)), armed private security guard, or alarm system employee by returning the license to the department with the word "terminated" written across the face of the license, the date of termination, and the signature of the principal or the principal's designee of the private security guard company.

- (2) A private security company shall notify the department within seventy-two hours and the chief law enforcement officer of the county, city, or town in which the private security guard ((or)), armed private security guard, or alarm system employee was last employed immediately upon receipt of information affecting his or her continuing eligibility to hold a license under the provisions of this chapter.
- (3) A private security guard company shall notify the local law enforcement agency whenever an employee who is an armed private security guard discharges his or her firearm while on duty other than on a supervised firearm range. The notification shall be made within ten business days of the date the firearm is discharged.

## **Sec. 8.** RCW 18.170.120 and 1995 c 277 s 9 are each amended to read 21 as follows:

- (1) Any person from another state that the director determines has selection, training, and other requirements at least equal to those required by this chapter, and who holds a valid license, registration, identification, or similar card issued by the other state, may apply for a private security guard license card  $((\Theta r))_{\perp}$  armed private security guard license card, or alarm system employee card on a form prescribed by the director. Upon receipt of a processing fee to be determined by the director, the director shall issue the individual a private security guard license card  $((\Theta r))_{\perp}$  armed private security guard license card, or alarm system employee card.
- (2) A valid private security guard license, registration, identification, or similar card issued by any other state of the United States is valid in this state for a period of ninety days, but only if the licensee is on temporary assignment as a private security guard for the same employer that employs the licensee in the state in which he or she is a permanent resident.

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- 1 (3) A person from another state on temporary assignment in 2 Washington may not solicit business in this state or represent himself 3 or herself as licensed in this state.
- 4 **Sec. 9.** RCW 18.170.130 and 1995 c 277 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

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- (1) Applications for licenses required under this chapter shall be filed with the director on a form provided by the director. The director may require any information and documentation that reasonably relates to the need to determine whether the applicant meets the criteria.
- (2) After receipt of an application for a license, the director shall conduct an investigation to determine whether the facts set forth in the application are true and shall request that the Washington state patrol compare the fingerprints submitted with the application to fingerprint records available to the Washington state patrol. The Washington state patrol shall forward the fingerprints of applicants for an armed private security guard license to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history records check. The director may require that fingerprint cards of licensees be periodically reprocessed to identify criminal convictions subsequent to registration.
- (3) ((The director shall solicit comments from the chief law enforcement officer of the county and city or town in which the applicant's employer is located on issuance of a permanent private security guard license.
- (4)) A summary of the information acquired under this section, to the extent that it is public information, shall be forwarded by the department to the applicant's employer.
- 29 **Sec. 10.** RCW 18.170.160 and 1995 c 277 s 11 are each amended to 30 read as follows:
- 31 (1) After June 30, 1992, any person who performs the functions and 32 duties of a private security guard in this state without being licensed 33 in accordance with this chapter, or any person presenting or attempting 34 to use as his or her own the license of another, or any person who 35 gives false or forged evidence of any kind to the director in obtaining 36 a license, or any person who falsely impersonates any other licensee,

or any person who attempts to use an expired or revoked license, or any person who violates any of the provisions of this chapter is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

- (2) After January 1, 1992, a person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor if he or she owns or operates a private security company in this state without first obtaining a private security company license.
- (3) After June 30, 1992, the owner or qualifying agent of a private security company is guilty of a gross misdemeanor if he or she employs an unlicensed person to perform the duties of a private security guard without issuing the employee a valid temporary registration card if the employee does not have in his or her possession a permanent private security guard license issued by the department. This subsection does not preclude a private security company from requiring applicants to attend preassignment training classes or from paying wages for attending the required preassignment training classes.
- (4) After June 30, 1992, a person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor if he or she performs the functions and duties of an armed private security guard in this state unless the person holds a valid armed private security guard license issued by the department.
- (5) After June 30, 1992, it is a gross misdemeanor for a private security company to hire, contract with, or otherwise engage the services of an unlicensed armed private security guard knowing that he or she does not have a valid armed private security guard license issued by the director.
- (6) Any person who performs the functions and duties of an alarm system employee in this state without being licensed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, or any person presenting or attempting to use as his or her own the license of another, or any person who gives false or forged evidence of any kind to the director in obtaining a license, or any person who falsely impersonates any other licensee, or any person who attempts to use an expired or revoked license, or any person who violates any of the provisions of this chapter is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- (7) The owner or qualifying agent of an alarm system company is guilty of a gross misdemeanor if the owner or qualifying agent employs any person to perform the duties of an alarm system employee without the employee having in the employee's possession a permanent alarm system employee license issued by the department.

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1 (8) It is a gross misdemeanor for a person to possess or use any vehicle or equipment displaying the word "police" or "law enforcement officer" or having any sign, shield, marking, accessory, or insignia that indicates that the equipment or vehicle belongs to a public law enforcement agency.

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- ((<del>(7)</del>)) <u>(9)</u> It is a gross misdemeanor for any person who performs the functions and duties of a private security guard <u>or an alarm system employee</u> to use any name that includes the word "police" or "law enforcement" or that portrays the individual or a business as a public law enforcement agency.
- $((\frac{(8)}{(8)}))$  (10) It is the duty of all officers of the state and political subdivisions thereof to enforce the provisions of this chapter. The attorney general shall act as legal adviser of the director, and render such legal assistance as may be necessary in carrying out the provisions of this chapter.
- 16 **Sec. 11.** RCW 18.170.300 and 2004 c 50 s 3 are each amended to read 17 as follows:
- 18 <u>(1)</u> The director has the authority to negotiate reciprocity 19 agreements with other states allowing licensed security officers from 20 Washington to work in those other states.
- 21 (2) The director has the right to enter into reciprocity agreements 22 with other jurisdictions whose requirements for alarm system companies 23 are equal to the requirements of this chapter.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 9.96A RCW to read as follows:
- This chapter is not applicable to the department of licensing with respect to issuing an alarm system employee license under section 3 of this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. Sections 3 and 4 of this act are each added to chapter 18.170 RCW.
- 31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** This act takes effect one year after the 32 date of passage of this act.

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