SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6546

State	of	Washington	60th Legislature	2008	Regular	Session
SLALE	OL	washington		2000	Regular	Session

By Senate Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Brandland, Tom, and Rasmussen)

READ FIRST TIME 02/12/08.

AN ACT Relating to licensing provisions concerning driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs; amending RCW 46.20.342, 46.20.380, 46.20.391, 46.20.400, 46.20.410, 46.20.720, 46.20.740, and 46.61.5055; reenacting and amending RCW 46.20.308 and 46.63.020; adding a new section to chapter 46.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 46.68 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 46.20 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an effective date.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 46.04 RCW 10 to read as follows:

"Ignition interlock driver's license" means a permit issued to a person by the department that allows the person to operate a noncommercial motor vehicle with an ignition interlock device while the person's regular driver's license is suspended, revoked, or denied.

15 Sec. 2. RCW 46.20.308 and 2005 c 314 s 307 and 2005 c 269 s 1 are 16 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) Any person who operates a motor vehicle within this state isdeemed to have given consent, subject to the provisions of RCW

46.61.506, to a test or tests of his or her breath or blood for the 1 2 purpose of determining the alcohol concentration or presence of any drug in his or her breath or blood if arrested for any offense where, 3 at the time of the arrest, the arresting officer has reasonable grounds 4 5 to believe the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating б 7 liquor or any drug or was in violation of RCW 46.61.503. Neither consent nor this section precludes a police officer from obtaining a 8 9 search warrant for a person's breath or blood.

(2) The test or tests of breath shall be administered at the 10 direction of a law enforcement officer having reasonable grounds to 11 believe the person to have been driving or in actual physical control 12 13 of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or the person to have been driving or 14 in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while having alcohol in 15 a concentration in violation of RCW 46.61.503 in his or her system and 16 17 being under the age of twenty-one. However, in those instances where the person is incapable due to physical injury, physical incapacity, or 18 other physical limitation, of providing a breath sample or where the 19 20 person is being treated in a hospital, clinic, doctor's office, 21 emergency medical vehicle, ambulance, or other similar facility or 22 where the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person is 23 under the influence of a drug, a blood test shall be administered by a 24 qualified person as provided in RCW 46.61.506(5). The officer shall 25 inform the person of his or her right to refuse the breath or blood test, and of his or her right to have additional tests administered by 26 27 any qualified person of his or her choosing as provided in RCW The officer shall warn the driver, in substantially the 46.61.506. 28 29 following language, that:

30 (a) If the driver refuses to take the test, the driver's license,
31 permit, or privilege to drive will be revoked or denied for at least
32 one year; and

33 (b) If the driver refuses to take the test, the driver's refusal to 34 take the test may be used in a criminal trial; and

35 (c) If the driver submits to the test and the test is administered, 36 the driver's license, permit, or privilege to drive will be suspended, 37 revoked, or denied for at least ninety days if the driver is age 38 twenty-one or over and the test indicates the alcohol concentration of the driver's breath or blood is 0.08 or more, or if the driver is under age twenty-one and the test indicates the alcohol concentration of the driver's breath or blood is 0.02 or more, or if the driver is under age twenty-one and the driver is in violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504; and

6 (d) If the driver's license, permit, or privilege to drive is
7 suspended, revoked, or denied the driver may be eligible to immediately
8 apply for an ignition interlock driver's license.

(3) Except as provided in this section, the test administered shall 9 10 be of the breath only. If an individual is unconscious or is under arrest for the crime of vehicular homicide as provided in RCW 46.61.520 11 12 or vehicular assault as provided in RCW 46.61.522, or if an individual 13 is under arrest for the crime of driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs as provided in RCW 46.61.502, which arrest 14 results from an accident in which there has been serious bodily injury 15 16 to another person, a breath or blood test may be administered without 17 the consent of the individual so arrested.

18 (4) Any person who is dead, unconscious, or who is otherwise in a 19 condition rendering him or her incapable of refusal, shall be deemed 20 not to have withdrawn the consent provided by subsection (1) of this 21 section and the test or tests may be administered, subject to the 22 provisions of RCW 46.61.506, and the person shall be deemed to have 23 received the warnings required under subsection (2) of this section.

(5) If, following his or her arrest and receipt of warnings under subsection (2) of this section, the person arrested refuses upon the request of a law enforcement officer to submit to a test or tests of his or her breath or blood, no test shall be given except as authorized under subsection (3) or (4) of this section.

(6) If, after arrest and after the other applicable conditions and 29 requirements of this section have been satisfied, a test or tests of 30 the person's blood or breath is administered and the test results 31 32 indicate that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood is 0.08 or more if the person is age twenty-one or over, or 0.02 or 33 more if the person is under the age of twenty-one, or the person 34 refuses to submit to a test, the arresting officer or other law 35 enforcement officer at whose direction any test has been given, or the 36 37 department, where applicable, if the arrest results in a test of the 38 person's blood, shall:

1 (a) Serve notice in writing on the person on behalf of the 2 department of its intention to suspend, revoke, or deny the person's 3 license, permit, or privilege to drive as required by subsection (7) of 4 this section;

5 (b) Serve notice in writing on the person on behalf of the 6 department of his or her right to a hearing, specifying the steps he or 7 she must take to obtain a hearing as provided by subsection (8) of this 8 section and that the person waives the right to a hearing if he or she 9 receives an ignition interlock driver's license;

10 (c) Mark the person's Washington state driver's license or permit 11 to drive, if any, in a manner authorized by the department;

12 (d) Serve notice in writing that the marked license or permit, if 13 any, is a temporary license that is valid for sixty days from the date 14 of arrest or from the date notice has been given in the event notice is given by the department following a blood test, or until the 15 suspension, revocation, or denial of the person's license, permit, or 16 17 privilege to drive is sustained at a hearing pursuant to subsection (8) of this section, whichever occurs first. No temporary license is valid 18 to any greater degree than the license or permit that it replaces; and 19 20 (e) Immediately notify the department of the arrest and transmit to 21 the department within seventy-two hours, except as delayed as the 22 result of a blood test, a sworn report or report under a declaration 23 authorized by RCW 9A.72.085 that states:

(i) That the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the arrested
person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor
vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating
liquor or drugs, or both, or was under the age of twenty-one years and
had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle
while having an alcohol concentration in violation of RCW 46.61.503;

(ii) That after receipt of the warnings required by subsection (2) of this section the person refused to submit to a test of his or her blood or breath, or a test was administered and the results indicated that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.08 or more if the person is age twenty-one or over, or was 0.02 or more if the person is under the age of twenty-one; and

(iii) Any other information that the director may require by rule.
(7) The department of licensing, upon the receipt of a sworn report
or report under a declaration authorized by RCW 9A.72.085 under

subsection (6)(e) of this section, shall suspend, revoke, or deny the 1 2 person's license, permit, or privilege to drive or any nonresident operating privilege, as provided in RCW 46.20.3101, such suspension, 3 revocation, or denial to be effective beginning sixty days from the 4 5 date of arrest or from the date notice has been given in the event notice is given by the department following a blood test, or when б 7 sustained at a hearing pursuant to subsection (8) of this section, whichever occurs first. 8

(8) A person receiving notification under subsection (6)(b) of this 9 10 section may, within ((thirty)) twenty days after the notice has been given, request in writing a formal hearing before the department. 11 The 12 person shall pay a fee of two hundred dollars as part of the request. 13 If the request is mailed, it must be postmarked within ((thirty)) 14 twenty days after receipt of the notification. Upon timely receipt of such a request for a formal hearing, including receipt of the required 15 two hundred dollar fee, the department shall afford the person an 16 17 opportunity for a hearing. The department may waive the required two hundred dollar fee if the person is an indigent as defined in RCW 18 10.101.010. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the hearing 19 is subject to and shall be scheduled and conducted in accordance with 20 21 RCW 46.20.329 and 46.20.332. The hearing shall be conducted in the 22 county of the arrest, except that all or part of the hearing may, at the discretion of the department, be conducted by telephone or other 23 24 electronic means. The hearing shall be held within sixty days 25 following the arrest or following the date notice has been given in the event notice is given by the department following a blood test, unless 26 27 otherwise agreed to by the department and the person, in which case the action by the department shall be stayed, and any valid temporary 28 license marked under subsection (6)(c) of this section extended, if the 29 person is otherwise eligible for licensing. For the purposes of this 30 31 section, the scope of the hearing shall cover the issues of whether a 32 law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle 33 within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or 34 any drug or had been driving or was in actual physical control of a 35 motor vehicle within this state while having alcohol in his or her 36 37 system in a concentration of 0.02 or more if the person was under the 38 age of twenty-one, whether the person was placed under arrest, and (a)

whether the person refused to submit to the test or tests upon request 1 2 of the officer after having been informed that such refusal would result in the revocation of the person's license, permit, or privilege 3 to drive, or (b) if a test or tests were administered, whether the 4 5 applicable requirements of this section were satisfied before the administration of the test or tests, whether the person submitted to 6 7 the test or tests, or whether a test was administered without express consent as permitted under this section, and whether the test or tests 8 9 indicated that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.08 or more if the person was age twenty-one or over at the 10 time of the arrest, or 0.02 or more if the person was under the age of 11 twenty-one at the time of the arrest. The sworn report or report under 12 a declaration authorized by RCW 9A.72.085 submitted by a 13 law 14 enforcement officer is prima facie evidence that the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in 15 actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while 16 17 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, or both, or the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor 18 vehicle within this state while having alcohol in his or her system in 19 a concentration of 0.02 or more and was under the age of twenty-one and 20 21 that the officer complied with the requirements of this section.

22 A hearing officer shall conduct the hearing, may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents, and 23 24 shall administer oaths to witnesses. The hearing officer shall not issue a subpoena for the attendance of a witness at the request of the 25 person unless the request is accompanied by the fee required by RCW 26 27 5.56.010 for a witness in district court. The sworn report or report under a declaration authorized by RCW 9A.72.085 of the law enforcement 28 officer and any other evidence accompanying the report shall be 29 without further evidentiary foundation 30 admissible and the certifications authorized by the criminal rules for courts of limited 31 32 jurisdiction shall be admissible without further evidentiary The person may be represented by counsel, may question 33 foundation. witnesses, may present evidence, and may testify. The department shall 34 order that the suspension, revocation, or denial either be rescinded or 35 sustained. 36

37 (9) If the suspension, revocation, or denial is sustained after38 such a hearing, the person whose license, privilege, or permit is

р. б

suspended, revoked, or denied has the right to file a petition in the 1 2 superior court of the county of arrest to review the final order of revocation by the department in the same manner as an appeal from a 3 decision of a court of limited jurisdiction. Notice of appeal must be 4 5 filed within thirty days after the date the final order is served or the right to appeal is waived. Notwithstanding RCW 46.20.334, RALJ 6 7 1.1, or other statutes or rules referencing de novo review, the appeal shall be limited to a review of the record of the administrative 8 hearing. The appellant must pay the costs associated with obtaining 9 10 the record of the hearing before the hearing officer. The filing of the appeal does not stay the effective date of the suspension, 11 12 revocation, or denial. A petition filed under this subsection must include the petitioner's grounds for requesting review. Upon granting 13 14 petitioner's request for review, the court shall review the department's final order of suspension, revocation, or denial as 15 The review must be limited to a 16 expeditiously as possible. determination of whether the department has committed any errors of 17 The superior court shall accept those factual determinations 18 law. supported by substantial evidence in the record: (a) That were 19 expressly made by the department; or (b) that may reasonably be 20 21 inferred from the final order of the department. The superior court 22 may reverse, affirm, or modify the decision of the department or remand the case back to the department for further proceedings. The decision 23 24 of the superior court must be in writing and filed in the clerk's 25 office with the other papers in the case. The court shall state the reasons for the decision. If judicial relief is sought for a stay or 26 27 other temporary remedy from the department's action, the court shall not grant such relief unless the court finds that the appellant is 28 likely to prevail in the appeal and that without a stay the appellant 29 will suffer irreparable injury. If the court stays the suspension, 30 31 revocation, or denial it may impose conditions on such stay.

(10)(a) If a person whose driver's license, permit, or privilege to drive has been or will be suspended, revoked, or denied under subsection (7) of this section, other than as a result of a breath or blood test refusal, and who has not committed an offense for which he or she was granted a deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW, petitions a court for a deferred prosecution on criminal charges arising out of the arrest for which action has been or will be taken

under subsection (7) of this section, or notifies the department of 1 2 licensing of the intent to seek such a deferred prosecution, then the license suspension or revocation shall be stayed pending entry of the 3 deferred prosecution. The stay shall not be longer than one hundred 4 fifty days after the date charges are filed, or two years after the 5 date of the arrest, whichever time period is shorter. If the court 6 7 stays the suspension, revocation, or denial, it may impose conditions on such stay. If the person is otherwise eligible for licensing, the 8 9 department shall issue a temporary license, or extend any valid 10 temporary license marked under subsection (6) of this section, for the period of the stay. If a deferred prosecution treatment plan is not 11 12 recommended in the report made under RCW 10.05.050, or if treatment is 13 rejected by the court, or if the person declines to accept an offered 14 treatment plan, or if the person violates any condition imposed by the court, then the court shall immediately direct the department to cancel 15 the stay and any temporary marked license or extension of a temporary 16 17 license issued under this subsection.

(b) A suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under this section, 18 other than as a result of a breath or blood test refusal, shall be 19 stayed if the person is accepted for deferred prosecution as provided 20 21 in chapter 10.05 RCW for the incident upon which the suspension, 22 revocation, or denial is based. If the deferred prosecution is terminated, the stay shall be lifted and the suspension, revocation, or 23 24 denial reinstated. If the deferred prosecution is completed, the stay 25 shall be lifted and the suspension, revocation, or denial canceled.

(c) The provisions of (b) of this subsection relating to a stay of a suspension, revocation, or denial and the cancellation of any suspension, revocation, or denial do not apply to the suspension, revocation, denial, or disqualification of a person's commercial driver's license or privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle.

(11) When it has been finally determined under the procedures of this section that a nonresident's privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been suspended, revoked, or denied, the department shall give information in writing of the action taken to the motor vehicle administrator of the state of the person's residence and of any state in which he or she has a license.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 46.68 RCW
 to read as follows:

The ignition interlock device revolving account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from the fee assessed under section 9(6) of this act must be deposited into the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used only for administering and operating the ignition interlock device revolving account program.

9 Sec. 4. RCW 46.20.342 and 2004 c 95 s 5 are each amended to read 10 as follows:

(1) It is unlawful for any person to drive a motor vehicle in this state while that person is in a suspended or revoked status or when his or her privilege to drive is suspended or revoked in this or any other state. Any person who has a valid Washington driver's license is not guilty of a violation of this section.

16 (a) A person found to be an habitual offender under chapter 46.65 17 RCW, who violates this section while an order of revocation issued under chapter 46.65 RCW prohibiting such operation is in effect, is 18 guilty of driving while license suspended or revoked in the first 19 20 degree, a gross misdemeanor. Upon the first such conviction, the 21 person shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than ten days. Upon the second conviction, the person shall be punished by 22 23 imprisonment for not less than ninety days. Upon the third or 24 subsequent conviction, the person shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one hundred eighty days. If the person is also convicted 25 26 of the offense defined in RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, when both convictions arise from the same event, the minimum sentence of 27 confinement shall be not less than ninety days. The minimum sentence 28 of confinement required shall not be suspended or deferred. 29 Α conviction under this subsection does not prevent a person from 30 31 petitioning for reinstatement as provided by RCW 46.65.080.

32 (b) A person who violates this section while an order of suspension 33 or revocation prohibiting such operation is in effect and while the 34 person is not eligible to reinstate his or her driver's license or 35 driving privilege, other than for a suspension for the reasons 36 described in (c) of this subsection, is guilty of driving while license

1 suspended or revoked in the second degree, a gross misdemeanor. This
2 subsection applies when a person's driver's license or driving
3 privilege has been suspended or revoked by reason of:

4 (i) A conviction of a felony in the commission of which a motor 5 vehicle was used;

б

(ii) A previous conviction under this section;

7 (iii) A notice received by the department from a court or diversion 8 unit as provided by RCW 46.20.265, relating to a minor who has 9 committed, or who has entered a diversion unit concerning an offense 10 relating to alcohol, legend drugs, controlled substances, or imitation 11 controlled substances;

(iv) A conviction of RCW 46.20.410, relating to the violation of restrictions of an occupational ((or)) <u>driver's license</u>, a temporary restricted driver's license, or an ignition interlock driver's license;

15 (v) A conviction of RCW 46.20.345, relating to the operation of a 16 motor vehicle with a suspended or revoked license;

(vi) A conviction of RCW 46.52.020, relating to duty in case of
injury to or death of a person or damage to an attended vehicle;

19 (vii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.024, relating to attempting to 20 elude pursuing police vehicles;

(viii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.500, relating to reckless driving;
 (ix) A conviction of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, relating to a
 person under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs;

(x) A conviction of RCW 46.61.520, relating to vehicular homicide;
 (xi) A conviction of RCW 46.61.522, relating to vehicular assault;
 (xii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.527(4), relating to reckless
 endangerment of roadway workers;

28 (xiii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.530, relating to racing of 29 vehicles on highways;

30 (xiv) A conviction of RCW 46.61.685, relating to leaving children 31 in an unattended vehicle with motor running;

32 (xv) A conviction of RCW 46.61.740, relating to theft of motor 33 vehicle fuel;

34 (xvi) A conviction of RCW 46.64.048, relating to attempting,
 35 aiding, abetting, coercing, and committing crimes;

36 (xvii) An administrative action taken by the department under 37 chapter 46.20 RCW; or 1 (xviii) A conviction of a local law, ordinance, regulation, or 2 resolution of a political subdivision of this state, the federal 3 government, or any other state, of an offense substantially similar to 4 a violation included in this subsection.

(c) A person who violates this section when his or her driver's 5 license or driving privilege is, at the time of the violation, 6 7 suspended or revoked solely because (i) the person must furnish proof of satisfactory progress in a required alcoholism or drug treatment 8 9 program, (ii) the person must furnish proof of financial responsibility for the future as provided by chapter 46.29 RCW, (iii) the person has 10 failed to comply with the provisions of chapter 46.29 RCW relating to 11 uninsured accidents, (iv) the person has failed to respond to a notice 12 of traffic infraction, failed to appear at a requested hearing, 13 violated a written promise to appear in court, or has failed to comply 14 with the terms of a notice of traffic infraction or citation, as 15 provided in RCW 46.20.289, (v) the person has committed an offense in 16 17 another state that, if committed in this state, would not be grounds for the suspension or revocation of the person's driver's license, (vi) 18 the person has been suspended or revoked by reason of one or more of 19 the items listed in (b) of this subsection, but was eligible to 20 21 reinstate his or her driver's license or driving privilege at the time 22 of the violation, or (vii) the person has received traffic citations or notices of traffic infraction that have resulted in a suspension under 23 24 RCW 46.20.267 relating to intermediate drivers' licenses, or any 25 combination of (i) through (vii), is guilty of driving while license suspended or revoked in the third degree, a misdemeanor. 26

(2) Upon receiving a record of conviction of any person or upon receiving an order by any juvenile court or any duly authorized court officer of the conviction of any juvenile under this section, the department shall:

(a) For a conviction of driving while suspended or revoked in the first degree, as provided by subsection (1)(a) of this section, extend the period of administrative revocation imposed under chapter 46.65 RCW for an additional period of one year from and after the date the person would otherwise have been entitled to apply for a new license or have his or her driving privilege restored; or

(b) For a conviction of driving while suspended or revoked in thesecond degree, as provided by subsection (1)(b) of this section, not

issue a new license or restore the driving privilege for an additional period of one year from and after the date the person would otherwise have been entitled to apply for a new license or have his or her driving privilege restored; or

5 (c) Not extend the period of suspension or revocation if the 6 conviction was under subsection (1)(c) of this section. If the 7 conviction was under subsection (1)(a) or (b) of this section and the 8 court recommends against the extension and the convicted person has 9 obtained a valid driver's license, the period of suspension or 10 revocation shall not be extended.

11 **Sec. 5.** RCW 46.20.380 and 2004 c 95 s 6 are each amended to read 12 as follows:

No person may file an application for an occupational ((or)) 13 driver's license, a temporary restricted driver's license, or an 14 ignition interlock driver's license as provided in RCW 46.20.391 and 15 16 section 9 of this act unless he or she first pays to the director or 17 other person authorized to accept applications and fees for driver's licenses a fee of one hundred dollars. The applicant shall receive 18 19 upon payment an official receipt for the payment of such fee. All such 20 fees shall be forwarded to the director who shall transmit such fees to 21 the state treasurer in the same manner as other driver's license fees.

22 **Sec. 6.** RCW 46.20.391 and 2004 c 95 s 7 are each amended to read 23 as follows:

(1)(((a))) Any person licensed under this chapter who is convicted 24 25 of an offense relating to motor vehicles for which suspension or revocation of the driver's license is mandatory, other than vehicular 26 27 homicide ((or)), vehicular assault, ((or who has had his or her license suspended, revoked, or denied under RCW 46.20.3101)) driving while 28 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, or being in 29 actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of 30 intoxicating liquor or any drug, may submit to the department an 31 application for a temporary restricted driver's license. 32 The department, upon receipt of the prescribed fee and upon determining 33 34 that the petitioner is eligible to receive the license, may issue a 35 temporary restricted driver's license and may set definite restrictions 36 as provided in RCW 46.20.394. ((No person may petition for, and the department shall not issue, a temporary restricted driver's license that is effective during the first thirty days of any suspension or revocation imposed for a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or, for a suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under RCW 46.20.3101, during the required minimum portion of the periods of suspension, revocation, or denial established under (c) of this subsection.

7 (b) An applicant under this subsection whose driver's license is 8 suspended or revoked for an alcohol-related offense shall provide proof 9 to the satisfaction of the department that a functioning ignition 10 interlock device has been installed on a vehicle owned or operated by 11 the person.

12 (i) The department shall require the person to maintain such a 13 device on a vehicle owned or operated by the person and shall restrict 14 the person to operating only vehicles equipped with such a device, for 15 the remainder of the period of suspension, revocation, or denial.

(ii) Subject to any periodic renewal requirements established by 16 the department pursuant to this section and subject to any applicable 17 compliance requirements under this chapter or other law, a temporary 18 19 restricted driver's license granted after a suspension or revocation 20 under RCW 46.61.5055 or 46.20.3101 extends through the remaining 21 portion of any concurrent or consecutive suspension or revocation that may be imposed as the result of administrative action and criminal 22 23 conviction arising out of the same incident.

24 (iii) The time period during which the person is licensed under 25 this section shall apply on a day for day basis toward satisfying the 26 period of time the ignition interlock device restriction is required 27 under RCW 46.20.720 (1) and (2) (a), (b), and (c).

(c) The department shall provide by rule the minimum portions of 28 the periods of suspension, revocation, or denial set forth in RCW 29 46.20.3101 after which a person may apply for a temporary restricted 30 driver's license under this section. In establishing the minimum 31 portions of the periods of suspension, revocation, or denial, the 32 department shall consider the requirements of federal law regarding 33 state eligibility for grants or other funding, and shall establish such 34 35 periods so as to ensure that the state will maintain its eligibility, 36 or establish eligibility, to obtain incentive grants or any other 37 federal funding.))

1 (2)(a) A person licensed under this chapter whose driver's license 2 is suspended administratively due to failure to appear or pay a traffic 3 ticket under RCW 46.20.289; a violation of the financial responsibility 4 laws under chapter 46.29 RCW; or for multiple violations within a 5 specified period of time under RCW 46.20.291, may apply to the 6 department for an occupational driver's license.

7 (b) If the suspension is for failure to respond, pay, or comply 8 with a notice of traffic infraction or conviction, the applicant must 9 enter into a payment plan with the court.

10 (c) An occupational driver's license issued to an applicant 11 described in (a) of this subsection shall be valid for the period of 12 the suspension or revocation.

13 (3) An applicant for an occupational or temporary restricted 14 driver's license who qualifies under subsection (1) or (2) of this 15 section is eligible to receive such license only if:

16 (a) Within seven years immediately preceding the date of the 17 offense that gave rise to the present conviction or incident, the 18 applicant has not committed vehicular homicide under RCW 46.61.520 or 19 vehicular assault under RCW 46.61.522; and

(b) The applicant demonstrates that it is necessary for him or herto operate a motor vehicle because he or she:

(i) Is engaged in an occupation or trade that makes it essentialthat he or she operate a motor vehicle;

(ii) Is undergoing continuing health care or providing continuingcare to another who is dependent upon the applicant;

26 (iii) Is enrolled in an educational institution and pursuing a 27 course of study leading to a diploma, degree, or other certification of 28 successful educational completion;

(iv) Is undergoing substance abuse treatment or is participating in meetings of a twelve-step group such as Alcoholics Anonymous that requires the petitioner to drive to or from the treatment or meetings;

32

(v) Is fulfilling court-ordered community service responsibilities;

33 (vi) Is in a program that assists persons who are enrolled in a 34 WorkFirst program pursuant to chapter 74.08A RCW to become gainfully 35 employed and the program requires a driver's license;

36 (vii) Is in an apprenticeship, on-the-job training, or welfare-to-37 work program; or

1 (viii) Presents evidence that he or she has applied for a position 2 in an apprenticeship or on-the-job training program for which a 3 driver's license is required to begin the program, provided that a 4 license granted under this provision shall be in effect for no longer 5 than fourteen days; and

6 (c) The applicant files satisfactory proof of financial 7 responsibility under chapter 46.29 RCW; and

(d) Upon receipt of evidence that a holder of an occupational 8 driver's license granted under this subsection is no longer enrolled in 9 an apprenticeship or on-the-job training program, the director shall 10 give written notice by first-class mail to the driver that the 11 occupational driver's license shall be canceled. The effective date of 12 13 cancellation shall be fifteen days from the date of mailing the notice. 14 If at any time before the cancellation goes into effect the driver submits evidence of continued enrollment in the program, the 15 16 cancellation shall be stayed. If the cancellation becomes effective, 17 the driver may obtain, at no additional charge, a new occupational driver's license upon submittal of evidence of enrollment in another 18 program that meets the criteria set forth in this subsection; and 19

(e) The department shall not issue an occupational driver's license under (b)(iv) of this subsection if the applicant is able to receive transit services sufficient to allow for the applicant's participation in the programs referenced under (b)(iv) of this subsection.

(4) A person aggrieved by the decision of the department on the
application for an occupational or temporary restricted driver's
license may request a hearing as provided by rule of the department.

27 (5) The director shall cancel an occupational or temporary restricted driver's license upon receipt of notice that the holder 28 thereof has been convicted of operating a motor vehicle in violation of 29 its restrictions, or of a separate offense that under chapter 46.20 RCW 30 31 would warrant suspension or revocation of a regular driver's license. 32 The cancellation is effective as of the date of the conviction, and continues with the same force and effect as any suspension or 33 revocation under this title. 34

35 **Sec. 7.** RCW 46.20.400 and 2004 c 95 s 9 are each amended to read 36 as follows:

37

If an occupational ((or)) driver's license, a temporary restricted

2SSB 6546

driver's license, or an ignition interlock driver's license is issued 1 2 and is not revoked during the period for which issued the licensee may obtain a new driver's license at the end of such period, but no new 3 driver's license may be issued to such person until he or she 4 surrenders his or her occupational ((or)) <u>driver's license</u>, temporary 5 restricted driver's license, or ignition interlock driver's license and 6 7 his or her copy of the order, and the director is satisfied that the person complies with all other provisions of law relative to the 8 issuance of a driver's license. 9

10 **Sec. 8.** RCW 46.20.410 and 2004 c 95 s 10 are each amended to read 11 as follows:

Any person convicted for violation of any restriction of an occupational ((or)) <u>driver's license</u>, a temporary restricted driver's license, or an ignition interlock driver's license shall in addition to the immediate revocation of such license and any other penalties provided by law be fined not less than fifty nor more than two hundred dollars or imprisoned for not more than six months or both such fine and imprisonment.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 46.20 RCW 20 to read as follows:

(1)(a) Beginning January 1, 2009, any person licensed under this 21 22 chapter who is convicted of any offense involving the use, consumption, 23 or possession of alcohol while operating a motor vehicle in violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, other than vehicular homicide or 24 25 vehicular assault, or who has had or will have his or her license suspended, revoked, or denied under RCW 46.20.3101, may submit to the 26 department an application for an ignition interlock driver's license. 27 28 The department, upon receipt of the prescribed fee and upon determining 29 that the petitioner is eligible to receive the license, may issue an 30 ignition interlock driver's license.

(b) A person may apply for an ignition interlock driver's license
anytime, including immediately after receiving the notices under RCW
46.20.308 or after his or her license is suspended, revoked, or denied.
A person receiving an ignition interlock driver's license waives his or
her right to a hearing or appeal under RCW 46.20.308.

(c) An applicant under this subsection shall provide proof to the
 satisfaction of the department that a functioning ignition interlock
 device has been installed on all vehicles operated by the person.

(i) The department shall require the person to maintain the device 4 5 on all vehicles operated by the person and shall restrict the person to operating only vehicles equipped with the device, for the remainder of б 7 the period of suspension, revocation, or denial. The installation of an ignition interlock device is not necessary on vehicles owned by a 8 person's employer and driven as a requirement of employment during 9 10 working hours. The person must provide the department with a declaration pursuant to RCW 9A.72.085 from his or her employer stating 11 12 that the person's employment requires the person to operate a vehicle 13 owned by the employer during working hours.

14 (ii) Subject to any periodic renewal requirements established by the department under this section and subject to any applicable 15 compliance requirements under this chapter or other law, an ignition 16 17 interlock driver's license granted upon a suspension or revocation under RCW 46.61.5055 or 46.20.3101 extends through the remaining 18 portion of any concurrent or consecutive suspension or revocation that 19 may be imposed as the result of administrative action and criminal 20 21 conviction arising out of the same incident.

(iii) The time period during which the person is licensed under this section shall apply on a day-for-day basis toward satisfying the period of time the ignition interlock device restriction is required under RCW 46.20.720 and 46.61.5055.

(2) An applicant for an ignition interlock driver's license who
 qualifies under subsection (1) of this section is eligible to receive
 a license only if:

(a) Within seven years immediately preceding the date of the offense that gave rise to the present conviction or incident, the applicant has not committed vehicular homicide under RCW 46.61.520 or vehicular assault under RCW 46.61.522; and

33 (b) The applicant files satisfactory proof of financial 34 responsibility under chapter 46.29 RCW.

35 (3) Upon receipt of evidence that a holder of an ignition interlock 36 driver's license granted under this subsection no longer has a 37 functioning ignition interlock device installed on all vehicles 38 operated by the driver, the director shall give written notice by

first-class mail to the driver that the ignition interlock driver's 1 2 license shall be canceled. The effective date of cancellation shall be fifteen days from the date of mailing the notice. If at any time 3 before the cancellation goes into effect the driver submits evidence 4 5 that a functioning ignition interlock device has been installed on all vehicles operated by the driver, the cancellation shall be stayed. 6 Ιf 7 the cancellation becomes effective, the driver may obtain, at no additional charge, a new ignition interlock driver's license upon 8 submittal of evidence that a functioning ignition interlock device has 9 10 been installed on all vehicles operated by the driver.

(4) A person aggrieved by the decision of the department on the application for an ignition interlock driver's license may request a hearing as provided by rule of the department.

14 (5) The director shall cancel an ignition interlock driver's license upon receipt of notice that the holder thereof has been 15 convicted of operating a motor vehicle in violation of 16 its restrictions, or of a separate offense that under this chapter would 17 warrant suspension or revocation of a regular driver's license. 18 The cancellation is effective as of the date of the conviction, and 19 continues with the same force and effect as any suspension or 20 21 revocation under this title.

(6)(a) Unless costs are waived by the ignition interlock company or the person is indigent under RCW 10.101.010, the applicant shall pay the cost of installing, removing, and leasing the ignition interlock device and shall pay an additional fee of twenty dollars per month. Payments shall be made directly to the ignition interlock company. The company shall remit the additional twenty-dollar fee to the department.

(b) The department shall deposit the proceeds of the twenty-dollar fee into the ignition interlock device revolving account. Expenditures from the account may be used only to administer and operate the ignition interlock device revolving account program. The department shall adopt rules to provide monetary assistance according to greatest need and when funds are available.

34 (7) The department shall adopt rules to implement ignition
35 interlock licensing. The department shall consult with the
36 administrative office of the courts, the state patrol, the Washington
37 association of sheriffs and police chiefs, ignition interlock

companies, and any other organization or entity the department deems
 appropriate.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 46.20 RCW 4 to read as follows:

(1) The ignition interlock device revolving account program is 5 6 created within the department to assist in covering the monetary costs 7 of installing, removing, and leasing an ignition interlock device, and applicable licensing, for indigent persons who are required under 8 9 section 9 of this act and RCW 46.61.5055 to install an ignition interlock device in all vehicles owned or operated by the person. For 10 11 purposes of this subsection, "indigent" has the same meaning as in RCW 12 10.101.010, as determined by the department.

13 (2) A pilot program is created within the ignition interlock device 14 revolving account program for the purpose of monitoring compliance by 15 persons required to use ignition interlock devices and by ignition 16 interlock companies and vendors.

17 (3) The department, the state patrol, and the Washington traffic 18 safety commission shall coordinate to establish a compliance pilot 19 program that will target at least one county from eastern Washington 20 and one county from western Washington, as determined by the 21 department, state patrol, and Washington traffic safety commission.

22

(4) At a minimum, the compliance pilot program shall:

(a) Review the number of ignition interlock devices that are required to be installed in the targeted county and the number of ignition interlock devices actually installed;

(b) Work to identify those persons who are not complying with ignition interlock requirements or are repeatedly violating ignition interlock requirements; and

29

(c) Identify ways to track compliance and reduce noncompliance.

30 (5) As part of monitoring compliance, the Washington traffic safety 31 commission shall also track recidivism for violations of RCW 46.61.502 32 and 46.61.504 by persons required to have an ignition interlock 33 driver's license under section 9 of this act.

34 Sec. 11. RCW 46.63.020 and 2005 c 431 s 2, 2005 c 323 s 3, and 35 2005 c 183 s 10 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows: 36 Failure to perform any act required or the performance of any act prohibited by this title or an equivalent administrative regulation or local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution relating to traffic including parking, standing, stopping, and pedestrian offenses, is designated as a traffic infraction and may not be classified as a criminal offense, except for an offense contained in the following provisions of this title or a violation of an equivalent administrative regulation or local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution:

8 (1) RCW 46.09.120(2) relating to the operation of a nonhighway 9 vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a 10 controlled substance;

11

(2) RCW 46.09.130 relating to operation of nonhighway vehicles;

12 (3) RCW 46.10.090(2) relating to the operation of a snowmobile 13 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or narcotics or habit-14 forming drugs or in a manner endangering the person of another;

15

(4) RCW 46.10.130 relating to the operation of snowmobiles;

16 (5) Chapter 46.12 RCW relating to certificates of ownership and 17 registration and markings indicating that a vehicle has been destroyed 18 or declared a total loss;

19 (6) RCW 46.16.010 relating to the nonpayment of taxes and fees by 20 failure to register a vehicle and falsifying residency when registering 21 a motor vehicle;

22 (7) RCW 46.16.011 relating to permitting unauthorized persons to 23 drive;

24 (8) RCW 46.16.160 relating to vehicle trip permits;

(9) RCW 46.16.381(2) relating to knowingly providing false information in conjunction with an application for a special placard or license plate for disabled persons' parking;

28 (10) RCW 46.20.005 relating to driving without a valid driver's 29 license;

30 (11) RCW 46.20.091 relating to false statements regarding a 31 driver's license or instruction permit;

32 (12) RCW 46.20.0921 relating to the unlawful possession and use of 33 a driver's license;

34 (13) RCW 46.20.342 relating to driving with a suspended or revoked35 license or status;

36 (14) RCW 46.20.345 relating to the operation of a motor vehicle 37 with a suspended or revoked license;

(15) RCW 46.20.410 relating to the violation of restrictions of an 1 2 occupational ((or)) driver's license, temporary restricted driver's license, or ignition interlock driver's license; 3 (16) RCW 46.20.740 relating to operation of a motor vehicle without 4 an ignition interlock device in violation of a license notation that 5 the device is required; б 7 (17) RCW 46.20.750 relating to ((assisting another person to start a vehicle equipped with)) circumventing an ignition interlock device; 8 9 (18) RCW 46.25.170 relating to commercial driver's licenses; 10 (19) Chapter 46.29 RCW relating to financial responsibility; (20) RCW 46.30.040 relating to providing false evidence 11 of 12 financial responsibility; 13 (21) RCW 46.37.435 relating to wrongful installation of 14 sunscreening material; (22) RCW 46.37.650 relating to the sale, resale, distribution, or 15 16 installation of a previously deployed air bag; 17 (23) RCW 46.37.671 through 46.37.675 relating to signal preemption devices; 18 (24) RCW 46.44.180 relating to operation of mobile home pilot 19 vehicles; 20 21 (((24))) (25) RCW 46.48.175 relating to the transportation of 22 dangerous articles; 23 $\left(\left(\frac{25}{25}\right)\right)$ (26) RCW 46.52.010 relating to duty on striking an 24 unattended car or other property; 25 $\left(\left(\frac{26}{26}\right)\right)$ (27) RCW 46.52.020 relating to duty in case of injury to or death of a person or damage to an attended vehicle; 26 27 (((27))) (28) RCW 46.52.090 relating to reports by repairmen, storagemen, and appraisers; 28 (((28))) (29) RCW 46.52.130 relating to confidentiality of the 29 driving record to be furnished to an insurance company, an employer, 30 31 and an alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency; 32 (((29))) (30) RCW 46.55.020 relating to engaging in the activities of a registered tow truck operator without a registration certificate; 33 34 (((30))) (31) RCW 46.55.035 relating to prohibited practices by tow 35 truck operators; (((31))) (32) RCW 46.55.300 relating to vehicle immobilization; 36 37 (33) RCW 46.61.015 relating to obedience to police officers, 38 flaggers, or firefighters;

(((32))) (34) RCW 46.61.020 relating to refusal to give information 1 2 to or cooperate with an officer; (((33))) (35) RCW 46.61.022 relating to failure to stop and give 3 identification to an officer; 4 5 (((34))) (36) RCW 46.61.024 relating to attempting to elude pursuing police vehicles; 6 (((35))) (37) RCW 46.61.500 relating to reckless driving; 7 (((36))) (38) RCW 46.61.502 and 46.61.504 relating to persons under 8 9 the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs; 10 (((37))) (39) RCW 46.61.503 relating to a person under age twentyone driving a motor vehicle after consuming alcohol; 11 12 (((38))) (40) RCW 46.61.520 relating to vehicular homicide by motor 13 vehicle; 14 (((39))) (41) RCW 46.61.522 relating to vehicular assault; (((40))) (42) RCW 46.61.5249 relating to first degree negligent 15 16 driving; 17 (((41))) (43) RCW 46.61.527(4) relating to reckless endangerment of 18 roadway workers; (((42))) (44) RCW 46.61.530 relating to racing of vehicles on 19 20 highways; 21 ((((43))) (<u>45)</u> RCW 46.61.655(7) (a) and (b) relating to failure to 22 secure a load; (((44))) (46) RCW 46.61.685 relating to leaving children in an 23 24 unattended vehicle with the motor running; 25 (((45))) (47) RCW 46.61.740 relating to theft of motor vehicle 26 fuel; 27 (((46) RCW 46.37.671 through 46.37.675 relating to signal 28 preemption devices; (47)) (48) RCW 46.64.010 relating to unlawful cancellation of or 29 attempt to cancel a traffic citation; 30 31 (((48))) (49) RCW 46.64.048 relating to attempting, aiding, 32 abetting, coercing, and committing crimes; ((((49)))) (50) Chapter 46.65 RCW relating to habitual traffic 33 34 offenders; 35 ((((50))) (51) RCW 46.68.010 relating to false statements made to obtain a refund; 36 37 ((((51))) <u>(52)</u> Chapter 46.70 RCW relating to unfair motor vehicle

1 business practices, except where that chapter provides for the 2 assessment of monetary penalties of a civil nature;

3 (((52))) <u>(53)</u> Chapter 46.72 RCW relating to the transportation of 4 passengers in for hire vehicles;

5 (((53))) <u>(54)</u> RCW 46.72A.060 relating to limousine carrier 6 insurance;

7 (((54))) <u>(55)</u> RCW 46.72A.070 relating to operation of a limousine 8 without a vehicle certificate;

9 (((55))) <u>(56)</u> RCW 46.72A.080 relating to false advertising by a 10 limousine carrier;

11 (((56))) <u>(57)</u> Chapter 46.80 RCW relating to motor vehicle wreckers; 12 (((57))) <u>(58)</u> Chapter 46.82 RCW relating to driver's training 13 schools;

14 (((58))) <u>(59)</u> RCW 46.87.260 relating to alteration or forgery of a 15 cab card, letter of authority, or other temporary authority issued 16 under chapter 46.87 RCW;

17 ((((59))) <u>(60)</u> RCW 46.87.290 relating to operation of an 18 unregistered or unlicensed vehicle under chapter 46.87 RCW.

19 Sec. 12. RCW 46.20.720 and 2004 c 95 s 11 are each amended to read 20 as follows:

(1) The court may order that after a period of suspension, 21 revocation, or denial of driving privileges, and for up to as long as 22 23 the court has jurisdiction, any person convicted of any offense 24 involving the use, consumption, or possession of alcohol while operating a motor vehicle may drive only a motor vehicle equipped with 25 26 a functioning ignition interlock. The court shall establish a specific calibration setting at which the interlock will prevent the vehicle 27 from being started. The court shall also establish the period of time 28 for which interlock use will be required. 29

30 (2) <u>Under RCW 46.61.5055</u>, the court shall order any person 31 <u>convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or an equivalent</u> 32 <u>local ordinance to apply for an ignition interlock driver's license</u> 33 <u>from the department under section 9 of this act and to have a</u> 34 <u>functioning ignition interlock device installed on all motor vehicles</u> 35 <u>operated by the person.</u>

36 <u>(3)</u> The department shall require that, after any applicable period 37 of suspension, revocation, or denial of driving privileges, a person 1 may drive only a motor vehicle equipped with a functioning ignition 2 interlock device if the person is convicted of an alcohol-related 3 violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or an equivalent local 4 ordinance.

The department may waive the requirement for the use of such a 5 device if it concludes that such devices are not reasonably available 6 7 in the local area. The device is not necessary on vehicles owned by a person's employer and driven as a requirement of employment during 8 The person must provide the department with a 9 working hours. declaration pursuant to RCW 9A.72.085 from his or her employer stating 10 that the person's employment requires the person to operate a vehicle 11 12 owned by the employer during working hours.

13 The ignition interlock device shall be calibrated to prevent the 14 motor vehicle from being started when the breath sample provided has an 15 alcohol concentration of 0.025 or more. The period of time of the 16 restriction will be as follows:

17 (a) For a person who has not previously been restricted under this18 section, a period of one year;

(b) For a person who has previously been restricted under (a) ofthis subsection, a period of five years;

(c) For a person who has previously been restricted under (b) of this subsection, a period of ten years.

23 **Sec. 13.** RCW 46.20.740 and 2004 c 95 s 12 are each amended to read 24 as follows:

(1) The department shall attach or imprint a notation on the 25 26 driving record of any person restricted under RCW 46.20.720 or 46.61.5055 stating that the person may operate only a motor vehicle 27 equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device. The department 28 shall determine the person's eligibility for licensing based upon 29 30 written verification by a company doing business in the state that it 31 has installed the required device on a vehicle owned or operated by the person seeking reinstatement. If, based upon notification from the 32 interlock provider or otherwise, the department determines that an 33 ignition interlock required under this section is no longer installed 34 or functioning as required, the department shall suspend the person's 35 36 license or privilege to drive. Whenever the license or driving 37 privilege of any person is suspended or revoked as a result of

1 noncompliance with an ignition interlock requirement, the suspension 2 shall remain in effect until the person provides notice issued by a 3 company doing business in the state that a vehicle owned or operated by 4 the person is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device.

5 (2) It is a misdemeanor for a person with such a notation on his or 6 her driving record to operate a motor vehicle that is not so equipped.

7 **Sec. 14.** RCW 46.61.5055 and 2007 c 474 s 1 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

9 (1) Except as provided in RCW 46.61.502(6) or 46.61.504(6), a 10 person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 11 and who has no prior offense within seven years shall be punished as 12 follows:

(a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

17 (i) By imprisonment for not less than one day nor more than one year. Twenty-four consecutive hours of the imprisonment may not be 18 suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of 19 20 this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the 21 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in 22 23 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the 24 facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based. In lieu of the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment required under this subsection 25 26 (1)(a)(i), the court may order not less than fifteen days of electronic 27 home monitoring. The offender shall pay the cost of electronic home monitoring. The county or municipality in which the penalty is being 28 imposed shall determine the cost. The court may also require the 29 offender's electronic home monitoring device to include an alcohol 30 31 detection breathalyzer, and the court may restrict the amount of alcohol the offender may consume during the time the offender is on 32 33 electronic home monitoring; and

34 (ii) By a fine of not less than three hundred fifty dollars nor 35 more than five thousand dollars. Three hundred fifty dollars of the 36 fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the 37 offender to be indigent; or

1 (b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at 2 least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a 3 test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result 4 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

5 (i) By imprisonment for not less than two days nor more than one year. Two consecutive days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or б 7 deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's 8 physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence 9 is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason 10 for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the 11 suspension or deferral is based. In lieu of the mandatory minimum term 12 13 of imprisonment required under this subsection (1)(b)(i), the court may order not less than thirty days of electronic home monitoring. 14 The offender shall pay the cost of electronic home monitoring. The county 15 16 or municipality in which the penalty is being imposed shall determine 17 the cost. The court may also require the offender's electronic home monitoring device to include an alcohol detection breathalyzer, and the 18 court may restrict the amount of alcohol the offender may consume 19 during the time the offender is on electronic home monitoring; and 20

(ii) By a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. Five hundred dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent.

(2) Except as provided in RCW 46.61.502(6) or 46.61.504(6), a person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 and who has one prior offense within seven years shall be punished as follows:

(a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

(i) By imprisonment for not less than thirty days nor more than one year and sixty days of electronic home monitoring. The offender shall pay for the cost of the electronic monitoring. The county or municipality where the penalty is being imposed shall determine the cost. The court may also require the offender's electronic home monitoring device include an alcohol detection breathalyzer, and may

restrict the amount of alcohol the offender may consume during the time 1 2 the offender is on electronic home monitoring. Thirty days of imprisonment and sixty days of electronic home monitoring may not be 3 suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of 4 this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the 5 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory б minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in 7 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the 8 facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and 9

10 (ii) By a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than 11 five thousand dollars. Five hundred dollars of the fine may not be 12 suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be 13 indigent; or

(b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

(i) By imprisonment for not less than forty-five days nor more than 18 one year and ninety days of electronic home monitoring. The offender 19 shall pay for the cost of the electronic monitoring. The county or 20 21 municipality where the penalty is being imposed shall determine the 22 cost. The court may also require the offender's electronic home monitoring device include an alcohol detection breathalyzer, and may 23 24 restrict the amount of alcohol the offender may consume during the time 25 the offender is on electronic home monitoring. Forty-five days of imprisonment and ninety days of electronic home monitoring may not be 26 27 suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the 28 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory 29 minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in 30 31 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and 32

(ii) By a fine of not less than seven hundred fifty dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. Seven hundred fifty dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent.

37

(3) Except as provided in RCW 46.61.502(6) or 46.61.504(6), a

1 person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 2 and who has two or three prior offenses within seven years shall be 3 punished as follows:

4 (a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less
5 than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to
6 take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result
7 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

8 (i) By imprisonment for not less than ninety days nor more than one 9 year and one hundred twenty days of electronic home monitoring. The offender shall pay for the cost of the electronic monitoring. 10 The 11 county or municipality where the penalty is being imposed shall determine the cost. The court may also require the offender's 12 electronic home monitoring device include an alcohol detection 13 breathalyzer, and may restrict the amount of alcohol the offender may 14 consume during the time the offender is on electronic home monitoring. 15 16 Ninety days of imprisonment and one hundred twenty days of electronic 17 home monitoring may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a 18 substantial risk to the offender's physical or mental well-being. 19 20 Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason for granting the suspension or 21 22 deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; 23 and

(ii) By a fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. One thousand dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; or

(b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

(i) By imprisonment for not less than one hundred twenty days nor more than one year and one hundred fifty days of electronic home monitoring. The offender shall pay for the cost of the electronic monitoring. The county or municipality where the penalty is being imposed shall determine the cost. The court may also require the offender's electronic home monitoring device include an alcohol detection breathalyzer, and may restrict the amount of alcohol the

offender may consume during the time the offender is on electronic home 1 2 monitoring. One hundred twenty days of imprisonment and one hundred 3 fifty days of electronic home monitoring may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory 4 minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's 5 physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence 6 7 is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the 8 suspension or deferral is based; and 9

10 (ii) By a fine of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars 11 nor more than five thousand dollars. One thousand five hundred dollars 12 of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the 13 offender to be indigent.

(4) A person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 and who has four or more prior offenses within ten years, or who has ever previously been convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.520 committed while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or RCW 46.61.522 committed while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, shall be punished in accordance with chapter 9.94A RCW.

(5)(a) The court shall require any person convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 to apply for an ignition interlock driver's license from the department under section 9 of this act and to have a functioning ignition interlock device installed on all motor vehicles operated by the person.

(b) The installation of an ignition interlock device is not necessary on vehicles owned by a person's employer and driven as a requirement of employment during working hours. The person must provide the department with a declaration pursuant to RCW 9A.72.085 from his or her employer stating that the person's employment requires the person to operate a vehicle owned by the employer during working hours.

33 (c) An ignition interlock device imposed under this section shall 34 be calibrated to prevent a motor vehicle from being started when the 35 breath sample provided has an alcohol concentration of 0.025 or more. 36 (d) The court may waive the requirement that a person obtain an 37 ignition interlock driver's license and operate only vehicles equipped 38 with a functioning ignition interlock device if the court makes a 1 specific finding in writing that the devices are not reasonably
2 available in the local area, that the person does not operate a
3 vehicle, or the person is not eligible to receive an ignition interlock
4 driver's license under section 9 of this act.

(e) When the requirement that a person obtain an ignition interlock 5 driver's license and operate only vehicles equipped with a functioning 6 7 ignition interlock device is waived by the court, the court shall order the person to submit to alcohol monitoring through an alcohol detection 8 breathalyzer device, transdermal sensor device, or other technology 9 designed to detect alcohol in a person's system. The person shall pay 10 for the cost of the monitoring. The county or municipality where the 11 12 penalty is being imposed shall determine the cost.

13 (f) The period of time for which ignition interlock use or alcohol 14 monitoring is required will be as follows:

15 (i) For a person who has not previously been restricted under this 16 section, a period of one year;

17 (ii) For a person who has previously been restricted under (f)(i)
18 of this subsection, a period of five years;

19 (iii) For a person who has previously been restricted under (f)(ii)
20 of this subsection, a period of ten years.

21 (6) If a person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 22 46.61.504 committed the offense while a passenger under the age of 23 sixteen was in the vehicle, the court shall:

(a) In any case in which the installation and use of an interlock
or other device is not mandatory under RCW 46.20.720 or other law,
order the use of such a device for not less than sixty days following
the restoration of the person's license, permit, or nonresident driving
privileges; and

(b) In any case in which the installation and use of such a device is otherwise mandatory, order the use of such a device for an additional sixty days.

32 (((-6))) (7) In exercising its discretion in setting penalties 33 within the limits allowed by this section, the court shall particularly 34 consider the following:

35 (a) Whether the person's driving at the time of the offense was 36 responsible for injury or damage to another or another's property; and 37 (b) Whether at the time of the offense the person was driving or in 38 physical control of a vehicle with one or more passengers. (((7))) <u>(8)</u> An offender punishable under this section is subject to
 the alcohol assessment and treatment provisions of RCW 46.61.5056.

3 ((+8))) (9) The license, permit, or nonresident privilege of a 4 person convicted of driving or being in physical control of a motor 5 vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs must: 6 (a) If the person's alcohol concentration was less than 0.15, or if 7 for reasons other than the person's refusal to take a test offered

8 under RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's 9 alcohol concentration:

(i) Where there has been no prior offense within seven years, besuspended or denied by the department for ninety days;

12 (ii) Where there has been one prior offense within seven years, be 13 revoked or denied by the department for two years; or

(iii) Where there have been two or more prior offenses within seven
years, be revoked or denied by the department for three years;

(b) If the person's alcohol concentration was at least 0.15:

16

17 (i) Where there has been no prior offense within seven years, be18 revoked or denied by the department for one year;

19 (ii) Where there has been one prior offense within seven years, be 20 revoked or denied by the department for nine hundred days; or

(iii) Where there have been two or more prior offenses within seven years, be revoked or denied by the department for four years; or

(c) If by reason of the person's refusal to take a test offered under RCW 46.20.308, there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

(i) Where there have been no prior offenses within seven years, berevoked or denied by the department for two years;

(ii) Where there has been one prior offense within seven years, berevoked or denied by the department for three years; or

(iii) Where there have been two or more previous offenses within
 seven years, be revoked or denied by the department for four years.

The department shall grant credit on a day-for-day basis for any portion of a suspension, revocation, or denial already served under this subsection for a suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under RCW 46.20.3101 arising out of the same incident.

For purposes of this subsection $((\frac{(8)}{9}))$ (9), the department shall refer to the driver's record maintained under RCW 46.52.120 when determining the existence of prior offenses. 1 (((9))) (10) After expiration of any period of suspension, 2 revocation, or denial of the offender's license, permit, or privilege 3 to drive required by this section, the department shall place the 4 offender's driving privilege in probationary status pursuant to RCW 5 46.20.355.

(1<u>1)</u>(a) addition 6 (((10))) In to any nonsuspendable and 7 nondeferrable jail sentence required by this section, whenever the court imposes less than one year in jail, the court shall also suspend 8 but shall not defer a period of confinement for a period not exceeding 9 10 The court shall impose conditions of probation that five years. (i) Not driving a motor vehicle within this state without a 11 include: 12 valid license to drive and proof of financial responsibility for the 13 future; (ii) not driving a motor vehicle within this state while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more within two hours after 14 driving; and (iii) not refusing to submit to a test of his or her 15 breath or blood to determine alcohol concentration upon request of a 16 17 law enforcement officer who has reasonable grounds to believe the person was driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle 18 within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor. 19 impose conditions of probation 20 The court may that include 21 nonrepetition, installation of an ignition interlock device on the 22 probationer's motor vehicle, alcohol or drug treatment, supervised probation, or other conditions that may be appropriate. The sentence 23 24 may be imposed in whole or in part upon violation of a condition of 25 probation during the suspension period.

(b) For each violation of mandatory conditions of probation under (a)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this subsection, the court shall order the convicted person to be confined for thirty days, which shall not be suspended or deferred.

(c) For each incident involving a violation of a mandatory 30 31 condition of probation imposed under this subsection, the license, 32 permit, or privilege to drive of the person shall be suspended by the court for thirty days or, if such license, permit, or privilege to 33 drive already is suspended, revoked, or denied at the time the finding 34 of probation violation is made, the suspension, revocation, or denial 35 36 then in effect shall be extended by thirty days. The court shall 37 notify the department of any suspension, revocation, or denial or any

1 extension of a suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under this
2 subsection.

3 (((11))) (12) A court may waive the electronic home monitoring
4 requirements of this chapter when:

5 (a) The offender does not have a dwelling, telephone service, or
6 any other necessity to operate an electronic home monitoring system;

7

(b) The offender does not reside in the state of Washington; or

8 (c) The court determines that there is reason to believe that the 9 offender would violate the conditions of the electronic home monitoring 10 penalty.

Whenever the mandatory minimum term of electronic home monitoring is waived, the court shall state in writing the reason for granting the waiver and the facts upon which the waiver is based, and shall impose an alternative sentence with similar punitive consequences. The alternative sentence may include, but is not limited to, additional jail time, work crew, or work camp.

Whenever the combination of jail time and electronic home monitoring or alternative sentence would exceed three hundred sixtyfive days, the offender shall serve the jail portion of the sentence first, and the electronic home monitoring or alternative portion of the sentence shall be reduced so that the combination does not exceed three hundred sixty-five days.

23 (((12))) <u>(13)</u> An offender serving a sentence under this section, 24 whether or not a mandatory minimum term has expired, may be granted an 25 extraordinary medical placement by the jail administrator subject to 26 the standards and limitations set forth in RCW 9.94A.728(4).

27 (((13))) <u>(14)</u> For purposes of this section and RCW 46.61.502 and 28 46.61.504:

29 (a) A "prior offense" means any of the following:

30 (i) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or an equivalent 31 local ordinance;

32 (ii) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.504 or an equivalent 33 local ordinance;

(iii) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.520 committed whileunder the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug;

36 (iv) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.522 committed while 37 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug; (v) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.5249, 46.61.500, or 9A.36.050 or an equivalent local ordinance, if the conviction is the result of a charge that was originally filed as a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance, or of RCW 5 46.61.520 or 46.61.522;

6 (vi) An out-of-state conviction for a violation that would have 7 been a violation of (a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), or (v) of this 8 subsection if committed in this state;

9 (vii) A deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW granted in a 10 prosecution for a violation of RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, or an 11 equivalent local ordinance; or

(viii) A deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW granted in a prosecution for a violation of RCW 46.61.5249, or an equivalent local ordinance, if the charge under which the deferred prosecution was granted was originally filed as a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 46.61.522;

(b) "Within seven years" means that the arrest for a prior offense
occurred within seven years of the arrest for the current offense; and
(c) "Within ten years" means that the arrest for a prior offense
occurred within ten years of the arrest for the current offense.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 15. If specific funding for the purposes of 23 this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not 24 provided by June 30, 2008, in the omnibus transportation appropriations 25 act, this act is null and void.

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 16.** Sections 2, 4 through 8, and 11 through 14 27 of this act take effect January 1, 2009.

--- END ---