SENATE BILL 6546

State of W	lashington	60th	Legisla	ature	2008	Regular	Session
By Senators Brandland, Tom, and Rasmussen							
Read first	time 01/17/08.	Refer	red to	Committee	on Jud	liciary.	

AN ACT Relating to licensing provisions concerning driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs; amending RCW 46.20.342, 46.20.380, 46.20.391, 46.20.400, 46.20.410, 46.20.720, 46.20.740, and 46.61.5055; reenacting and amending RCW 46.20.308 and 46.63.020; adding a new section to chapter 46.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 46.68 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 46.20 RCW; and providing an effective date.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 46.04 RCW 10 to read as follows:

"Ignition interlock driver's license" means a permit issued to a person by the department that allows the person to operate a noncommercial motor vehicle with an ignition interlock device while the person's regular driver's license is suspended, revoked, or denied.

15 Sec. 2. RCW 46.20.308 and 2005 c 314 s 307 and 2005 c 269 s 1 are 16 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) Any person who operates a motor vehicle within this state isdeemed to have given consent, subject to the provisions of RCW

46.61.506, to a test or tests of his or her breath or blood for the 1 2 purpose of determining the alcohol concentration or presence of any drug in his or her breath or blood if arrested for any offense where, 3 at the time of the arrest, the arresting officer has reasonable grounds 4 5 to believe the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating б 7 liquor or any drug or was in violation of RCW 46.61.503. Neither consent nor this section precludes a police officer from obtaining a 8 search warrant for a person's breath or blood. 9

(2) The test or tests of breath shall be administered at the 10 direction of a law enforcement officer having reasonable grounds to 11 believe the person to have been driving or in actual physical control 12 13 of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or the person to have been driving or 14 in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while having alcohol in 15 a concentration in violation of RCW 46.61.503 in his or her system and 16 17 being under the age of twenty-one. However, in those instances where the person is incapable due to physical injury, physical incapacity, or 18 other physical limitation, of providing a breath sample or where the 19 20 person is being treated in a hospital, clinic, doctor's office, 21 emergency medical vehicle, ambulance, or other similar facility or 22 where the officer has reasonable grounds to believe that the person is 23 under the influence of a drug, a blood test shall be administered by a 24 qualified person as provided in RCW 46.61.506(5). The officer shall 25 inform the person of his or her right to refuse the breath or blood test, and of his or her right to have additional tests administered by 26 27 any qualified person of his or her choosing as provided in RCW The officer shall warn the driver, in substantially the 46.61.506. 28 29 following language, that:

30 (a) If the driver refuses to take the test, the driver's license,
31 permit, or privilege to drive will be revoked or denied for at least
32 one year; and

33 (b) If the driver refuses to take the test, the driver's refusal to 34 take the test may be used in a criminal trial; and

35 (c) If the driver submits to the test and the test is administered, 36 the driver's license, permit, or privilege to drive will be suspended, 37 revoked, or denied for at least ninety days if the driver is age 38 twenty-one or over and the test indicates the alcohol concentration of

the driver's breath or blood is 0.08 or more, or if the driver is under age twenty-one and the test indicates the alcohol concentration of the driver's breath or blood is 0.02 or more, or if the driver is under age twenty-one and the driver is in violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504; and

6 (d) If the driver's license, permit, or privilege to drive is
7 suspended, revoked, or denied the driver may be eligible to immediately
8 apply for an ignition interlock driver's license.

(3) Except as provided in this section, the test administered shall 9 be of the breath only. If an individual is unconscious or is under 10 arrest for the crime of vehicular homicide as provided in RCW 46.61.520 11 12 or vehicular assault as provided in RCW 46.61.522, or if an individual 13 is under arrest for the crime of driving while under the influence of 14 intoxicating liquor or drugs as provided in RCW 46.61.502, which arrest results from an accident in which there has been serious bodily injury 15 16 to another person, a breath or blood test may be administered without 17 the consent of the individual so arrested.

18 (4) Any person who is dead, unconscious, or who is otherwise in a 19 condition rendering him or her incapable of refusal, shall be deemed 20 not to have withdrawn the consent provided by subsection (1) of this 21 section and the test or tests may be administered, subject to the 22 provisions of RCW 46.61.506, and the person shall be deemed to have 23 received the warnings required under subsection (2) of this section.

(5) If, following his or her arrest and receipt of warnings under subsection (2) of this section, the person arrested refuses upon the request of a law enforcement officer to submit to a test or tests of his or her breath or blood, no test shall be given except as authorized under subsection (3) or (4) of this section.

(6) If, after arrest and after the other applicable conditions and 29 requirements of this section have been satisfied, a test or tests of 30 the person's blood or breath is administered and the test results 31 32 indicate that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood is 0.08 or more if the person is age twenty-one or over, or 0.02 or 33 more if the person is under the age of twenty-one, or the person 34 refuses to submit to a test, the arresting officer or other law 35 enforcement officer at whose direction any test has been given, or the 36 37 department, where applicable, if the arrest results in a test of the 38 person's blood, shall:

1 (a) Serve notice in writing on the person on behalf of the 2 department of its intention to suspend, revoke, or deny the person's 3 license, permit, or privilege to drive as required by subsection (7) of 4 this section;

5 (b) Serve notice in writing on the person on behalf of the 6 department of his or her right to a hearing, specifying the steps he or 7 she must take to obtain a hearing as provided by subsection (8) of this 8 section and that the person waives the right to a hearing if he or she 9 receives an ignition interlock driver's license;

10 (c) Mark the person's Washington state driver's license or permit 11 to drive, if any, in a manner authorized by the department;

12 (d) Serve notice in writing that the marked license or permit, if 13 any, is a temporary license that is valid for sixty days from the date 14 of arrest or from the date notice has been given in the event notice is given by the department following a blood test, or until the 15 suspension, revocation, or denial of the person's license, permit, or 16 17 privilege to drive is sustained at a hearing pursuant to subsection (8) of this section, whichever occurs first. No temporary license is valid 18 to any greater degree than the license or permit that it replaces; and 19 20 (e) Immediately notify the department of the arrest and transmit to 21 the department within seventy-two hours, except as delayed as the 22 result of a blood test, a sworn report or report under a declaration 23 authorized by RCW 9A.72.085 that states:

(i) That the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the arrested
person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor
vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating
liquor or drugs, or both, or was under the age of twenty-one years and
had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle
while having an alcohol concentration in violation of RCW 46.61.503;

(ii) That after receipt of the warnings required by subsection (2) of this section the person refused to submit to a test of his or her blood or breath, or a test was administered and the results indicated that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.08 or more if the person is age twenty-one or over, or was 0.02 or more if the person is under the age of twenty-one; and

(iii) Any other information that the director may require by rule.
(7) The department of licensing, upon the receipt of a sworn report
or report under a declaration authorized by RCW 9A.72.085 under

subsection (6)(e) of this section, shall suspend, revoke, or deny the 1 2 person's license, permit, or privilege to drive or any nonresident operating privilege, as provided in RCW 46.20.3101, such suspension, 3 revocation, or denial to be effective beginning sixty days from the 4 5 date of arrest or from the date notice has been given in the event notice is given by the department following a blood test, or when 6 7 sustained at a hearing pursuant to subsection (8) of this section, whichever occurs first. 8

(8) A person receiving notification under subsection (6)(b) of this 9 10 section may, within ((thirty)) twenty days after the notice has been given, request in writing a formal hearing before the department. 11 The 12 person shall pay a fee of two hundred dollars as part of the request. 13 If the request is mailed, it must be postmarked within ((thirty)) 14 twenty days after receipt of the notification. Upon timely receipt of such a request for a formal hearing, including receipt of the required 15 two hundred dollar fee, the department shall afford the person an 16 17 opportunity for a hearing. The department may waive the required two hundred dollar fee if the person is an indigent as defined in RCW 18 10.101.010. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the hearing 19 is subject to and shall be scheduled and conducted in accordance with 20 21 RCW 46.20.329 and 46.20.332. The hearing shall be conducted in the 22 county of the arrest, except that all or part of the hearing may, at the discretion of the department, be conducted by telephone or other 23 24 electronic means. The hearing shall be held within sixty days 25 following the arrest or following the date notice has been given in the event notice is given by the department following a blood test, unless 26 27 otherwise agreed to by the department and the person, in which case the action by the department shall be stayed, and any valid temporary 28 license marked under subsection (6)(c) of this section extended, if the 29 person is otherwise eligible for licensing. For the purposes of this 30 31 section, the scope of the hearing shall cover the issues of whether a 32 law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle 33 within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or 34 any drug or had been driving or was in actual physical control of a 35 motor vehicle within this state while having alcohol in his or her 36 37 system in a concentration of 0.02 or more if the person was under the 38 age of twenty-one, whether the person was placed under arrest, and (a)

whether the person refused to submit to the test or tests upon request 1 2 of the officer after having been informed that such refusal would result in the revocation of the person's license, permit, or privilege 3 to drive, or (b) if a test or tests were administered, whether the 4 5 applicable requirements of this section were satisfied before the administration of the test or tests, whether the person submitted to 6 7 the test or tests, or whether a test was administered without express consent as permitted under this section, and whether the test or tests 8 9 indicated that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or 10 blood was 0.08 or more if the person was age twenty-one or over at the time of the arrest, or 0.02 or more if the person was under the age of 11 twenty-one at the time of the arrest. The sworn report or report under 12 a declaration authorized by RCW 9A.72.085 submitted by a 13 law 14 enforcement officer is prima facie evidence that the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person had been driving or was in 15 actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while 16 17 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, or both, or the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor 18 vehicle within this state while having alcohol in his or her system in 19 a concentration of 0.02 or more and was under the age of twenty-one and 20 21 that the officer complied with the requirements of this section.

A hearing officer shall conduct the hearing, may issue subpoenas 22 for the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents, and 23 24 shall administer oaths to witnesses. The hearing officer shall not issue a subpoena for the attendance of a witness at the request of the 25 person unless the request is accompanied by the fee required by RCW 26 27 5.56.010 for a witness in district court. The sworn report or report under a declaration authorized by RCW 9A.72.085 of the law enforcement 28 officer and any other evidence accompanying the report shall be 29 further evidentiary foundation 30 admissible without and the certifications authorized by the criminal rules for courts of limited 31 32 jurisdiction shall be admissible without further evidentiary The person may be represented by counsel, may question 33 foundation. witnesses, may present evidence, and may testify. The department shall 34 order that the suspension, revocation, or denial either be rescinded or 35 sustained. 36

37 (9) If the suspension, revocation, or denial is sustained after38 such a hearing, the person whose license, privilege, or permit is

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suspended, revoked, or denied has the right to file a petition in the 1 2 superior court of the county of arrest to review the final order of revocation by the department in the same manner as an appeal from a 3 decision of a court of limited jurisdiction. Notice of appeal must be 4 5 filed within thirty days after the date the final order is served or the right to appeal is waived. Notwithstanding RCW 46.20.334, RALJ 6 7 1.1, or other statutes or rules referencing de novo review, the appeal shall be limited to a review of the record of the administrative 8 hearing. The appellant must pay the costs associated with obtaining 9 10 the record of the hearing before the hearing officer. The filing of the appeal does not stay the effective date of the suspension, 11 12 revocation, or denial. A petition filed under this subsection must include the petitioner's grounds for requesting review. Upon granting 13 14 petitioner's request for review, the court shall review the department's final order of suspension, revocation, or denial as 15 The review must be limited to a 16 expeditiously as possible. determination of whether the department has committed any errors of 17 The superior court shall accept those factual determinations 18 law. supported by substantial evidence in the record: (a) That were 19 expressly made by the department; or (b) that may reasonably be 20 21 inferred from the final order of the department. The superior court 22 may reverse, affirm, or modify the decision of the department or remand the case back to the department for further proceedings. The decision 23 24 of the superior court must be in writing and filed in the clerk's 25 office with the other papers in the case. The court shall state the reasons for the decision. If judicial relief is sought for a stay or 26 27 other temporary remedy from the department's action, the court shall not grant such relief unless the court finds that the appellant is 28 likely to prevail in the appeal and that without a stay the appellant 29 will suffer irreparable injury. If the court stays the suspension, 30 31 revocation, or denial it may impose conditions on such stay.

(10)(a) If a person whose driver's license, permit, or privilege to drive has been or will be suspended, revoked, or denied under subsection (7) of this section, other than as a result of a breath or blood test refusal, and who has not committed an offense for which he or she was granted a deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW, petitions a court for a deferred prosecution on criminal charges arising out of the arrest for which action has been or will be taken

under subsection (7) of this section, or notifies the department of 1 2 licensing of the intent to seek such a deferred prosecution, then the license suspension or revocation shall be stayed pending entry of the 3 deferred prosecution. The stay shall not be longer than one hundred 4 fifty days after the date charges are filed, or two years after the 5 date of the arrest, whichever time period is shorter. If the court 6 7 stays the suspension, revocation, or denial, it may impose conditions on such stay. If the person is otherwise eligible for licensing, the 8 9 department shall issue a temporary license, or extend any valid 10 temporary license marked under subsection (6) of this section, for the period of the stay. If a deferred prosecution treatment plan is not 11 12 recommended in the report made under RCW 10.05.050, or if treatment is 13 rejected by the court, or if the person declines to accept an offered 14 treatment plan, or if the person violates any condition imposed by the court, then the court shall immediately direct the department to cancel 15 the stay and any temporary marked license or extension of a temporary 16 17 license issued under this subsection.

(b) A suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under this section, 18 other than as a result of a breath or blood test refusal, shall be 19 stayed if the person is accepted for deferred prosecution as provided 20 21 in chapter 10.05 RCW for the incident upon which the suspension, 22 revocation, or denial is based. If the deferred prosecution is terminated, the stay shall be lifted and the suspension, revocation, or 23 24 denial reinstated. If the deferred prosecution is completed, the stay 25 shall be lifted and the suspension, revocation, or denial canceled.

(c) The provisions of (b) of this subsection relating to a stay of a suspension, revocation, or denial and the cancellation of any suspension, revocation, or denial do not apply to the suspension, revocation, denial, or disqualification of a person's commercial driver's license or privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle.

(11) When it has been finally determined under the procedures of this section that a nonresident's privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been suspended, revoked, or denied, the department shall give information in writing of the action taken to the motor vehicle administrator of the state of the person's residence and of any state in which he or she has a license.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 46.68 RCW
 to read as follows:

The ignition interlock device revolving fund is created in the 3 custody of the state treasurer to assist in covering the monetary costs 4 5 of installing, removing, and leasing an ignition interlock device for indigent people who are required under section 9 of this act and RCW 6 7 46.61.5055 to install an ignition interlock device in all vehicles owned or operated by the person. All receipts from the fee assessed 8 under section 9(6) of this act must be deposited into the account. The 9 10 director, or his or her designee, is authorized to expend money from the ignition interlock device revolving fund. The account is subject 11 12 to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation 13 is not required for expenditures.

14 **Sec. 4.** RCW 46.20.342 and 2004 c 95 s 5 are each amended to read 15 as follows:

16 (1) It is unlawful for any person to drive a motor vehicle in this 17 state while that person is in a suspended or revoked status or when his 18 or her privilege to drive is suspended or revoked in this or any other 19 state. Any person who has a valid Washington driver's license is not 20 guilty of a violation of this section.

21 (a) A person found to be an habitual offender under chapter 46.65 RCW, who violates this section while an order of revocation issued 22 23 under chapter 46.65 RCW prohibiting such operation is in effect, is 24 quilty of driving while license suspended or revoked in the first degree, a gross misdemeanor. Upon the first such conviction, the 25 26 person shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than ten days. Upon the second conviction, the person shall be punished by 27 imprisonment for not less than ninety days. Upon the third or 28 subsequent conviction, the person shall be punished by imprisonment for 29 30 not less than one hundred eighty days. If the person is also convicted 31 of the offense defined in RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, when both convictions arise from the same event, the minimum sentence of 32 confinement shall be not less than ninety days. The minimum sentence 33 34 of confinement required shall not be suspended or deferred. Α 35 conviction under this subsection does not prevent a person from 36 petitioning for reinstatement as provided by RCW 46.65.080.

(b) A person who violates this section while an order of suspension 1 2 or revocation prohibiting such operation is in effect and while the person is not eligible to reinstate his or her driver's license or 3 driving privilege, other than for a suspension for the reasons 4 5 described in (c) of this subsection, is guilty of driving while license suspended or revoked in the second degree, a gross misdemeanor. б This 7 subsection applies when a person's driver's license or driving privilege has been suspended or revoked by reason of: 8

9 (i) A conviction of a felony in the commission of which a motor 10 vehicle was used;

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(ii) A previous conviction under this section;

(iii) A notice received by the department from a court or diversion unit as provided by RCW 46.20.265, relating to a minor who has committed, or who has entered a diversion unit concerning an offense relating to alcohol, legend drugs, controlled substances, or imitation controlled substances;

(iv) A conviction of RCW 46.20.410, relating to the violation of restrictions of an occupational ((or)) <u>driver's license</u>, a temporary restricted driver's license, or an ignition interlock driver's license;

(v) A conviction of RCW 46.20.345, relating to the operation of a
 motor vehicle with a suspended or revoked license;

(vi) A conviction of RCW 46.52.020, relating to duty in case ofinjury to or death of a person or damage to an attended vehicle;

24 (vii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.024, relating to attempting to 25 elude pursuing police vehicles;

(viii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.500, relating to reckless driving;
 (ix) A conviction of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, relating to a
 person under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs;

(x) A conviction of RCW 46.61.520, relating to vehicular homicide;
 (xi) A conviction of RCW 46.61.522, relating to vehicular assault;

31 (xii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.527(4), relating to reckless 32 endangerment of roadway workers;

33 (xiii) A conviction of RCW 46.61.530, relating to racing of 34 vehicles on highways;

35 (xiv) A conviction of RCW 46.61.685, relating to leaving children 36 in an unattended vehicle with motor running;

37 (xv) A conviction of RCW 46.61.740, relating to theft of motor 38 vehicle fuel; (xvi) A conviction of RCW 46.64.048, relating to attempting,
 aiding, abetting, coercing, and committing crimes;

3 (xvii) An administrative action taken by the department under
4 chapter 46.20 RCW; or

5 (xviii) A conviction of a local law, ordinance, regulation, or 6 resolution of a political subdivision of this state, the federal 7 government, or any other state, of an offense substantially similar to 8 a violation included in this subsection.

(c) A person who violates this section when his or her driver's 9 10 license or driving privilege is, at the time of the violation, suspended or revoked solely because (i) the person must furnish proof 11 12 of satisfactory progress in a required alcoholism or drug treatment 13 program, (ii) the person must furnish proof of financial responsibility 14 for the future as provided by chapter 46.29 RCW, (iii) the person has failed to comply with the provisions of chapter 46.29 RCW relating to 15 16 uninsured accidents, (iv) the person has failed to respond to a notice of traffic infraction, failed to appear at a requested hearing, 17 violated a written promise to appear in court, or has failed to comply 18 with the terms of a notice of traffic infraction or citation, as 19 provided in RCW 46.20.289, (v) the person has committed an offense in 20 21 another state that, if committed in this state, would not be grounds 22 for the suspension or revocation of the person's driver's license, (vi) the person has been suspended or revoked by reason of one or more of 23 24 the items listed in (b) of this subsection, but was eligible to 25 reinstate his or her driver's license or driving privilege at the time of the violation, or (vii) the person has received traffic citations or 26 27 notices of traffic infraction that have resulted in a suspension under RCW 46.20.267 relating to intermediate drivers' licenses, or any 28 combination of (i) through (vii), is guilty of driving while license 29 suspended or revoked in the third degree, a misdemeanor. 30

31 (2) Upon receiving a record of conviction of any person or upon 32 receiving an order by any juvenile court or any duly authorized court 33 officer of the conviction of any juvenile under this section, the 34 department shall:

(a) For a conviction of driving while suspended or revoked in the
 first degree, as provided by subsection (1)(a) of this section, extend
 the period of administrative revocation imposed under chapter 46.65 RCW

1 for an additional period of one year from and after the date the person 2 would otherwise have been entitled to apply for a new license or have 3 his or her driving privilege restored; or

4 (b) For a conviction of driving while suspended or revoked in the 5 second degree, as provided by subsection (1)(b) of this section, not 6 issue a new license or restore the driving privilege for an additional 7 period of one year from and after the date the person would otherwise 8 have been entitled to apply for a new license or have his or her 9 driving privilege restored; or

10 (c) Not extend the period of suspension or revocation if the 11 conviction was under subsection (1)(c) of this section. If the 12 conviction was under subsection (1)(a) or (b) of this section and the 13 court recommends against the extension and the convicted person has 14 obtained a valid driver's license, the period of suspension or 15 revocation shall not be extended.

16 **Sec. 5.** RCW 46.20.380 and 2004 c 95 s 6 are each amended to read 17 as follows:

No person may file an application for an occupational $((\frac{\partial r}{\partial r}))$ 18 19 driver's license, a temporary restricted driver's license, or an ignition interlock driver's license as provided in RCW 46.20.391 and 20 21 section 9 of this act unless he or she first pays to the director or 22 other person authorized to accept applications and fees for driver's licenses a fee of one hundred dollars. The applicant shall receive 23 24 upon payment an official receipt for the payment of such fee. All such fees shall be forwarded to the director who shall transmit such fees to 25 26 the state treasurer in the same manner as other driver's license fees.

27 **Sec. 6.** RCW 46.20.391 and 2004 c 95 s 7 are each amended to read 28 as follows:

29 $(1)((\frac{1}{2}))$ Any person licensed under this chapter who is convicted 30 of an offense relating to motor vehicles for which suspension or revocation of the driver's license is mandatory, other than vehicular 31 homicide ((or)), vehicular assault, ((or who has had his or her license 32 suspended, revoked, or denied under RCW 46.20.3101)) driving while 33 34 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, or being in 35 actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, may submit to the department an 36

application for a temporary restricted driver's license. 1 The 2 department, upon receipt of the prescribed fee and upon determining that the petitioner is eligible to receive the license, may issue a 3 4 temporary restricted driver's license and may set definite restrictions as provided in RCW 46.20.394. ((No person may petition for, and the 5 б department shall not issue, a temporary restricted driver's license 7 that is effective during the first thirty days of any suspension or revocation imposed for a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or, 8 for a suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under RCW 46.20.3101, 9 during the required minimum portion of the periods of suspension, 10 11 revocation, or denial established under (c) of this subsection.

12 (b) An applicant under this subsection whose driver's license is 13 suspended or revoked for an alcohol-related offense shall provide proof 14 to the satisfaction of the department that a functioning ignition 15 interlock device has been installed on a vehicle owned or operated by 16 the person.

17 (i) The department shall require the person to maintain such a 18 device on a vehicle owned or operated by the person and shall restrict 19 the person to operating only vehicles equipped with such a device, for 20 the remainder of the period of suspension, revocation, or denial.

21 (ii) Subject to any periodic renewal requirements established by 22 the department pursuant to this section and subject to any applicable 23 compliance requirements under this chapter or other law, a temporary 24 restricted driver's license granted after a suspension or revocation 25 under RCW 46.61.5055 or 46.20.3101 extends through the remaining 26 portion of any concurrent or consecutive suspension or revocation that 27 may be imposed as the result of administrative action and criminal conviction arising out of the same incident. 28

29 (iii) The time period during which the person is licensed under 30 this section shall apply on a day for day basis toward satisfying the 31 period of time the ignition interlock device restriction is required 32 under RCW 46.20.720 (1) and (2) (a), (b), and (c).

33 (c) The department shall provide by rule the minimum portions of 34 the periods of suspension, revocation, or denial set forth in RCW 35 46.20.3101 after which a person may apply for a temporary restricted 36 driver's license under this section. In establishing the minimum 37 portions of the periods of suspension, revocation, or denial, the 38 department shall consider the requirements of federal law regarding 1 state eligibility for grants or other funding, and shall establish such

2 periods so as to ensure that the state will maintain its eligibility, 3 or establish eligibility, to obtain incentive grants or any other 4 federal funding.))

5 (2)(a) A person licensed under this chapter whose driver's license 6 is suspended administratively due to failure to appear or pay a traffic 7 ticket under RCW 46.20.289; a violation of the financial responsibility 8 laws under chapter 46.29 RCW; or for multiple violations within a 9 specified period of time under RCW 46.20.291, may apply to the 10 department for an occupational driver's license.

(b) If the suspension is for failure to respond, pay, or comply with a notice of traffic infraction or conviction, the applicant must enter into a payment plan with the court.

14 (c) An occupational driver's license issued to an applicant 15 described in (a) of this subsection shall be valid for the period of 16 the suspension or revocation.

17 (3) An applicant for an occupational or temporary restricted 18 driver's license who qualifies under subsection (1) or (2) of this 19 section is eligible to receive such license only if:

20 (a) Within seven years immediately preceding the date of the 21 offense that gave rise to the present conviction or incident, the 22 applicant has not committed vehicular homicide under RCW 46.61.520 or 23 vehicular assault under RCW 46.61.522; and

(b) The applicant demonstrates that it is necessary for him or herto operate a motor vehicle because he or she:

26 (i) Is engaged in an occupation or trade that makes it essential 27 that he or she operate a motor vehicle;

(ii) Is undergoing continuing health care or providing continuingcare to another who is dependent upon the applicant;

30 (iii) Is enrolled in an educational institution and pursuing a 31 course of study leading to a diploma, degree, or other certification of 32 successful educational completion;

(iv) Is undergoing substance abuse treatment or is participating in meetings of a twelve-step group such as Alcoholics Anonymous that requires the petitioner to drive to or from the treatment or meetings; (v) Is fulfilling court-ordered community service responsibilities; (vi) Is in a program that assists persons who are enrolled in a WorkFirst program pursuant to chapter 74.08A RCW to become gainfully
 employed and the program requires a driver's license;

3 (vii) Is in an apprenticeship, on-the-job training, or welfare-to-4 work program; or

5 (viii) Presents evidence that he or she has applied for a position 6 in an apprenticeship or on-the-job training program for which a 7 driver's license is required to begin the program, provided that a 8 license granted under this provision shall be in effect for no longer 9 than fourteen days; and

10 (c) The applicant files satisfactory proof of financial 11 responsibility under chapter 46.29 RCW; and

12 (d) Upon receipt of evidence that a holder of an occupational 13 driver's license granted under this subsection is no longer enrolled in 14 an apprenticeship or on-the-job training program, the director shall give written notice by first-class mail to the driver that the 15 occupational driver's license shall be canceled. The effective date of 16 17 cancellation shall be fifteen days from the date of mailing the notice. If at any time before the cancellation goes into effect the driver 18 submits evidence of continued enrollment 19 in the program, the cancellation shall be stayed. If the cancellation becomes effective, 20 21 the driver may obtain, at no additional charge, a new occupational 22 driver's license upon submittal of evidence of enrollment in another program that meets the criteria set forth in this subsection; and 23

(e) The department shall not issue an occupational driver's license
under (b)(iv) of this subsection if the applicant is able to receive
transit services sufficient to allow for the applicant's participation
in the programs referenced under (b)(iv) of this subsection.

(4) A person aggrieved by the decision of the department on the
application for an occupational or temporary restricted driver's
license may request a hearing as provided by rule of the department.

31 (5) The director shall cancel an occupational or temporary 32 restricted driver's license upon receipt of notice that the holder thereof has been convicted of operating a motor vehicle in violation of 33 its restrictions, or of a separate offense that under chapter 46.20 RCW 34 would warrant suspension or revocation of a regular driver's license. 35 The cancellation is effective as of the date of the conviction, and 36 37 continues with the same force and effect as any suspension or revocation under this title. 38

1 Sec. 7. RCW 46.20.400 and 2004 c 95 s 9 are each amended to read
2 as follows:

If an occupational ((or)) driver's license, a temporary restricted 3 driver's license, or an ignition interlock driver's license is issued 4 and is not revoked during the period for which issued the licensee may 5 obtain a new driver's license at the end of such period, but no new 6 7 driver's license may be issued to such person until he or she surrenders his or her occupational ((or)) <u>driver's license</u>, temporary 8 restricted driver's license, or ignition interlock driver's license and 9 his or her copy of the order, and the director is satisfied that the 10 person complies with all other provisions of law relative to the 11 12 issuance of a driver's license.

13 Sec. 8. RCW 46.20.410 and 2004 c 95 s 10 are each amended to read 14 as follows:

Any person convicted for violation of any restriction of an occupational ((or)) <u>driver's license</u>, a temporary restricted driver's license, or an ignition interlock driver's license shall in addition to the immediate revocation of such license and any other penalties provided by law be fined not less than fifty nor more than two hundred dollars or imprisoned for not more than six months or both such fine and imprisonment.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 46.20 RCW 23 to read as follows:

24 (1)(a) Beginning January 1, 2009, any person licensed under this 25 chapter who is convicted of any offense involving the use, consumption, or possession of alcohol while operating a motor vehicle in violation 26 of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, other than vehicular homicide or 27 vehicular assault, or who has had or will have his or her license 28 suspended, revoked, or denied under RCW 46.20.3101, may submit to the 29 30 department an application for an ignition interlock driver's license. The department, upon receipt of the prescribed fee and upon determining 31 32 that the petitioner is eligible to receive the license, may issue an ignition interlock driver's license. 33

34 (b) A person may apply for an ignition interlock driver's license35 anytime, including immediately after receiving the notices under RCW

46.20.308 or after his or her license is suspended, revoked, or denied.
 A person receiving an ignition interlock driver's license waives his or
 her right to a hearing or appeal under RCW 46.20.308.

4 (c) An applicant under this subsection shall provide proof to the
5 satisfaction of the department that a functioning ignition interlock
6 device has been installed on all vehicles operated by the person.

7 (i) The department shall require the person to maintain the device 8 on all vehicles operated by the person and shall restrict the person to 9 operating only vehicles equipped with the device, for the remainder of 10 the period of suspension, revocation, or denial.

(ii) Subject to any periodic renewal requirements established by 11 the department under this section and subject to any applicable 12 compliance requirements under this chapter or other law, an ignition 13 14 interlock driver's license granted upon a suspension or revocation under RCW 46.61.5055 or 46.20.3101 extends through the remaining 15 16 portion of any concurrent or consecutive suspension or revocation that 17 may be imposed as the result of administrative action and criminal conviction arising out of the same incident. 18

(iii) The time period during which the person is licensed under this section shall apply on a day-for-day basis toward satisfying the period of time the ignition interlock device restriction is required under RCW 46.20.720 and 46.61.5055.

(2) An applicant for an ignition interlock driver's license who qualifies under subsection (1) of this section is eligible to receive a license only if:

(a) Within seven years immediately preceding the date of the offense that gave rise to the present conviction or incident, the applicant has not committed vehicular homicide under RCW 46.61.520 or vehicular assault under RCW 46.61.522; and

30 (b) The applicant files satisfactory proof of financial 31 responsibility under chapter 46.29 RCW.

(3) Upon receipt of evidence that a holder of an ignition interlock driver's license granted under this subsection no longer has a functioning ignition interlock device installed on all vehicles operated by the driver, the director shall give written notice by first-class mail to the driver that the ignition interlock driver's license shall be canceled. The effective date of cancellation shall be fifteen days from the date of mailing the notice. If at any time before the cancellation goes into effect the driver submits evidence that a functioning ignition interlock device has been installed on all vehicles operated by the driver, the cancellation shall be stayed. If the cancellation becomes effective, the driver may obtain, at no additional charge, a new ignition interlock driver's license upon submittal of evidence that a functioning ignition interlock device has been installed on all vehicles operated by the driver.

8 (4) A person aggrieved by the decision of the department on the 9 application for an ignition interlock driver's license may request a 10 hearing as provided by rule of the department.

(5) The director shall cancel an ignition interlock driver's 11 12 license upon receipt of notice that the holder thereof has been motor vehicle in violation of 13 convicted of operating a its 14 restrictions, or of a separate offense that under this chapter would warrant suspension or revocation of a regular driver's license. 15 The cancellation is effective as of the date of the conviction, and 16 continues with the same force and effect as any suspension or 17 revocation under this title. 18

(6)(a) Unless costs are waived by the ignition interlock company or the person is indigent under RCW 10.101.010, the applicant shall pay the cost of installing, removing, and leasing the ignition interlock device and shall pay an additional fee of twenty dollars per month. Payments shall be made directly to the ignition interlock company. The company shall remit the additional twenty-dollar fee to the department.

(b) The department shall deposit the money into the ignition interlock device revolving fund administered by the department. Money from the account may only be used to provide monetary assistance to those persons who otherwise qualify for an ignition interlock driver's license but are unable to pay for all or part of the costs due to indigency under RCW 10.101.010, as determined by the department.

shall adopt rules to 31 (7) The department implement ignition 32 interlock licensing. The department shall consult with the administrative office of the courts, the state patrol, the Washington 33 association of sheriffs and police chiefs, ignition interlock 34 35 companies, and any other organization or entity the department deems 36 appropriate.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 46.20 RCW
 to read as follows:

3 (1) A pilot program is created for the purpose of monitoring
4 compliance by persons required to use ignition interlock devices and by
5 ignition interlock companies and vendors.

6 (2) The department, the state patrol, and the Washington traffic 7 safety commission shall coordinate to establish a compliance pilot 8 program that will target at least one county from eastern Washington 9 and one county from western Washington, as determined by the 10 department, state patrol, and Washington traffic safety commission.

11

(3) At a minimum, the compliance pilot program shall:

12 (a) Review the number of ignition interlock devices that are 13 required to be installed in the targeted county and the number of 14 ignition interlock devices actually installed;

(b) Work to identify those persons who are not complying with ignition interlock requirements or are repeatedly violating ignition interlock requirements; and

18

(c) Identify ways to track compliance and reduce noncompliance.

19Sec. 11. RCW 46.63.020 and 2005 c 431 s 2, 2005 c 323 s 3, and202005 c 183 s 10 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

21 Failure to perform any act required or the performance of any act prohibited by this title or an equivalent administrative regulation or 22 23 local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution relating to traffic 24 including parking, standing, stopping, and pedestrian offenses, is designated as a traffic infraction and may not be classified as a 25 26 criminal offense, except for an offense contained in the following 27 provisions of this title or a violation of an equivalent administrative regulation or local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution: 28

(1) RCW 46.09.120(2) relating to the operation of a nonhighway vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance;

32 (2) RCW 46.09.130 relating to operation of nonhighway vehicles;
33 (3) RCW 46.10.090(2) relating to the operation of a snowmobile
34 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or narcotics or habit35 forming drugs or in a manner endangering the person of another;
36 (4) RCW 46.10.130 relating to the operation of snowmobiles;

1 (5) Chapter 46.12 RCW relating to certificates of ownership and 2 registration and markings indicating that a vehicle has been destroyed 3 or declared a total loss;

4 (6) RCW 46.16.010 relating to the nonpayment of taxes and fees by
5 failure to register a vehicle and falsifying residency when registering
6 a motor vehicle;

7 (7) RCW 46.16.011 relating to permitting unauthorized persons to 8 drive;

9 (8) RCW 46.16.160 relating to vehicle trip permits;

10 (9) RCW 46.16.381(2) relating to knowingly providing false 11 information in conjunction with an application for a special placard or 12 license plate for disabled persons' parking;

13 (10) RCW 46.20.005 relating to driving without a valid driver's 14 license;

15 (11) RCW 46.20.091 relating to false statements regarding a 16 driver's license or instruction permit;

17 (12) RCW 46.20.0921 relating to the unlawful possession and use of 18 a driver's license;

19 (13) RCW 46.20.342 relating to driving with a suspended or revoked 20 license or status;

21 (14) RCW 46.20.345 relating to the operation of a motor vehicle 22 with a suspended or revoked license;

(15) RCW 46.20.410 relating to the violation of restrictions of an occupational ((or)) <u>driver's license</u>, temporary restricted driver's license, or ignition interlock driver's license;

(16) RCW 46.20.740 relating to operation of a motor vehicle without an ignition interlock device in violation of a license notation that the device is required;

(17) RCW 46.20.750 relating to ((assisting another person to start
 a vehicle equipped with)) circumventing an ignition interlock device;

31 (18) RCW 46.25.170 relating to commercial driver's licenses;

32

(19) Chapter 46.29 RCW relating to financial responsibility;

33 (20) RCW 46.30.040 relating to providing false evidence of 34 financial responsibility;

35 (21) RCW 46.37.435 relating to wrongful installation of 36 sunscreening material;

37 (22) RCW 46.37.650 relating to the sale, resale, distribution, or
 38 installation of a previously deployed air bag;

1 (23) RCW 46.37.671 through 46.37.675 relating to signal preemption 2 devices; 3 (24) RCW 46.44.180 relating to operation of mobile home pilot 4 vehicles; 5 (((24))) (25) RCW 46.48.175 relating to the transportation of dangerous articles; б 7 $((\frac{25}{2}))$ (26) RCW 46.52.010 relating to duty on striking an 8 unattended car or other property; (((26))) <u>(27)</u> RCW 46.52.020 relating to duty in case of injury to 9 10 or death of a person or damage to an attended vehicle; 11 (((27))) <u>(28)</u> RCW 46.52.090 relating to reports by repairmen, 12 storagemen, and appraisers; 13 $((\frac{28}{28}))$ (29) RCW 46.52.130 relating to confidentiality of the 14 driving record to be furnished to an insurance company, an employer, and an alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency; 15 (((29))) <u>(30)</u> RCW 46.55.020 relating to engaging in the activities 16 17 of a registered tow truck operator without a registration certificate; 18 (((30))) (31) RCW 46.55.035 relating to prohibited practices by tow 19 truck operators; ((((31))) (32) RCW 46.55.300 relating to vehicle immobilization; 20 21 (33) RCW 46.61.015 relating to obedience to police officers, 22 flaggers, or firefighters; 23 (((32))) (34) RCW 46.61.020 relating to refusal to give information 24 to or cooperate with an officer; 25 (((33))) (35) RCW 46.61.022 relating to failure to stop and give 26 identification to an officer; 27 (((34))) (36) RCW 46.61.024 relating to attempting to elude 28 pursuing police vehicles; 29 $((\frac{35}{1}))$ (37) RCW 46.61.500 relating to reckless driving; 30 (((36))) (38) RCW 46.61.502 and 46.61.504 relating to persons under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs; 31 32 (((37))) (39) RCW 46.61.503 relating to a person under age twentyone driving a motor vehicle after consuming alcohol; 33 34 (((38))) (40) RCW 46.61.520 relating to vehicular homicide by motor 35 vehicle; 36 (((39))) (41) RCW 46.61.522 relating to vehicular assault; 37 (((40))) (42) RCW 46.61.5249 relating to first degree negligent 38 driving;

(((41))) (43) RCW 46.61.527(4) relating to reckless endangerment of 1 2 roadway workers; (((42))) (44) RCW 46.61.530 relating to racing of vehicles on 3 4 highways; 5 (((43))) (45) RCW 46.61.655(7) (a) and (b) relating to failure to secure a load; 6 7 (((44))) (46) RCW 46.61.685 relating to leaving children in an 8 unattended vehicle with the motor running; (((45))) (47) RCW 46.61.740 relating to theft of motor vehicle 9 10 fuel; (((46) RCW 46.37.671 through 46.37.675 relating to signal 11 12 preemption devices; 13 (47))) (48) RCW 46.64.010 relating to unlawful cancellation of or 14 attempt to cancel a traffic citation; (((48))) <u>(49)</u> RCW 46.64.048 relating to attempting, aiding, 15 abetting, coercing, and committing crimes; 16 17 ((((49))) (50) Chapter 46.65 RCW relating to habitual traffic offenders; 18 ((((50))) (51) RCW 46.68.010 relating to false statements made to 19 obtain a refund; 20 21 (((51))) (52) Chapter 46.70 RCW relating to unfair motor vehicle 22 business practices, except where that chapter provides for the assessment of monetary penalties of a civil nature; 23 24 ((((52))) <u>(53)</u> Chapter 46.72 RCW relating to the transportation of 25 passengers in for hire vehicles; 26 (((53))) (54) RCW 46.72A.060 relating to limousine carrier 27 insurance; (((54))) <u>(55)</u> RCW 46.72A.070 relating to operation of a limousine 28 without a vehicle certificate; 29 (((55))) (56) RCW 46.72A.080 relating to false advertising by a 30 limousine carrier; 31 32 (((56))) (57) Chapter 46.80 RCW relating to motor vehicle wreckers; 33 (((57))) (58) Chapter 46.82 RCW relating to driver's training 34 schools; 35 (((58))) (<u>59)</u> RCW 46.87.260 relating to alteration or forgery of a 36 cab card, letter of authority, or other temporary authority issued 37 under chapter 46.87 RCW;

(((59))) (60) RCW 46.87.290 relating to operation of an
 unregistered or unlicensed vehicle under chapter 46.87 RCW.

3 **Sec. 12.** RCW 46.20.720 and 2004 c 95 s 11 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

(1) The court may order that after a period of suspension, 5 6 revocation, or denial of driving privileges, and for up to as long as 7 the court has jurisdiction, any person convicted of any offense 8 involving the use, consumption, or possession of alcohol while operating a motor vehicle may drive only a motor vehicle equipped with 9 a functioning ignition interlock. The court shall establish a specific 10 11 calibration setting at which the interlock will prevent the vehicle 12 from being started. The court shall also establish the period of time for which interlock use will be required. 13

14 (2) <u>Under RCW 46.61.5055</u>, the court shall order any person 15 convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or an equivalent 16 local ordinance to apply for an ignition interlock driver's license 17 from the department under section 9 of this act and to have a 18 functioning ignition interlock device installed on all motor vehicles 19 operated by the person.

20 (3) The department shall require that, after any applicable period 21 of suspension, revocation, or denial of driving privileges, a person 22 may drive only a motor vehicle equipped with a functioning ignition 23 interlock device if the person is convicted of an alcohol-related 24 violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or an equivalent local 25 ordinance.

The department may waive the requirement for the use of such a device if it concludes that such devices are not reasonably available in the local area. The device is not necessary on vehicles owned by a person's employer and driven as a requirement of employment during working hours.

The ignition interlock device shall be calibrated to prevent the motor vehicle from being started when the breath sample provided has an alcohol concentration of 0.025 or more. The period of time of the restriction will be as follows:

35 (a) For a person who has not previously been restricted under this36 section, a period of one year;

(b) For a person who has previously been restricted under (a) of
 this subsection, a period of five years;

3 (c) For a person who has previously been restricted under (b) of4 this subsection, a period of ten years.

5 **Sec. 13.** RCW 46.20.740 and 2004 c 95 s 12 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

(1) The department shall attach or imprint a notation on the 7 8 driving record of any person restricted under RCW 46.20.720 or 46.61.5055 stating that the person may operate only a motor vehicle 9 equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device. The department 10 11 shall determine the person's eligibility for licensing based upon written verification by a company doing business in the state that it 12 has installed the required device on a vehicle owned or operated by the 13 person seeking reinstatement. If, based upon notification from the 14 15 interlock provider or otherwise, the department determines that an 16 ignition interlock required under this section is no longer installed 17 or functioning as required, the department shall suspend the person's license or privilege to drive. Whenever the license or driving 18 19 privilege of any person is suspended or revoked as a result of 20 noncompliance with an ignition interlock requirement, the suspension 21 shall remain in effect until the person provides notice issued by a 22 company doing business in the state that a vehicle owned or operated by the person is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device. 23

(2) It is a misdemeanor for a person with such a notation on his orher driving record to operate a motor vehicle that is not so equipped.

26 **Sec. 14.** RCW 46.61.5055 and 2007 c 474 s 1 are each amended to 27 read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in RCW 46.61.502(6) or 46.61.504(6), a person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 and who has no prior offense within seven years shall be punished as follows:

32 (a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less 33 than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to 34 take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result 35 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

(i) By imprisonment for not less than one day nor more than one 1 2 year. Twenty-four consecutive hours of the imprisonment may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of 3 this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the 4 5 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in 6 7 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based. 8 In lieu of the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment required under this subsection 9 10 (1)(a)(i), the court may order not less than fifteen days of electronic home monitoring. The offender shall pay the cost of electronic home 11 12 monitoring. The county or municipality in which the penalty is being 13 imposed shall determine the cost. The court may also require the 14 offender's electronic home monitoring device to include an alcohol detection breathalyzer, and the court may restrict the amount of 15 alcohol the offender may consume during the time the offender is on 16 17 electronic home monitoring; and

(ii) By a fine of not less than three hundred fifty dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. Three hundred fifty dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; or

(b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

(i) By imprisonment for not less than two days nor more than one 26 27 year. Two consecutive days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory 28 minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's 29 physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence 30 31 is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason 32 for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based. In lieu of the mandatory minimum term 33 of imprisonment required under this subsection (1)(b)(i), the court may 34 order not less than thirty days of electronic home monitoring. 35 The offender shall pay the cost of electronic home monitoring. The county 36 37 or municipality in which the penalty is being imposed shall determine 38 the cost. The court may also require the offender's electronic home

1 monitoring device to include an alcohol detection breathalyzer, and the 2 court may restrict the amount of alcohol the offender may consume 3 during the time the offender is on electronic home monitoring; and

4 (ii) By a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than 5 five thousand dollars. Five hundred dollars of the fine may not be 6 suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be 7 indigent.

8 (2) Except as provided in RCW 46.61.502(6) or 46.61.504(6), a 9 person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 10 and who has one prior offense within seven years shall be punished as 11 follows:

(a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

16 (i) By imprisonment for not less than thirty days nor more than one 17 year and sixty days of electronic home monitoring. The offender shall pay for the cost of the electronic monitoring. The county or 18 municipality where the penalty is being imposed shall determine the 19 The court may also require the offender's electronic home 20 cost. 21 monitoring device include an alcohol detection breathalyzer, and may 22 restrict the amount of alcohol the offender may consume during the time the offender is on electronic home monitoring. 23 Thirty days of 24 imprisonment and sixty days of electronic home monitoring may not be 25 suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the 26 27 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in 28 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the 29 facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and 30

(ii) By a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. Five hundred dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; or

35 (b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at 36 least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a 37 test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result 38 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

(i) By imprisonment for not less than forty-five days nor more than 1 2 one year and ninety days of electronic home monitoring. The offender shall pay for the cost of the electronic monitoring. The county or 3 municipality where the penalty is being imposed shall determine the 4 5 cost. The court may also require the offender's electronic home monitoring device include an alcohol detection breathalyzer, and may 6 7 restrict the amount of alcohol the offender may consume during the time the offender is on electronic home monitoring. Forty-five days of 8 imprisonment and ninety days of electronic home monitoring may not be 9 suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of 10 this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the 11 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory 12 13 minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the 14 facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and 15

16 (ii) By a fine of not less than seven hundred fifty dollars nor 17 more than five thousand dollars. Seven hundred fifty dollars of the 18 fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the 19 offender to be indigent.

(3) Except as provided in RCW 46.61.502(6) or 46.61.504(6), a person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 and who has two or three prior offenses within seven years shall be punished as follows:

(a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less
than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to
take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result
indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

(i) By imprisonment for not less than ninety days nor more than one 28 year and one hundred twenty days of electronic home monitoring. 29 The offender shall pay for the cost of the electronic monitoring. 30 The 31 county or municipality where the penalty is being imposed shall 32 determine the cost. The court may also require the offender's electronic home monitoring device include an alcohol detection 33 breathalyzer, and may restrict the amount of alcohol the offender may 34 consume during the time the offender is on electronic home monitoring. 35 Ninety days of imprisonment and one hundred twenty days of electronic 36 37 home monitoring may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds 38 that the imposition of this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a

substantial risk to the offender's physical or mental well-being.
Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the
court shall state in writing the reason for granting the suspension or
deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based;
and

6 (ii) By a fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than 7 five thousand dollars. One thousand dollars of the fine may not be 8 suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be 9 indigent; or

10 (b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at 11 least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a 12 test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result 13 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

14 (i) By imprisonment for not less than one hundred twenty days nor more than one year and one hundred fifty days of electronic home 15 The offender shall pay for the cost of the electronic 16 monitoring. 17 monitoring. The county or municipality where the penalty is being imposed shall determine the cost. The court may also require the 18 offender's electronic home monitoring device include an alcohol 19 detection breathalyzer, and may restrict the amount of alcohol the 20 21 offender may consume during the time the offender is on electronic home 22 monitoring. One hundred twenty days of imprisonment and one hundred fifty days of electronic home monitoring may not be suspended or 23 24 deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory 25 minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence 26 27 is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the 28 suspension or deferral is based; and 29

30 (ii) By a fine of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars 31 nor more than five thousand dollars. One thousand five hundred dollars 32 of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the 33 offender to be indigent.

(4) A person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or
46.61.504 and who has four or more prior offenses within ten years, or
who has ever previously been convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.520
committed while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug

or RCW 46.61.522 committed while under the influence of intoxicating
 liquor or any drug, shall be punished in accordance with chapter 9.94A
 RCW.

4 (5)(a) The court shall require any person convicted of a violation
5 of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 to apply for an ignition interlock
6 driver's license from the department under section 9 of this act and to
7 have a functioning ignition interlock device installed on all motor
8 vehicles operated by the person.

9 <u>(b) The installation of an ignition interlock device is not</u> 10 <u>necessary on vehicles owned by a person's employer and driven as a</u> 11 <u>requirement of employment during working hours.</u>

(c) An ignition interlock device imposed under this section shall
 be calibrated to prevent a motor vehicle from being started when the
 breath sample provided has an alcohol concentration of 0.025 or more.

15 (d) The court may waive the requirement that a person obtain an 16 ignition interlock driver's license and operate only vehicles equipped 17 with a functioning ignition interlock device if the court makes a 18 specific finding in writing that the devices are not reasonably 19 available in the local area, that the person does not operate a 20 vehicle, or the person is not eligible to receive an ignition interlock 21 driver's license under section 9 of this act.

(e) When the requirement that a person obtain an ignition interlock 22 driver's license and operate only vehicles equipped with a functioning 23 24 ignition interlock device is waived by the court, the court shall order the person to submit to alcohol monitoring through an alcohol detection 25 26 breathalyzer device, transdermal sensor device, or other technology 27 designed to detect alcohol in a person's system. The person shall pay for the cost of the monitoring. The county or municipality where the 28 29 penalty is being imposed shall determine the cost.

30 (f) The period of time for which ignition interlock use or alcohol
31 monitoring is required will be as follows:

32 (i) For a person who has not previously been restricted under this 33 section, a period of one year;

(ii) For a person who has previously been restricted under (f)(i)
 of this subsection, a period of five years;

36 (iii) For a person who has previously been restricted under (f)(ii)
37 of this subsection, a period of ten years.

1 (6) If a person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 2 46.61.504 committed the offense while a passenger under the age of 3 sixteen was in the vehicle, the court shall:

(a) In any case in which the installation and use of an interlock
or other device is not mandatory under RCW 46.20.720 or other law,
order the use of such a device for not less than sixty days following
the restoration of the person's license, permit, or nonresident driving
privileges; and

9 (b) In any case in which the installation and use of such a device 10 is otherwise mandatory, order the use of such a device for an 11 additional sixty days.

12 (((-6))) (7) In exercising its discretion in setting penalties 13 within the limits allowed by this section, the court shall particularly 14 consider the following:

(a) Whether the person's driving at the time of the offense was
 responsible for injury or damage to another or another's property; and
 (b) Whether at the time of the offense the person was driving or in
 physical control of a vehicle with one or more passengers.

19 (((7))) (8) An offender punishable under this section is subject to 20 the alcohol assessment and treatment provisions of RCW 46.61.5056.

(((8))) <u>(9)</u> The license, permit, or nonresident privilege of a person convicted of driving or being in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs must:

(a) If the person's alcohol concentration was less than 0.15, or if for reasons other than the person's refusal to take a test offered under RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

(i) Where there has been no prior offense within seven years, besuspended or denied by the department for ninety days;

30 (ii) Where there has been one prior offense within seven years, be 31 revoked or denied by the department for two years; or

(iii) Where there have been two or more prior offenses within sevenyears, be revoked or denied by the department for three years;

34

(b) If the person's alcohol concentration was at least 0.15:

35 (i) Where there has been no prior offense within seven years, be 36 revoked or denied by the department for one year;

(ii) Where there has been one prior offense within seven years, berevoked or denied by the department for nine hundred days; or

1 2

(iii) Where there have been two or more prior offenses within seven years, be revoked or denied by the department for four years; or

3 (c) If by reason of the person's refusal to take a test offered 4 under RCW 46.20.308, there is no test result indicating the person's 5 alcohol concentration:

6 (i) Where there have been no prior offenses within seven years, be 7 revoked or denied by the department for two years;

8 (ii) Where there has been one prior offense within seven years, be 9 revoked or denied by the department for three years; or

10 (iii) Where there have been two or more previous offenses within 11 seven years, be revoked or denied by the department for four years.

12 The department shall grant credit on a day-for-day basis for any 13 portion of a suspension, revocation, or denial already served under 14 this subsection for a suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under 15 RCW 46.20.3101 arising out of the same incident.

For purposes of this subsection $((\frac{(8)}{9}))$ (9), the department shall refer to the driver's record maintained under RCW 46.52.120 when determining the existence of prior offenses.

19 (((9))) <u>(10)</u> After expiration of any period of suspension, 20 revocation, or denial of the offender's license, permit, or privilege 21 to drive required by this section, the department shall place the 22 offender's driving privilege in probationary status pursuant to RCW 23 46.20.355.

24 addition to (((10))) <u>(11)</u>(a) In any nonsuspendable and 25 nondeferrable jail sentence required by this section, whenever the court imposes less than one year in jail, the court shall also suspend 26 27 but shall not defer a period of confinement for a period not exceeding The court shall impose conditions of probation that 28 five years. include: (i) Not driving a motor vehicle within this state without a 29 valid license to drive and proof of financial responsibility for the 30 31 future; (ii) not driving a motor vehicle within this state while having 32 an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more within two hours after driving; and (iii) not refusing to submit to a test of his or her 33 breath or blood to determine alcohol concentration upon request of a 34 law enforcement officer who has reasonable grounds to believe the 35 person was driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle 36 37 within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor. include 38 The court may impose conditions of probation that

nonrepetition, installation of an ignition interlock device on the 1 2 probationer's motor vehicle, alcohol or drug treatment, supervised probation, or other conditions that may be appropriate. The sentence 3 may be imposed in whole or in part upon violation of a condition of 4 5 probation during the suspension period.

(b) For each violation of mandatory conditions of probation under 6 7 (a)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this subsection, the court shall order the convicted person to be confined for thirty days, which shall not be 8 suspended or deferred. 9

10 (c) For each incident involving a violation of a mandatory condition of probation imposed under this subsection, the license, 11 permit, or privilege to drive of the person shall be suspended by the 12 court for thirty days or, if such license, permit, or privilege to 13 drive already is suspended, revoked, or denied at the time the finding 14 of probation violation is made, the suspension, revocation, or denial 15 16 then in effect shall be extended by thirty days. The court shall 17 notify the department of any suspension, revocation, or denial or any extension of a suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under this 18 subsection. 19

20 (((11))) (12) A court may waive the electronic home monitoring 21 requirements of this chapter when:

22 (a) The offender does not have a dwelling, telephone service, or 23 any other necessity to operate an electronic home monitoring system;

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(b) The offender does not reside in the state of Washington; or 25 (c) The court determines that there is reason to believe that the offender would violate the conditions of the electronic home monitoring 26 27 penalty.

Whenever the mandatory minimum term of electronic home monitoring 28 29 is waived, the court shall state in writing the reason for granting the waiver and the facts upon which the waiver is based, and shall impose 30 31 an alternative sentence with similar punitive consequences. The 32 alternative sentence may include, but is not limited to, additional jail time, work crew, or work camp. 33

Whenever the combination of jail time and electronic home 34 monitoring or alternative sentence would exceed three hundred sixty-35 five days, the offender shall serve the jail portion of the sentence 36 37 first, and the electronic home monitoring or alternative portion of the

sentence shall be reduced so that the combination does not exceed three
 hundred sixty-five days.

3 (((12))) <u>(13)</u> An offender serving a sentence under this section, 4 whether or not a mandatory minimum term has expired, may be granted an 5 extraordinary medical placement by the jail administrator subject to 6 the standards and limitations set forth in RCW 9.94A.728(4).

7 (((13))) <u>(14)</u> For purposes of this section and RCW 46.61.502 and 8 46.61.504:

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(a) A "prior offense" means any of the following:

10 (i) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or an equivalent 11 local ordinance;

(ii) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.504 or an equivalentlocal ordinance;

14 (iii) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.520 committed while 15 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug;

16 (iv) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.522 committed while 17 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug;

(v) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.5249, 46.61.500, or 9A.36.050 or an equivalent local ordinance, if the conviction is the result of a charge that was originally filed as a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 46.61.522;

(vi) An out-of-state conviction for a violation that would have been a violation of (a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), or (v) of this subsection if committed in this state;

(vii) A deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW granted in a prosecution for a violation of RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance; or

(viii) A deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW granted in a prosecution for a violation of RCW 46.61.5249, or an equivalent local ordinance, if the charge under which the deferred prosecution was granted was originally filed as a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 46.61.522;

35 (b) "Within seven years" means that the arrest for a prior offense 36 occurred within seven years of the arrest for the current offense; and 37 (c) "Within ten years" means that the arrest for a prior offense 38 occurred within ten years of the arrest for the current offense. <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 15. Sections 2, 4 through 8, and 11 through 14
 of this act take effect January 1, 2009.

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