
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6644

State of Washington

60th Legislature

2008 Regular Session

By Senate Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Keiser, Franklin, Kastama, Fairley, Marr, Delvin, Kohl-Welles, Brandland, Schoesler, and Rasmussen)

READ FIRST TIME 02/08/08.

1 AN ACT Relating to primary medical eye care; reenacting and
2 amending RCW 48.43.005; adding a new section to chapter 48.43 RCW; and
3 creating a new section.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds and declares that
6 there is a paramount concern that the right of the people to obtain
7 access to health care in all its facets should be preserved and
8 enhanced. The legislature also finds that the establishment of a
9 medical home is an effective way to improve quality of care and reduce
10 unnecessary administrative costs in the delivery of care. The
11 legislature further finds that the unique characteristics of eye care
12 and the structure of insurance coverage relating to medical eye care
13 and vision only services create confusion among enrollees of health
14 plans and create inefficiencies in the delivery of medical eye care,
15 and that creating a primary care medical home relationship for eye care
16 patients will improve the quality of care and reduce the cost of eye
17 care. It is the intent of the legislature to eliminate unnecessary
18 burdens faced by patients needing medical eye care services. It is,

1 therefore, declared to be in the public interest that health plans
2 covering primary medical eye care conform to certain minimum
3 requirements.

4 **Sec. 2.** RCW 48.43.005 and 2007 c 296 s 1 and 2007 c 259 s 32 are
5 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

6 Unless otherwise specifically provided, the definitions in this
7 section apply throughout this chapter.

8 (1) "Adjusted community rate" means the rating method used to
9 establish the premium for health plans adjusted to reflect actuarially
10 demonstrated differences in utilization or cost attributable to
11 geographic region, age, family size, and use of wellness activities.

12 (2) "Basic health plan" means the plan described under chapter
13 70.47 RCW, as revised from time to time.

14 (3) "Basic health plan model plan" means a health plan as required
15 in RCW 70.47.060(2)(e).

16 (4) "Basic health plan services" means that schedule of covered
17 health services, including the description of how those benefits are to
18 be administered, that are required to be delivered to an enrollee under
19 the basic health plan, as revised from time to time.

20 (5) "Catastrophic health plan" means:

21 (a) In the case of a contract, agreement, or policy covering a
22 single enrollee, a health benefit plan requiring a calendar year
23 deductible of, at a minimum, one thousand seven hundred fifty dollars
24 and an annual out-of-pocket expense required to be paid under the plan
25 (other than for premiums) for covered benefits of at least three
26 thousand five hundred dollars, both amounts to be adjusted annually by
27 the insurance commissioner; and

28 (b) In the case of a contract, agreement, or policy covering more
29 than one enrollee, a health benefit plan requiring a calendar year
30 deductible of, at a minimum, three thousand five hundred dollars and an
31 annual out-of-pocket expense required to be paid under the plan (other
32 than for premiums) for covered benefits of at least six thousand
33 dollars, both amounts to be adjusted annually by the insurance
34 commissioner; or

35 (c) Any health benefit plan that provides benefits for hospital
36 inpatient and outpatient services, professional and prescription drugs

1 provided in conjunction with such hospital inpatient and outpatient
2 services, and excludes or substantially limits outpatient physician
3 services and those services usually provided in an office setting.

4 In July 2008, and in each July thereafter, the insurance
5 commissioner shall adjust the minimum deductible and out-of-pocket
6 expense required for a plan to qualify as a catastrophic plan to
7 reflect the percentage change in the consumer price index for medical
8 care for a preceding twelve months, as determined by the United States
9 department of labor. The adjusted amount shall apply on the following
10 January 1st.

11 (6) "Certification" means a determination by a review organization
12 that an admission, extension of stay, or other health care service or
13 procedure has been reviewed and, based on the information provided,
14 meets the clinical requirements for medical necessity, appropriateness,
15 level of care, or effectiveness under the auspices of the applicable
16 health benefit plan.

17 (7) "Concurrent review" means utilization review conducted during
18 a patient's hospital stay or course of treatment.

19 (8) "Covered person" or "enrollee" means a person covered by a
20 health plan including an enrollee, subscriber, policyholder,
21 beneficiary of a group plan, or individual covered by any other health
22 plan.

23 (9) "Dependent" means, at a minimum, the enrollee's legal spouse
24 and unmarried dependent children who qualify for coverage under the
25 enrollee's health benefit plan.

26 (10) "Eligible employee" means an employee who works on a full-time
27 basis with a normal work week of thirty or more hours. The term
28 includes a self-employed individual, including a sole proprietor, a
29 partner of a partnership, and may include an independent contractor, if
30 the self-employed individual, sole proprietor, partner, or independent
31 contractor is included as an employee under a health benefit plan of a
32 small employer, but does not work less than thirty hours per week and
33 derives at least seventy-five percent of his or her income from a trade
34 or business through which he or she has attempted to earn taxable
35 income and for which he or she has filed the appropriate internal
36 revenue service form. Persons covered under a health benefit plan
37 pursuant to the consolidated omnibus budget reconciliation act of 1986

1 shall not be considered eligible employees for purposes of minimum
2 participation requirements of chapter 265, Laws of 1995.

3 (11) "Emergency medical condition" means the emergent and acute
4 onset of a symptom or symptoms, including severe pain, that would lead
5 a prudent layperson acting reasonably to believe that a health
6 condition exists that requires immediate medical attention, if failure
7 to provide medical attention would result in serious impairment to
8 bodily functions or serious dysfunction of a bodily organ or part, or
9 would place the person's health in serious jeopardy.

10 (12) "Emergency services" means otherwise covered health care
11 services medically necessary to evaluate and treat an emergency medical
12 condition, provided in a hospital emergency department.

13 (13) "Enrollee point-of-service cost-sharing" means amounts paid to
14 health carriers directly providing services, health care providers, or
15 health care facilities by enrollees and may include copayments,
16 coinsurance, or deductibles.

17 (14) "Grievance" means a written complaint submitted by or on
18 behalf of a covered person regarding: (a) Denial of payment for
19 medical services or nonprovision of medical services included in the
20 covered person's health benefit plan, or (b) service delivery issues
21 other than denial of payment for medical services or nonprovision of
22 medical services, including dissatisfaction with medical care, waiting
23 time for medical services, provider or staff attitude or demeanor, or
24 dissatisfaction with service provided by the health carrier.

25 (15) "Health care facility" or "facility" means hospices licensed
26 under chapter 70.127 RCW, hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW,
27 rural health care facilities as defined in RCW 70.175.020, psychiatric
28 hospitals licensed under chapter 71.12 RCW, nursing homes licensed
29 under chapter 18.51 RCW, community mental health centers licensed under
30 chapter 71.05 or 71.24 RCW, kidney disease treatment centers licensed
31 under chapter 70.41 RCW, ambulatory diagnostic, treatment, or surgical
32 facilities licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, drug and alcohol treatment
33 facilities licensed under chapter 70.96A RCW, and home health agencies
34 licensed under chapter 70.127 RCW, and includes such facilities if
35 owned and operated by a political subdivision or instrumentality of the
36 state and such other facilities as required by federal law and
37 implementing regulations.

38 (16) "Health care provider" or "provider" means:

1 (a) A person regulated under Title 18 or chapter 70.127 RCW, to
2 practice health or health-related services or otherwise practicing
3 health care services in this state consistent with state law; or

4 (b) An employee or agent of a person described in (a) of this
5 subsection, acting in the course and scope of his or her employment.

6 (17) "Health care service" means that service offered or provided
7 by health care facilities and health care providers relating to the
8 prevention, cure, or treatment of illness, injury, or disease.

9 (18) "Health carrier" or "carrier" means a disability insurer
10 regulated under chapter 48.20 or 48.21 RCW, a health care service
11 contractor as defined in RCW 48.44.010, or a health maintenance
12 organization as defined in RCW 48.46.020.

13 (19) "Health plan" or "health benefit plan" means any policy,
14 contract, or agreement offered by a health carrier to provide, arrange,
15 reimburse, or pay for health care services except the following:

16 (a) Long-term care insurance governed by chapter 48.84 RCW;

17 (b) Medicare supplemental health insurance governed by chapter
18 48.66 RCW;

19 (c) Coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under chapter
20 55, Title 10, United States Code;

21 (d) Limited health care services offered by limited health care
22 service contractors in accordance with RCW 48.44.035;

23 (e) Disability income;

24 (f) Coverage incidental to a property/casualty liability insurance
25 policy such as automobile personal injury protection coverage and
26 homeowner guest medical;

27 (g) Workers' compensation coverage;

28 (h) Accident only coverage;

29 (i) Specified disease or illness-triggered fixed payment insurance,
30 hospital confinement fixed payment insurance, or other fixed payment
31 insurance offered as an independent, noncoordinated benefit;

32 (j) Employer-sponsored self-funded health plans;

33 (k) Dental only and vision only coverage; and

34 (l) Plans deemed by the insurance commissioner to have a short-term
35 limited purpose or duration, or to be a student-only plan that is
36 guaranteed renewable while the covered person is enrolled as a regular
37 full-time undergraduate or graduate student at an accredited higher

1 education institution, after a written request for such classification
2 by the carrier and subsequent written approval by the insurance
3 commissioner.

4 (20) "Material modification" means a change in the actuarial value
5 of the health plan as modified of more than five percent but less than
6 fifteen percent.

7 (21) "Preexisting condition" means any medical condition, illness,
8 or injury that existed any time prior to the effective date of
9 coverage.

10 (22) "Premium" means all sums charged, received, or deposited by a
11 health carrier as consideration for a health plan or the continuance of
12 a health plan. Any assessment or any "membership," "policy,"
13 "contract," "service," or similar fee or charge made by a health
14 carrier in consideration for a health plan is deemed part of the
15 premium. "Premium" shall not include amounts paid as enrollee point-
16 of-service cost-sharing.

17 (23) "Primary medical eye care" means all health care services
18 within the scope of practice of optometry as defined in RCW 18.53.010,
19 whether provided or performed by a provider licensed under chapter
20 18.53, 18.57, or 18.71 RCW.

21 (24) "Primary medical eye care provider" means all providers
22 licensed to practice optometry as defined in RCW 18.53.010, whether
23 provided or performed by a provider licensed under chapter 18.53,
24 18.57, or 18.71 RCW.

25 (25) "Review organization" means a disability insurer regulated
26 under chapter 48.20 or 48.21 RCW, health care service contractor as
27 defined in RCW 48.44.010, or health maintenance organization as defined
28 in RCW 48.46.020, and entities affiliated with, under contract with, or
29 acting on behalf of a health carrier to perform a utilization review.

30 ((+24)) (26) "Small employer" or "small group" means any person,
31 firm, corporation, partnership, association, political subdivision,
32 sole proprietor, or self-employed individual that is actively engaged
33 in business that, on at least fifty percent of its working days during
34 the preceding calendar quarter, employed at least two but no more than
35 fifty eligible employees, with a normal work week of thirty or more
36 hours, the majority of whom were employed within this state, and is not
37 formed primarily for purposes of buying health insurance and in which
38 a bona fide employer-employee relationship exists. In determining the

1 number of eligible employees, companies that are affiliated companies,
2 or that are eligible to file a combined tax return for purposes of
3 taxation by this state, shall be considered an employer. Subsequent to
4 the issuance of a health plan to a small employer and for the purpose
5 of determining eligibility, the size of a small employer shall be
6 determined annually. Except as otherwise specifically provided, a
7 small employer shall continue to be considered a small employer until
8 the plan anniversary following the date the small employer no longer
9 meets the requirements of this definition. A self-employed individual
10 or sole proprietor must derive at least seventy-five percent of his or
11 her income from a trade or business through which the individual or
12 sole proprietor has attempted to earn taxable income and for which he
13 or she has filed the appropriate internal revenue service form 1040,
14 schedule C or F, for the previous taxable year except for a self-
15 employed individual or sole proprietor in an agricultural trade or
16 business, who must derive at least fifty-one percent of his or her
17 income from the trade or business through which the individual or sole
18 proprietor has attempted to earn taxable income and for which he or she
19 has filed the appropriate internal revenue service form 1040, for the
20 previous taxable year. A self-employed individual or sole proprietor
21 who is covered as a group of one on the day prior to June 10, 2004,
22 shall also be considered a "small employer" to the extent that
23 individual or group of one is entitled to have his or her coverage
24 renewed as provided in RCW 48.43.035(6).

25 ~~((+25))~~ (27) "Subcontract" means any agreement between a health
26 carrier and another entity whereby health care services are provided to
27 the health carrier's enrollees through providers contracted directly
28 with such other entity.

29 (28) "Utilization review" means the prospective, concurrent, or
30 retrospective assessment of the necessity and appropriateness of the
31 allocation of health care resources and services of a provider or
32 facility, given or proposed to be given to an enrollee or group of
33 enrollees.

34 ~~((+26))~~ (29) "Wellness activity" means an explicit program of an
35 activity consistent with department of health guidelines, such as,
36 smoking cessation, injury and accident prevention, reduction of alcohol
37 misuse, appropriate weight reduction, exercise, automobile and

1 motorcycle safety, blood cholesterol reduction, and nutrition education
2 for the purpose of improving enrollee health status and reducing health
3 service costs.

4 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW
5 to read as follows:

6 (1) For all contracts issued or renewed on or after January 1,
7 2009, a health benefit plan that includes primary medical eye care
8 shall provide for enrollees a complete list of health care providers
9 contracted with the health benefit plan, either directly or through a
10 subcontract, to provide primary medical eye care to enrollees, and all
11 such providers shall be available to all enrollees, subject to any
12 service area requirements of the plan.

13 (2) A health benefit plan that includes primary medical eye care
14 shall permit enrollees to access any primary medical eye care provider
15 contracted with the health benefit plan, either directly or through a
16 subcontract, to provide care to enrollees, on the same terms as the
17 enrollee has access to his or her primary care provider.

18 (3) A referral for specialty eye care services made by a primary
19 medical eye care provider contracted with the health benefit plan,
20 either directly or through a subcontract, to provide primary medical
21 eye care to enrollees, shall be deemed equivalent to a referral by a
22 primary care provider for all purposes, including enrollee
23 point-of-service cost-sharing calculations. A health carrier may
24 require by contract that a primary medical eye care provider notify any
25 gatekeeper or medical home for a patient who is referred for specialty
26 eye care services.

27 (4) Enrollee point-of-service cost-sharing requirements for primary
28 medical eye care shall be no greater than enrollee point-of-service
29 cost-sharing requirements for services provided by a designated primary
30 care provider.

31 (5) Health care providers contracted with a health carrier, either
32 directly or through a subcontract, to provide primary medical eye care
33 to enrollees, shall be paid for covered services included in the health
34 benefit plan, subject to other conditions in their contract.

35 (6) This section does not require and shall not be construed to
36 require any health plan to include coverage of any condition, including
37 primary medical eye care.

1 (7) Nothing in this section shall be construed to expand the scope
2 of practice for any eye care provider.

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