SENATE BILL 6863

State of Washington

60th Legislature

2008 Regular Session

By Senator Roach

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Read first time 01/29/08. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to including post office addresses in scrap metal
- 2 business records; and amending RCW 19.290.020 and 19.290.030.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 19.290.020 and 2007 c 377 s 2 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
 - (1) At the time of a transaction, every scrap metal business doing business in this state shall produce wherever that business is conducted an accurate and legible record of each transaction involving nonferrous metal property. This record must be written in the English language, documented on a standardized form or in electronic form, and contain the following information:
- 12 (a) The signature of the person with whom the transaction is made;
 - (b) The time, date, location, and value of the transaction;
- 14 (c) The name of the employee representing the scrap metal business 15 in the transaction;
- 16 (d) The name, street address <u>or post office address</u>, and telephone 17 number of the person with whom the transaction is made;
- 18 (e) The license plate number and state of issuance of the license

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plate on the motor vehicle used to deliver the nonferrous metal 1 2 property subject to the transaction;

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- (f) A description of the motor vehicle used to deliver the nonferrous metal property subject to the transaction;
- (g) The current driver's license number or other government-issued picture identification card number of the seller or a copy of the seller's government-issued picture identification card; and
- (h) A description of the predominant types of nonferrous metal property subject to the transaction, including the property's classification code as provided in the institute of scrap recycling industries scrap specifications circular, 2006, and weight, quantity, or volume.
- (2) For every transaction that involves nonferrous metal property, every scrap metal business doing business in the state shall require the person with whom a transaction is being made to sign a declaration. The declaration may be included as part of the transactional record required under subsection (1) of this section, or on a receipt for the transaction. The declaration must state substantially the following:
- "I, the undersigned, affirm under penalty of law that the property that is subject to this transaction is not to the best of my knowledge stolen property."

The declaration must be signed and dated by the person with whom the transaction is being made. An employee of the scrap metal business must witness the signing and dating of the declaration and sign the declaration accordingly before any transaction may be consummated.

- (3) The record and declaration required under this section must be open to the inspection of any commissioned law enforcement officer of the state or any of its political subdivisions at all times during the ordinary hours of business, or at reasonable times if ordinary hours of business are not kept, and must be maintained wherever that business is conducted for one year following the date of the transaction.
- Sec. 2. RCW 19.290.030 and 2007 c 377 s 3 are each amended to read 32 as follows: 33
- 34 (1) No scrap metal business may enter into a transaction to purchase or receive nonferrous metal property from any person who 36 cannot produce at least one piece of current government-issued picture

SB 6863 p. 2 identification, including a valid driver's license or identification card issued by any state.

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- (2) No scrap metal business may purchase or receive commercial metal property unless the seller: (a) Has a commercial account with the scrap metal business; (b) can prove ownership of the property by producing written documentation that the seller is the owner of the property; or (c) can produce written documentation that the seller is an employee or agent authorized to sell the property on behalf of a commercial enterprise.
- (3) No scrap metal business may enter into a transaction to purchase or receive metallic wire that was burned in whole or in part to remove insulation unless the seller can produce written proof to the scrap metal business that the wire was lawfully burned.
- (4) No transaction involving nonferrous metal property valued at greater than thirty dollars may be made in cash or with any person who does not provide a street address or post office address under the requirements of RCW 19.290.020. For transactions valued at greater than thirty dollars, the person with whom the transaction is being made may only be paid by a nontransferable check, mailed by the scrap metal business to a street address or post office address provided under RCW 19.290.020, no earlier than ten days after the transaction was made. A transaction occurs on the date provided in the record required under RCW 19.290.020.
- 24 (5) No scrap metal business may purchase or receive beer kegs from 25 anyone except a manufacturer of beer kegs or licensed brewery.

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