SHB 1147 - H AMD 381

By Representative Hunter

NOT CONSIDERED 4/26/2009

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

3

- 4 "Sec. 1. RCW 82.14.450 and 2007 c 380 s 1 are each amended to 5 read as follows:
- 5 read as follows:
 6 (1) A county legislative authority may submit an authorizing
- 8 if the proposition is approved by a majority of persons voting, impose

7 proposition to the county voters at a primary or general election and,

- 9 a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter. The
- 10 title of each ballot measure must clearly state the purposes for which
- 11 the proposed sales and use tax will be used. ((Funds raised under
- 12 this tax shall not supplant existing funds used for these purposes.
- 13 For purposes of this subsection, existing funds means the actual
- 14 operating expenditures for the calendar year in which the ballot
- 15 measure is approved by voters. Actual operating expenditures excludes
- 16 lost federal funds, lost or expired state grants or loans,
- 17 extraordinary events not likely to reoccur, changes in contract
- 18 provisions beyond the control of the county or city receiving the
- 19 services, and major nonrecurring capital expenditures.)) The rate of
- 20 tax under this section ((shall)) may not exceed three-tenths of one
- 21 percent of the selling price in the case of a sales tax, or value of
- 22 the article used, in the case of a use tax.
- 23 (2) The tax authorized in this section is in addition to any other
- 24 taxes authorized by law and ((shall)) must be collected from those
- 25 persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12
- 26 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the county.

- 1 (3) The retail sale or use of motor vehicles, and the lease of 2 motor vehicles for up to the first thirty-six months of the lease, are 3 exempt from tax imposed under this section.
- 4 (4) One-third of all money received under this section ((shall))
 5 <u>must</u> be used solely for criminal justice purposes. For the purposes
 6 of this subsection, "criminal justice purposes" means additional
 7 police protection, mitigation of congested court systems, or relief of
 8 overcrowded jails or other local correctional facilities.
- 9 (5) Money received under this section ((shall)) <u>must</u> be shared 10 between the county and the cities as follows: Sixty percent ((shall)) 11 <u>must</u> be retained by the county and forty percent ((shall)) <u>must</u> be 12 distributed on a per capita basis to cities in the county.
- 14 **Sec. 2.** RCW 82.14.460 and 2008 c 157 s 2 are each amended to read 15 as follows:
- 16 (1) A county legislative authority may authorize, fix, and impose 17 a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter.
- 18 (2) The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to any 19 other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those 20 persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 21 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the county. The 22 rate of tax shall equal one-tenth of one percent of the selling price 23 in the case of a sales tax, or value of the article used, in the case 24 of a use tax.
- (3) Moneys collected under this section shall be used solely for the purpose of providing for the operation or delivery of ((new or expanded)) chemical dependency or mental health treatment programs and services and for the operation or delivery of ((new or expanded)) therapeutic court programs and services. For the purposes of this section, "programs and services" includes, but is not limited to, treatment services, case management, and housing that are a component of a coordinated chemical dependency or mental health treatment program or service.

- 1 (4) All moneys collected under this section must be used solely
 2 for the purpose of providing new or expanded programs and services as
 3 provided in this section, except a portion of moneys collected under
 4 this section ((shall not)) may be used to supplant existing funding
 5 for these purposes((, provided that)) in any county as follows: Up to
 6 fifty percent may be used to supplant existing funding in the fiscal
 7 year ending in 2010; up to forty percent may be used to supplant
 8 existing funding in the fiscal year ending in 2011; up to thirty
 9 percent may be used to supplant existing funding in the fiscal year
 10 ending in 2012; up to twenty percent may be used to supplant existing
 11 funding in the fiscal year ending in 2013; and up to ten percent may
 12 be used to supplant existing funding in the fiscal year ending in
 13 2014.
- 14 <u>(5) Nothing</u> in this section shall be interpreted to prohibit the 15 use of moneys collected under this section for the replacement of 16 lapsed federal funding previously provided for the operation or 17 delivery of services and programs as provided in this section.

- 19 **Sec. 3.** RCW 82.14.415 and 2006 c 361 s 1 are each amended to read 20 as follows:
- 21 (1) The legislative authority of any city ((with a population less 22 than four hundred thousand and which)) that is located in a county 23 with a population greater than six hundred thousand that annexes an 24 area consistent with its comprehensive plan required by chapter 36.70A 25 $RCW((\tau))$ may impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms 26 of this chapter. The tax is in addition to other taxes authorized by 27 law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the 28 state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any 29 taxable event within the city. The tax may only be imposed by a city 30 if:
- 31 (a) The city has commenced annexation of an area under chapter 32 35.13 or 35A.14 RCW having a population of at least ten thousand 33 people prior to January 1, ((2010)) 2015; and

- 1 (b) The city legislative authority determines by resolution or 2 ordinance that the projected cost to provide municipal services to the 3 annexation area exceeds the projected general revenue that the city 4 would otherwise receive from the annexation area on an annual basis.
- 5 (2) The tax authorized under this section is a credit against the 6 state tax under chapter 82.08 or 82.12 RCW. The department of revenue 7 shall perform the collection of such taxes on behalf of the city at no 8 cost to the city ((and shall remit)). The tax shall be remitted to 9 the city as provided in RCW 82.14.060.
- (3) (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the maximum 11 rate of tax any city may impose under this section shall be ((0.2) percent for the total number of annexed areas the city may annex. The 13 rate of the tax imposed under this section is)):
- (i) 0.1 percent for each annexed area population that is greater than ten thousand and less than twenty thousand((. The rate of the tax imposed under this section shall be)); and
- 17 <u>(ii)</u> 0.2 percent for an annexed area $((\frac{\text{which the}}{\text{the}}))$ population that 18 is greater than twenty thousand.
- 19 (b) As of July 1, 2011, and thereafter, 0.85 percent for an 20 annexed area population that is greater than eighteen thousand if:
- 21 <u>(i) The annexed area is annexed by a city that has officially</u> 22 designated the area a potential annexation area; and
- (ii) The annexed area is, or was prior to November 1, 2008, officially designated as a potential annexation area by a city with a population greater than four hundred thousand, in a county with a population over one million.
- 27 (4)(a) The maximum cumulative rate of tax
 - 27 (4)(a) The maximum cumulative rate of tax a city may impose under 28 subsection (3)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section is 0.2 percent for the 29 total number of annexed areas the city may annex.
 - 30 (b) The maximum cumulative rate of tax a city may impose under subsection (3)(b) of this section is 0.85 percent and for the single annexed area the city may annex and the amount of tax distributed to a city under subsection (3)(b) of this section shall not exceed five million dollars per fiscal year.

- 1 $\underline{\text{(5)}}$ The tax imposed by this section shall only be imposed at the
- 2 beginning of a fiscal year and shall continue for no more than ten
- 3 years from the date the tax is first imposed. Tax rate increases due
- 4 to additional annexed areas shall be effective on July 1st of the
- 5 fiscal year following the fiscal year in which the annexation
- 6 occurred, provided that notice is given to the department as set forth
- 7 in subsection (((8))) (9) of this section.
- 8 $((\frac{5}{1}))$ (6) All revenue collected under this section shall be used
- 9 solely to provide, maintain, and operate municipal services for the
- 10 annexation area.
- 11 $((\frac{(6)}{(6)}))$ (7) The revenues from the tax authorized in this section
- 12 may not exceed that which the city deems necessary to generate revenue
- 13 equal to the difference between the city's cost to provide, maintain,
- 14 and operate municipal services for the annexation area and the general
- 15 revenues that the cities would otherwise expect to receive from the
- 16 annexation during a year. If the revenues from the tax authorized in
- 17 this section and the revenues from the annexation area exceed the
- 18 costs to the city to provide, maintain, and operate municipal services
- 19 for the annexation area during a given year, the city shall notify the
- 20 department and the tax distributions authorized in this section shall
- 21 be suspended for the remainder of the year.
- $((\frac{7}{1}))$ (8) No tax may be imposed under this section before July
- 23 1, 2007. Before imposing a tax under this section, the legislative
- 24 authority of a city shall adopt an ordinance that includes the
- 25 following:
- 26 (a) A certification that the amount needed to provide municipal
- 27 services to the annexed area reflects the city's true and actual
- 28 costs;
- 29 (b) The rate of tax under this section that shall be imposed
- 30 within the city; and
- 31 $((\frac{b}{b}))$ (c) The threshold amount for the first fiscal year
- 32 following the annexation and passage of the ordinance.
- $((\frac{8}{(8)}))$ (9) The tax shall cease to be distributed to the city for
- 34 the remainder of the fiscal year once the threshold amount has been

- 1 reached. No later than March 1st of each year, the city shall provide
- 2 the department with a certification of the city's true and actual
- 3 costs to provide municipal services to the annexed area, a new
- 4 threshold amount for the next fiscal year, and notice of any
- 5 applicable tax rate changes. Distributions of tax under this section
- 6 shall begin again on July 1st of the next fiscal year and continue
- 7 until the new threshold amount has been reached or June 30th,
- 8 whichever is sooner. Any revenue generated by the tax in excess of
- 9 the threshold amount shall belong to the state of Washington. Any
- 10 amount resulting from the threshold amount less the total fiscal year
- 11 distributions, as of June 30th, shall not be carried forward to the
- 12 next fiscal year.
- $((\frac{9}{}))$ (10) The tax shall cease to be distributed to a city
- 14 imposing the tax under subsection (3)(b) of this section for the
- 15 remainder of the fiscal year, if the total distributions to the city
- 16 imposing the tax exceed five million dollars for the fiscal year.
- 17 (11) The following definitions apply throughout this section
- 18 unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
- 19 (a) "Annexation area" means an area that has been annexed to a
- 20 city under chapter 35.13 or 35A.14 RCW. "Annexation area" includes
- 21 all territory described in the city resolution.
- (b) "Department" means the department of revenue.
- 23 (c) "Municipal services" means those services customarily provided
- 24 to the public by city government.
- 25 (d) "Fiscal year" means the year beginning July 1st and ending the
- 26 following June 30th.
- 27 (e) "Threshold amount" means the maximum amount of tax
- 28 distributions as determined by the city in accordance with subsection
- 29 $((\frac{(6)}{(6)}))$ (7) of this section that the department shall distribute to
- 30 the city generated from the tax imposed under this section in a fiscal
- 31 year.
- 32 (f) "Potential annexation area" means one or more geographic areas
- 33 that a city has officially designated for potential future annexation,

1 as part of its comprehensive plan adoption process under the state

2 growth management act, chapter 36.70A RCW.

- 4 **Sec. 4.** RCW 84.55.050 and 2008 c 319 s 1 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- (1) Subject to any otherwise applicable statutory dollar rate 1 limitations, regular property taxes may be levied by or for a taxing 8 district in an amount exceeding the limitations provided for in this 9 chapter if such levy is authorized by a proposition approved by a 10 majority of the voters of the taxing district voting on the 11 proposition at a general election held within the district or at a 12 special election within the taxing district called by the district for 13 the purpose of submitting such proposition to the voters. Any 14 election held pursuant to this section shall be held not more than 15 twelve months prior to the date on which the proposed levy is to be 16 made, except as provided in subsection (2) of this section. The 17 ballot of the proposition shall state the dollar rate proposed and 18 shall clearly state the conditions, if any, which are applicable under 19 subsection (4) of this section.
- (2)(a) Subject to statutory dollar limitations, a proposition 20 21 placed before the voters under this section may authorize annual 22 increases in levies for multiple consecutive years, up to six 23 consecutive years, during which period each year's authorized maximum 24 legal levy shall be used as the base upon which an increased levy 25 limit for the succeeding year is computed, but the ballot proposition 26 must state the dollar rate proposed only for the first year of the 27 consecutive years and must state the limit factor, or a specified 28 index to be used for determining a limit factor, such as the consumer 29 price index, which need not be the same for all years, by which the 30 regular tax levy for the district may be increased in each of the 31 subsequent consecutive years. Elections for this purpose must be held 32 at a primary or general election. The title of each ballot measure 33 must state the limited purposes for which the proposed annual 34 increases during the specified period of up to six consecutive years

- 1 shall be used((, and funds raised under the levy shall not supplant 2 existing funds used for these purposes)).
- 3 (b)(i) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (3)(b),
- 4 funds raised by a levy under this subsection shall not supplant
- 5 existing funds used for the limited purpose specified in the ballot
- 6 title. For purposes of this subsection, existing funds means the
- 7 actual operating expenditures for the calendar year in which the
- 8 ballot measure is approved by voters. Actual operating expenditures
- 9 excludes lost federal funds, lost or expired state grants or loans,
- 10 extraordinary events not likely to reoccur, changes in contract
- 11 provisions beyond the control of the taxing district receiving the
- 12 services, and major nonrecurring capital expenditures.
- 13 (ii) The supplanting limitations in (b)(i) of this subsection do
- 14 not apply to levies approved by the voters in 2009, 2010, and 2011, in
- 15 any county with a population of one million five hundred thousand or
- 16 more.
- 17 (iii) The supplanting limitations in (b)(i) of this subsection do
- 18 not apply to levies approved by the voters in any county with a
- 19 population less than one million five hundred thousand.
- 20 (3) After a levy authorized pursuant to this section is made, the
- 21 dollar amount of such levy may not be used for the purpose of
- 22 computing the limitations for subsequent levies provided for in this
- 23 chapter, unless the ballot proposition expressly states that the levy
- 24 made under this section will be used for this purpose.
- 25 (4) If expressly stated, a proposition placed before the voters
- 26 under subsection (1) or (2) of this section may:
- 27 (a) Use the dollar amount of a levy under subsection (1) of this
- 28 section, or the dollar amount of the final levy under subsection (2)
- 29 of this section, for the purpose of computing the limitations for
- 30 subsequent levies provided for in this chapter;
- 31 (b) Limit the period for which the increased levy is to be made
- 32 under (a) of this subsection;
- 33 (c) Limit the purpose for which the increased levy is to be made
- 34 under (a) of this subsection, but if the limited purpose includes

- 1 making redemption payments on bonds, the period for which the 2 increased levies are made shall not exceed nine years;
- 3 (d) Set the levy or levies at a rate less than the maximum rate 4 allowed for the district; or
- 5 (e) Include any combination of the conditions in this subsection.
- 6 (5) Except as otherwise expressly stated in an approved ballot 7 measure under this section, subsequent levies shall be computed as if:
- 8 (a) The proposition under this section had not been approved; and
- 9 (b) The taxing district had made levies at the maximum rates which 10 would otherwise have been allowed under this chapter during the years 11 levies were made under the proposition.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) A county may adopt an ordinance creating a rural infrastructure improvement and service district in 15 all of the unincorporated area of the county. The ordinance creating 16 the district may only be adopted after a public hearing has been held 17 on the creation of the district and the county legislative body makes 18 a finding that it is in the public interest to create the district. 19 The members of the county legislative body, acting in an ex officio 20 capacity and independently, shall compose the governing body of a 21 county utility service district.
- (2) A rural infrastructure improvement and service district is a quasi-municipal corporation and an independent taxing "authority" within the meaning of Article VII, section 1 of the state Constitution.
- 26 (3) A rural infrastructure improvement and service district shall 27 have the authority to contract under chapter 39.34 RCW with a county, 28 city, town, or other municipality for the provision of services and 29 capital projects within the district.

30

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1) A rural infrastructure improvement and service district may impose an excise tax on the privilege of engaging in business as a utility. The tax is equal to the gross income of the

- 1 business derived from providing service within the district,
- 2 multiplied by a rate not exceeding six percent.
- 3 (2) A rural infrastructure improvement and service district must
- 4 use taxes collected under the authority of this section only for
- 5 capital projects and services provided within the district.
- 6 (3) A utility subject to tax under this section must add the tax
- 7 to the rates or charges it makes for utility services and separately
- 8 state the amount of tax on billings.
- 9 (4) The definitions in this subsection apply to this section.
- 10 (a) "Cable service utility" means a person providing cable service
- 11 as defined in the federal telecommunications act of 1996.
- 12 (b) "Electrical power utility" has the same meaning as light and
- 13 power business as defined in RCW 82.16.010.
- 14 (c) "Gas utility" has the same meaning as gas distribution
- 15 business as defined in RCW 82.16.010.
- 16 (d) "Gross income of the business" is defined as provided in RCW
- 17 82.04.080.
- 18 (e) "Sewer utility" means a sewerage collection business as
- 19 defined in RCW 82.16.020.
- 20 (f) "Solid waste utility" means a solid waste collection business
- 21 as defined in RCW 82.18.010.
- 22 (g) "Telephone utility" means a person providing
- 23 telecommunications service as defined in RCW 82.04.065.
- 24 (h) "Water utility" means a water distribution business as defined
- 25 in RCW 82.16.010.
- 26 (i) "Utility" means an electrical power utility, gas utility,
- 27 telephone utility, water utility, sewer utility, solid waste utility,
- 28 or cable service utility.
- 29 (5) A rural infrastructure improvement and service district may
- 30 provide exemptions for sales by utilities to business customers, such
- 31 as, manufacturing facilities, aircraft repair facilities, industrial
- 32 parks, industrial facilities, farm businesses, and computer data
- 33 centers. A district may not provide a general exemption for sales by

- 1 utilities to residential customers unless business customers are also 2 exempt.
- 3 (6) A rural infrastructure improvement and service district must
- 4 allow a credit against the cable service utility tax for any franchise
- 5 fee paid by the cable service utility to the county.
- 6 (7) A rural infrastructure improvement and service district
- 7 located in a county with a population of one million five hundred
- 8 thousand or more may not impose the tax authorize under this section
- 9 after January 1, 2012.

- 11 **Sec. 7.** RCW 36.54.130 and 2007 c 223 s 6 are each amended to read 12 as follows:
- 13 (1) To carry out the purposes for which ferry districts are
- 14 created, the governing body of a ferry district may levy each year an
- 15 ad valorem tax on all taxable property located in the district not to
- 16 exceed seventy-five cents per thousand dollars of assessed value,
- 17 except a county with a population of one million five hundred thousand
- 18 or more may not levy at a rate that exceeds seven and one-half
- 19 percent. The levy must be sufficient for the provision of ferry
- 20 services as shown to be required by the budget prepared by the
- 21 governing body of the ferry district.
- 22 (2) A tax imposed under this section may be used only for:
- 23 (a) Providing ferry services, including the purchase, lease, or
- 24 rental of ferry vessels and dock facilities;
- 25 (b) The operation, maintenance, and improvement of ferry vessels
- 26 and dock facilities;
- 27 (c) Providing shuttle services between the ferry terminal and
- 28 passenger parking facilities, and other landside improvements directly
- 29 related to the provision of passenger-only ferry service; and
- 30 (d) Related personnel costs.

31

- 32 **Sec. 8.** A new section is added to chapter 84.52 RCW to read as
- 33 follows:

- 1 (1) A county with a population of one million five hundred 2 thousand or more may impose an additional regular property tax levy in 3 an amount not to exceed seven and one-half cents per thousand dollars 4 of the assessed value of property in the county in accordance with the 5 terms of this section.
- 6 (2) Any tax imposed under this section shall be used as follows:
- 7 (a) Thirteen and one-third percent for expanding transit capacity 8 along state route 520 by adding core and other supporting bus routes;
- 9 (b) The remainder for transit related expenditures.
- 10 (3) The limitations in RCW 84.52.043 do not apply to the tax 11 authorized in this section.
- 12 (4) The limitation in RCW 84.55.010 does not apply to the first 13 tax levy imposed under this section.

15 **Sec. 9.** RCW 84.52.043 and 2005 c 122 s 3 are each amended to read 16 as follows:

Within and subject to the limitations imposed by RCW 84.52.050 as 18 amended, the regular ad valorem tax levies upon real and personal 19 property by the taxing districts hereafter named shall be as follows:

20 (1) Levies of the senior taxing districts shall be as follows: 21 (a) The levy by the state shall not exceed three dollars and sixty 22 cents per thousand dollars of assessed value adjusted to the state 23 equalized value in accordance with the indicated ratio fixed by the 24 state department of revenue to be used exclusively for the support of 25 the common schools; (b) the levy by any county shall not exceed one 26 dollar and eighty cents per thousand dollars of assessed value; (c) 27 the levy by any road district shall not exceed two dollars and twenty-28 five cents per thousand dollars of assessed value; and (d) the levy by 29 any city or town shall not exceed three dollars and thirty-seven and 30 one-half cents per thousand dollars of assessed value. However any 31 county is hereby authorized to increase its levy from one dollar and 32 eighty cents to a rate not to exceed two dollars and forty-seven and 33 one-half cents per thousand dollars of assessed value for general 34 county purposes if the total levies for both the county and any road

1 district within the county do not exceed four dollars and five cents 2 per thousand dollars of assessed value, and no other taxing district 3 has its levy reduced as a result of the increased county levy.

(2) The aggregate levies of junior taxing districts and senior 5 taxing districts, other than the state, shall not exceed five dollars 6 and ninety cents per thousand dollars of assessed valuation. 7 "junior taxing districts" includes all taxing districts other than the 8 state, counties, road districts, cities, towns, port districts, and 9 public utility districts. The limitations provided in this subsection 10 shall not apply to: (a) Levies at the rates provided by existing law 11 by or for any port or public utility district; (b) excess property tax 12 levies authorized in Article VII, section 2 of the state Constitution; 13 (c) levies for acquiring conservation futures as authorized under RCW 14 84.34.230; (d) levies for emergency medical care or emergency medical 15 services imposed under RCW 84.52.069; (e) levies to finance affordable 16 housing for very low-income housing imposed under RCW 84.52.105; (f) 17 the portions of levies by metropolitan park districts that are 18 protected under RCW 84.52.120; (g) levies imposed by ferry districts 19 under RCW 36.54.130; (h) levies for criminal justice purposes under 20 RCW 84.52.135; ((and)) (i) the portions of levies by fire protection 21 districts that are protected under RCW 84.52.125; and levies by 22 counties for transit related purposes under section 5 of this act.

23

24 **Sec. 10.** RCW 84.52.010 and 2007 c 54 s 26 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

26 Except as is permitted under RCW 84.55.050, all taxes shall be 27 levied or voted in specific amounts.

The rate percent of all taxes for state and county purposes, and purposes of taxing districts coextensive with the county, shall be determined, calculated and fixed by the county assessors of the respective counties, within the limitations provided by law, upon the assessed valuation of the property of the county, as shown by the completed tax rolls of the county, and the rate percent of all taxes levied for purposes of taxing districts within any county shall be

- 1 determined, calculated and fixed by the county assessors of the
- 2 respective counties, within the limitations provided by law, upon the
- 3 assessed valuation of the property of the taxing districts
- 4 respectively.
- 5 When a county assessor finds that the aggregate rate of tax levy
- 6 on any property, that is subject to the limitations set forth in RCW
- 7 84.52.043 or 84.52.050, exceeds the limitations provided in either of
- 8 these sections, the assessor shall recompute and establish a
- 9 consolidated levy in the following manner:
- 10 (1) The full certified rates of tax levy for state, county, county
- 11 road district, and city or town purposes shall be extended on the tax
- 12 rolls in amounts not exceeding the limitations established by law;
- 13 however any state levy shall take precedence over all other levies and
- 14 shall not be reduced for any purpose other than that required by RCW
- 15 84.55.010. If, as a result of the levies imposed under RCW 36.54.130,
- 16 84.34.230, 84.52.069, 84.52.105, the portion of the levy by a
- 17 metropolitan park district that was protected under RCW 84.52.120,
- 18 84.52.125, ((and)) 84.52.135, and section 8 of this act, the combined
- 19 rate of regular property tax levies that are subject to the one
- 20 percent limitation exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of
- 21 any property, then these levies shall be reduced as follows:
- 22 (a) The levy imposed by a county under section 8 of this act shall
- 23 be reduced until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of
- 24 the true and fair value of any property or shall be eliminated;
- 25 (b) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are
- 26 subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the
- 27 true and fair value of any property, the portion of the levy by a fire
- 28 protection district that is protected under RCW 84.52.125 shall be
- 29 reduced until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of the
- 30 true and fair value of any property or shall be eliminated;
- 31 (b) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are
- 32 subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the
- 33 true and fair value of any property, the levy imposed by a county
- 34 under RCW 84.52.135 must be reduced until the combined rate no longer

- 1 exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property or must 2 be eliminated;
- 3 (c) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are 4 subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the 5 true and fair value of any property, the levy imposed by a ferry 6 district under RCW 36.54.130 must be reduced until the combined rate 7 no longer exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any 8 property or must be eliminated;
- 9 (d) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are 10 subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the 11 true and fair value of any property, the portion of the levy by a 12 metropolitan park district that is protected under RCW 84.52.120 shall 13 be reduced until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of 14 the true and fair value of any property or shall be eliminated;
- (e) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property, then the levies imposed under RCW 84.34.230, 84.52.105, and any portion of the levy imposed under RCW 84.52.069 that is in excess of thirty cents per thousand dollars of assessed value, shall be reduced on a pro rata basis until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property or shall be eliminated; and
- (f) If the combined rate of regular property tax levies that are subject to the one percent limitation still exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property, then the thirty cents per thousand dollars of assessed value of tax levy imposed under RCW 84.52.069 shall be reduced until the combined rate no longer exceeds one percent of the true and fair value of any property or eliminated.
- 29 (2) The certified rates of tax levy subject to these limitations 30 by all junior taxing districts imposing taxes on such property shall 31 be reduced or eliminated as follows to bring the consolidated levy of 32 taxes on such property within the provisions of these limitations:
- 33 (a) First, the certified property tax levy rates of those junior 34 taxing districts authorized under RCW 36.68.525, 36.69.145,

- 1 35.95A.100, and 67.38.130 shall be reduced on a pro rata basis or 2 eliminated;
- 3 (b) Second, if the consolidated tax levy rate still exceeds these
- 4 limitations, the certified property tax levy rates of flood control
- 5 zone districts shall be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated;
- 6 (c) Third, if the consolidated tax levy rate still exceeds these
- 7 limitations, the certified property tax levy rates of all other junior
- 8 taxing districts, other than fire protection districts, regional fire
- 9 protection service authorities, library districts, the first fifty
- .O cent per thousand dollars of assessed valuation levies for
- 11 metropolitan park districts, and the first fifty cent per thousand
- 12 dollars of assessed valuation levies for public hospital districts,
- 13 shall be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated;
- 14 (d) Fourth, if the consolidated tax levy rate still exceeds these
- 15 limitations, the first fifty cent per thousand dollars of assessed
- 16 valuation levies for metropolitan park districts created on or after
- 17 January 1, 2002, shall be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated;
- 18 (e) Fifth, if the consolidated tax levy rate still exceeds these
- 19 limitations, the certified property tax levy rates authorized to fire
- 20 protection districts under RCW 52.16.140 and 52.16.160 and regional
- 21 fire protection service authorities under RCW 52.26.140(1) (b) and (c)
- 22 shall be reduced on a pro rata basis or eliminated; and
- 23 (f) Sixth, if the consolidated tax levy rate still exceeds these
- 24 limitations, the certified property tax levy rates authorized for fire
- 25 protection districts under RCW 52.16.130, regional fire protection
- 26 service authorities under RCW 52.26.140(1)(a), library districts,
- 27 metropolitan park districts created before January 1, 2002, under
- 28 their first fifty cent per thousand dollars of assessed valuation
- 29 levy, and public hospital districts under their first fifty cent per
- 30 thousand dollars of assessed valuation levy, shall be reduced on a pro
- 31 rata basis or eliminated.

33 **Sec. 11.** RCW 47.26.086 and 1994 c 179 s 11 are each amended to

34 read as follows:

- 1 <u>(1)</u> Transportation improvement account projects selected for 2 funding programs after fiscal year 1995 are governed by the 3 requirements of this section.
- 4 (2) The board shall allocate funds from the account by June 30th 5 of each year for the ensuing fiscal year to urban counties, cities 6 with a population of five thousand and over, and to transportation 7 benefit districts. Projects may include, but are not limited to, 8 multi-agency projects and arterial improvement projects in fast-9 growing areas. The board shall endeavor to provide geographical 10 diversity in selecting improvement projects to be funded from the 11 account.
- 12 <u>(3)</u> The intent of the program is to improve mobility of people 13 and goods in Washington state by supporting economic development and 14 environmentally responsive solutions to our statewide transportation 15 system needs.
- 16 To be eligible to receive these funds, a project must be (4)17 consistent with the Growth Management Act, the Clean Air Act including 18 conformity, and the Commute Trip Reduction Law and consideration must 19 have been given to the project's relationship, both actual and 20 potential, with the statewide rail passenger program and rapid mass 21 transit. Projects must be consistent with any adopted high capacity 22 transportation plan, must consider existing or reasonably foreseeable 23 congestion levels attributable to economic development or growth and 24 all modes of transportation and safety, and must be partially funded 25 by local government or private contributions, or a combination of such 26 contributions. Priority consideration shall be given to those 27 projects with the greatest percentage of local private or 28 contribution, or both.
- (5) A city or town located within a county with a population of one million five hundred thousand or more may not qualify for new grants after December 31, 2011, unless: (a) All potential annexation areas have been annexed prior to January 1, 2012; or (b) the voter's within remaining potential annexation areas have rejected annexation.

 34 This subsection only applies to potential annexation areas that are:

- 1 (a) Recognized in the city or town's comprehensive plan or related
- 2 document as such plan or related document exists on the effective date
- 3 of this act; and (b) estimated to have a population in excess of four
- 4 thousand.
- 5 Within one year after board approval of an application for
- 6 funding, the lead agency shall provide written certification to the
- 7 board of the pledged local and private funding for the phase of the
- 8 project approved. Funds allocated to an applicant that does not
- 9 certify its funding within one year after approval may be reallocated
- 10 by the board.

- 12 NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 43.155
- 13 RCW to read as follows:
- 14 A city or town located within a county with a population of one
- 15 million five hundred thousand or more may not qualify for new loans or
- 16 pledges after December 31, 2011, unless: (a) All potential annexation
- 17 areas have been annexed prior to January 1, 2012; or (b) the voter's
- 18 within remaining potential annexation areas have rejected annexation.
- 19 This section only applies to potential annexation areas that are: (a)
- 20 Recognized in the city or town's comprehensive plan or related
- 21 document as such plan or related document exists on the effective date
- 22 of this act; and (b) estimated to have a population in excess of four
- 23 thousand.

- 25 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 13.** A new section is added to chapter 35.21
- 26 RCW to read as follows:
- 27 (1) Subject to the requirements of this section, a city or town
- 28 located partially or wholly within a county with a population of one
- 29 million five hundred thousand or more may impose a tax upon the gross
- 30 income or gross receipts of a water-sewer district.
- 31 (2) A city or town imposing the tax authorized under this section
- 32 may not impose a rate of tax that exceeds six percent.
- 33 (3)(a) A city or town may not impose the tax authorized under
- 34 this section unless: (a) All potential annexation areas have been

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1 annexed prior to January 1, 2012; or (b) the voter's within remaining
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- 2 potential annexation areas have rejected annexation. This subsection
- 3 only applies to potential annexation areas that are: (a) Recognized in
- 4 the city or town's comprehensive plan or related document as such plan
- 5 or related document exists on the effective date of this act; and (b)
- 6 estimated to have a population in excess of four thousand.

- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** A new section is added to chapter 43.09
- 9 RCW to read as follows:
- 10 (1) By January 1, 2011, the state auditor shall conduct a
- 11 performance audit of any county with a population of one million five
- 12 hundred thousand or more to specifically determine whether policy
- 13 changes and programs the county has adopted since January 1, 2009,
- 14 will effectively reduce overhead and other costs, improve services,
- 15 and streamline operations. The performance audit must identify
- 16 current deficiencies in recognized best practices in the provision of
- 17 county goods and services and how the provision of these goods and
- 18 services could be provided more efficiently and effectively. As part
- 19 of the performance audit, the auditor shall also evaluate the amount
- 20 of local and regional services provided by the county within and
- 21 outside city limits and contrast this with other large counties in
- 22 Washington and with counties of similar size in other states. The
- 23 state auditor shall use money distributed to the auditor under RCW
- 24 82.08.020(5) to pay for the performance audit required under this
- 25 section.
- 26 (2) This section expires January 1, 2012.

27

28

- 29 NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. Sections 5 and 6 constitute a new chapter
- 30 to be added to Title 36 RCW.

31

- 32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 16.** Section 2 of this act expires July 1,
- 33 2014."

EFFECT: Allows the mental health/chemical dependency sales and use tax to partially supplant existing funds in counties with a population less than 1.5 million. Allows for the creation of rural infrastructure improvement and service (RIIS) districts in unincorporated areas of counties. Allows a RIIS district to impose a tax on utilities. Allows cities in King County to impose utility taxes on water-sewer districts. Requires the state auditor to do a performance audit of King County. Requires cities within King County to annex or attempt to annex large potential annexation areas in order to apply for TIB and public works trust fund grants and loans. Limits the ferry district property tax in King County to 7.5 cents. Authorizes an additional property tax in King County of 7.5 cents to fund transit projects.

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