## 6508-S.E2 AMH PEDE ADAM 153

## 2ESSB 6508 - H AMD 1599

By Representative Pedersen

ADOPTED 3/10/2010

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following: 3 4 "Sec. 1. RCW 4.20.010 and 1917 c 123 s 1 are each amended to read 5 6 as follows: (1) When the death of a person is caused by the wrongful act, 8 neglect or default of another his personal representative may maintain 9 an action for damages against the person causing the death; and 10 although the death shall have been caused under such circumstances as amount, in law, to a felony. (2) The liability of a governmental entity in an action under this 12 section that is based on a parent's significant involvement in an 13 adult child's life is limited to situations where the governmental 14 entity's acts or omissions are negligent and are a proximate cause of 15 the death of the claimant, and where the governmental entity is not 16 otherwise immune or where the governmental entity's liability is not otherwise limited by statute or case law. (3) For the purposes of this section, "governmental entity" means the state, local agencies, political subdivisions, and any officers, 19 employees, or agents of the state, local agencies, or political 20 subdivisions. 21 23

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- Sec. 2. RCW 4.20.020 and 2007 c 156 s 29 are each amended to read 24 as follows: 25
- (1) Every ((such)) action under RCW 4.20.010 shall be for the 26 benefit of the ((wife, husband)) spouse, state registered domestic 27 partner, ((child)) or children, including stepchildren, of the person 6508-S.E2 AMH PEDE ADAM 153 Official Print - 1

- 1 whose death shall have been so caused. If there ((be)) is no ((wife,
- 2 husband)) spouse, state registered domestic partner, or ((such)) child
- 3 ((or children, such)), the action may be maintained for the benefit
- 4 of:
- 5 (a) The parents((<del>, sisters, or brothers, who may be dependent upon</del>
- 6 the deceased person for support, and who are resident within the
- 7 United States at the time of his death)) of a deceased adult child if
- 8 the parents are financially dependent upon the adult child for support
- 9 or if the parents have had significant involvement in the adult
- 10 child's life; or
- 11 (b) Sisters or brothers who are financially dependent upon the
- 12 decedent for support if there is no spouse, state registered domestic
- 13 partner, child, or parent.
- In every such action the jury may ((give such)) award economic and
- 15 noneconomic damages as( $(\frac{1}{2})$ ) under all circumstances of the case( $(\frac{1}{2})$ )
- 16 may to them seem just. In an action under RCW 4.20.010 that is based
- 17 on a parent's significant involvement in an adult child's life,
- 18 economic damages include any student loan balance that the parent may
- 19 be obligated to repay as a result of acting as a cosigner or guarantor
- 20 on the decedent's student loans, except for student loan balances
- 21 that, under the terms of the loan, are eligible for a complete
- 22 discharge upon the death of the borrower.
- 23 (2) For the purposes of this section:
- 24 (a) "Financially dependent for support" means substantial
- 25 dependence based on the receipt of services that have an economic or
- 26 monetary value, or substantial dependence based on actual monetary
- 27 payments or contributions; and
- 28 (b) "Significant involvement" means demonstrated support of an
- 29 emotional, psychological, or financial nature within the relationship,
- 30 at or reasonably near the time of death, or at or reasonably near the
- 31 time of the incident causing death. When determining if the parents
- 32 have had significant involvement in the adult child's life, the court
- 33 shall consider, but not be limited to, objective evidence of personal,
- 34 verbal, written, or electronic contact with the adult child, and in-

- 1 person interaction with the adult child during holidays, birthdays,
- 2 and other events.

12 <del>That</del>)).

- 4 **Sec. 3.** RCW 4.20.046 and 2008 c 6 s 409 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 (1) All causes of action by a person or persons against another 7 person or persons shall survive to the personal representatives of the 8 former and against the personal representatives of the latter, whether 9 ((such)) the actions arise on contract or otherwise, and whether or 10 not ((such)) the actions would have survived at the common law or 11 prior to the date of enactment of this section((: PROVIDED, HOWEVER,
- (2) In addition to recovering economic losses for the estate, the personal representative ((shall only be)) is entitled to recover on behalf of those beneficiaries identified under RCW 4.20.060 any noneconomic damages for pain and suffering, anxiety, emotional distress, or humiliation personal to and suffered by ((a)) the deceased ((on behalf of those beneficiaries enumerated in RCW 4.20.020, and)) in such amounts as determined by a jury to be just under all the circumstances of the case. Damages under this section are recoverable regardless of whether or not the death was occasioned by the injury that is the basis for the action.
- 23 (3) The liability of property of spouses or domestic partners held 24 by them as community property and subject to execution in satisfaction 25 of a claim enforceable against such property so held shall not be 26 affected by the death of either or both spouses or either or both 27 domestic partners; and a cause of action shall remain an asset as 28 though both claiming spouses or both claiming domestic partners 29 continued to live despite the death of either or both claiming spouses 30 or both claiming domestic partners.
- $((\frac{(2)}{(2)}))$   $\underline{(4)}$  Where death or an injury to person or property, 32 resulting from a wrongful act, neglect or default, occurs 33 simultaneously with or after the death of a person who would have been 34 liable therefor if his or her death had not occurred simultaneously

- 1 with such death or injury or had not intervened between the wrongful
- 2 act, neglect or default and the resulting death or injury, an action
- 3 to recover damages for such death or injury may be maintained against
- 4 the personal representative of such person.

- 6 **Sec. 4.** RCW 4.20.060 and 2007 c 156 s 30 are each amended to read 7 as follows:
- 8 (1) No action for a personal injury to any person occasioning
- 9 death shall abate, nor shall ((such)) the right of action
- 10  $((\frac{\text{determine}}{}))$   $\frac{\text{terminate}}{}$ , by reason of  $((\frac{\text{such}}{}))$   $\frac{\text{the}}{}$  death $((\frac{}{}))$  if
- 11 ((such)) the person has a surviving ((spouse, state registered
- 12 domestic partner, or child living, including stepchildren, or leaving
- 13 no surviving spouse, state registered domestic partner, or such
- 14 children, if there is dependent upon the deceased for support and
- 15 resident within the United States at the time of decedent's death,
- 16 parents, sisters, or brothers; but such action may be prosecuted, or
- 17 commenced and prosecuted, by the executor or administrator))
- 18 beneficiary in whose favor the action may be brought under subsection
- 19 (2) of this section.
- 20 (2) An action under this section shall be brought by the personal
- 21 representative of the deceased((-)) in favor of ((such)) the surviving
- 22 spouse or state registered domestic partner((, or in favor of the
- 23 surviving spouse or state registered domestic partner)) and ((such))
- 24 children((<del>, or if</del>)). If there is no surviving spouse ((<del>or</del>)), state
- 25 registered domestic partner, ((in favor of such child)) or children,
- 26 ((or if no surviving spouse, state registered domestic partner, or
- 27 such child or children, then)) the action shall be brought in favor of
- 28 the decedent's:
- 29 (a) Parents((<del>, sisters, or brothers who may be dependent upon such</del>
- 30 person for support, and resident in the United States at the time of
- 31 decedent's death)) if the parents are financially dependent upon the
- 32 decedent for support or if the parents have had significant
- 33 involvement in the decedent's life; or
- 34 (b) Sisters or brothers who are financially dependent upon the

- 1 decedent for support if there is no spouse, state registered domestic
- 2 partner, child, or parent.
- 3 (3) In addition to recovering economic losses, the persons
- 4 identified in subsection (2) of this section are entitled to recover
- 5 any noneconomic damages personal to and suffered by the decedent
- 6 including, but not limited to, damages for the decedent's pain and
- 7 suffering, anxiety, emotional distress, or humiliation, in such
- 8 amounts as determined by a jury to be just under all the circumstances
- 9 of the case.
- 10 (4) For the purposes of this section:
- 11 (a) "Financially dependent for support" means substantial
- 12 dependence based on the receipt of services that have an economic or
- 13 monetary value, or substantial dependence based on actual monetary
- 14 payments or contributions; and
- 15 (b) "Significant involvement" means demonstrated support of an
- 16 emotional, psychological, or financial nature within the relationship,
- 17 at or reasonably near the time of death, or at or reasonably near the
- 18 time of the incident causing death. When determining if the parents
- 19 have had significant involvement in the child's life, the court shall
- 20 consider, but not be limited to, objective evidence of personal,
- 21 verbal, written, or electronic contact with the child, and in-person
- 22 interaction with the child during holidays, birthdays, and other
- 23 events.

- 25 **Sec. 5.** RCW 4.24.010 and 1998 c 237 s 2 are each amended to read
- 26 as follows:
- 27 (1) A ((mother or father, or both,)) parent who has regularly
- 28 contributed to the support of his or her minor child, ((and the mother
- 29 or father, or both, of a child on whom either, or both, are)) or a
- 30 parent who is financially dependent on a minor child for support or
- 31 who has had significant involvement in the minor child's life, may
- 32 maintain or join ((as a party)) an action as plaintiff for the injury
- 33 or death of the child.

- 1 (2) Each parent, separately from the other parent, is entitled to
- 2 recover for his or her own loss regardless of marital status, even
- 3 though this section creates only one cause of action((, but if the
- 4 parents of the child are not married, are separated, or not married to
- 5 each other damages may be awarded to each plaintiff separately, as the
- 6 trier of fact finds just and equitable)).
- 7 (3) If one parent brings an action under this section and the
- 8 other parent is not named as a plaintiff, notice of the institution of
- 9 the suit, together with a copy of the complaint, shall be served upon
- 10 the other parent: PROVIDED, That notice shall be required only if
- 11 parentage has been duly established.
- 12 Such notice shall be in compliance with the statutory requirements
- 13 for a summons. Such notice shall state that the other parent must
- 14 join as a party to the suit within twenty days or the right to recover
- 15 damages under this section shall be barred. Failure of the other
- 16 parent to timely appear shall bar such parent's action to recover any
- 17 part of an award made to the party instituting the suit.
- 18 (4) In ((such)) an action under this section, in addition to
- 19 damages for medical, hospital, medication expenses, and loss of
- 20 services and support, damages may be recovered for the loss of love
- 21 and companionship of the child and for injury to or destruction of the
- 22 parent-child relationship in such amount as, under all the
- 23 circumstances of the case, may be just.
- 24 (5) For the purposes of this section:
- 25 (a) "Financially dependent for support" means substantial
- 26 dependence based on the receipt of services that have an economic or
- 27 monetary value, or substantial dependence based on actual monetary
- 28 payments or contributions; and
- 29 (b) "Significant involvement" means demonstrated support of an
- 30 emotional, psychological, or financial nature within the relationship,
- 31 at or reasonably near the time of death, or at or reasonably near the
- 32 time of the incident causing death. When determining if the parents
- 33 have had significant involvement in the child's life, the court shall
- 34 consider, but not be limited to, objective evidence of personal,

- 1 verbal, written, or electronic contact with the child, and in-person
- 2 interaction with the child during holidays, birthdays, and other
- 3 events.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act applies to all causes of action 6 that are based on deaths occurring on or after the effective date of
- 7 this act.

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- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** (1) On December 1, 2011, and every December
- 10 1st thereafter, the risk management division within the office of
- 11 financial management shall report to the house of representatives ways
- 12 and means committee, the house of representatives judiciary committee,
- 13 the senate ways and means committee, and the senate government
- 14 operations and elections committee, or successor committees, on the
- 15 incidents covered by this act that involve state agencies.
- 16 (2) On December 1, 2011, and every December 1st thereafter, each
- 17 local government risk pool or local government risk management
- 18 division, or the equivalent in local governments, shall report to the
- 19 legislative body of the local government on the incidents covered by
- 20 this act that involve the local government.
- 21 (3) This section expires December 2, 2016.

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- 23 NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. If any provision of this act or its
- 24 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
- 25 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
- 26 persons or circumstances is not affected."

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28 Correct the title.

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**EFFECT:** The striking amendment, as compared to the underlying bill, makes the following changes:

• Removes the provisions that eliminate the joint and several liability of the state and its political subdivisions in actions based on a parent's significant involvement in a child's life.

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- Provides that the liability of a governmental entity in a wrongful death action that is based on a parent's significant involvement in a child's life is limited to situations where the entity's acts or omissions are negligent and a proximate cause of the death of the claimant, and where the entity is not otherwise immune or where the entity's liability is not otherwise limited by statute or case law.
- Requires the court, when determining whether a parent had significant involvement in a child's life, to consider objective evidence of personal, verbal, written, or electronic contact with the child and in-person interaction with the child during holidays, birthdays, and other events.
- Provides that in a wrongful death action based on a parent's significant involvement in a child's life, the parent may recover for the decedent's student loan balances for which the parent is obligated as a cosignor or guarantor, except loan balances that are eligible for a complete discharge upon the death of the borrower.
- Provides that the act applies to actions that are based on deaths occurring on or after the effective date of the act.
- Makes other clarifying and technical amendments.

As compared to the version of the bill as previously passed the House (H-5513.E), the striking amendment:

- Removes the provisions creating the Local Government Liability Reimbursement Account (Account) to reimburse liability and defense costs incurred by local governments as a result of the act, and removes the temporary surcharges on traffic infractions and superior court civil filing fees that funded this Account.
- Adds a section stating that the liability of a governmental entity in a wrongful death action that is based on a parent's significant involvement in a child's life is limited to situations where the entity's acts or omissions are negligent and a proximate cause of the death of the claimant, and where the entity is not otherwise immune or where the entity's liability is not otherwise limited by statute or case law.

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