SSB 6557 - H COMM AMD

By Committee on General Government Appropriations

ADOPTED AS AMENDED 03/04/2010

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

3 "<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. The legislature finds that:

4 (1) Brake friction material is an essential component of motor
5 vehicle brakes and is critically important to transportation safety and
6 public safety in general;

7 (2) Debris from brake friction material containing copper and its
8 compounds is generated and released to the environment during normal
9 operation of motor vehicle brakes;

10 (3) Thousands of pounds of copper and other substances released 11 from brake friction material enter Washington state's streams, rivers, 12 and marine environment every year; and

13 (4) Copper is toxic to many aquatic organisms, including salmon.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. The definitions in this section apply
 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

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(1) "Accredited laboratory" means a laboratory that is:

17 (a) Qualified and equipped for testing of products, materials, 18 equipment, and installations in accordance with national or 19 international standards; and

(b) Accredited by a third-party organization approved by thedepartment to accredit laboratories for purposes of this chapter.

(2) "Alternative brake friction material" means brake frictionmaterial that:

24 (a) Does not contain:

25 (i) More than 0.5 percent copper or its compounds by weight;

26 (ii) The constituents identified in section 3 of this act at the 27 concentrations specified; and

28 (iii) Other materials determined by the department to be more

1 harmful to human health or the environment than existing brake friction 2 material;

3 (b) Enables motor vehicle brakes to meet applicable federal safety 4 standards, or if no federal safety standard exists, a widely accepted 5 industry standard;

6 (c) Is available at a cost and quantity that does not cause 7 significant financial hardship across the majority of brake friction 8 material and vehicle manufacturing industries; and

9 (d) Is available to enable brake friction material and vehicle 10 manufacturers to produce viable products meeting consumer expectations 11 regarding braking noise, shuddering, and durability.

(3) "Brake friction material" means that part of a motor vehicle
brake designed to retard or stop the movement of a motor vehicle
through friction against a rotor made of more durable material.

15 (4) "Committee" means the brake friction material advisory 16 committee.

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(5) "Department" means the department of ecology.

18 (6)(a) "Motor vehicle" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 19 46.04.320 that are subject to licensing requirements under RCW 20 46.16.010.

21 (b) "Motor vehicle" does not include:

22 (i) Motorcycles as defined in RCW 46.04.330;

(ii) Motor vehicles employing internal closed oil immersed motor vehicle brakes or similar brake systems that are fully contained and emit no debris or fluid under normal operating conditions;

26 (iii) Military combat vehicles;

(iv) Race cars, dual-sport vehicles, or track day vehicles, whose primary use is for off-road purposes and are permitted under RCW 46.16.160; or

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(v) Collector vehicles, as defined in RCW 46.04.126.

31 (7)(a) "Motor vehicle brake" means an energy conversion mechanism 32 used to retard or stop the movement of a motor vehicle.

33 (b) "Motor vehicle brake" does not include brakes designed 34 primarily to hold motor vehicles stationary and not for use while motor 35 vehicles are in motion.

(8) "Original equipment service" means brake friction material
 provided as service parts originally designed for and using the same
 brake friction material formulation sold with a new motor vehicle.

1 (9) "Small volume motor vehicle manufacturer" means a manufacturer 2 of motor vehicles with Washington annual sales of less than one 3 thousand new passenger cars, light-duty trucks, medium-duty vehicles, 4 heavy-duty vehicles, and heavy-duty engines based on the average number 5 of vehicles sold for the three previous consecutive model years.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. (1) Beginning January 1, 2014, no 7 manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, or distributor may sell or offer 8 for sale brake friction material in Washington state containing any of 9 the following constituents in an amount exceeding the specified 10 concentrations:

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1 (a) Asbestiform fibers, 0.1 percent by weight.

12 (b) Cadmium and its compounds, 0.01 percent by weight.

(d) Lead and its compounds, 0.1 percent by weight.

13 (c) Chromium(VI)-salts, 0.1 percent by weight.

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15 (e) Mercury and its compounds, 0.1 percent by weight.

(2) Beginning January 1, 2021, no manufacturer, wholesaler,
 retailer, or distributor may sell or offer for sale brake friction
 material in Washington state containing more than five percent copper

19 and its compounds by weight.

(3) Brake friction material manufactured prior to 2015 is exempt
 from subsection (1) of this section for the purposes of clearing
 inventory. This exemption expires January 1, 2025.

(4) Brake friction material manufactured prior to 2021 is exempt
from subsection (2) of this section for the purposes of clearing
inventory. This exemption expires January 1, 2031.

(5) Brake friction material manufactured as part of an original
equipment service contract for vehicles manufactured prior to January
1, 2015, is exempt from subsection (1) of this section.

(6) Brake friction material manufactured as part of an original
 equipment service contract for vehicles manufactured prior to January
 1, 2021, is exempt from subsection (2) of this section.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. (1) By December 1, 2015, the department 33 shall review risk assessments, scientific studies, and other relevant 34 analysis regarding alternative brake friction material and determine 35 whether the material may be available. The department shall consider any new science with regard to the bioavailability and toxicity of
 copper.

3 (2) If the department finds that alternative brake friction 4 material may be available, it shall convene a brake friction material 5 advisory committee. The committee shall include, but is not limited 6 to:

7 (a) A representative of the department, who will chair the 8 committee;

9 (b) The chief of the Washington state patrol, or the chief's 10 designee;

11 (c) A representative of manufacturers of brake friction material;

(d) A representative of manufacturers of motor vehicles;

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13 (e) A representative of a nongovernmental organization concerned 14 with motor vehicle safety;

15 (f) A representative of the national highway traffic safety 16 administration; and

17 (g) A representative of a nongovernmental organization concerned18 with the environment.

(3) If convened pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, the 19 committee shall separately assess alternative brake friction material 20 21 for passenger vehicles, light-duty vehicles, and heavy-duty vehicles. 22 The committee shall make different recommendations to the department as 23 to whether alternative brake friction material is available or 24 unavailable for passenger vehicles, light-duty vehicles, and heavy-duty 25 vehicles. For purposes of this section, "heavy-duty vehicle" means a 26 vehicle used for commercial purposes with a gross vehicle weight rating 27 above twenty-six thousand pounds. The committee shall also consider appropriate exemptions including original equipment service and brake 28 29 friction material manufactured prior to the dates specified in section 5 of this act. The department shall consider the committee's 30 recommendations and make a finding as to whether alternative brake 31 friction material is available or unavailable. 32

33 (4) If, pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, the department 34 finds that alternative brake friction material:

35 (a) Is available, it shall comply with section 5 of this act;

36 (b) Is not available, it shall periodically evaluate the finding 37 and, if it determines that alternative brake friction material may be available, comply with subsections (2) and (3) of this section. If the
 department finds that alternative brake friction material is available,
 it shall comply with section 5 of this act.

4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. If, pursuant to section 4 of this act, the 5 department finds that alternative brake friction material is available:

(1)(a) By December 31st of the year in which the finding is made,
the department shall publish the information required by section 4 of
this act in the Washington State Register and present it in a report to
the appropriate committees of the legislature; and

10 (b) The report must include recommendations for exemptions on 11 original equipment service and brake friction material manufactured 12 prior to dates specified in this section and may include 13 recommendations for other exemptions.

14 (2) Beginning eight years after the report in subsection (1) of 15 this section is published in the Washington State Register, no 16 manufacturer, wholesaler, retailer, or distributor may sell or offer 17 for sale brake friction material in Washington state containing more 18 than 0.5 percent copper and its compounds by weight, as specified in 19 the report.

20 (3) The department shall adopt rules to implement this section.

21 Sec. 6. Any motor vehicle manufacturer or brake NEW SECTION. 22 friction material manufacturer may apply to the department for an exemption from this chapter for brake friction material intended for a 23 24 specific motor vehicle model or class of motor vehicles based on 25 special needs or characteristics of the motor vehicles for which the brake friction material is intended. Exemptions may only be issued for 26 27 small volume motor vehicle manufacturers, specific motor vehicle 28 models, or special classes of vehicles, such as fire trucks, police 29 heavy or wide-load equipment hauling, cars, and provided the manufacturer can demonstrate it is not feasible to comply with the 30 requirements of this chapter, is necessary to comply with safety 31 standards, or causes significant financial hardship. Exemptions are 32 33 valid for no less than one year and may be renewed automatically as 34 needed or the exemption may be permanent for as long as the vehicle is 35 used in the manner described in the application.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. (1) By January 1, 2013, and at least every 1 2 three years thereafter, manufacturers of brake friction material sold 3 or offered for sale in Washington state shall provide data to the 4 adequate to enable the department to department determine 5 concentrations of antimony, copper, nickel, and zinc and their 6 compounds in brake friction material sold or offered for sale in 7 Washington state.

8 (2) Using data provided pursuant to subsection (1) of this section 9 and other data as needed, and in consultation with the brake friction 10 material manufacturing industry, the department must:

(a) By July 1, 2013, establish baseline concentration levels for constituents identified in subsection (1) of this section in brake friction material; and

(b) Track progress toward reducing the use of copper and its compounds and ensure that concentration levels of antimony, nickel, or zinc and their compounds do not increase by more than fifty percent above baseline concentration levels.

(3) If concentration levels of antimony, nickel, or zinc and their 18 compounds in brake friction material increase by more than fifty 19 percent above baseline concentration levels, the department shall 20 21 review scientific studies to determine the potential impact of the constituent on human health and the environment. If scientific studies 22 23 demonstrate the need for controlling the use of the constituent in 24 brake friction material, the department may consider recommending limits on concentration levels of the constituent in the material. 25

26 (4) Confidential business information otherwise protected under RCW
27 43.21A.160 or chapter 42.56 RCW is exempt from this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. (1) Manufacturers of brake friction material offered for sale in Washington state must certify compliance with the requirements of this chapter and mark proof of certification on the brake friction material in accordance with criteria developed under this section.

33 (2) By December 1, 2012, the department must, after consulting with 34 interested parties, develop compliance criteria to meet the 35 requirements of this chapter. Compliance criteria includes, but is not 36 limited to: (a) Self-certification of compliance by brake friction material
 manufacturers using accredited laboratories; and

3 (b) Marked proof of certification, including manufacture date, on 4 brake friction material and product packaging. Marked proof of 5 certification must appear by January 1, 2015. Brake friction material 6 manufactured or packaged prior to January 1, 2015, is exempt from this 7 subsection (2)(b).

8 (3) Beginning January 1, 2021, manufacturers of new motor vehicles 9 offered for sale in Washington state must ensure that motor vehicles 10 are equipped with brake friction material certified to be compliant 11 with the requirements of this chapter.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. (1) The department shall enforce this 13 chapter. The department may periodically purchase and test brake 14 friction material sold or offered for sale in Washington state to 15 verify that the material complies with this chapter.

(2) Enforcement of this chapter by the department must rely on 16 notification and information exchange between the department and 17 manufacturers, distributors, and retailers. The department shall issue 18 one warning letter by certified mail to a manufacturer, distributor, or 19 20 retailer that sells or offers to sell brake friction material in 21 violation of this chapter, and offer information or other appropriate 22 assistance regarding compliance with this chapter. Once a warning 23 letter has been issued to a distributor or retailer for violations under subsections (3) and (5) of this section, the department need not 24 25 provide warning letters for subsequent violations by that distributor 26 or retailer. For the purposes of subsection (6) of this section, a warning letter serves as notice of the violation. If compliance is not 27 achieved, the department may assess penalties under this section. 28

29 (3) A brake friction material distributor or retailer that violates this chapter is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed ten thousand 30 dollars for each violation. Brake friction material distributors or 31 32 retailers that sell brake friction material that is packaged consistent with section 8(2)(b) of this act are not in violation of this chapter. 33 34 However, if the department conclusively proves that the brake friction 35 material distributor or retailer was aware that the brake friction 36 material being sold violates section 3 or 5 of this act, the brake

friction material distributor or retailer is subject to civil penalties
 according to this section.

3 (4) A brake friction material manufacturer that knowingly violates 4 this chapter shall recall the brake friction material and reimburse the 5 brake friction distributor, retailer, or any other purchaser for the 6 material and any applicable shipping and handling charges for returning 7 the material. A brake friction material manufacturer that violates 8 this chapter is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed ten thousand 9 dollars for each violation.

10 (5) A motor vehicle distributor or retailer that violates this chapter is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed ten thousand 11 12 dollars for each violation. A motor vehicle distributor or retailer is 13 not in violation of this chapter for selling a vehicle that was previously sold at retail and that contains brake friction material 14 failing to meet the requirements of this chapter. However, if the 15 department conclusively proves that the motor vehicle distributor or 16 retailer installed brake friction material that violates section 3, 5, 17 18 or 8(2)(b) of this act on the vehicle being sold and was aware that the 19 brake friction material violates section 3, 5, or 8(2)(b) of this act, 20 the motor vehicle distributor or retailer is subject to civil penalties 21 under this section.

22 (6) A motor vehicle manufacturer that violates this chapter must notify the registered owner of the vehicle within six months of 23 24 knowledge of the violation and must replace at no cost to the owner the noncompliant brake friction material with brake friction material that 25 26 complies with this chapter. A motor vehicle manufacturer that fails to 27 provide the required notification to registered owners of the affected vehicles within six months of knowledge of the violation is subject to 28 a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred thousand dollars. A motor 29 30 vehicle manufacturer that fails to provide the required notification to registered owners of the affected vehicles after twelve months of 31 knowledge of the violation is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed 32 ten thousand dollars per vehicle. For purposes of this section, "motor 33 vehicle manufacturer" does not include a vehicle dealer defined under 34 35 RCW 46.70.011 and required to be licensed as a vehicle dealer under 36 chapter 46.70 RCW.

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(7) Before the effective date of the prohibitions in section 3 or

5 of this act, the department shall prepare and distribute information
 about the prohibitions to manufacturers, distributors, and retailers to
 the maximum extent practicable.

4 (8) All penalties collected under this chapter must be deposited in
5 the state toxics control account created in RCW 70.105D.070.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **sec. 10.** The department may adopt rules necessary to 7 implement this chapter.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. Sections 1 through 10 and 12 of this act 9 constitute a new chapter in Title 70 RCW.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** If any provision of this act or its 11 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 12 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 13 persons or circumstances is not affected."

14 Correct the title.

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