
Capital Budget Committee

HB 1454

Brief Description: Eliminating the statutory debt limit.

Sponsors: Representative Dunshee; by request of Office of Financial Management.

<p style="text-align: center;">Brief Summary of Bill</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Repeals the statutory debt limit.

Hearing Date: 2/3/09

Staff: Nona Snell (786-7153)

Background:

The Washington State Constitution and state statute allow for the issuance of general obligation bonds to finance projects included in the capital and transportation budgets. General obligation bonds pledge the full faith and credit and taxing power of the state toward payment of debt service. Legislation authorizing the issuance of bonds requires a 60 percent majority vote in both the House of Representatives and the Senate. The State Finance Committee, which comprises the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and the State Treasurer, is responsible for the issuance of all state bonds.

With certain exceptions, the amount of state general obligation debt that may be incurred is limited by constitutional and statutory restrictions. Both of these provisions restrict the amount of general state revenues that may be allocated to pay for outstanding general obligation debt. The Constitutional debt limit restricts debt service in any year from exceeding 9 percent of general state revenues averaged over the previous three years. The statutory debt limit is 7 percent of general state revenues. Despite their general similarity, the statutory and constitutional debt limits contain a number of different inclusions and exclusions in calculating state debt and general state revenues.

This analysis was prepared by non-partisan legislative staff for the use of legislative members in their deliberations. This analysis is not a part of the legislation nor does it constitute a statement of legislative intent.

Debt excluded from the statutory debt limit but not from the Constitutional debt limit include: 1) reimbursement bonds; 2) stadium bonds; 3) debt issued to finance improvements to the State Capitol East Plaza Garage; 4) debt issued to finance rehabilitation of the Legislative Building; and 5) debt issued to finance multimodal transportation projects.

As determined by the State Treasurer, in the 2009-11 biennium, the constitutional debt limitation is \$1.89 billion. For the same year, the statutory debt limitation is \$1.63 billion.

Summary of Bill:

The bill repeals the 7 percent statutory debt limit.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Not requested.

Effective Date: The bill contains an emergency clause and takes effect on July 1, 2009.