
**Public Safety & Emergency Preparedness
Committee**

HB 2486

Brief Description: Concerning costs for the collection of DNA samples.

Sponsors: Representatives Goodman, Klippert, Rodne, Green and Kessler.

Brief Summary of Bill

- Expands the fee for collection of a biological sample used for deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) identification to misdemeanors and gross misdemeanors that require collection of a biological sample for DNA identification.

Hearing Date: 1/12/10

Staff: Alexa Silver (786-7190).

Background:

The Washington State Patrol operates and maintains a deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) identification system. The purposes of the system are to assist with criminal investigations and identify human remains and missing persons. County and city jails are responsible for collecting biological samples for DNA analysis from offenders incarcerated in their facilities. The Department of Corrections and the Department of Social and Health Services are responsible for collecting biological samples for DNA analysis from offenders incarcerated in their facilities. Local police and sheriff's departments are responsible for collecting biological samples for DNA analysis from offenders who do not serve any term of incarceration.

Offenders From Whom a Biological Sample Must Be Collected.

Biological samples must be collected from any person convicted of a felony, any person who is required to register as a sex or kidnapping offender, and any person convicted of the following misdemeanors and gross misdemeanors:

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- assault in the fourth degree with sexual motivation;
- communication with a minor for immoral purposes;
- custodial sexual misconduct in the second degree;
- failure to register as a sex or kidnapping offender;
- harassment;
- patronizing a prostitute;
- sexual misconduct with a minor in the second degree;
- stalking; and
- violation of a sexual assault protection order.

If a DNA sample already exists from the offender in question, another biological sample does not have to be collected.

Fee for a Biological Sample.

When a sentence is imposed under the Sentencing Reform Act, a court must levy a \$100 fee for any crime that requires collection of a biological sample for DNA analysis. A sentence is imposed under the Sentencing Reform Act for felonies only.

The fee constitutes a legal financial obligation that must be paid after all other legal financial obligations included in the sentence have been satisfied. A "legal financial obligation" is defined as money ordered by the superior court for legal financial obligations, including restitution to a victim, crime victims' compensation fees, court costs, drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, costs of defense, fines, and any other financial obligation assessed as a result of a felony conviction.

Eighty percent of this fee is deposited in the state DNA Database Account, and 20 percent is transmitted to the agency responsible for collection of the biological sample from the offender.

Summary of Bill:

Sentences imposed for crimes that by law require a biological sample for DNA analysis must include a \$100 fee. Thus the fee must be included in sentences not only for felonies, but also the following gross misdemeanors and misdemeanors:

- assault in the fourth degree with sexual motivation;
- communication with a minor for immoral purposes;
- custodial sexual misconduct in the second degree;
- failure to register as a sex or kidnapping offender;
- harassment;
- patronizing a prostitute;
- sexual misconduct with a minor in the second degree;
- stalking; and
- violation of a sexual assault protection order.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Effective Date: The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of the session in which the bill is passed.