## SENATE BILL REPORT SB 5491

As Reported by Senate Committee On: Health & Long-Term Care, February 23, 2009

**Title**: An act relating to requiring school districts or educational service districts to purchase employee health insurance coverage through the state health care authority.

**Brief Description**: Requiring school districts or educational service districts to purchase employee health insurance coverage through the state health care authority.

**Sponsors**: Senators Brandland, Zarelli and Becker.

**Brief History:** 

Committee Activity: Health & Long-Term Care: 2/11/09, 2/23/09 [DPS-WM, DNP].

## SENATE COMMITTEE ON HEALTH & LONG-TERM CARE

**Majority Report**: That Substitute Senate Bill No. 5491 be substituted therefor, and the substitute bill do pass and be referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

Signed by Senators Keiser, Chair; Pflug, Ranking Minority Member; Becker, Fairley, Murray and Parlette.

**Minority Report**: Do not pass. Signed by Senator Marr.

Staff: Mich'l Needham (786-7442)

Background: There are currently 295 school districts and nine educational service districts (ESDs), with an estimated 104,000 employees. Most school districts purchase benefits for their employees through the Washington Education Association plans, although some self-insure and some purchase benefits through the Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB) program. School districts bargain over benefits and, as a result, benefit plans may vary by bargaining group. Districts participate in the PEBB by bargaining group, non-represented group, or by entire district. ESDs are administrative agencies and participate in PEBB as entire employer groups; six of the nine ESDs participate in PEBB. Legislation passed in 1993 merged school district retirees into the PEBB for retiree medical coverage, and employees were scheduled to merge shortly thereafter but the merger was repealed just prior to implementation. The link to employee and retiree funding still exists through a mechanism established in the state budget, which requires districts to send the Health Care

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Authority (HCA) a monthly remittance per employee. The remittance amount is determined by the budget and is included in the benefit funding rate.

The HCA purchases benefits for the PEBB program, which covers state and higher education employees and their dependents, and retirees of the state, higher education, and school districts. In addition, some groups of employees may voluntarily purchase benefits through the PEBB program, like school districts, educational service districts, and other political subdivisions of the state such as cities, counties, water districts, and public hospital districts. The billing methods have varied over the years and include a composite billing that equals the employer benefit funding allocation established in the budget plus the employee share and a tiered-billing approach that reflects the premiums for the individual plan choice and family tier of coverage selected.

The legislative budget establishes the employer funding rate for benefits for the state and school districts. The funding rate for state and school district benefits has often been the same; however, the fiscal years vary and the funding formulas vary (on an eligible headcount basis for state employees vs. a state funded full-time equivalent basis for school districts). At times, one funding rate has been modified separate from the other; for example, the Legislature recently reduced the PEBB employer-funding rate and directed the use of surplus funds that had accumulated in the PEBB account. The centralized budgeting and purchasing of the PEBB benefits has provided greater transparency over benefit purchasing and spending than the decentralized purchasing completed by 295 school districts.

**Summary of Bill (Recommended Substitute)**: As of September 1, 2011, school districts and ESDs must purchase all basic employee health benefits through the PEBB program, except for purchases required by a collective bargaining agreement signed before the effective date of this act. The HCA must bill districts with the composite rate charged state agencies, plus the employee premiums by plan and family size charged to state employees. The amounts may be collected in accordance with the district fiscal year.

The employee eligibility for school districts and educational service districts may vary from the PEBB eligibility rules, with contractual agreement with the HCA. School districts may continue collecting additional contributions for part-time employees above the state employee contribution schedule to reflect local bargaining. The HCA must explore opportunities to change the start of the benefit plan year to September to accommodate the September 1, 2011, merger of school districts and educational service districts.

**EFFECT OF CHANGES MADE BY HEALTH & LONG-TERM CARE COMMITTEE (Recommended Substitute)**: The merger is delayed to September 1, 2011. Language is inserted to clarify that health benefits includes the school district basic benefits (medical, dental, life, and long-term disability) for employees and dependents. The employee eligibility for school districts and educational service districts may vary from PEBB eligibility rules, with contractual agreement with the HCA. School districts may continue collecting additional contributions for part-time employees above the state employee contribution schedule to reflect local bargaining. The HCA is directed to explore opportunities to change the start of the benefit plan year to September to accommodate the September 1, 2011, merger of school districts and educational service districts.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Requested on January 31, 2009.

Committee/Commission/Task Force Created: No.

**Effective Date**: Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.

Staff Summary of Public Testimony on Original Bill: PRO: This is the time to look for savings and this may provide an opportunity. It is an important dialogue to have, with fundamental policy questions to be answered. Years ago it did seem the school districts had better benefits and would lose in transferring to the PEBB benefits, but today that is not the The benefits are pretty comparable, although the employees with families pay significantly more in school districts than in the state. It is a philosophical question about whether the benefit funding amount belongs to the individual employee or whether it is meant to cover the entire pool of employees equitably. Employees with families would be much better off in the PEBB plans, but the bargaining is dominated by employees without families that have access to coverage with no premium sharing under the current arrangements. There would be savings to the school districts that have been paying the carve-out with local funds on top of the state benefit allocation. There would be issues with the part-time employees and with the school district fiscal year that would need to be accommodated. School administrators would welcome the shift into PEBB and a move away from the constant bargaining pressure to use more local funds to supplement the benefits. The data on what school districts purchase and how they spend the money is not available; it is not reported to anyone. It may be time to gather robust data.

CON: The PEBB benefits are a good value but the school districts work with their local brokers and agents to find the best value they are interested in, and the agents can help them tailor their package to their individual needs. The option for brokers to assist districts with finding the best price and value needs to be maintained. The mandate to join is the wrong approach and we prefer to leave it voluntary for districts to join PEBB, and to leave collective bargaining over benefits. There is not great savings to be found. The majority of the Washington Education Association (WEA) enrollees are in employee-only coverage and they pay nothing for their coverage, so they would see an increase in out-of-pocket costs shifting to the PEBB system. Only the minority of employees, those with family coverage, would be better off under the PEBB system. Some districts are self-insured and they want to maintain local control and local governance of the benefits.

**Persons Testifying**: PRO: Senator Brandland, prime sponsor; Randi Dorn, Superintendent of Public Instruction; Jenny Jenkins, Superintendent of Northwest Educational Service District; Tim Yeomans, Superintendent of Meridian School District; Kelly Bashaw, Bellingham School Board; John Deeder, Superintendent of Evergreen School District; John Kvamme, Washington Association of School Administrators; Bill Fromhold, Evergreen School District.

CON: Mel Sorensen, Washington Association of Health Underwriters; Randy Parr, WEA; David Westberg, AFL-CIO and Stationary Operating Engineers; Doug Nelson, Public School

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Employees and SEIU 1948; Bill Stauffacher, Independent Insurance Agents and Brokers of Washington; Mike Peterson, The Sound Partnership, Tacoma School District.

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