
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1208

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

By House Finance (originally sponsored by Representatives Takko and Alexander)

READ FIRST TIME 03/03/09.

- AN ACT Relating to property tax administration; and amending RCW
- 2 84.40.042, 84.56.070, 86.09.490, 84.60.050, 87.03.265, 87.03.270,
- 3 85.08.480, 82.45.090, and 84.69.030.

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- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 84.40.042 and 2008 c 17 s 1 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
 - (1) When real property is divided in accordance with chapter 58.17 RCW, the assessor shall carefully investigate and ascertain the true and fair value of each lot and assess each lot on that same basis, unless specifically provided otherwise by law. For purposes of this section, "lot" has the same definition as in RCW 58.17.020.
 - (a) For each lot on which an advance tax deposit has been paid in accordance with RCW 58.08.040, the assessor shall establish the true and fair value by October 30th of the year following the recording of the plat, replat, or altered plat. The value established shall be the value of the lot as of January 1st of the year the original parcel of real property was last revalued. An additional property tax shall not be due on the land until the calendar year following the year for which

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- the advance tax deposit was paid if the deposit was sufficient to pay the full amount of the taxes due on the property.
 - (b) For each lot on which an advance tax deposit has not been paid, the assessor shall establish the true and fair value not later than the calendar year following the recording of the plat, map, subdivision, or replat. For purposes of this section, "subdivision" means a division of land into two or more lots.
 - (c) For each subdivision, all current year and delinquent taxes and assessments on the entire tract must be paid in full in accordance with RCW 58.17.160 and 58.08.030 except when property is being acquired by a government for public use. For purposes of this section, "current year taxes" means taxes that are collectible under RCW 84.56.010 subsequent to ((February-14th)) completing the tax roll for current year collection.
 - (2) When the assessor is required by law to segregate any part or parts of real property, assessed before or after July 27, 1997, as one parcel or when the assessor is required by law to combine parcels of real property assessed before or after July 27, 1997, as two or more parcels, the assessor shall carefully investigate and ascertain the true and fair value of each part or parts of the real property and each combined parcel and assess each part or parts or each combined parcel on that same basis.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 84.56.070 and 2007 c 295 s 5 are each amended to read 24 as follows:
 - ((On the fifteenth day of February succeeding the levy of taxes,))
 The county treasurer shall proceed to collect all personal property
 taxes after first completing the tax roll for the current year's
 collection. The treasurer shall give notice by mail to all persons
 charged with personal property taxes, and if such taxes are not paid
 before they become delinquent, the treasurer shall forthwith proceed to
 collect the same. In the event that he or she is unable to collect the
 same when due, the treasurer shall prepare papers in distraint, which
 shall contain a description of the personal property, the amount of
 taxes, the amount of the accrued interest at the rate provided by law
 from the date of delinquency, and the name of the owner or reputed
 owner. The treasurer shall without demand or notice distrain
 sufficient goods and chattels belonging to the person charged with such

taxes to pay the same, with interest at the rate provided by law from the date of delinquency, together with all accruing costs, and shall proceed to advertise the same by posting written notices in three public places in the county in which such property has been distrained, one of which places shall be at the county court house, such notice to state the time when and place where such property will be sold. county treasurer, or the treasurer's deputy, shall tax the same fees for making the distraint and sale of goods and chattels for the payment of taxes as are allowed by law to sheriffs for making levy and sale of property on execution; traveling fees to be computed from the county seat of the county to the place of making distraint. If the taxes for which such property is distrained, and the interest and costs accruing thereon, are not paid before the date appointed for such sale, which shall be not less than ten days after the taking of such property, such treasurer or treasurer's designee shall proceed to sell such property at public auction, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to pay such taxes, with interest and costs, and if there be any excess of money arising from the sale of any personal property, the treasurer shall pay such excess less any cost of the auction to the owner of the property so sold or to his or her legal representative: PROVIDED, That whenever it shall become necessary to distrain any standing timber owned separately from the ownership of the land upon which the same may stand, or any fish trap, pound net, reef net, set net or drag seine fishing location, or any other personal property as the treasurer shall determine to be incapable or reasonably impracticable of manual delivery, it shall be deemed to have been distrained and taken into possession when the treasurer shall have, at least thirty days before the date fixed for the sale thereof, filed with the auditor of the county wherein such property is located a notice in writing reciting that the treasurer has distrained such property, describing it, giving the name of the owner or reputed owner, the amount of the tax due, with interest, and the time and place of sale; a copy of the notice shall also be sent to the owner or reputed owner at his last known address, by registered letter at least thirty days prior to the date of sale: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That if the county treasurer has reasonable grounds to believe that any personal property, including mobile homes, manufactured homes, or park model trailers, upon which taxes have been levied, but not paid, is about to be removed from the county where the

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- same has been assessed, or is about to be destroyed, sold or disposed
- 2 of, the county treasurer may demand such taxes, without the notice
- 3 provided for in this section, and if necessary may forthwith distrain
- 4 sufficient goods and chattels to pay the same.
- 5 **Sec. 3.** RCW 86.09.490 and 1937 c 72 s 164 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

The assessment upon real property shall be a lien against the 7 property assessed, from and after the first day of January in the year 8 in which the assessment becomes due and payable, but as between grantor 9 and grantee such lien shall not attach until the ((fifteenth day of 10 11 February of such year, which)) county treasurer has completed the property tax roll for the current year's collection and provided the 12 notification required by RCW 84.56.020. The lien shall be paramount 13 and superior to any other lien theretofore or thereafter created, 14 15 whether by mortgage or otherwise, except a lien for undelinquent flood 16 control district assessments, diking or drainage, or diking or drainage 17 improvement, district assessments and for unpaid and outstanding general ad valorem taxes, and such lien shall not be removed until the 18 19 assessments are paid or the property sold for the payment thereof as 20 provided by law.

- 21 **Sec. 4.** RCW 84.60.050 and 1994 c 301 s 54 are each amended to read 22 as follows:
 - (1) When real property is acquired by purchase or condemnation by the state of Washington, any county or municipal corporation or is placed under a recorded agreement for immediate possession and use or an order of immediate possession and use pursuant to RCW 8.04.090, such property shall continue to be subject to the tax lien for the years prior to the year in which the property is so acquired or placed under such agreement or order, of any tax levied by the state, county, municipal corporation or other tax levying public body, except as is otherwise provided in RCW 84.60.070.
 - (2) The lien for taxes applicable to the real property being acquired or placed under immediate possession and use for the year in which such real property is so acquired or placed under immediate possession and use shall be for only the pro rata portion of taxes allocable to that portion of the year prior to the date of execution of

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the instrument vesting title, date of recording such agreement of 1 2 immediate possession and use, date of such order of possession and use, or date of judgment. No taxes levied or tax lien 3 on such property allocable to a period subsequent to the dates 4 identified in this subsection shall be valid and any such taxes levied 5 shall be canceled as provided in RCW 84.48.065. In the event the owner 6 7 has paid taxes allocable to that portion of the year subsequent to the dates identified in this subsection he or she shall be entitled to a 8 pro rata refund of the amount paid on the property so acquired or 9 10 placed under a recorded agreement or an order of immediate possession If the dates identified in this subsection precede ((February 11 12 15th-of)) the completion of the property tax rolls for the current 13 year's collection in the year in which such taxes become payable, no 14 lien for such taxes shall be valid and any such taxes levied but not 15 payable shall be canceled as provided in RCW 84.48.065.

Sec. 5. RCW 87.03.265 and 1939 c 171 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

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The assessment upon real property shall be a lien against the property assessed, from and after the first day of January in the year in which it is levied, but as between grantor and grantee such lien shall not attach until the ((fifteenth-day-of-February-of)) county treasurer has completed the property tax roll for the current year's collection and provided the notification required by RCW 84.56.020 in the year in which the assessment is payable, which lien shall be paramount and superior to any other lien theretofore or thereafter created, whether by mortgage or otherwise, except for a lien for prior assessments, and such lien shall not be removed until the assessments are paid or the property sold for the payment thereof as provided by law. And the lien for the bonds of any issue shall be a preferred lien to that of any subsequent issue. Also the lien for all payments due or to become due under any contract with the United States, or the state of Washington, accompanying which bonds of the district have not been deposited with the United States or the state of Washington, as in RCW 87.03.140 provided, shall be a preferred lien to any issue of bonds subsequent to the date of such contract.

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Sec. 6. RCW 87.03.270 and 1988 c 134 s 13 are each amended to read
as follows:

The assessment roll, before its equalization and adoption, shall be checked and compared as to descriptions and ownerships, with the county treasurer's land rolls. On or before the fifteenth day of January in each year the secretary must deliver the assessment roll or the respective segregation thereof to the county treasurer of each respective county in which the lands therein described are located, and said assessments shall become due and payable ((on the fifteenth day of February—following)) after the county treasurer has completed the property tax roll for the current year's collection and provided the notification required by RCW 84.56.020.

All assessments on said roll shall become delinquent on the first day of May following the filing of the roll unless the assessments are paid on or before the thirtieth day of April of said year: PROVIDED, That if an assessment is ten dollars or more for said year and if one-half of the assessment is paid on or before the thirtieth day of April, the remainder shall be due and payable on or before the thirty-first day of October following and shall be delinquent after that date. All delinquent assessments shall bear interest at the rate of twelve percent per annum, computed on a monthly basis and without compounding, from the date of delinquency until paid.

Upon receiving the assessment roll the county treasurer shall prepare therefrom an assessment book in which shall be written the description of the land as it appears in the assessment roll, the name of the owner or owners where known, and if assessed to the unknown owners, then the word "unknown", and the total assessment levied against each tract of land. Proper space shall be left in said book for the entry therein of all subsequent proceedings relating to the payment and collection of said assessments.

On or before April 1st of each year, the treasurer of the district shall send a statement of assessments due. County treasurers who collect irrigation district assessments may send the statement of irrigation district assessments together with the statement of general taxes.

Upon payment of any assessment the county treasurer must enter the date of said payment in said assessment book opposite the description

of the land and the name of the person paying and give a receipt to such person specifying the amount of the assessment and the amount paid with the description of the property assessed.

It shall be the duty of the treasurer of the district to furnish upon request of the owner, or any person interested, a statement showing any and all assessments levied as shown by the assessment roll in his office upon land described in such request. All statements of irrigation district assessments covering any land in the district shall show the amount of the irrigation district assessment, the dates on which the assessment is due, the place of payment, and, if the property was sold for delinquent assessments in a prior year, the amount of the delinquent assessment and the notation "certificate issued": PROVIDED, That the failure of the treasurer to render any statement herein required of him shall not render invalid any assessments made by any irrigation district.

It shall be the duty of the county treasurer of any county, other than the county in which the office of the board of directors is located, to make monthly remittances to the county treasurer of the county in which the office of the board of directors is located covering all amounts collected by him for the irrigation district during the preceding month.

When the treasurer collects a delinquent assessment, the treasurer shall collect any other amounts due by reason of the delinquency, including accrued costs, which shall be deposited to the treasurer's operation and maintenance fund.

Sec. 7. RCW 85.08.480 and 1933 c 125 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The respective installments of assessments for construction or maintenance of improvements made under the provisions of this chapter, shall be collected in the same manner and shall become delinquent at the same time as general taxes, certificates of delinquency shall be issued, and the lien of the assessment shall be enforced by foreclosure and sale of the property assessed, as in the case of general taxes, all according to the laws in force on January 1, 1923, except as hereinafter specifically provided.

The annual assessments or installments of assessments, both for construction and for maintenance and repairs of the diking and/or

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drainage system shall become due in two equal installments, one-half being payable on or before ((May)) April 30th, and the other half on or before ((November 30th)) October 31st; and delinquency interest thereon shall run from said dates on said respective halves of said assessments.

The rate of interest thereon after delinquency, also the rate of interest borne by certificates of delinquency, shall be ten percent per annum. Certificates of delinquency for any assessment or installment thereof shall be issued upon demand and payment of such delinquent assessment and the fee for the same at any time after the expiration of twelve months after the date of delinquency thereof. In case no certificate of delinquency be issued after the expiration of four years from date of delinquency of assessments for construction costs, or after the expiration of two years from date of delinquency of assessments for maintenance or repairs, certificates of delinquency shall be issued to the county, and foreclosure thereof shall forthwith be effected in the manner provided in ((sections—11292—to—11317 inclusive)) chapter 84.64 RCW.

The holder of a certificate of delinquency for any drainage, diking or sewerage improvement district or consolidated district assessment or installment thereof may pay any delinquent general taxes upon the property described therein, and may redeem any certificate of delinquency for general taxes against said property and the amount so paid together with interest thereon at the rate provided by law shall be included in the lien of said certificate of delinquency.

The expense of foreclosure proceedings by the county shall be paid by the districts whose liens are foreclosed: Costs of foreclosure by the county or private persons as provided by law, shall be included in the judgment of foreclosure.

- **Sec. 8.** RCW 82.45.090 and 2003 c 53 s 404 are each amended to read 31 as follows:
 - (1) Except for a sale of a beneficial interest in real property where no instrument evidencing the sale is recorded in the official real property records of the county in which the property is located, the tax imposed by this chapter shall be paid to and collected by the treasurer of the county within which is located the real property which was sold. In collecting the tax the treasurer shall act as agent for

the state. The county treasurer shall cause a ((stamp)) verification 1 2 of payment evidencing satisfaction of the lien to be affixed to the instrument of sale or conveyance prior to its recording or to the real 3 estate excise tax affidavit in the case of used mobile home sales and 4 5 used floating home sales. A receipt issued by the county treasurer for the payment of the tax imposed under this chapter shall be evidence of 6 7 the satisfaction of the lien imposed hereunder and may be recorded in the manner prescribed for recording satisfactions of mortgages. 8 instrument of sale or conveyance evidencing a sale subject to the tax 9 10 shall be accepted by the county auditor for filing or recording until the tax shall have been paid and the ((stamp)) verification of payment 11 12 affixed thereto; in case the tax is not due on the transfer, the 13 instrument shall not be so accepted until suitable notation of such 14 fact has been made on the instrument by the treasurer. The county treasurer shall require a verification of payment that evidences 15 satisfaction of all personal property tax upon a used mobile home, used 16 17 manufactured home, used park model mobile home, or used floating home, to be affixed to any instrument of sale or conveyance thereof, or upon 18 the real estate excise tax affidavit. No real estate excise tax 19 affidavit, instrument of sale, or conveyance for a used mobile home, 20 21 used manufactured home, used park model mobile home, or used floating home will be accepted by the county auditor for filing or recording 22 until the personal property tax has been paid and the verification of 23 24 payment affixed thereto.

(2) For a sale of a beneficial interest in real property where a tax is due under this chapter and where no instrument is recorded in the official real property records of the county in which the property is located, the sale shall be reported to the department of revenue within five days from the date of the sale on such returns or forms and according to such procedures as the department may prescribe. Such forms or returns shall be signed by both the transferor and the transferee and shall be accompanied by payment of the tax due.

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- (3) Any person who intentionally makes a false statement on any return or form required to be filed with the department under this chapter is guilty of perjury under chapter 9A.72 RCW.
- 36 **Sec. 9.** RCW 84.69.030 and 1991 c 245 s 32 are each amended to read 37 as follows:

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Except in cases wherein the county legislative authority acts upon its own motion, no orders for a refund under this chapter shall be made except on a claim:

- (1) Verified by the person who paid the tax, the person's guardian, executor or administrator; and
- (2) Filed with the county treasurer within three years after $((\frac{making}{}))$ the due date of the payment sought to be refunded; and
 - (3) Stating the statutory ground upon which the refund is claimed.

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