H-0155.2	

HOUSE BILL 1419

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

By Representatives Kagi, Dickerson, Walsh, Roberts, Hunt, and Appleton

Read first time 01/21/09. Referred to Committee on Early Learning & Children's Services.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to sexually aggressive youth; amending RCW 26.44.160 and 74.13.075; and creating a new section.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that children who 5 commit sexually aggressive acts are at risk of repeating such behavior if they and their families do not receive treatment and counseling. 6 This is especially true of children under the age of twelve who are referred to the department of social and health services by a 8 9 prosecuting attorney pursuant to RCW 26.44.160. To reduce the number of future victims of sexual abuse and to reduce recidivism of children 10 11 who commit sexually aggressive acts the legislature finds that all such children and their families, including children who are referred by 12 13 prosecutors pursuant to RCW 26.44.160, be eligible for treatment regardless of whether they are the subject of a proceeding under 14 15 chapter 13.34 RCW.
- 16 **Sec. 2.** RCW 26.44.160 and 1993 c 402 s 2 are each amended to read 17 as follows:
- 18 (1) If a law enforcement agency receives a complaint that alleges

p. 1 HB 1419

that a child under age twelve has committed a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, the agency shall investigate the complaint. If the investigation reveals that probable cause exists to believe that the youth may have committed a sex offense and the child is at least eight years of age, the agency shall refer the case to the proper county prosecuting attorney for appropriate action to determine whether the child may be prosecuted or is a sexually aggressive youth. If the child is less than eight years old, the law enforcement agency shall refer the case to the department.

- (2) If the prosecutor or a judge determines the child cannot be prosecuted for the alleged sex offense because the child is incapable of committing a crime as provided in RCW 9A.04.050 and the prosecutor believes that probable cause exists to believe that the child engaged in acts that would constitute a sex offense, the prosecutor shall refer the child as a sexually aggressive youth to the department. The prosecutor shall provide the department with an affidavit stating that the prosecutor has determined that probable cause exists to believe that the juvenile has committed acts that could be prosecuted as a sex offense but the case is not being prosecuted because the juvenile is incapable of committing a crime as provided in RCW 9A.04.050.
- (3) The department shall investigate any referrals that allege that a child is a sexually aggressive youth. The purpose of the investigation shall be to determine whether the child is abused or neglected, as defined in this chapter, and whether the child or the child's parents are in need of services or treatment. The department may offer appropriate available services and treatment to a sexually aggressive youth and his or her parents or legal guardians as provided in RCW 74.13.075 and may refer the child and his or her parents to appropriate treatment and services available within the community. If the parents refuse to accept or fail to obtain appropriate treatment or services under circumstances that indicate that the refusal or failure is child abuse or neglect, as defined in this chapter, the department may pursue a dependency action as provided in chapter 13.34 RCW.

A child or the child's parents referred to the department under this section may be offered services by the department under RCW 74.13.075 regardless of whether the child meets the definition of dependent child or is the subject of a proceeding under chapter 13.34 RCW.

HB 1419 p. 2

- 1 (4) Nothing in this section shall affect the responsibility of a 2 law enforcement agency to report incidents of abuse or neglect as 3 required in RCW 26.44.030(5).
- 4 **Sec. 3.** RCW 74.13.075 and 1994 c 169 s 1 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
 - (1) For the purposes of funds appropriated for the treatment of sexually aggressive youth, the term "sexually aggressive youth" means those juveniles who:
 - (a) Have been abused and have committed a sexually aggressive act or other violent act that is sexual in nature; and
 - (i) Are in the care and custody of the state or a federally recognized Indian tribe located within the state; or
- (ii) Are the subject of a proceeding under chapter 13.34 RCW or a child welfare proceeding held before a tribal court located within the state; or
 - (b) Cannot be detained under the juvenile justice system due to being under age twelve and incompetent to stand trial for acts that could be prosecuted as sex offenses as defined by RCW 9.94A.030 if the juvenile was over twelve years of age, or competent to stand trial if under twelve years of age.
 - (2) A juvenile and/or his or her parents may receive treatment regardless of whether the child is the subject of a proceeding under chapter 13.34 RCW.
 - (3) In expending these funds, the department of social and health services shall establish in each region a case review committee to review all cases for which the funds are used. In determining whether to use these funds in a particular case, the committee shall consider:
 - (a) The age of the juvenile;

6

7

8

1011

12

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

2425

26

27

28

31

33

- 29 (b) The extent and type of abuse to which the juvenile has been 30 subjected;
 - (c) The juvenile's past conduct;
- 32 (d) The benefits that can be expected from the treatment;
 - (e) The cost of the treatment; and
- 34 (f) The ability of the juvenile's parent or guardian to pay for the 35 treatment.
- 36 $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (4) The department may provide funds, under this section, 37 for youth in the care and custody of a tribe or through a tribal court,

p. 3 HB 1419

for the treatment of sexually aggressive youth only if: (a) The tribe uses the same or equivalent definitions and standards for determining which youth are sexually aggressive; and (b) the department seeks to recover any federal funds available for the treatment of youth.

 (5) A juvenile's status as a sexually aggressive youth, and any protective plan, services, and treatment plans and progress reports provided with these funds are confidential and not subject to public disclosure by the department. This information shall be shared with relevant juvenile care agencies, law enforcement agencies, and schools, but remains confidential and not subject to public disclosure by those agencies.

--- END ---

HB 1419 p. 4