H-2221.	1		

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1644

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

By House Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representatives Maxwell, Miloscia, Clibborn, Ormsby, Hurst, Green, and Orwall)

READ FIRST TIME 02/23/09.

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- AN ACT Relating to reconveyances of deeds of trust; and amending RCW 61.24.110.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 61.24.110 and 1998 c 295 s 13 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
 - (1) The trustee or successor trustee shall reconvey all or any part of the property encumbered by the deed of trust to the person entitled thereto on written request of the beneficiary, or upon satisfaction of the obligation secured and written request for reconveyance made by the beneficiary or the person entitled thereto.
- 11 (2) If the beneficiary has received payment as specified by the 12 beneficiary's demand statement and fails to request reconveyance within 13 thirty days of the date payment was received, a title insurance company or title insurance agent, licensed escrow agent, or an attorney, or an 14 15 agent acting on behalf of a title insurance company or title insurance 16 agent, licensed escrow agent, or an attorney, upon receipt of notice of the beneficiary's failure to request reconveyance, may act as the agent 17 18 for the person entitled to reconveyance and may submit in writing proof

p. 1 SHB 1644

of satisfaction and request the trustee or successor trustee to reconvey the deed of trust.

- (3)(a) In addition to the procedure available in subsection (2) of this section, if a title insurance company or title insurance agent, or an agent of the title insurance company or title insurance agent, satisfies the obligation, the title insurance company or title insurance agent may, no less than seventy-five days after satisfying the obligation, begin the process of issuing and recording a release of the deed of trust upon written request of the grantor, payment of reasonable charges, if applicable, and compliance with the notice requirements of this subsection. This subsection (3) does not excuse the beneficiary or trustee or successor trustee from compliance with subsections (1) and (2) of this section.
- (b) Prior to the issuance and recording of a release under this subsection (3), the title insurance company or insurance agent shall give notice of the intention to record a release of the deed of trust to the beneficiary of record and, if different, the party to whom the full satisfaction payment was made. The notice must:
- (i) Provide that the parties to whom the notice is sent have a period of thirty days from the date of mailing to send to the title insurance company or insurance agent written objections to the execution and recording of the release of the deed of trust;
- (ii) Be sent by first-class mail with postage prepaid, addressed to the named interested parties at their last known addresses; and
- (iii) Identify the deed of trust by the name of the original grantor and any successor in interest on whose behalf payment was made and by the recording reference.
- (c) The release of the deed of trust must recite on the first page that it has been executed and recorded under this section and must reference this section. The release must be properly acknowledged and set forth:
- (i) The name of the original beneficiary and the name of the beneficiary to whom the payment was made or on whose behalf payment was made;
 - (ii) The name of the original grantor of the deed of trust;
- (iii) The recording reference to the deed of trust that is to be released;

SHB 1644 p. 2

1 (iv) A recital that the obligation secured by the deed of trust has been paid in full;

- (v) The date and amount of payment and the party that was paid;
- (vi) The date of mailing of notice required under this section; and
 (vii) A recital that no written objections were received by the
 title insurance company or title insurance agent.
 - (d) The release of deed of trust executed under this section is entitled to recordation and, when recorded, is deemed to be the equivalent of a reconveyance of a deed of trust.
 - (e) The title insurance company or title insurance agent shall not record or cause to be recorded a release of the deed of trust when any of the following circumstances exist:
- (i) The thirty-day period following the notice given under this section has not expired; or
 - (ii) Written objection to recordation has been received by the title insurance company or title insurance agent from any of the parties to whom notice was sent.
 - (f) If a fee has not previously been paid to or waived by the trustee, successor trustee, title insurance company, or title insurance agent for services related to preparing, executing, recording, and otherwise complying with this subsection to effect the release of the deed of trust, the trustee, successor trustee, title insurance company, or title insurance agent may charge a reasonable fee for such services.
 - (g) In addition to any other remedy provided by law, a title insurance company or title insurance agent preparing, executing, or recording a release of deed of trust is liable to any party for damages that the party sustains by reason of the issuance, execution, or recording of the release under this section. The court may award reasonable attorneys' fees to the prevailing party in an action under this section, except the court may not award attorneys' fees to a prevailing party under this section if the action is maintained as a class action.
- (h) This subsection (3) applies to all deeds of trust, whether executed before, on, or after the effective date of this act.

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p. 3 SHB 1644