## SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2119

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2009 Regular Session

**By** House Education (originally sponsored by Representatives Wallace, Carlyle, Sullivan, Morrell, Quall, Santos, and Ormsby)

READ FIRST TIME 02/23/09.

AN ACT Relating to expanding dual credit opportunities; amending RCW 28A.225.290, 28A.600.160, 28A.600.300, and 28A.600.310; adding new sections to chapter 28A.600 RCW; and creating a new section.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** (1) The legislature finds that the economy 6 of the state of Washington requires a well-prepared workforce. To meet 7 more Washington students need to be the need, prepared for postsecondary education and training. Further, the personal enrichment 8 9 and success of Washington citizens increasingly relies on their ability 10 to use the state's postsecondary education and training system. То 11 accomplish those ends, the legislature desires to increase the number of students who begin earning college credits while still in high 12 13 school.

14 (2) The legislature further finds that dual credit programs 15 introduce students to college-level work, provide a jump start on 16 getting a college degree, and, perhaps most importantly, show students 17 that they can succeed in college. Dual credit programs also provide 18 another avenue of student financial aid, since many programs are 19 offered for little or no cost to students.

1 (3) The legislature also finds that students must be provided a 2 choice when selecting a dual credit program that is right for them. 3 Options should be available for the student who wants to learn on a 4 college campus and the student who wants to stay at the high school and 5 take college-level courses. Options must also be available for the 6 hands-on learner who seeks to complete an apprenticeship program.

7 (4) The legislature intends to blur the line between high school 8 and college by articulating a vision to dramatically increase 9 participation in dual credit programs. It is for this reason that the 10 legislature should call on all education stakeholders to come together 11 to coordinate resources, track outcomes, and improve program 12 availability.

(5) The legislature further intends to provide high schools, colleges, and universities with a set of tools for growing and coordinating dual credit programs. Institutions should be given some flexibility in determining the best methods to secure long-term, ample financial support for these programs, while students should be given some help in offsetting instructional costs.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 28A.600 20 RCW to read as follows:

21 (1) The office of the superintendent of public instruction, in 22 collaboration with the state board for community and technical 23 colleges, the Washington state apprenticeship and training council, the 24 workforce training and education coordinating board, the higher 25 education coordinating board, and public baccalaureate the 26 institutions, shall report by September 1, 2010, and annually thereafter to the education and higher education committees of the 27 legislature regarding participation in dual credit programs. 28 The 29 report shall include:

30 (a) Data about student participation rates and academic performance 31 including but not limited to running start, college in the high school, 32 tech prep, international baccalaureate, advanced placement, and running 33 start for the trades;

34 (b) Data on the total unduplicated head count of students enrolled35 in at least one dual credit program course; and

36 (c) The percentage of students who enrolled in at least one dual

credit program as percent of all students enrolled in grades nine
 through twelve.

3 (2) Data on student participation shall be disaggregated by race,
4 ethnicity, gender, and receipt of free or reduced-price lunch.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 28A.600 6 RCW to read as follows:

7 (1) The superintendent of public instruction, the state board for community and technical colleges, the higher education coordinating 8 9 board, and the public baccalaureate institutions shall jointly develop 10 and each adopt rules governing the college in the high school program. 11 The association of Washington school principals shall be consulted 12 during the rules development. The rules shall be written to encourage 13 the maximum use of the program and may not narrow or limit the enrollment options. 14

(2) College in the high school programs shall each be governed by a local contract between the district and the institution of higher education, in compliance with the guidelines adopted by the superintendent of public instruction, the state board for community and technical colleges, and the public baccalaureate institutions.

20 (3) The college in the high school program must include the 21 provisions in this subsection.

(a) The high school and institution of higher education together
 shall define the criteria for student eligibility. The institution of
 higher education may charge tuition fees to participating students.

(b) School districts shall report no student for more than one
 full-time equivalent including college in the high school courses.

(c) The funds received by the institution of higher education may not be deemed tuition or operating fees and may be retained by the institution of higher education.

30 (d) Enrollment information on persons registered under this section 31 must be maintained by the institution of higher education separately 32 from other enrollment information and may not be included in official 33 enrollment reports, nor may such persons be considered in any 34 enrollment statistics that would affect higher education budgetary 35 determinations.

36 (e) A school district must grant high school credit to a student 37 enrolled in a program course if the student successfully completes the

1 course. If no comparable course is offered by the school district, the 2 school district superintendent shall determine how many credits to 3 award for the course. The determination shall be made in writing 4 before the student enrolls in the course. The credits shall be applied 5 toward graduation requirements and subject area requirements. Evidence 6 of successful completion of each program course shall be included in 7 the student's secondary school records and transcript.

8 (f) An institution of higher education must grant college credit to a student enrolled in a program course if the student successfully 9 10 completes the course. The college credit shall be applied toward 11 general education requirements or major requirements. If no comparable 12 course is offered by the college, the institution of higher education 13 at which the teacher of the program course is employed shall determine how many credits to award for the course and whether the course 14 15 fulfills general education or major requirements. Evidence of successful completion of each program course must be included in the 16 17 student's college transcript.

(g) Eleventh and twelfth grade students or students who have not yet received a high school diploma or its equivalent and are eligible to be in the eleventh or twelfth grades may participate in the college in the high school program.

(h) Participating school districts must provide general information
about the college in the high school program to all students in grades
ten, eleven, and twelve and to the parents and guardians of those
students.

(i) Full-time and part-time faculty at institutions of higher
 education, including adjunct faculty, are eligible to teach program
 courses.

29 (4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 30 section.

(a) "Institution of higher education" has the meaning in RCW 28B.10.016 and also includes a public tribal college located in Washington and accredited by the Northwest commission on colleges and universities or another accrediting association recognized by the United States department of education.

36 (b) "Program course" means a college course offered in a high37 school under the college in the high school program.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 28A.600
 RCW to read as follows:

The superintendent of public instruction and the higher education coordinating board shall develop advising guidelines to assure that students and parents understand that college credits earned in high school dual credit programs may impact eligibility for financial aid.

7 Sec. 5. RCW 28A.225.290 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 9 s 207 are each 8 amended to read as follows:

9 (1) The superintendent of public instruction shall prepare and 10 annually distribute an information booklet outlining parents' and 11 guardians' enrollment options for their children.

12 (2) Before the 1991-92 school year, the booklet shall be 13 distributed to all school districts by the office of the superintendent 14 of public instruction. School districts shall have a copy of the 15 information booklet available for public inspection at each school in 16 the district, at the district office, and in public libraries.

17

(3) The booklet shall include:

(a) Information about enrollment options and program opportunities,
including but not limited to programs in RCW 28A.225.220, 28A.185.040,
28A.225.200 through 28A.225.215, 28A.225.230 through 28A.225.250,
((28A.175.090,)) 28A.340.010 through 28A.340.070 (small high school
cooperative projects), and 28A.335.160.

(b) Information about the running start ((- community college or
 vocational-technical institute)) choice program under RCW 28A.600.300
 through ((28A.600.395)) 28A.600.400; and

26 (c) Information about the seventh and eighth grade choice program 27 under RCW 28A.230.090.

28 **Sec. 6.** RCW 28A.600.160 and 1998 c 225 s 2 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

Any middle school, junior high school, or high school using educational pathways shall ensure that all participating students will continue to have access to the courses and instruction necessary to meet admission requirements at baccalaureate institutions. Students shall be allowed to enter the educational pathway of their choice. Before accepting a student into an educational pathway, the school shall inform the student's parent of the pathway chosen, the

opportunities available to the student through the pathway, and the 1 2 career objectives the student will have exposure to while pursuing the Parents and students dissatisfied with the opportunities 3 pathway. 4 available through the selected educational pathway shall be provided with the opportunity to transfer the student to any other pathway 5 provided in the school. Schools may not develop educational pathways б 7 that retain students in high school beyond the date they are eligible 8 to graduate, and may not require students who transfer between pathways to complete pathway requirements beyond the date the student is 9 10 eligible to graduate. Educational pathways may include, but are not limited to, programs such as ((work based)) worksite learning, 11 12 ((school-to-work transition)) internships, tech prep, ((vocational-)) 13 career and technical education, running start, college in the high school, running start for the trades, and preparation for technical 14 15 college, community college, or university education.

16 **Sec. 7.** RCW 28A.600.300 and 2005 c 207 s 5 are each amended to 17 read as follows:

18 (1) The program established in this section through RCW 28A.600.400
 19 shall be known as the running start program.

20 (2) For the purposes of RCW 28A.600.310 through 28A.600.400, 21 "participating institution of higher education" or "institution of 22 higher education" means:

23 ((<del>(1)</del>)) <u>(a)</u> A community or technical college as defined in RCW 24 28B.50.030;

25 ((<del>(2)</del>)) <u>(b)</u> A public tribal college located in Washington and 26 accredited by the northwest commission on colleges and universities or 27 another accrediting association recognized by the United States 28 department of education; and

29 ((<del>(3)</del>)) <u>(c)</u> Central Washington University, Eastern Washington 30 University, Washington State University, and The Evergreen State 31 College, if the institution's governing board decides to participate in 32 the program in RCW 28A.600.310 through 28A.600.400.

33 **Sec. 8.** RCW 28A.600.310 and 2005 c 125 s 1 are each amended to 34 read as follows:

(1) Eleventh and twelfth grade students or students who have notyet received the credits required for the award of a high school

diploma and are eligible to be in the eleventh or twelfth grades may 1 2 apply to a participating institution of higher education to enroll in courses or programs offered by the institution of higher education. A 3 student receiving home-based instruction enrolling in a public high 4 school for the sole purpose of participating in courses or programs 5 б offered by institutions of higher education shall not be counted by the school district in any required state or federal accountability 7 8 reporting if the student's parents or guardians filed a declaration of 9 intent to provide home-based instruction and the student received homebased instruction during the school year before the school year in 10 11 which the student intends to participate in courses or programs offered 12 by the institution of higher education. Students receiving home-based 13 instruction under chapter 28A.200 RCW and students attending private schools approved under chapter 28A.195 RCW shall not be required to 14 meet the student learning goals, obtain a certificate of academic 15 achievement or a certificate of individual achievement to graduate from 16 high school, or to master the essential academic learning requirements. 17 However, students are eligible to enroll in courses or programs in 18 19 participating universities only if the board of directors of the 20 student's school district has decided to participate in the program. 21 Participating institutions of higher education, in consultation with 22 school districts, may establish admission standards for these students. 23 If the institution of higher education accepts a secondary school pupil 24 for enrollment under this section, the institution of higher education shall send written notice to the pupil and the pupil's school district 25 26 within ten days of acceptance. The notice shall indicate the course 27 and hours of enrollment for that pupil.

(2) <u>In lieu of tuition and fees, as defined in RCW 28B.15.020 and</u>
<u>28B.15.041</u>, running start students shall pay to the institution of
<u>higher education all other mandatory fees as established by each</u>
<u>institution of higher education</u>. The institution of higher education
<u>shall prorate the mandatory fees based on credit load</u>.

33 (3) The institution of higher education must make available fee 34 waivers for low-income students. Each institution must establish a 35 written policy for the determination of low-income students before 36 offering the fee waiver. A student shall be considered low income and 37 eligible for a fee waiver upon proof that the student is currently 38 gualified to receive free or reduced-price lunch. Acceptable 1 documentation of low-income status may also include, but is not limited 2 to, documentation that a student has been deemed eligible for free or 3 reduced-price lunches in the last five years, or other criteria 4 established in the institution's policy.

(4) The pupil's school district shall transmit to the institution 5 6 of higher education an amount per each full-time equivalent college student at statewide uniform rates for vocational and nonvocational 7 students. The superintendent of public instruction shall separately 8 9 calculate and allocate moneys appropriated for basic education under RCW 28A.150.260 to school districts for purposes of making such 10 11 payments and for granting school districts seven percent thereof to offset program related costs. The calculations and allocations shall 12 be based upon the estimated statewide annual average per full-time 13 equivalent high school student allocations under RCW 28A.150.260, 14 excluding small high school enhancements, and applicable rules adopted 15 under chapter 34.05 RCW. The superintendent of public instruction, the 16 higher education coordinating board, and the state board for community 17 technical colleges shall consult on the calculation and 18 and distribution of the funds. ((The institution of higher education shall 19 20 not require the pupil to pay any other fees.)) The funds received by 21 the institution of higher education from the school district shall not be deemed tuition or operating fees and may be retained by the 22 institution of higher education. A student enrolled under this 23 24 subsection shall ((not)) be counted for the purpose of ((determining any)) meeting enrollment ((restrictions)) targets imposed by the state 25 26 on the institution of higher education, however, enrollments under this 27 section shall not be counted for purposes of funding under chapter 28B.10 RCW and shall not displace any students currently enrolled. 28

29 (5) The state board for community and technical colleges shall 30 develop long-term funding proposals to support running start that may 31 include, but not be limited to, student tuition and performance 32 funding. The state board for community and technical colleges shall 33 report its recommendations to the legislature by December 1, 2010.

--- END ---