## HOUSE BILL 2306

Stat	e of	Washing	gton	61st Leg	jislature	2009	Regular	Session
By R	lepres	sentati	ves Carly!	le, Ericks,	Dunshee,	Pedersen,	and Kagi	
Read	lfirs	st time	03/09/09.	. Referred	to Commit	tee on Hig	her Educa	ation.

AN ACT Relating to creating opportunity grant programs at four-year institutions of higher education; amending RCW 28B.15.067 and 28B.15.068; adding a new section to chapter 28B.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28B.30 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28B.35 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28B.40 RCW; and creating new sections.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. The legislature finds that providing access 9 to a high-quality postsecondary education is a duty of the state and 10 that providing and promoting that access is a shared responsibility 11 among the state, students, and the public colleges and universities. 12 However, access and affordability for middle-income students have 13 eroded in recent years; therefore, the higher education system must 14 fundamentally change and improve to better meet the needs of students.

The legislature finds that despite current financial aid programs, the rapid rise in the cost of textbooks, tuition, fees, living expenses, transportation, and other expenses combine to put the total cost of attendance out of reach for many middle and lower-income students and families.

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The legislature further finds that under the current system middleincome families are running out of options and are forced to either shoulder these costs themselves or be priced out of higher education entirely. As a result, middle-income debt loads are surging, causing families to make painful career and family choices in order to ensure access to educational opportunity.

7 The legislature recognizes that states with higher tuition rates 8 have been shown to effectively use those resources to provide 9 substantial and incremental financial aid to lower and middle-income 10 students.

State taxes currently subsidize all students attending Washington 11 12 public colleges and universities. As a result, upper-income families 13 view the institution as a relative bargain among premier public and private universities around the world. On the other hand, the total 14 cost of attendance has become unaffordable in the context of middle-15 income families' means. Compounding this crisis is the lack of 16 17 available financial aid outside of loans specifically targeted to the middle class. 18

19 It is for these reasons that the legislature intends to design a 20 college affordability program that systemically addresses these issues 21 for middle-income families to afford a college education. The 22 legislature intends to empower the four-year institutions of higher 23 education to raise tuition during a six-year period and target a 24 portion of the new revenue to those middle-income students who would 25 not otherwise qualify for state financial aid.

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 28B.20 RCW 27 to read as follows:

(1) The University of Washington opportunity grant program ishereby established at the University of Washington.

30 (2) The program shall be administered by the University of31 Washington.

32 (3) Eligibility for the program shall be limited to resident 33 undergraduate students with family incomes of up to one hundred twenty-34 five percent of the state median family income, adjusted for family 35 size.

36 (4) The University of Washington opportunity grant program is37 supplemental to the state need grant program, as defined in chapter

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1 28B.92 RCW, and intended to provide financial assistance to middleincome students with incomes up to one hundred twenty-five percent of 3 state median family income adjusted for family size.

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(5) In administering the program, the university shall:

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(a) Adopt necessary rules and guidelines;

6 (b) Establish eligibility requirements and select program7 participants;

8 (c) Base award amounts on the assessment of the student's ability 9 to pay the cost of attendance using the federal student financial aid 10 needs assessment process and such other evaluation procedures and 11 criteria the university may adopt. Award amounts shall be prorated as 12 family income increases, based on a percentage of the maximum base 13 grant award amount of the state need grant, as determined by the higher 14 education coordinating board for the state universities.

(i) Students with a family income that exceeds the income eligibility criteria for state need grant and is less than or equal to one hundred percent of state median family income shall receive forty percent of the maximum state need grant award amount;

(ii) Students with a family income between one hundred one and one hundred twenty-five percent of state median family income shall receive twenty-five percent of the maximum state need grant award amount;

22 (d) Publicize the program; and

(e) Solicit and accept grants, gifts, and donations from public andprivate sources for the program.

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 28B.30 RCW 26 to read as follows:

(1) The Washington State University opportunity grant program ishereby established at Washington State University.

(2) The program shall be administered by Washington State30 University.

31 (3) Eligibility for the program shall be limited to resident 32 undergraduate students with family incomes of up to one hundred twenty-33 five percent of the state median family income, adjusted for family 34 size.

35 (4) The Washington State University opportunity grant program is
 36 supplemental to the state need grant program, as defined in chapter

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1 28B.92 RCW, and intended to provide financial assistance to middleincome students with incomes up to one hundred twenty-five percent of 3 state median family income adjusted for family size.

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(5) In administering the program, the university shall:

5

(a) Adopt necessary rules and guidelines;

6 (b) Establish eligibility requirements and select program7 participants;

8 (c) Base award amounts on the assessment of the student's ability 9 to pay the cost of attendance using the federal student financial aid 10 needs assessment process and such other evaluation procedures and 11 criteria the university may adopt. Award amounts shall be prorated as 12 family income increases, based on a percentage of the maximum base 13 grant award amount of the state need grant, as determined by the higher 14 education coordinating board for the state universities.

(i) Students with a family income that exceeds the income eligibility criteria for state need grant and is less than or equal to one hundred percent of state median family income shall receive forty percent of the maximum state need grant award amount;

(ii) Students with a family income between one hundred one and one hundred twenty-five percent of state median family income shall receive twenty-five percent of the maximum state need grant award amount;

22 (d) Publicize the program; and

(e) Solicit and accept grants, gifts, and donations from public andprivate sources for the program.

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 28B.35 RCW 26 to read as follows:

(1)(a) The Central Washington University opportunity grant programis hereby established at Central Washington University.

(b) The Eastern Washington University opportunity grant program ishereby established at Eastern Washington University.

(c) The Western Washington University opportunity grant program is
 hereby established at Western Washington University.

33 (2) The programs shall be administered by the respective 34 universities.

35 (3) Eligibility for the programs shall be limited to resident36 undergraduate students with family incomes of up to one hundred twenty-

1 five percent of the state median family income, adjusted for family
2 size.

3 (4) Each opportunity grant program is supplemental to the state 4 need grant program, as defined in chapter 28B.92 RCW, and intended to 5 provide financial assistance to middle-income students with incomes up 6 to one hundred twenty-five percent of state median family income 7 adjusted for family size.

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(5) In administering the program, each university shall:

9 (a) Adopt necessary rules and guidelines;

10 (b) Establish eligibility requirements and select program
11 participants;

12 (c) Base award amounts on the assessment of the student's ability 13 to pay the cost of attendance using the federal student financial aid 14 needs assessment process and such other evaluation procedures and 15 criteria each university may adopt. Award amounts shall be prorated as 16 family income increases, based on a percentage of the maximum base 17 grant award amount of the state need grant, as determined by the higher 18 education coordinating board for the regional institutions.

(i) Students with a family income that exceeds the income eligibility criteria for state need grant and is less than or equal to one hundred percent of state median family income shall receive forty percent of the maximum state need grant award amount;

(ii) Students with a family income between one hundred one and one hundred twenty-five percent of state median family income shall receive twenty-five percent of the maximum state need grant award amount;

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(d) Publicize the program; and

(e) Solicit and accept grants, gifts, and donations from public andprivate sources for the program.

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 28B.40 RCW 30 to read as follows:

(1) The Evergreen State College opportunity grant program is herebyestablished at The Evergreen State College.

33 (2) The program shall be administered by The Evergreen State34 College.

35 (3) Eligibility for the program shall be limited to resident36 undergraduate students with family incomes of up to one hundred twenty-

1 five percent of the state median family income, adjusted for family
2 size.

3 (4) The Evergreen State College opportunity grant program is 4 supplemental to the state need grant program, as defined in chapter 5 28B.92 RCW, and intended to provide financial assistance to middle-6 income students with incomes up to one hundred twenty-five percent of 7 state median family income adjusted for family size.

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(5) In administering the program, the college shall:

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(a) Adopt necessary rules and guidelines;

10 (b) Establish eligibility requirements and select program
11 participants;

12 (c) Base award amounts on the assessment of the student's ability 13 to pay the cost of attendance using the federal student financial aid 14 needs assessment process and such other evaluation procedures and 15 criteria the college may adopt. Award amounts shall be prorated as 16 family income increases, based on a percentage of the maximum base 17 grant award amount of the state need grant, as determined by the higher 18 education coordinating board for The Evergreen State College.

(i) Students with a family income that exceeds the income eligibility criteria for state need grant and is less than or equal to one hundred percent of state median family income shall receive forty percent of the maximum state need grant award amount;

(ii) Students with a family income between one hundred one and one hundred twenty-five percent of state median family income shall receive twenty-five percent of the maximum state need grant award amount;

26

(d) Publicize the program; and

(e) Solicit and accept grants, gifts, and donations from public andprivate sources for the program.

29 Sec. 6. RCW 28B.15.067 and 2007 c 355 s 7 are each amended to read 30 as follows:

(1) Tuition fees shall be established under the provisions of thischapter.

33 (2) Beginning with the ((2003-04)) 2009-10 academic year and ending 34 with the ((2008-09)) 2014-15 academic year, reductions or increases in 35 full-time tuition fees for ((resident undergraduates)) all students 36 shall be ((as provided in the omnibus appropriations act)) determined

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by the governing boards of the state universities, the regional
 universities, and The Evergreen State College.

3 (3) <u>Beginning with the 2009-10 academic year and ending with the</u>
4 <u>2014-15 academic year, reductions or increases in full-time tuition</u>
5 <u>fees for resident undergraduates attending community or technical</u>
6 <u>colleges shall be as provided in the omnibus appropriations act.</u>

(4) Beginning with the ((2003-04)) 2009-10 academic year and ending 7 with the ((2008-09)) 2014-15 academic year, ((the governing boards of 8 the state universities, the regional universities, The Evergreen State 9 10 College, and)) the state board for community and technical colleges may 11 reduce or increase full-time tuition fees for all students other than 12 resident undergraduates, including summer school students and students 13 in other self-supporting degree programs. Percentage increases in full-time tuition fees may exceed the fiscal growth factor. Reductions 14 or increases may be made for all or portions of an institution's 15 16 programs, campuses, courses, or students.

17 (((4))) (5) Academic year tuition for full-time students at the 18 state's institutions of higher education beginning with ((2009-10))19 <u>2015-16</u>, other than summer term, shall be as charged during the ((2008-09)) <u>2014-15</u> academic year unless different rates are adopted by the 21 legislature.

((<del>(5)</del>)) <u>(6)</u> The tuition fees established under this chapter shall not apply to high school students enrolling in participating institutions of higher education under RCW 28A.600.300 through 28A.600.400.

26 (((+6))) (7) The tuition fees established under this chapter shall 27 not apply to eligible students enrolling in a community or technical 28 college under RCW 28C.04.610.

29 ((<del>(7)</del>)) <u>(8)</u> The tuition fees established under this chapter shall 30 not apply to eligible students enrolling in a community or technical 31 college participating in the pilot program under RCW 28B.50.534 for the 32 purpose of obtaining a high school diploma.

33 (((+8))) (9) For the academic years ((2003-04)) 2009-10 through 34 ((2008-09)) 2014-15, the University of Washington shall use an amount 35 equivalent to ten percent of all revenues received as a result of law 36 school tuition increases beginning in academic year ((2000-01)) 2009-10 37 through academic year ((2008-09)) 2014-15 to assist needy low and 38 middle income resident law students.

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1 (((9))) (10) For the academic years ((2003-04)) 2009-10 through 2 ((2008-09)) 2014-15, institutions of higher education shall use an 3 amount equivalent to ten percent of all revenues received as a result 4 of graduate academic school tuition increases beginning in academic 5 year ((2003-04)) 2009-10 through academic year ((2008-09)) 2014-15 to 6 assist needy low and middle-income resident graduate academic students.

7 **Sec. 7.** RCW 28B.15.068 and 2007 c 151 s 1 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

9 (1) Beginning with the 2007-08 academic year and ending with the 2016-17 academic year, tuition fees charged to full-time resident 10 undergraduate students may increase no greater than ((seven)) twelve 11 12 percent over the previous academic year in any institution of higher 13 education. ((Annual reductions or increases in full-time tuition fees 14 for resident undergraduate students shall be as provided in the omnibus 15 appropriations act, within the seven percent increase limit established 16 in this section.)) To the extent that state appropriations combined 17 with tuition and fee revenues are insufficient to achieve the total per-student funding goals established in subsection (2) of this 18 section, the legislature may revisit state appropriations, authorized 19 20 enrollment levels, and changes in tuition fees for any given fiscal 21 year.

22 (2) The state shall adopt as its goal total per-student funding 23 levels, from state appropriations plus tuition and fees, of at least 24 the sixtieth percentile of total per-student funding at similar public 25 institutions of higher education in the global challenge states. In 26 defining comparable per-student funding levels, the office of financial 27 management shall adjust for regional cost-of-living differences; for differences in program offerings and in the relative mix of lower 28 29 division, upper division, and graduate students; and for accounting and reporting differences among the comparison institutions. The office of 30 31 financial management shall develop a funding trajectory for each four-32 year institution of higher education and for the community and technical college system as a whole that when combined with tuition and 33 34 fees revenue allows the state to achieve its funding goal for each 35 four-year institution and the community and technical college system as 36 a whole no later than fiscal year 2017. The state shall not reduce 37 enrollment levels below fiscal year 2007 budgeted levels in order to

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1 improve or alter the per-student funding amount at any four-year 2 institution of higher education or the community and technical college 3 system as a whole. The state recognizes that each four-year 4 institution of higher education and the community and technical college 5 system as a whole have different funding requirements to achieve 6 desired performance levels, and that increases to the total per-student 7 funding amount may need to exceed the minimum funding goal.

8 (3) By September 1st of each year beginning  $((\frac{1}{1}))$  in 2008, the 9 office of financial management shall report to the governor, the higher education coordinating board, and appropriate committees of the 10 11 legislature with updated estimates of the total per-student funding 12 level that represents the sixtieth percentile of funding for comparable 13 institutions of higher education in the global challenge states, and the progress toward that goal that was made for each of the public 14 15 institutions of higher education.

(4) As used in this section, "global challenge states" are the top 16 performing states on the new economy index published by the progressive 17 policy institute as of July 22, 2007. The new economy index ranks 18 19 states on indicators of their potential to compete in the new economy. At least once every five years, the office of financial management 20 21 shall determine if changes to the list of global challenge states are 22 appropriate. The office of financial management shall report its 23 findings to the governor and the legislature.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. The Washington state institute for public policy shall evaluate the effects of this change in tuition policy and financial aid created by this act, recommend alternatives for the guaranteed education tuition program, and deliver its findings to the governor and appropriate committees of the legislature by December 2012.

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