## HOUSE BILL 2637

## State of Washington 61st Legislature 2010 Regular Session

By Representatives Hunter and Moeller

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AN ACT Relating to local government taxation; amending RCW 82.14.450, 82.14.450, 82.14.460, 82.14.460, 84.55.050, 82.46.035, 82.12.010, and 82.14.230; reenacting and amending RCW 82.46.035; adding a new section to chapter 35.21 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 36 RCW; providing effective dates; and providing expiration dates.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7 **Sec. 1.** RCW 82.14.450 and 2009 c 551 s 1 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

9 ELIMINATING NONSUPPLANT LANGUAGE. (1) A county legislative 10 authority may submit an authorizing proposition to the county voters at 11 a primary or general election and, if the proposition is approved by a 12 majority of persons voting, impose a sales and use tax in accordance 13 with the terms of this chapter. The title of each ballot measure must 14 clearly state the purposes for which the proposed sales and use tax 15 will be used. ((Funds raised under this tax shall not supplant 16 existing funds used for these purposes, except as follows: Up to one hundred percent may be used to supplant existing funding in calendar 17 18 year 2010; up to eighty percent may be used to supplant existing 19 funding in calendar year 2011; up to sixty percent may be used to

1 supplant existing funding in calendar year 2012; up to forty percent 2 may be used to supplant existing funding in calendar year 2013; and up 3 to twenty percent may be used to supplant existing funding in calendar 4 year 2014. For purposes of this subsection, existing funds means the actual operating expenditures for the calendar year in which the ballot 5 measure is approved by voters. Actual operating expenditures excludes б 7 lost federal funds, lost or expired state grants or loans, 8 extraordinary events not likely to reoccur, changes in contract provisions beyond the control of the county or city receiving the 9 10 services, and major nonrecurring capital expenditures.)) The rate of tax under this section may not exceed three-tenths of one percent of 11 12 the selling price in the case of a sales tax, or value of the article 13 used, in the case of a use tax.

14 (2) The tax authorized in this section is in addition to any other 15 taxes authorized by law and must be collected from those persons who 16 are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the 17 occurrence of any taxable event within the county.

18 (3) The retail sale or use of motor vehicles, and the lease of 19 motor vehicles for up to the first thirty-six months of the lease, are 20 exempt from tax imposed under this section.

(4) One-third of all money received under this section must be used solely for criminal justice purposes, fire protection purposes, or both. For the purposes of this subsection, "criminal justice purposes" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 82.14.340.

(5) Money received under this section must be shared between the county and the cities as follows: Sixty percent must be retained by the county and forty percent must be distributed on a per capita basis to cities in the county.

29 Sec. 2. RCW 82.14.450 and 2007 c 380 s 1 are each amended to read 30 as follows:

ELIMINATING NONSUPPLANT LANGUAGE. (1) A county legislative authority may submit an authorizing proposition to the county voters at a primary or general election and, if the proposition is approved by a majority of persons voting, impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter. The title of each ballot measure must clearly state the purposes for which the proposed sales and use tax will be used. ((Funds raised under this tax shall not supplant

existing funds used for these purposes. For purposes of this 1 2 subsection, existing funds means the actual operating expenditures for the calendar year in which the ballot measure is approved by voters. 3 4 Actual operating expenditures excludes lost federal funds, lost or expired state grants or loans, extraordinary events not likely to 5 6 reoccur, changes in contract provisions beyond the control of the 7 county or city receiving the services, and major nonrecurring capital 8 expenditures.)) The rate of tax under this section shall not exceed 9 three-tenths of one percent of the selling price in the case of a sales 10 tax, or value of the article used, in the case of a use tax.

(2) The tax authorized in this section is in addition to any other taxes authorized by law and ((shall)) <u>must</u> be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the county.

15 (3) The retail sale or use of motor vehicles, and the lease of 16 motor vehicles for up to the first thirty-six months of the lease, are 17 exempt from tax imposed under this section.

18 (4) One-third of all money received under this section ((shall)) 19 <u>must</u> be used solely for criminal justice purposes. For the purposes of 20 this subsection, "criminal justice purposes" means additional police 21 protection, mitigation of congested court systems, or relief of 22 overcrowded jails or other local correctional facilities.

(5) Money received under this section ((shall)) must be shared
between the county and the cities as follows: Sixty percent ((shall))
must be retained by the county and forty percent ((shall)) must be
distributed on a per capita basis to cities in the county.

27 **Sec. 3.** RCW 82.14.460 and 2009 c 551 s 2 are each amended to read 28 as follows:

ELIMINATING NONSUPPLANT LANGUAGE. (1) A county legislative authority may authorize, fix, and impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter.

(2) The tax authorized in this section ((shall be)) is in addition to any other taxes authorized by law and ((shall)) must be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the county. The rate of tax ((shall)) equals one-tenth of one percent of

1 the selling price in the case of a sales tax, or value of the article 2 used, in the case of a use tax.

(3) Moneys collected under this section ((shall)) must be used 3 4 solely for the purpose of providing for the operation or delivery of chemical dependency or mental health treatment programs and services 5 and for the operation or delivery of therapeutic court programs and б 7 services. For the purposes of this section, "programs and services" 8 includes, but is not limited to, treatment services, case management, and housing that are a component of a coordinated chemical dependency 9 10 or mental health treatment program or service.

11 (((4) All moneys collected under this section must be used solely 12 for the purpose of providing new or expanded programs and services as 13 provided in this section, except a portion of moneys collected under 14 this section may be used to supplant existing funding for these purposes in any county as follows: Up to fifty percent may be used to 15 supplant existing funding in calendar year 2010; up to forty percent 16 17 may be used to supplant existing funding in calendar year 2011; up to 18 thirty percent may be used to supplant existing funding in calendar year 2012; up to twenty percent may be used to supplant existing 19 20 funding in calendar year 2013; and up to ten percent may be used to 21 supplant existing funding in calendar year 2014.

22 (5) Nothing in this section may be interpreted to prohibit the use 23 of moneys collected under this section for the replacement of lapsed 24 federal funding previously provided for the operation or delivery of 25 services and programs as provided in this section.))

26 **Sec. 4.** RCW 82.14.460 and 2008 c 157 s 2 are each amended to read 27 as follows:

ELIMINATING NONSUPPLANT LANGUAGE. (1) A county legislative authority may authorize, fix, and impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter.

(2) The tax authorized in this section ((shall be)) is in addition to any other taxes authorized by law and ((shall)) must be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the county. The rate of tax ((shall)) equals one-tenth of one percent of the selling price in the case of a sales tax, or value of the article used, in the case of a use tax.

(3) Moneys collected under this section ((shall)) must be used 1 2 solely for the purpose of providing for the operation or delivery of 3 new or expanded chemical dependency or mental health treatment programs 4 and services and for the operation or delivery of new or expanded 5 therapeutic court programs and services. For the purposes of this section, "programs and services" includes, but is not limited to, 6 7 treatment services, case management, and housing that are a component 8 of a coordinated chemical dependency or mental health treatment program 9 or service.

10 (((4) Moneys collected under this section shall not be used to 11 supplant existing funding for these purposes, provided that nothing in 12 this section shall be interpreted to prohibit the use of moneys 13 collected under this section for the replacement of lapsed federal 14 funding previously provided for the operation or delivery of services 15 and programs as provided in this section.))

16 **Sec. 5.** RCW 84.55.050 and 2009 c 551 s 3 are each amended to read 17 as follows:

18 ELIMINATING NONSUPPLANT LANGUAGE. (1) Subject to any otherwise applicable statutory dollar rate limitations, regular property taxes 19 20 may be levied by or for a taxing district in an amount exceeding the 21 limitations provided for in this chapter if such levy is authorized by 22 a proposition approved by a majority of the voters of the taxing 23 district voting on the proposition at a general election held within the district or at a special election within the taxing district called 24 25 by the district for the purpose of submitting such proposition to the 26 voters. Any election held pursuant to this section ((shall)) must be held not more than twelve months prior to the date on which the 27 proposed levy is to be made, except as provided in subsection (2) of 28 29 The ballot of the proposition ((shall)) must state the this section. dollar rate proposed and ((shall)) must clearly state the conditions, 30 31 if any, which are applicable under subsection (4) of this section.

32 (2)((<del>(a)</del>)) Subject to statutory dollar limitations, a proposition 33 placed before the voters under this section may authorize annual 34 increases in levies for multiple consecutive years, up to six 35 consecutive years, during which period each year's authorized maximum 36 legal levy ((<del>shall</del>)) <u>must</u> be used as the base upon which an increased 37 levy limit for the succeeding year is computed, but the ballot

proposition must state the dollar rate proposed only for the first year 1 2 of the consecutive years and must state the limit factor, or a specified index to be used for determining a limit factor, such as the 3 4 consumer price index, which need not be the same for all years, by which the regular tax levy for the district may be increased in each of 5 6 the subsequent consecutive years. Elections for this purpose must be held at a primary or general election. 7 The title of each ballot measure must state the limited purposes for which the proposed annual 8 9 increases during the specified period of up to six consecutive years shall be used. 10

11 (((b)(i) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (2)(b), 12 funds raised by a levy under this subsection may not supplant existing 13 funds used for the limited purpose specified in the ballot title. For purposes of this subsection, existing funds means the actual operating 14 15 expenditures for the calendar year in which the ballot measure is approved by voters. Actual operating expenditures excludes lost 16 federal funds, lost or expired state grants or loans, extraordinary 17 events not likely to reoccur, changes in contract provisions beyond the 18 control of the taxing district receiving the services, and major 19 20 nonrecurring capital expenditures.

(ii) The supplanting limitations in (b)(i) of this subsection do not apply to levies approved by the voters in calendar years 2009, 2010, and 2011, in any county with a population of one million five hundred thousand or more. This subsection (2)(b)(ii) only applies to levies approved by the voters after July 26, 2009.

26 (iii) The supplanting limitations in (b)(i) of this subsection do 27 not apply to levies approved by the voters in calendar year 2009 and 28 thereafter in any county with a population less than one million five 29 hundred thousand. This subsection (2)(b)(iii) only applies to levies 30 approved by the voters after July 26, 2009.))

31 (3) After a levy authorized pursuant to this section is made, the 32 dollar amount of ((such)) the levy may not be used for the purpose of 33 computing the limitations for subsequent levies provided for in this 34 chapter, unless the ballot proposition expressly states that the levy 35 made under this section will be used for this purpose.

36 (4) If expressly stated, a proposition placed before the voters 37 under subsection (1) or (2) of this section may:

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1 (a) Use the dollar amount of a levy under subsection (1) of this 2 section, or the dollar amount of the final levy under subsection (2) of 3 this section, for the purpose of computing the limitations for 4 subsequent levies provided for in this chapter;

5 (b) Limit the period for which the increased levy is to be made 6 under (a) of this subsection;

7 (c) Limit the purpose for which the increased levy is to be made 8 under (a) of this subsection, but if the limited purpose includes 9 making redemption payments on bonds, the period for which the increased 10 levies are made shall not exceed nine years;

(d) Set the levy or levies at a rate less than the maximum rate allowed for the district; or

13 (e) Include any combination of the conditions in this subsection.

14 (5) Except as otherwise expressly stated in an approved ballot 15 measure under this section, subsequent levies ((shall)) <u>must</u> be 16 computed as if:

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(a) The proposition under this section had not been approved; and

(b) The taxing district had made levies at the maximum rates which would otherwise have been allowed under this chapter during the years levies were made under the proposition.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. AUTHORIZING A COUNTY UTILITY TAX. (1) 22 Subject to the conditions and requirements of this section, a county 23 may impose an excise tax on the privilege of engaging in business as a 24 utility. The tax is equal to the gross income derived from providing 25 service to consumers within the county multiplied by the rate provided 26 in subsection (3) of this section.

(2) A county with a population of one million five hundred thousand
 persons or less may not impose an excise tax on the privilege of
 engaging in business as a gas utility.

30 (3) A county may not impose a rate of tax that exceeds six percent, 31 except a county with a population of one million five hundred thousand 32 persons or less may not impose a rate that exceeds one percent on an 33 electrical power utility.

34 (4) A county must use taxes collected under the authority of this
 35 section only for public safety, infrastructure, capital projects, and
 36 other services.

(5) A utility subject to tax under this section must add the tax to
 the rates or charges it makes for utility services and separately state
 the amount of tax on billings.

4 (6) A county may initially impose the tax authorized under this
5 section only on the first day of a calendar quarter and no sooner than
6 seventy-five days from the date the county adopts the ordinance or
7 resolution imposing the tax.

8 (7) A county may provide exemptions for sales by utilities to 9 business customers, such as manufacturing facilities, aircraft repair 10 facilities, industrial parks, industrial facilities, farm businesses, 11 and computer data centers. A county may not provide a general 12 exemption for sales by utilities to residential customers unless 13 business customers are also exempt.

14 (8) A county must allow a credit against the cable service utility
15 tax for any franchise fee paid by the cable service utility to the
16 county.

(9) A county must provide a deduction for gross income derived from providing utility service to consumers: (a) Located within the incorporated areas of the county; and (b) located within the unincorporated areas of the county that are outside any urban growth areas, as designated in the county's comprehensive plan.

(10) The following definitions apply throughout this section unlessthe context clearly requires otherwise.

(a) "Cable service utility" means a person providing cable serviceas defined in the federal telecommunications act of 1996.

(b) "Electrical power utility" means a "light and power business"as defined in RCW 82.16.010.

(c) "Gas utility" means a "gas distribution business" as defined in
 RCW 82.16.010.

30 (d) "Gross income" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 31 82.16.010.

32 (e) "Sewer utility" means a sewerage collection business as that 33 term is used in chapter 82.16 RCW.

34 (f) "Solid waste utility" means a "solid waste collection business" 35 as defined in RCW 82.18.010.

36 (g) "Telephone utility" means a person providing 37 "telecommunications service" as defined in RCW 82.04.065.

(h) "Water utility" means a "water distribution business" as
 defined in RCW 82.16.010.

3 (i) "Utility" means an electrical power utility, gas utility,
4 telephone utility, water utility, sewer utility, solid waste utility,
5 or cable service utility. "Utility" also means a water-sewer district
6 formed under Title 57 RCW.

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 35.21 RCW 8 to read as follows:

9 AUTHORIZING A CITY TAX ON WATER-SEWER DISTRICTS. (1) Subject to 10 the requirements of this section, a city or town may impose a tax upon 11 the gross income of a water-sewer district formed under Title 57 RCW.

12 (2) A city or town imposing the tax authorized under this section 13 may not impose a rate of tax that exceeds six percent. A city or town 14 may impose the tax only upon the gross income of a water-sewer district 15 derived from services provided within the city or town.

16 (3) A city or town imposing the tax authorized under this section 17 must allow a credit against the tax for any franchise fee paid by a 18 water-sewer district to the city or town.

19 Sec. 8. RCW 82.46.035 and 2009 c 211 s 1 are each amended to read 20 as follows:

21 ALLOWING USE OF LOCAL REET FOR PARK OPERATIONS. (1)The 22 legislative authority of any county or city ((shall)) must identify in the adopted budget the capital projects and park maintenance and 23 24 operation expenditures, or both, funded in whole or in part from the proceeds of the tax authorized in this section((, and shall indicate 25 26 that such tax is intended to be in addition to other funds that may be 27 reasonably available for such capital projects)).

(2) The legislative authority of any county or any city that plans 28 29 under RCW 36.70A.040(1) may impose an additional excise tax on each 30 sale of real property in the unincorporated areas of the county for the county tax and in the corporate limits of the city for the city tax at 31 a rate not exceeding one-quarter of one percent of the selling price. 32 Any county choosing to plan under RCW 36.70A.040(2) and any city within 33 34 such a county may only adopt an ordinance imposing the excise tax 35 authorized by this section if the ordinance is first authorized by a 36 proposition approved by a majority of the voters of the taxing district

1 voting on the proposition at a general election held within the 2 district or at a special election within the taxing district called by 3 the district for the purpose of submitting such proposition to the 4 voters.

(3) Revenues generated from the tax imposed under subsection (2) of 5 this section ((shall)) must be used by such counties and cities 6 ((solely)) for financing capital projects specified in a capital 7 8 facilities plan element of a comprehensive plan and park maintenance and operation expenditures. However, revenues (a) pledged by such 9 counties and cities to debt retirement prior to March 1, 1992, may 10 continue to be used for that purpose until the original debt for which 11 the revenues were pledged is retired, or (b) committed prior to March 12 13 1, 1992, by such counties or cities to a project may continue to be 14 used for that purpose until the project is completed.

(4) Revenues generated by the tax imposed by this section ((shall))
 <u>must</u> be deposited in a separate account.

17 (5) As used in this section: (a) "City" means any city or town; (b) "capital project" means those public works projects of a local 18 19 government for planning, acquisition, construction, reconstruction, repair, replacement, rehabilitation, or improvement of streets, roads, 20 21 highways, sidewalks, street and road lighting systems, traffic signals, 22 bridges, municipally owned heavy rail short line railroads, domestic 23 water systems, storm and sanitary sewer systems, and planning, 24 construction, reconstruction, repair, rehabilitation, or improvement of parks; and (c) "short line railroads" means class III railroads as 25 26 defined by the United States surface transportation board.

(6) When the governor files a notice of noncompliance under RCW 36.70A.340 with the secretary of state and the appropriate county or city, the county or city's authority to impose the additional excise tax under this section ((shall)) <u>must</u> be temporarily rescinded until the governor files a subsequent notice rescinding the notice of noncompliance.

(7) A city or county may use revenue generated under subsection (2) of this section for municipally owned heavy short line railroads only if the revenue was collected prior to December 31, 2008, and may not use more than twenty-five percent of the total revenue generated under subsection (2) of this section for municipally owned heavy short line railroads.

Sec. 9. RCW 82.46.035 and 1992 c 221 s 3 and 1991 sp.s. c 32 s 33 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

ALLOWING USE OF LOCAL REET FOR PARK OPERATIONS. 3 The (1) legislative authority of any county or city shall identify in the 4 adopted budget the capital projects and park maintenance and operation 5 expenditures, or both, funded in whole or in part from the proceeds of 6 7 the tax authorized in this section((, and shall indicate that such tax 8 is intended to be in addition to other funds that may be reasonably available for such capital projects)). 9

(2) The legislative authority of any county or any city that plans 10 under RCW 36.70A.040(1) may impose an additional excise tax on each 11 12 sale of real property in the unincorporated areas of the county for the 13 county tax and in the corporate limits of the city for the city tax at 14 a rate not exceeding one-quarter of one percent of the selling price. Any county choosing to plan under RCW 36.70A.040(2) and any city within 15 such a county may only adopt an ordinance imposing the excise tax 16 17 authorized by this section if the ordinance is first authorized by a 18 proposition approved by a majority of the voters of the taxing district 19 voting on the proposition at a general election held within the district or at a special election within the taxing district called by 20 21 the district for the purpose of submitting such proposition to the 22 voters.

23 (3) Revenues generated from the tax imposed under subsection (2) of 24 this section ((shall)) must be used by such counties and cities ((solely)) for financing capital projects specified in a capital 25 26 facilities plan element of a comprehensive plan and park maintenance 27 and operation expenditures. However, revenues (a) pledged by such counties and cities to debt retirement prior to March 1, 1992, may 28 29 continue to be used for that purpose until the original debt for which 30 the revenues were pledged is retired, or (b) committed prior to March 1, 1992, by such counties or cities to a project may continue to be 31 32 used for that purpose until the project is completed.

(4) Revenues generated by the tax imposed by this section ((shall))
 <u>must</u> be deposited in a separate account.

(5) As used in this section, "city" means any city or town and "capital project" means those public works projects of a local government for planning, acquisition, construction, reconstruction, repair, replacement, rehabilitation, or improvement of streets, roads, highways, sidewalks, street and road lighting systems, traffic signals, bridges, domestic water systems, storm and sanitary sewer systems, and planning, construction, reconstruction, repair, rehabilitation, or improvement of parks.

5 (6) When the governor files a notice of noncompliance under RCW 6 36.70A.340 with the secretary of state and the appropriate county or 7 city, the county or city's authority to impose the additional excise 8 tax under this section ((shall)) <u>must</u> be temporarily rescinded until 9 the governor files a subsequent notice rescinding the notice of 10 noncompliance.

11 **Sec. 10.** RCW 82.12.010 and 2009 c 535 s 304 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

13 CLARIFYING THE LOCATION OF FIRST USE FOR BROKERED NATURAL GAS. For 14 the purposes of this chapter:

(1) "Purchase price" means the same as sales price as defined inRCW 82.08.010;

(2)(a) "Value of the article used" shall be the purchase price for 17 the article of tangible personal property, the use of which is taxable 18 The term also includes, in addition to the 19 under this chapter. 20 purchase price, the amount of any tariff or duty paid with respect to 21 the importation of the article used. In case the article used is 22 acquired by lease or by gift or is extracted, produced, or manufactured 23 by the person using the same or is sold under conditions wherein the 24 purchase price does not represent the true value thereof, the value of 25 the article used ((shall be)) is determined as nearly as possible 26 according to the retail selling price at place of use of similar products of like quality and character under such rules as the 27 28 department may prescribe.

29 (b) In case the articles used are acquired by bailment, the value of the use of the articles so used ((shall)) must be in an amount 30 representing a reasonable rental for the use of the articles so bailed, 31 32 determined as nearly as possible according to the value of such use at the places of use of similar products of like quality and character 33 34 under such rules as the department of revenue may prescribe. In case 35 any such articles of tangible personal property are used in respect to 36 the construction, repairing, decorating, or improving of, and which 37 become or are to become an ingredient or component of, new or existing

buildings or other structures under, upon, or above real property of or 1 for the United States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city 2 3 housing authority created pursuant to chapter 35.82 RCW, including the 4 installing or attaching of any such articles therein or thereto, whether or not such personal property becomes a part of the realty by 5 virtue of installation, then the value of the use of such articles so 6 7 used ((shall be)) is determined according to the retail selling price 8 of such articles, or in the absence of such a selling price, as nearly as possible according to the retail selling price at place of use of 9 10 similar products of like quality and character or, in the absence of either of these selling price measures, such value may be determined 11 12 upon a cost basis, in any event under such rules as the department of 13 revenue may prescribe.

14 (c) In the case of articles owned by a user engaged in business outside the state which are brought into the state for no more than one 15 hundred eighty days in any period of three hundred sixty-five 16 17 consecutive days and which are temporarily used for business purposes 18 by the person in this state, the value of the article used ((shall)) 19 must be an amount representing a reasonable rental for the use of the articles, unless the person has paid tax under this chapter or chapter 20 21 82.08 RCW upon the full value of the article used, as defined in (a) of 22 this subsection.

(d) In the case of articles manufactured or produced by the user and used in the manufacture or production of products sold or to be sold to the department of defense of the United States, the value of the articles used ((shall be)) is determined according to the value of the ingredients of such articles.

(e) In the case of an article manufactured or produced for purposes of serving as a prototype for the development of a new or improved product, the value of the article used ((shall be)) is determined by: (i) The retail selling price of such new or improved product when first offered for sale; or (ii) the value of materials incorporated into the prototype in cases in which the new or improved product is not offered for sale.

(f) In the case of an article purchased with a direct pay permit under RCW 82.32.087, the value of the article used ((shall be)) is determined by the purchase price of such article if, but for the use of 1 the direct pay permit, the transaction would have been subject to sales
2 tax;

(3) "Value of the service used" means the purchase price for the 3 4 digital automated service or other service, the use of which is taxable If the service is received by gift or under 5 under this chapter. conditions wherein the purchase price does not represent the true value б 7 thereof, the value of the service used ((shall be)) is determined as 8 nearly as possible according to the retail selling price at place of use of similar services of like quality and character under rules the 9 10 department may prescribe;

(4) "Value of the extended warranty used" means the purchase price 11 12 for the extended warranty, the use of which is taxable under this 13 If the extended warranty is received by gift or under chapter. 14 conditions wherein the purchase price does not represent the true value of the extended warranty, the value of the extended warranty used 15 ((shall be)) is determined as nearly as possible according to the 16 17 retail selling price at place of use of similar extended warranties of 18 like quality and character under rules the department may prescribe;

(5) "Value of the digital good or digital code used" means the 19 purchase price for the digital good or digital code, the use of which 20 21 is taxable under this chapter. If the digital good or digital code is 22 acquired other than by purchase, the value of the digital good or digital code must be determined as nearly as possible according to the 23 24 retail selling price at place of use of similar digital goods or 25 digital codes of like quality and character under rules the department 26 may prescribe;

27 (6) "Use," "used," "using," or "put to use" have their ordinary 28 meaning, and mean:

(a) With respect to tangible personal property, <u>except for natural</u> <u>gas and manufactured gas</u>, the first act within this state by which the taxpayer takes or assumes dominion or control over the article of tangible personal property (as a consumer), and include installation, storage, withdrawal from storage, distribution, or any other act preparatory to subsequent actual use or consumption within this state;

35 (b) With respect to a service defined in RCW 82.04.050(2)(a), the 36 first act within this state after the service has been performed by 37 which the taxpayer takes or assumes dominion or control over the 38 article of tangible personal property upon which the service was

1 performed (as a consumer), and includes installation, storage, 2 withdrawal from storage, distribution, or any other act preparatory to 3 subsequent actual use or consumption of the article within this state;

4 (c) With respect to an extended warranty, the first act within this 5 state after the extended warranty has been acquired by which the 6 taxpayer takes or assumes dominion or control over the article of 7 tangible personal property to which the extended warranty applies, and 8 includes installation, storage, withdrawal from storage, distribution, 9 or any other act preparatory to subsequent actual use or consumption of 10 the article within this state;

(d) With respect to a digital good or digital code, the first act within this state by which the taxpayer, as a consumer, views, accesses, downloads, possesses, stores, opens, manipulates, or otherwise uses or enjoys the digital good or digital code;

(e) With respect to a digital automated service, the first act within this state by which the taxpayer, as a consumer, uses, enjoys, or otherwise receives the benefit of the service;

(f) With respect to a service defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b), the first act within this state by which the taxpayer, as a consumer, accesses the prewritten computer software; ((and))

(g) With respect to a service defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(2)(g), the first act within this state after the service has been performed by which the taxpayer, as a consumer, views, accesses, downloads, possesses, stores, opens, manipulates, or otherwise uses or enjoys the digital good upon which the service was performed; <u>and</u>

(h) With respect to natural gas or manufactured gas, the use of which is taxable under RCW 82.12.022, including gas that is also taxable under the authority of RCW 82.14.230, the first act within this state by which the taxpayer consumes the gas by burning the gas or storing the gas in the taxpayer's own facilities for later consumption by the taxpayer;

32 (7) "Taxpayer" and "purchaser" include all persons included within 33 the meaning of the word "buyer" and the word "consumer" as defined in 34 chapters 82.04 and 82.08 RCW;

35 (8)(a)(i) Except as provided in (a)(ii) of this subsection (8), 36 "retailer" means every seller as defined in RCW 82.08.010 and every 37 person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail and every person required to collect from purchasers the tax
 imposed under this chapter.

"Retailer" does not include a professional 3 (ii) employer 4 organization when a covered employee coemployed with the client under the terms of a professional employer agreement engages in activities 5 that constitute a sale of tangible personal property, extended б 7 warranty, digital good, digital code, or a sale of any digital 8 automated service or service defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050 (2) (a) or (g), (3)(a), or (6)(b) that is subject to the tax imposed by 9 10 this chapter. In such cases, the client, and not the professional employer organization, is deemed to be the retailer and is responsible 11 12 for collecting and remitting the tax imposed by this chapter.

(b) For the purposes of (a) of this subsection, the terms "client," "covered employee," "professional employer agreement," and "professional employer organization" have the same meanings as in RCW 82.04.540;

17 (9) "Extended warranty" has the same meaning as in RCW 18 82.04.050(7);

19 (10) The meaning ascribed to words and phrases in chapters 82.04 and 82.08 RCW, insofar as applicable, ((shall have)) has full force and 20 21 effect with respect to taxes imposed under the provisions of this 22 chapter. "Consumer," in addition to the meaning ascribed to it in 23 chapters 82.04 and 82.08 RCW insofar as applicable, ((shall)) also 24 means any person who distributes or displays, or causes to be 25 distributed or displayed, any article of tangible personal property, 26 except newspapers, the primary purpose of which is to promote the sale 27 of products or services. With respect to property distributed to 28 persons within this state by a consumer as defined in this subsection 29 (10), the use of the property shall be deemed to be by such consumer.

30 **Sec. 11.** RCW 82.14.230 and 1989 c 384 s 2 are each amended to read 31 as follows:

32 **CLARIFYING THE LOCATION OF FIRST USE FOR BROKERED NATURAL GAS.** (1) 33 The governing body of any city, while not required by legislative 34 mandate to do so, may, by resolution or ordinance for the purposes 35 authorized by this chapter, fix and impose on every person a use tax 36 for the privilege of using natural gas or manufactured gas in the city 37 as a consumer.

1 (2) The tax ((shall be)) is imposed in an amount equal to the value 2 of the article used by the taxpayer multiplied by the rate in effect 3 for the tax on natural gas businesses under RCW 35.21.870 in the city 4 in which the article is used. The "value of the article used," does 5 not include any amounts that are paid for the hire or use of a natural 6 gas business in transporting the gas subject to tax under this 7 subsection if those amounts are subject to tax under RCW 35.21.870.

8 (3) The tax imposed under this section ((shall)) <u>does</u> not apply to 9 the use of natural or manufactured gas if the person who sold the gas 10 to the consumer has paid a tax under RCW 35.21.870 with respect to the 11 gas for which exemption is sought under this subsection.

12 (4) There ((shall be)) is a credit against the tax levied under
13 this section in an amount equal to any tax paid by:

(a) The person who sold the gas to the consumer when that tax is a gross receipts tax similar to that imposed pursuant to RCW 35.21.870 by another ((state)) <u>municipality or other unit of local government</u> with respect to the gas for which a credit is sought under this subsection; or

(b) The person consuming the gas upon which a use tax similar to the tax imposed by this section was paid to another ((state)) <u>municipality or other unit of local government</u> with respect to the gas for which a credit is sought under this subsection.

(5) The use tax ((hereby)) imposed ((shall)) <u>must</u> be paid by the consumer. The administration and collection of the tax ((hereby)) imposed ((shall be)) is pursuant to RCW 82.14.050.

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. Section 6 of this act constitutes a new 27 chapter in Title 36 RCW.

28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. Sections 2 and 4 of this act take effect 29 January 1, 2015.

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 14. Sections 1 and 3 of this act expire January 31 1, 2015.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 15. Section 9 of this act takes effect June 30,
 33 2012.

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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 16. Section 8 of this act expires June 30,
 2012.

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