HOUSE BILL 3103

State of Washington61st Legislature2010 Regular SessionBy Representative Anderson

Read first time 01/25/10. Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

1 AN ACT Relating to providing hiring incentives to employers by 2 reducing unemployment taxes; amending RCW 50.16.010; reenacting and 3 amending RCW 50.29.025; and creating a new section.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5	Sec.	1.	RCW	50.29.025	5 and	2009	С	493	s	2	and	2009	С	3	S	14	are
6	each reer	nacted	d and	amended	to re	ad as	fc	ollov	vs:								

(1) ((For contributions assessed for rate years 2005 through 2009,
the contribution rate for each employer subject to contributions under
RCW 50.24.010 shall be the sum of the array calculation factor rate and
the graduated social cost factor rate determined under this subsection,
and the solvency surcharge determined under RCW 50.29.041, if any.

12 (a) The array calculation factor rate shall be determined as 13 follows:

14 (i) An array shall be prepared, listing all qualified employers in 15 ascending order of their benefit ratios. The array shall show for each 16 qualified employer: (A) Identification number; (B) benefit ratio; and 17 (C) taxable payrolls for the four consecutive calendar quarters 18 immediately preceding the computation date and reported to the 19 employment security department by the cut off date. (ii) Each employer in the array shall be assigned to one of forty rate classes according to his or her benefit ratio as follows, and, except as provided in RCW 50.29.026, the array calculation factor rate for each employer in the array shall be the rate specified in the rate class to which the employer has been assigned:

6	Bene	efit Ratio	Rate	Rate
7	At least	Less than	Class	(percent)
8		0.000001	+	0.00
9	0.000001	0.001250	2	0.13
10	0.001250	0.002500	3	0.25
11	0.002500	0.003750	4	0.38
12	0.003750	0.005000	5	0.50
13	0.005000	0.006250	6	0.63
14	0.006250	0.007500	7	0.75
15	0.007500	0.008750	8	0.88
16	0.008750	0.010000	9	1.00
17	0.010000	0.011250	10	1.15
18	0.011250	0.012500	11	1.30
19	0.012500	0.013750	12	1.45
20	0.013750	0.015000	13	1.60
21	0.015000	0.016250	14	1.75
22	0.016250	0.017500	15	1.90
23	0.017500	0.018750	16	2.05
24	0.018750	0.020000	17	2.20
25	0.020000	0.021250	18	2.35
26	0.021250	0.022500	19	2.50
27	0.022500	0.023750	20	2.65
28	0.023750	0.025000	21	2.80
29	0.025000	0.026250	22	2.95
30	0.026250	0.027500	23	3.10
31	0.027500	0.028750	24	3.25
32	0.028750	0.030000	25	3.40
33	0.030000	0.031250	26	3.55
34	0.031250	0.032500	27	3.70
35	0.032500	0.033750	28	3.85
36	0.033750	0.035000	29	4.00

1	0.035000	0.036250	30	4.15
2	0.036250	0.037500	31	4.30
3	0.037500	0.040000	32	4.45
4	0.040000	0.042500	33	4.60
5	0.042500	0.045000	34	4.75
6	0.045000	0.047500	35	4.90
7	0.047500	0.050000	36	5.05
8	0.050000	0.052500	37	5.20
9	0.052500	0.055000	38	5.30
10	0.055000	0.057500	39	5.35
11	0.057500		40	5.40

12 (b) The graduated social cost factor rate shall be determined as 13 follows:

(i)(A) Except as provided in (b)(i)(B) and (C) of this subsection, 14 the commissioner shall calculate the flat social cost factor for a rate 15 year by dividing the total social cost by the total taxable payroll. 16 The division shall be carried to the second decimal place with the 17 18 remaining fraction disregarded unless it amounts to five hundredths or more, in which case the second decimal place shall be rounded to the 19 next higher digit. The flat social cost factor shall be expressed as 20 21 a percentage.

(B) If, on the cut-off date, the balance in the unemployment 22 compensation fund is determined by the commissioner to be an amount 23 that will provide more than ten months of unemployment benefits, the 24 commissioner shall calculate the flat social cost factor for the rate 25 year immediately following the cut-off date by reducing the total 26 social cost by the dollar amount that represents the number of months 27 28 for which the balance in the unemployment compensation fund on the cutoff date will provide benefits above ten months and dividing the result 29 by the total taxable payroll. However, the calculation under this 30 31 subsection (1)(b)(i)(B) for a rate year may not result in a flat social cost factor that is more than four tenths lower than the calculation 32 33 under (b)(i)(A) of this subsection for that rate year.

For the purposes of this subsection, the commissioner shall determine the number of months of unemployment benefits in the unemployment compensation fund using the benefit cost rate for the average of the three highest calendar benefit cost rates in the twenty 1 consecutive completed calendar years immediately preceding the cut-off
2 date or a period of consecutive calendar years immediately preceding
3 the cut-off date that includes three recessions, if longer.

4 (C) The minimum flat social cost factor calculated under this 5 subsection (1)(b) shall be six-tenths of one percent, except that if 6 the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined by the 7 commissioner to be an amount that will provide:

8 (I) At least twelve months but less than fourteen months of 9 unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be five-tenths of one percent; 10 or

11 (II) At least fourteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum 12 shall be five-tenths of one percent, except that, for employers in rate 13 class 1, the minimum shall be forty-five hundredths of one percent.

(ii)(A) Except as provided in (b)(ii)(B) of this subsection, the 14 graduated social cost factor rate for each employer in the array is the 15 flat social cost factor multiplied by the percentage specified as 16 follows for the rate class to which the employer has been assigned in 17 (a)(ii) of this subsection, except that the sum of an employer's array 18 calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate may 19 20 not exceed six and five-tenths percent or, for employers whose North 21 American industry classification system code is within "111," "112," "1141," "115," "3114," "3117," "42448," or "49312," may not exceed six 22 23 percent through rate year 2007 and may not exceed five and seven tenths percent for rate years 2008 and 2009: 24

- 25 (I) Rate class 1 78 percent;
- 26 (II) Rate class 2 82 percent;
- 27 (III) Rate class 3 86 percent;
- 28 (IV) Rate class 4 90 percent;
- 29 (V) Rate class 5 94 percent;
- 30 (VI) Rate class 6 98 percent;
- 31 (VII) Rate class 7 102 percent;
- 32 (VIII) Rate class 8 106 percent;
- 33 (IX) Rate class 9 110 percent;
- 34 (X) Rate class 10 114 percent;
- 35 (XI) Rate class 11 118 percent; and
- 36 (XII) Rate classes 12 through 40 120 percent.
- 37 (B) For contributions assessed beginning July 1, 2005, through
- 38 December 31, 2007, for employers whose North American industry

1 classification system code is "111," "112," "1141," "115," "3114,"
2 "3117," "42448," or "49312," the graduated social cost factor rate is
3 zero.

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(iii) For the purposes of this section:

5 (A) "Total social cost" means the amount calculated by subtracting б the array calculation factor contributions paid by all employers with 7 respect to the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding 8 the computation date and paid to the employment security department by 9 the cut-off date from the total unemployment benefits paid to claimants in the same four consecutive calendar quarters. To calculate the flat 10 11 social cost factor for rate year 2005, the commissioner shall calculate 12 the total social cost using the array calculation factor contributions 13 that would have been required to be paid by all employers in the calculation period if (a) of this subsection had been in effect for the 14 relevant period. To calculate the flat social cost factor for rate 15 years 2010 and 2011, the forty-five dollar increase paid as part of an 16 individual's weekly benefit amount as provided in RCW 50.20.1201 shall 17 not be considered for purposes of calculating the total unemployment 18 benefits paid to claimants in the four consecutive calendar quarters 19 20 immediately preceding the computation date.

(B) "Total taxable payroll" means the total amount of wages subject to tax, as determined under RCW 50.24.010, for all employers in the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and reported to the employment security department by the cut-off date.

26 (c) For employers who do not meet the definition of "qualified 27 employer" by reason of failure to pay contributions when due:

(i) The array calculation factor rate shall be two-tenths higher 28 than that in rate class 40, except employers who have an approved 29 30 agency-deferred payment contract by September 30th of the previous rate 31 year. If any employer with an approved agency-deferred payment contract fails to make any one of the succeeding deferred payments or 32 33 fails to submit any succeeding tax report and payment in a timely 34 manner, the employer's tax rate shall immediately revert to an array calculation factor rate two-tenths higher than that in rate class 40; 35 36 and

37 (ii) The social cost factor rate shall be the social cost factor
 38 rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b)(ii) of this subsection.

1 (d) For all other employers not qualified to be in the array:

2 (i) For rate years 2005, 2006, and 2007:

3 (A) The array calculation factor rate shall be a rate equal to the 4 average industry array calculation factor rate as determined by the 5 commissioner, plus fifteen percent of that amount; however, the rate 6 may not be less than one percent or more than the array calculation 7 factor rate in rate class 40; and

8 (B) The social cost factor rate shall be a rate equal to the 9 average industry social cost factor rate as determined by the 10 commissioner, plus fifteen percent of that amount, but not more than 11 the social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b)(ii) of 12 this subsection.

13

(ii) For contributions assessed for rate years 2008 and 2009:

14 (A) The array calculation factor rate shall be a rate equal to the 15 average industry array calculation factor rate as determined by the 16 commissioner, multiplied by the history factor, but not less than one 17 percent or more than the array calculation factor rate in rate class 18 40;

19 (B) The social cost factor rate shall be a rate equal to the 20 average industry social cost factor rate as determined by the 21 commissioner, multiplied by the history factor, but not more than the 22 social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b)(ii) of this 23 subsection; and

24 (C) The history factor shall be based on the total amounts of benefits charged and contributions paid in the three fiscal years 25 26 ending prior to the computation date by employers not qualified to be 27 in the array, other than employers in (c) of this subsection, who were first subject to contributions in the calendar year ending three years 28 prior to the computation date. The commissioner shall calculate the 29 history ratio by dividing the total amount of benefits charged by the 30 total amount of contributions paid in this three-year period by these 31 employers. The division shall be carried to the second decimal place 32 with the remaining fraction disregarded unless it amounts to five 33 34 one-hundredths or more, in which case the second decimal place shall be 35 rounded to the next higher digit. The commissioner shall determine the 36 history factor according to the history ratio as follows:

1		History		History
2		Ratio		Factor
3				(percent)
4		At least	Less than	
5	(I)		.95	90
6	(II)	.95	1.05	100
7	(III)	1.05		115

8 (2))) (a)(i) For contributions assessed in rate year 2010 ((and 9 thereafter)), the contribution rate for each employer subject to 10 contributions under RCW 50.24.010 shall be the sum of the array 11 calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate 12 determined under this subsection, and the solvency surcharge determined 13 under RCW 50.29.041, if any.

14 (((a))) <u>(ii) For contributions assessed in rate years 2011 and 15 <u>2012:</u></u>

16 <u>(A) The contribution rate for employers that are subject to</u> 17 <u>contributions under RCW 50.24.010 and assigned to rate classes 1</u> 18 <u>through 39 shall be five-sixths of the sum of the array calculation</u> 19 <u>factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate determined under</u> 20 <u>this subsection, and the solvency surcharge determined under RCW</u> 21 <u>50.29.041, if any.</u>

(B) The contribution rate for employers that are subject to contributions under RCW 50.24.010 and assigned to rate class 40 shall be the sum of the full array calculation factor rate and five-sixths of the graduated social cost factor rate determined under this subsection, and five-sixths of the solvency surcharge determined under RCW 50.29.041, if any.

(C) On the fifteenth day of the second month of each calendar 28 29 quarter, an amount shall be transferred from the general fund into the unemployment compensation fund. The amount shall equal one-sixth of 30 the total contributions that would have been assessed for the previous 31 calendar quarter if the contribution rate for employers was the sum of 32 33 the array calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate determined under this subsection, and the solvency surcharge 34 determined under RCW 50.29.041, if any. 35

- (iii) For contributions assessed in rate years 2013 and 2014: 1 (A) The contribution rate for employers that are subject to 2 contributions under RCW 50.24.010 and assigned to rate classes 1 3 through 39 shall be two-thirds of the sum of the array calculation 4 factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate determined under 5 б this subsection, and the solvency surcharge determined under RCW 7 50.29.041, if any. (B) The contribution rate for employers that are subject to 8 9 contributions under RCW 50.24.010 and assigned to rate class 40 shall be the sum of the full array calculation factor rate and two-thirds of 10 the graduated social cost factor rate determined under this subsection, 11 and two-thirds of the solvency surcharge determined under RCW 12 13 50.29.041, if any. (C) On the fifteenth day of the second month of each calendar 14 quarter, an amount shall be transferred from the general fund into the 15 unemployment compensation fund. The amount shall equal one-third of 16 the total contributions that would have been assessed for the previous 17 calendar guarter if the contribution rate for employers was the sum of 18 the array calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor 19 20 rate determined under this subsection, and the solvency surcharge 21 determined under RCW 50.29.041, if any. (iv) For contributions assessed in rate year 2015 and thereafter: 22 (A) The contribution rate for employers that are subject to 23 24 contributions under RCW 50.24.010 and assigned to rate classes 1 through 39 shall be one-half of the sum of the array calculation factor 25 rate and the graduated social cost factor rate determined under this 26 subsection, and the solvency surcharge determined under RCW 50.29.041, 27 if any. 28 (B) The contribution rate for employers that are subject to 29 contributions under RCW 50.24.010 and assigned to rate class 40 shall 30 be the sum of the full array calculation factor rate and one-half of 31 the graduated social cost factor rate determined under this subsection, 32 and one-half of the solvency surcharge determined under RCW 50.29.041, 33 34 if any. (C) On the fifteenth day of the second month of each calendar 35 36 quarter, an amount shall be transferred from the general fund into the unemployment compensation fund. The amount shall equal one-half of the 37
- 38 total contributions that would have been assessed for the previous

1 calendar quarter if the contribution rate for employers was the sum of 2 the array calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor 3 rate determined under this subsection, and the solvency surcharge 4 determined under RCW 50.29.041, if any.

5 (b) The array calculation factor rate shall be determined as 6 follows:

(i) An array shall be prepared, listing all qualified employers in ascending order of their benefit ratios. The array shall show for each qualified employer: (A) Identification number; (B) benefit ratio; and (C) taxable payrolls for the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and reported to the employment security department by the cut-off date.

(ii) Each employer in the array shall be assigned to one of forty rate classes according to his or her benefit ratio as follows, and, except as provided in RCW 50.29.026, the array calculation factor rate for each employer in the array shall be the rate specified in the rate class to which the employer has been assigned:

18	Bene	efit Ratio	Rate	Rate
19	At least	Less than	Class	(percent)
20		0.000001	1	0.00
21	0.000001	0.001250	2	0.11
22	0.001250	0.002500	3	0.22
23	0.002500	0.003750	4	0.33
24	0.003750	0.005000	5	0.43
25	0.005000	0.006250	6	0.54
26	0.006250	0.007500	7	0.65
27	0.007500	0.008750	8	0.76
28	0.008750	0.010000	9	0.88
29	0.010000	0.011250	10	1.01
30	0.011250	0.012500	11	1.14
31	0.012500	0.013750	12	1.28
32	0.013750	0.015000	13	1.41
33	0.015000	0.016250	14	1.54
34	0.016250	0.017500	15	1.67
35	0.017500	0.018750	16	1.80
36	0.018750	0.020000	17	1.94

1	0.020000	0.021250	18	2.07
2	0.021250	0.022500	19	2.20
3	0.022500	0.023750	20	2.38
4	0.023750	0.025000	21	2.50
5	0.025000	0.026250	22	2.63
б	0.026250	0.027500	23	2.75
7	0.027500	0.028750	24	2.88
8	0.028750	0.030000	25	3.00
9	0.030000	0.031250	26	3.13
10	0.031250	0.032500	27	3.25
11	0.032500	0.033750	28	3.38
12	0.033750	0.035000	29	3.50
13	0.035000	0.036250	30	3.63
14	0.036250	0.037500	31	3.75
15	0.037500	0.040000	32	4.00
16	0.040000	0.042500	33	4.25
17	0.042500	0.045000	34	4.50
18	0.045000	0.047500	35	4.75
19	0.047500	0.050000	36	5.00
20	0.050000	0.052500	37	5.15
21	0.052500	0.055000	38	5.25
22	0.055000	0.057500	39	5.30
23	0.057500		40	5.40

24 (((b))) <u>(c)</u> The graduated social cost factor rate shall be 25 determined as follows:

(i)(A) Except as provided in $((\frac{b}{b}))$ (c)(i)(B) and (C) of this 26 27 subsection, the commissioner shall calculate the flat social cost factor for a rate year by dividing the total social cost by the total 28 29 taxable payroll. The division shall be carried to the second decimal 30 place with the remaining fraction disregarded unless it amounts to five hundredths or more, in which case the second decimal place shall be 31 32 rounded to the next higher digit. The flat social cost factor shall be 33 expressed as a percentage.

34 (B) If, on the cut-off date, the balance in the unemployment 35 compensation fund is determined by the commissioner to be an amount 36 that will provide more than ten months of unemployment benefits, the 37 commissioner shall calculate the flat social cost factor for the rate

year immediately following the cut-off date by reducing the total 1 2 social cost by the dollar amount that represents the number of months 3 for which the balance in the unemployment compensation fund on the cut-4 off date will provide benefits above ten months and dividing the result by the total taxable payroll. However, the calculation under this 5 subsection $\left(\frac{2}{b}\right)$ $\frac{1}{c}(i)$ B for a rate year may not result in a б 7 flat social cost factor that is more than four-tenths lower than the 8 calculation under (((b))) (c)(i)(A) of this subsection for that rate 9 year.

For the purposes of this subsection, the commissioner shall determine the number of months of unemployment benefits in the unemployment compensation fund using the benefit cost rate for the average of the three highest calendar benefit cost rates in the twenty consecutive completed calendar years immediately preceding the cut-off date or a period of consecutive calendar years immediately preceding the cut-off date that includes three recessions, if longer.

17 (C) The minimum flat social cost factor calculated under this 18 subsection $((\frac{2}{b}))$ (1)(c) shall be six-tenths of one percent, except 19 that if the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined 20 by the commissioner to be an amount that will provide:

(I) At least ten months but less than eleven months of unemploymentbenefits, the minimum shall be five-tenths of one percent; or

(II) At least eleven months but less than twelve months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be forty-five hundredths of one percent; or

(III) At least twelve months but less than thirteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be four-tenths of one percent; or

(IV) At least thirteen months but less than fifteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be thirty-five hundredths of one percent; or

32 (V) At least fifteen months but less than seventeen months of 33 unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be twenty-five hundredths of 34 one percent; or

35 (VI) At least seventeen months but less than eighteen months of 36 unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be fifteen hundredths of one 37 percent; or (VII) At least eighteen months of unemployment benefits, the
 minimum shall be fifteen hundredths of one percent through rate year
 2011 and shall be zero thereafter.

4 (ii) The graduated social cost factor rate for each employer in the array is the flat social cost factor multiplied by the percentage 5 specified as follows for the rate class to which the employer has been 6 7 assigned in $\left(\frac{(a)}{(b)}\right)$ (b)(ii) of this subsection, except that the sum of 8 an employer's array calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate may not exceed six percent or, for employers whose 9 10 North American industry classification system code is within "111," "112," "1141," "115," "3114," "3117," "42448," or "49312," may not 11 12 exceed five and four-tenths percent:

- 13 (A) Rate class 1 78 percent;
- 14 (B) Rate class 2 82 percent;
- 15 (C) Rate class 3 86 percent;
- 16 (D) Rate class 4 90 percent;
- 17 (E) Rate class 5 94 percent;
- 18 (F) Rate class 6 98 percent;
- 19 (G) Rate class 7 102 percent;
- 20 (H) Rate class 8 106 percent;
- 21 (I) Rate class 9 110 percent;
- 22 (J) Rate class 10 114 percent;
- 23 (K) Rate class 11 118 percent; and

24 (L) Rate classes 12 through 40 - 120 percent.

25

(iii) For the purposes of this section:

(A) "Total social cost" means the amount calculated by subtracting the array calculation factor contributions paid by all employers with respect to the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and paid to the employment security department by the cut-off date from the total unemployment benefits paid to claimants in the same four consecutive calendar quarters.

32 (B) "Total taxable payroll" means the total amount of wages subject 33 to tax, as determined under RCW 50.24.010, for all employers in the 34 four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the 35 computation date and reported to the employment security department by 36 the cut-off date.

37 (((-))) (d) For employers who do not meet the definition of

1 "qualified employer" by reason of failure to pay contributions when
2 due:

(i) The array calculation factor rate shall be two-tenths higher 3 4 than that in rate class 40, except employers who have an approved agency-deferred payment contract by September 30th of the previous rate 5 If any employer with an approved agency-deferred payment б year. 7 contract fails to make any one of the succeeding deferred payments or 8 fails to submit any succeeding tax report and payment in a timely manner, the employer's tax rate shall immediately revert to an array 9 10 calculation factor rate two-tenths higher than that in rate class 40; 11 and

12 (ii) The social cost factor rate shall be the social cost factor 13 rate assigned to rate class 40 under (((b))) <u>(c)</u>(ii) of this 14 subsection.

15 (((d))) <u>(e)</u> For all other employers not qualified to be in the 16 array:

(i) The array calculation factor rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry array calculation factor rate as determined by the commissioner, multiplied by the history factor, but not less than one percent or more than the array calculation factor rate in rate class 40;

22 (ii) The social cost factor rate shall be a rate equal to the 23 average industry social cost factor rate as determined by the 24 commissioner, multiplied by the history factor, but not more than the 25 social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under ((+b)) (c)(ii) 26 of this subsection; and

27 (iii) The history factor shall be based on the total amounts of benefits charged and contributions paid in the three fiscal years 28 29 ending prior to the computation date by employers not qualified to be 30 in the array, other than employers in $((\frac{c}{c}))$ (d) of this subsection, who were first subject to contributions in the calendar year ending 31 32 three years prior to the computation date. The commissioner shall calculate the history ratio by dividing the total amount of benefits 33 charged by the total amount of contributions paid in this three-year 34 period by these employers. The division shall be carried to the second 35 36 decimal place with the remaining fraction disregarded unless it amounts 37 to five one-hundredths or more, in which case the second decimal place

shall be rounded to the next higher digit. The commissioner shall
 determine the history factor according to the history ratio as follows:

3		History		History
4		Ratio		Factor
5				(percent)
6		At least	Less than	
7	(A)		.95	90
8	(B)	.95	1.05	100
9	(C)	1.05		115

10 (((3))) (2) Assignment of employers by the commissioner to 11 industrial classification, for purposes of this section, shall be in 12 accordance with established classification practices found in the North 13 American industry classification system code.

14 **Sec. 2.** RCW 50.16.010 and 2009 c 564 s 946 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

16 (1) There shall be maintained as special funds, separate and apart 17 from all public moneys or funds of this state an unemployment 18 compensation fund, an administrative contingency fund, and a federal 19 interest payment fund, which shall be administered by the commissioner 20 exclusively for the purposes of this title, and to which RCW 43.01.050 21 shall not be applicable.

22

(2)(a) The unemployment compensation fund shall consist of:

(i) All contributions collected under RCW 50.24.010 and payments in lieu of contributions collected pursuant to the provisions of this title;

26 (ii) <u>All amounts transferred from the general fund to the fund</u> 27 <u>pursuant to RCW 50.29.025;</u>

(iii) Any property or securities acquired through the use of moneys
 belonging to the fund;

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((((iii)))) (iv) All earnings of such property or securities;

31 (((iv))) (v) Any moneys received from the federal unemployment 32 account in the unemployment trust fund in accordance with Title XII of 33 the social security act, as amended; 1 (((v))) <u>(vi)</u> All money recovered on official bonds for losses
2 sustained by the fund;

3 (((vi))) (vii) All money credited to this state's account in the 4 unemployment trust fund pursuant to section 903 of the social security 5 act, as amended;

6 (((vii))) (viii) All money received from the federal government as
7 reimbursement pursuant to section 204 of the federal-state extended
8 compensation act of 1970 (84 Stat. 708-712; 26 U.S.C. Sec. 3304); and

9 (((viii))) <u>(ix)</u> All moneys received for the fund from any other 10 source.

(b) All moneys in the unemployment compensation fund shall be commingled and undivided.

13 (3)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the 14 administrative contingency fund shall consist of:

15 (i) All interest on delinquent contributions collected pursuant to 16 this title;

(ii) All fines and penalties collected pursuant to the provisionsof this title;

19 (iii) All sums recovered on official bonds for losses sustained by 20 the fund; and

21 (iv) Revenue received under RCW 50.24.014.

(b) All fees, fines, forfeitures, and penalties collected or assessed by a district court because of the violation of this title or rules adopted under this title shall be remitted as provided in chapter 3.62 RCW.

(c) Except as provided in (d) of this subsection, moneys available in the administrative contingency fund, other than money in the special account created under RCW 50.24.014, shall be expended upon the direction of the commissioner, with the approval of the governor, whenever it appears to him or her that such expenditure is necessary solely for:

(i) The proper administration of this title and that insufficient federal funds are available for the specific purpose to which such expenditure is to be made, provided, the moneys are not substituted for appropriations from federal funds which, in the absence of such moneys, would be made available.

37 (ii) The proper administration of this title for which purpose

appropriations from federal funds have been requested but not yet
 received, provided, the administrative contingency fund will be
 reimbursed upon receipt of the requested federal appropriation.

4 (iii) The proper administration of this title for which compliance 5 and audit issues have been identified that establish federal claims 6 requiring the expenditure of state resources in resolution. Claims 7 must be resolved in the following priority: First priority is to 8 provide services to eligible participants within the state; second 9 priority is to provide substitute services or program support; and last 10 priority is the direct payment of funds to the federal government.

11 (d)(i) During the 2007-2009 fiscal biennium, moneys available in 12 the administrative contingency fund, other than money in the special 13 account created under RCW 50.24.014(1)(a), shall be expended as 14 appropriated by the legislature for: (A) The cost of the job skills or 15 worker retraining programs at the community and technical colleges and administrative costs at the state board for community and technical 16 colleges; and (B) reemployment services such as business and project 17 development assistance, local economic development capacity building, 18 19 and local economic development financial assistance at the department of ((community, trade, and economic development)) commerce. 20 The 21 remaining appropriation may be expended as specified in (c) of this 22 subsection.

23 (ii) During the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium, moneys available in the administrative contingency fund, other than money in the special 24 account created under RCW 50.24.014(1)(a), shall be expended by the 25 26 department of social and health services as appropriated by the 27 legislature for employment and training services and programs in the WorkFirst program, and for the administrative costs of state agencies 28 29 participating in the WorkFirst program. The remaining appropriation 30 may be expended as specified in (c) of this subsection.

31 (4) Money in the special account created under RCW 50.24.014(1)(a) 32 may only be expended, after appropriation, for the purposes specified 33 in this section and RCW 50.62.010, 50.62.020, 50.62.030, 50.24.014, 34 50.44.053, and 50.22.010.

35 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. If any part of this act is found to be in 36 conflict with federal requirements that are a prescribed condition to 37 the allocation of federal funds to the state or the eligibility of

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employers in this state for federal unemployment tax credits, the conflicting part of this act is inoperative solely to the extent of the conflict, and the finding or determination does not affect the operation of the remainder of this act. Rules adopted under this act must meet federal requirements that are a necessary condition to the receipt of federal funds by the state or the granting of federal unemployment tax credits to employers in this state.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. If any provision of this act or its 9 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 10 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 11 persons or circumstances is not affected.

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