S-4791.1

## SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6316

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2010 Regular Session

**By** Senate Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Carrell, King, Hewitt, Stevens, and Delvin)

READ FIRST TIME 02/09/10.

1 AN ACT Relating to coordination between local law enforcement and 2 the department of corrections; amending RCW 10.31.100 and 36.28A.040; 3 creating new sections; and providing an expiration date.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 10.31.100 and 2006 c 138 s 23 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 (1) A police officer having probable cause to believe that a person
8 has committed or is committing a felony shall have the authority to
9 arrest the person without a warrant.

10 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a police officer 11 may arrest a person without a warrant for committing a misdemeanor or 12 gross misdemeanor only when the offense is committed in the presence of 13 the officer((, except as provided in subsections (1) through (10) of 14 this section)).

15 (((1))) (3) Any police officer having probable cause to believe 16 that a person has committed or is committing a misdemeanor or gross 17 misdemeanor, involving physical harm or threats of harm to any person 18 or property or the unlawful taking of property or involving the use or 19 possession of cannabis, or involving the acquisition, possession, or 1 consumption of alcohol by a person under the age of twenty-one years 2 under RCW 66.44.270, or involving criminal trespass under RCW 9A.52.070 3 or 9A.52.080, shall have the authority to arrest the person.

4 (((2))) (4) A police officer shall arrest and take into custody,
5 pending release on bail, personal recognizance, or court order, a
6 person without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe
7 that:

8 (a) An order has been issued of which the person has knowledge under RCW 26.44.063, or chapter 7.90, 10.99, 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, 9 10 26.50, or 74.34 RCW restraining the person and the person has violated the terms of the order restraining the person from acts or threats of 11 12 violence, or restraining the person from going onto the grounds of or 13 entering a residence, workplace, school, or day care, or prohibiting 14 the person from knowingly coming within, or knowingly remaining within, a specified distance of a location or, in the case of an order issued 15 under RCW 26.44.063, imposing any other restrictions or conditions upon 16 17 the person; or

(b) A foreign protection order, as defined in RCW 26.52.010, has 18 been issued of which the person under restraint has knowledge and the 19 person under restraint has violated a provision of the foreign 20 21 protection order prohibiting the person under restraint from contacting 22 or communicating with another person, or excluding the person under 23 restraint from a residence, workplace, school, or day care, or prohibiting the person from knowingly coming within, or knowingly 24 remaining within, a specified distance of a location, or a violation of 25 26 any provision for which the foreign protection order specifically 27 indicates that a violation will be a crime; or

28 (c) The person is sixteen years or older and within the preceding 29 four hours has assaulted a family or household member as defined in RCW 30 10.99.020 and the officer believes: (i) A felonious assault has occurred; (ii) an assault has occurred which has resulted in bodily 31 32 injury to the victim, whether the injury is observable by the responding officer or not; or (iii) that any physical action has 33 occurred which was intended to cause another person reasonably to fear 34 35 imminent serious bodily injury or death. Bodily injury means physical 36 pain, illness, or an impairment of physical condition. When the 37 officer has probable cause to believe that family or household members have assaulted each other, the officer is not required to arrest both 38

persons. The officer shall arrest the person whom the officer believes to be the primary physical aggressor. In making this determination, the officer shall make every reasonable effort to consider: (i) The intent to protect victims of domestic violence under RCW 10.99.010; (ii) the comparative extent of injuries inflicted or serious threats creating fear of physical injury; and (iii) the history of domestic violence between the persons involved.

8 ((<del>(3)</del>)) <u>(5)</u> Any police officer having probable cause to believe 9 that a person has committed or is committing a violation of any of the 10 following traffic laws shall have the authority to arrest the person:

11 (a) RCW 46.52.010, relating to duty on striking an unattended car 12 or other property;

(b) RCW 46.52.020, relating to duty in case of injury to or deathof a person or damage to an attended vehicle;

15 (c) RCW 46.61.500 or 46.61.530, relating to reckless driving or 16 racing of vehicles;

17 (d) RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, relating to persons under the 18 influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs;

19 (e) RCW 46.20.342, relating to driving a motor vehicle while 20 operator's license is suspended or revoked;

21 (f) RCW 46.61.5249, relating to operating a motor vehicle in a 22 negligent manner.

23 (((4))) <u>(6)</u> A law enforcement officer investigating at the scene of 24 a motor vehicle accident may arrest the driver of a motor vehicle 25 involved in the accident if the officer has probable cause to believe 26 that the driver has committed in connection with the accident a 27 violation of any traffic law or regulation.

((<del>(5)</del>)) <u>(7)</u> Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a person has committed or is committing a violation of RCW 79A.60.040 <u>(operation of vessel in a reckless manner or operation of</u> <u>vessel under the influence of intoxicating liquor</u>) shall have the authority to arrest the person.

33 ((<del>(6)</del>)) <u>(8)</u> An officer may act upon the request of a law 34 enforcement officer in whose presence a traffic infraction was 35 committed, to stop, detain, arrest, or issue a notice of traffic 36 infraction to the driver who is believed to have committed the 37 infraction. The request by the witnessing officer shall give an

officer the authority to take appropriate action under the laws of the
 state of Washington.

3 (((7))) (9) Any police officer having probable cause to believe
4 that a person has committed or is committing any act of indecent
5 exposure, as defined in RCW 9A.88.010, may arrest the person.

6 ((<del>(8)</del>)) <u>(10)</u> A police officer may arrest and take into custody, 7 pending release on bail, personal recognizance, or court order, a 8 person without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe 9 that an order has been issued of which the person has knowledge under 10 chapter 10.14 RCW and the person has violated the terms of that order.

11 (((9))) (11) Any police officer having probable cause to believe 12 that a person has, within twenty-four hours of the alleged violation, 13 committed a violation of RCW 9A.50.020 (interference with health care 14 facility) may arrest such person.

15 ((<del>(10)</del>)) <u>(12)</u> A police officer having probable cause to believe 16 that a person illegally possesses or illegally has possessed a firearm 17 or other dangerous weapon on private or public elementary or secondary 18 school premises shall have the authority to arrest the person.

For purposes of this subsection, the term "firearm" has the meaning defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the term "dangerous weapon" has the meaning defined in RCW 9.41.250 and 9.41.280(1) (c) through (e).

(((11))) (13) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a person being supervised by the department of corrections has violated a condition of his or her community custody may detain and arrest the person if the officer has obtained oral or written authorization to detain the person from the department.

27 (14) Except as specifically provided in subsections (((2), (3),))
28 (4), (5), ((and)) (6), and (8) of this section, nothing in this section
29 extends or otherwise affects the powers of arrest prescribed in Title
30 46 RCW.

31 ((<del>(12)</del>)) <u>(15)</u> No police officer may be held criminally or civilly 32 liable for making an arrest pursuant to ((<del>RCW 10.31.100 (2) or (8)</del>)) 33 <u>subsection (4) or (10) of this section</u> if the police officer acts in 34 good faith and without malice.

35 **Sec. 2.** RCW 36.28A.040 and 2009 c 31 s 1 are each amended to read 36 as follows:

37 (1) No later than July 1, 2002, the Washington association of

sheriffs and police chiefs shall implement and operate an electronic 1 2 statewide city and county jail booking and reporting system. The system shall serve as a central repository and instant information 3 4 source for offender information and jail statistical data. The system may be placed on the Washington state justice information network and 5 be capable of communicating electronically with every Washington state б 7 city and county jail and with all other Washington state criminal 8 justice agencies as defined in RCW 10.97.030.

9 (2) After the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs has implemented an electronic jail booking system as described in 10 11 subsection (1) of this section, if a city or county jail or law 12 enforcement agency receives state or federal funding to cover the 13 entire cost of implementing or reconfiguring an electronic jail booking 14 system, the city or county jail or law enforcement agency shall 15 implement or reconfigure an electronic jail booking system that is in compliance with the jail booking system standards developed pursuant to 16 subsection (4) of this section. 17

(3) After the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs 18 19 has implemented an electronic jail booking system as described in 20 subsection (1) of this section, city or county jails, or law 21 enforcement agencies that operate electronic jail booking systems, but 22 choose not to accept state or federal money to implement or reconfigure 23 electronic jail booking systems, shall electronically forward jail 24 booking information to the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs. At a minimum the information forwarded shall include 25 26 the name of the offender, vital statistics, the date the offender was 27 arrested, the offenses arrested for, the date and time an offender is released or transferred from a city or county jail, and if available, 28 the mug shot. The electronic format in which the information is sent 29 shall be at the discretion of the city or county jail, or law 30 enforcement agency forwarding the information. City and county jails 31 32 or law enforcement agencies that forward jail booking information under 33 this subsection are not required to comply with the standards developed under subsection (4)(b) of this section. 34

35 (4) The Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs shall 36 appoint, convene, and manage a statewide jail booking and reporting 37 system standards committee. The committee shall include 38 representatives from the Washington association of sheriffs and police

chiefs correction committee, the information service board's justice information committee, the judicial information system, at least two individuals who serve as jailers in a city or county jail, and other individuals that the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs places on the committee. The committee shall have the authority to:

7 (a) Develop and amend as needed standards for the statewide jail
8 booking and reporting system and for the information that must be
9 contained within the system. At a minimum, the system shall contain:

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(i) The offenses the individual has been charged with;

(ii) Descriptive and personal information about each offender booked into a city or county jail. At a minimum, this information shall contain the offender's name, vital statistics, address, and mugshot;

(iii) Information about the offender while in jail, which could be used to protect criminal justice officials that have future contact with the offender, such as medical conditions, acts of violence, and other behavior problems;

(iv) Statistical data indicating the current capacity of each jailand the quantity and category of offenses charged;

(v) The ability to communicate directly and immediately with the
 city and county jails and other criminal justice entities; and

23 (vi) The date and time that an offender was released or transferred 24 from a local jail;

(b) Develop and amend as needed operational standards for city and 25 26 county jail booking systems, which at a minimum shall include the type transmitted, 27 of information collected and and the technical 28 requirements needed for the city and county jail booking system to 29 communicate with the statewide jail booking and reporting system;

30 (c) Develop and amend as needed standards for allocating grants to 31 city and county jails or law enforcement agencies that will be 32 implementing or reconfiguring electronic jail booking systems.

33 (5)(a) A statewide automated victim information and notification 34 system shall be added to the city and county jail booking and reporting 35 system. The system shall:

36 (i) Automatically notify a registered victim via the victim's37 choice of telephone, letter, or e-mail when any of the following events

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- 1 affect an offender housed in any Washington state city or county jail 2 or department of corrections facility:
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- (A) Is transferred or assigned to another facility;

4 (B) Is transferred to the custody of another agency outside the 5 state;

- 6 (C) Is given a different security classification;
- 7 (D) Is released on temporary leave or otherwise;

8 (E) Is discharged;

9 (F) Has escaped; or

10 (G) Has been served with a protective order that was requested by 11 the victim;

(ii) Automatically notify a registered victim via the victim'schoice of telephone, letter, or e-mail when an offender has:

14 (A) An upcoming court event where the victim is entitled to be 15 present, if the court information is made available to the statewide 16 automated victim information and notification system administrator at 17 the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs;

(B) An upcoming parole, pardon, or community supervision hearing;or

(C) A change in the offender's parole, probation, or communitysupervision status including:

22 (I) A change in the offender's supervision status; or

23 (II) A change in the offender's address;

(iii) Automatically notify a registered victim via the victim'schoice of telephone, letter, or e-mail when a sex offender has:

26 (A) Updated his or her profile information with the state sex27 offender registry; or

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(B) Become noncompliant with the state sex offender registry;

29 (iv) Permit a registered victim to receive the most recent status 30 report for an offender in any Washington state city and county jail, department of corrections, or sex offender registry by calling the 31 statewide automated victim information and notification system on a 32 33 toll-free telephone number or by accessing the statewide automated victim information and notification system via a public web site. All 34 35 registered victims calling the statewide automated victim information 36 and notification system will be given the option to have live operator 37 assistance to help use the program on a twenty-four hour, three hundred 38 sixty-five day per year basis;

1 (v) Permit a crime victim to register, or registered victim to 2 update, the victim's registration information for the statewide 3 automated victim information and notification system by calling a toll-4 free telephone number or by accessing a public web site; and

(vi) Ensure that the offender information contained within the 5 6 statewide automated victim information and notification system is 7 updated frequently to timely notify a crime victim that an offender has 8 been released or discharged or has escaped. However, the failure of 9 the statewide automated victim information and notification system to provide notice to the victim does not establish a separate cause of 10 action by the victim against state officials, local officials, law 11 12 enforcement officers, or any related correctional authorities.

(b) Participation in the statewide automated victim information and notification program satisfies any obligation to notify the crime victim of an offender's custody status and the status of the offender's upcoming court events so long as:

(i) Information making offender and case data available is provided
on a timely basis to the statewide automated victim information and
notification program; and

20 (ii) Information a victim submits to register and participate in 21 the victim notification system is only used for the sole purpose of 22 victim notification.

(c) Automated victim information and notification systems in existence and operational as of July 22, 2007, shall not be required to participate in the statewide system.

(6) No later than July 1, 2011, the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs shall implement procedures as part of the city and county jail booking and reporting system to automatically notify the department of corrections when any of the following events affect an offender housed in any Washington state city or county jail who is being supervised by the department:

- 32 (a) Is booked into a facility;
  33 (b) Is transferred or assigned to another facility;
  34 (c) Is released on temporary leave or otherwise;
  35 (d) Is discharged; or
  36 (e) Has escaped.
  - 37 (7) When funded, the Washington association of sheriffs and police

chiefs shall implement and operate an electronic statewide unified sex
 offender notification and registration program.

(((7))) (8) An appointed or elected official, public employee, or 3 4 public agency as defined in RCW 4.24.470, or combination of units of government and its employees, as provided in RCW 36.28A.010, are immune 5 from civil liability for damages for any release of information or the б failure to release information related to the statewide automated 7 8 victim information and notification system, the electronic statewide unified sex offender notification and registration program, and the 9 10 jail booking and reporting system as described in this section, so long as the release was without gross negligence. The immunity provided 11 12 under this subsection applies to the release of relevant and necessary 13 information to other public officials, public employees, or public 14 agencies, and to the general public.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. (1) The department of corrections shall, subject to funds appropriated for this purpose, provide law enforcement 16 17 with access to a hotline staffed by a community corrections officer who individual 18 can provide authorization to detain any under the supervision of the department as provided in RCW 10.31.100(13). 19 The 20 hotline shall be available twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week.

(2) An offender arrested pursuant to RCW 10.31.100(13) shall be
 subject to the same proceedings as if the person were arrested by a
 community corrections officer under RCW 9.94A.716.

(3) The department of corrections and Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs shall work cooperatively to inform all law enforcement in the state of the community corrections hotline and the availability of electronic access to view the community custody status of an offender.

(4) No later than November 1, 2011, the department of corrections shall provide a report to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature including, but not limited to, the following information:

33 (a) The number of total calls to the hotline and the number of 34 resulting arrests;

35 (b) The type of violation alleged and ultimate disposition of 36 violation;

1 (c) Utilization of the hotline and electronic information by
2 county;

3 (d) A survey of law enforcement regarding their experience using4 the hotline and accessing electronic information;

(e) An assessment of the workability of the community corrections
hotline and recommendations for its continued use.

7 (5) The state, local governments, and their agencies, officers, or 8 employees are immune from civil liability for damages for the access or 9 operation of the community corrections hotline or any decision to 10 detain or not to detain an individual.

11 (6) This section expires June 30, 2012.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. If specific funding for the purposes of this 13 act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by 14 June 30, 2010, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and 15 void.

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