S-4533.2				

## SENATE BILL 6841

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2010 Regular Session

By Senators Keiser, Rockefeller, Fairley, Fraser, McDermott, Kohl-Welles, and Kline

Read first time 02/04/10. Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to tax preferences; amending RCW 84.36.040, 82.38.180, 82.16.020, 82.16.020, 82.16.050, 82.04.280, 82.04.280, and 2. 48.14.020; amending 2009 c 461 s 9 (uncodified); reenacting and 3 amending RCW 82.04.260; repealing RCW 82.04.350, 82.36.280, 82.04.4282, 4 82.04.330, 82.04.410, 82.08.0261, 84.36.635, 82.29A.135, 84.36.640, 5 6 82.08.0257, 82.12.0258, 84.36.130, 48.36A.240, 82.04.4289, 82.16.0491, 82.04.4483, 82.04.4484, 82.08.841, 82.12.841, 82.04.4485, 82.08.0253, 7 and 82.12.0345; providing effective dates; providing a contingent 8 9 effective date; providing an expiration date; and providing a contingent expiration date. 10
- 11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 12 **Sec. 1.** RCW 84.36.040 and 2001 c 126 s 1 are each amended to read 13 as follows:
- (1) The real and personal property used by nonprofit (a) day care centers as defined pursuant to RCW 74.15.020; (b) free public libraries; (c) (( $\frac{\text{orphanages and orphan asylums}}{\text{or infirm}}$ ; (( $\frac{\text{(e) hospitals for the sick}}{\text{outpatient dialysis facilities}}$ , which are used for the purposes of such

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organizations shall be exempt from taxation((: PROVIDED, That)). The benefit of the exemption must inure((s)) to the user.

- (2) The real and personal property leased to and used by a hospital, owned and operated by a public hospital district established under chapter 70.44 RCW, for hospital purposes is exempt from taxation. The benefit of the exemption must inure to the user.
- (3) To be exempt under this section, the property must be used exclusively for the purposes for which exemption is granted, except as provided in RCW 84.36.805.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 82.38.180 and 2007 c 515 s 29 are each amended to read 11 as follows:
- 12 <u>(1)</u> Any person who has purchased special fuel on which tax has been 13 paid may file a claim with the department for a refund of the tax for:
  - ((<del>(1) Taxes previously paid on special fuel used for purposes other than for the propulsion of motor vehicles upon the public highways in this state.</del>
    - (2))) (a) Taxes previously paid on special fuel exported for use outside of this state. Special fuel carried from this state in the fuel tank of a motor vehicle is deemed to be exported from this state. Special fuel distributed to a federally recognized Indian tribal reservation located within the state of Washington is not considered exported outside this state.
- $((\frac{3}{3}))$  (b) Tax, penalty, or interest erroneously or illegally collected or paid.
  - $((\frac{4}{}))$  (c) Taxes previously paid on all special fuel which is lost or destroyed, while the licensee shall be the owner thereof, through fire, lightning, flood, wind storm, or explosion.
    - (((5))) (d) Taxes previously paid on all special fuel of five hundred gallons or more which is lost or destroyed while the licensee shall be the owner thereof, through leakage or other casualty except evaporation, shrinkage, or unknown causes.
- (((6))) <u>(e)</u> Taxes previously paid on special fuel that is inadvertently mixed with dyed special fuel.
- 34 (2) Recovery for such loss or destruction under either subsection ((4), (5), or (6))) (1)(c), (d), or (e) of this section must be 36 susceptible to positive proof thereby enabling the department to 27 conduct such investigation and require such information as it may deem

necessary. In the event that the department is not satisfied that the fuel was lost, destroyed, or contaminated as claimed because information or proof as required hereunder is not sufficient to substantiate the accuracy of the claim, it may deem such as sufficient cause to deny all right relating to the refund or credit for the excise tax paid on special fuel alleged to be lost or destroyed.

- (3) No refund or claim for credit ((shall)) may be approved by the department unless the gallons of special fuel claimed as nontaxable satisfy the conditions specifically set forth in this section and the nontaxable event or use occurred during the period covered by the refund claim. Refunds or claims for credit ((shall)) are not ((be)) allowed for anticipated nontaxable use or events.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 82.16.020 and 2009 c 469 s 702 are each amended to 14 read as follows:
  - (1) There is levied and ((there shall be)) collected from every person a tax for the act or privilege of engaging within this state in any one or more of the businesses herein mentioned. The tax (( $\frac{1}{1}$  be)) is equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate set out after the business, as follows:
- 20 (a) Express, sewerage collection, and telegraph businesses: Three 21 and six-tenths percent;
- 22 (b) Light and power business: Three and sixty-two one-hundredths 23 percent;
  - (c) Gas distribution business: Three and six-tenths percent;
  - (d) ((Urban transportation business: Six tenths of one percent;
- (e) Vessels under sixty-five feet in length, except tugboats, operating upon the waters within the state: Six-tenths of one percent;
  - (f)) Motor transportation, railroad, railroad car, and tugboat businesses, and all public service businesses other than ones mentioned above: One and eight-tenths of one percent;
- $((\frac{g}))$  <u>(e)</u> Water distribution business: Four and seven-tenths 32 percent;
- $((\frac{h}{h}))$  (f) Log transportation business: One and twenty-eight one-hundredths percent.
- 35 (2) An additional tax is imposed equal to the rate specified in RCW 82.02.030 multiplied by the tax payable under subsection (1) of this section.

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- 1 (3) Twenty percent of the moneys collected under subsection (1) of 2 this section on water distribution businesses and sixty percent of the 3 moneys collected under subsection (1) of this section on sewerage 4 collection businesses ((shall)) must be deposited in the public works 5 assistance account created in RCW 43.155.050.
- 6 **Sec. 4.** RCW 82.16.020 and 1996 c 150 s 2 are each amended to read 7 as follows:

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- (1) There is levied and ((there shall be)) collected from every person a tax for the act or privilege of engaging within this state in any one or more of the businesses herein mentioned. The tax ((shall be)) is equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate set out after the business, as follows:
- 13 (a) Express, sewerage collection, and telegraph businesses: Three and six-tenths percent;
- 15 (b) Light and power business: Three and sixty-two one-hundredths 16 percent;
  - (c) Gas distribution business: Three and six-tenths percent;
  - (d) ((Urban transportation business: Six-tenths of one percent;
- (e) Vessels under sixty-five feet in length, except tugboats, operating upon the waters within the state: Six-tenths of one percent;
- 21 (f)) Motor transportation, railroad, railroad car, and tugboat 22 businesses, and all public service businesses other than ones mentioned 23 above: One and eight-tenths of one percent;
  - $((\frac{g}))$  <u>(e)</u> Water distribution business: Four and seven-tenths percent.
    - (2) An additional tax is imposed equal to the rate specified in RCW 82.02.030 multiplied by the tax payable under subsection (1) of this section.
- 29 (3) Twenty percent of the moneys collected under subsection (1) of 30 this section on water distribution businesses and sixty percent of the 31 moneys collected under subsection (1) of this section on sewerage 32 collection businesses ((shall)) must be deposited in the public works 33 assistance account created in RCW 43.155.050.
- 34 Sec. 5. RCW 82.04.260 and 2009 c 479 s 64, 2009 c 461 s 1, and 2009 c 162 s 34 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing:

- (a) ((Wheat into flour, barley into pearl barley, soybeans into soybean oil, canola into canola oil, canola meal, or canola by products, or sunflower seeds into sunflower oil; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the flour, pearl barley, oil, canola meal, or canola by product manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent;
- (b))) Beginning July 1, 2012, seafood products that remain in a raw, raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the manufacturing by that person; or selling manufactured seafood products that remain in a raw, raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the manufacturing, to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this state; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business ((shall be)) is equal to the value of the products manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state;
- ((\(\frac{(+c)}{c}\)) (b) Beginning July 1, 2012, dairy products that as of September 20, 2001, are identified in 21 C.F.R., chapter 1, parts 131, 133, and 135, including by-products from the manufacturing of the dairy products such as whey and casein; or selling the same to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of state; as to such persons the tax imposed ((shall be)) is equal to the value of the products manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state;
- ((\(\frac{(d)}{(d)}\)) (c) Beginning July 1, 2012, fruits or vegetables by canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or vegetables, or selling at wholesale fruits or vegetables manufactured by the seller by canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or vegetables and sold to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this state; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to

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such business shall be equal to the value of the products manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state;

- (((e) Until July 1, 2009, alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business shall be equal to the value of alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent; and
- (f)) (d)(i) Alcohol fuel or wood biomass fuel((, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.29A.135)); as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business ((shall be)) is equal to the value of alcohol fuel or wood biomass fuel manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.
  - (ii) For the purposes of this subsection (1)(d):

- (A) "Alcohol fuel" means any alcohol made from a product other than petroleum or natural gas, which is used alone or in combination with gasoline or other petroleum products for use as a fuel for motor vehicles, farm implements, and machines or implements of husbandry; and
- (B) "Wood biomass fuel" means a pyrolytic liquid fuel or synthesis gas-derived liquid fuel, used in internal combustion engines, and produced from wood, forest, or field residue, or dedicated energy crops that do not include wood pieces that have been treated with chemical preservatives such as creosote, pentachlorophenol, or copper-chroma-arsenic.
- (2) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of splitting or processing dried peas; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business ((shall be)) is equal to the value of the peas split or processed, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.
- (3) Upon every nonprofit corporation and nonprofit association engaging within this state in research and development, as to such corporations and associations, the amount of tax with respect to such activities  $((shall\ be))$  is equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.
- (4) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of slaughtering, breaking and/or processing perishable meat products

and/or selling the same at wholesale only and not at retail; as to such persons the tax imposed  $((\frac{\text{shall be}}{}))$  is equal to the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.

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- (5) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of acting as a travel agent or tour operator; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such activities ((shall be)) is equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.
- (6) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as an international steamship agent, international customs house broker, international freight forwarder, vessel and/or cargo charter broker in foreign commerce, and/or international air cargo agent; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to only international activities ((shall be)) is equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.
- (7) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the movement of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business ((shall be)) <u>is</u> equal to the gross proceeds derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent. Persons subject to taxation under this subsection ((shall be)) are exempt from payment of taxes imposed by chapter 82.16 RCW for that portion of their business subject taxation under this subsection. Stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the conduct of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce are defined as all activities of a labor, service or transportation nature whereby cargo may be loaded or unloaded to or from vessels or barges, passing over, onto or under a wharf, pier, or similar structure; cargo may be moved to a warehouse or similar holding or storage yard or area to await further movement in import or export or may move to a consolidation freight station and be stuffed, unstuffed, containerized, separated or otherwise segregated or aggregated for delivery or loaded on any mode of transportation for delivery to its consignee. Specific activities included in this definition are: Wharfage, handling, unloading, moving of cargo to a convenient place of delivery to the consignee or a convenient place for further movement to export mode; documentation services in connection with the receipt, delivery,

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checking, care, custody and control of cargo required in the transfer of cargo; imported automobile handling prior to delivery to consignee; terminal stevedoring and incidental vessel services, including but not limited to plugging and unplugging refrigerator service to containers, trailers, and other refrigerated cargo receptacles, and securing ship hatch covers.

- (8)(a) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of disposing of low-level waste, as defined in RCW 43.145.010; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such business ((shall be)) is equal to the gross income of the business, excluding any fees imposed under chapter 43.200 RCW, multiplied by the rate of 3.3 percent.
- (b) If the gross income of the taxpayer is attributable to activities both within and without this state, the gross income attributable to this state ((shall)) <u>must</u> be determined in accordance with the methods of apportionment required under RCW 82.04.460.
- (9) Upon every person engaging within this state as an insurance producer or title insurance agent licensed under chapter 48.17 RCW or a surplus line broker licensed under chapter 48.15 RCW; as to such persons, the amount of the tax with respect to such licensed activities  $((shall\ be))$  is equal to the gross income of such business multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.
- (10) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as a hospital, as defined in chapter 70.41 RCW, that is operated as a nonprofit corporation or by the state or any of its political subdivisions, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities ((shall be)) is equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.75 percent through June 30, 1995, and 1.5 percent thereafter.
- (11)(a) Beginning October 1, 2005, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing commercial airplanes, or components of such airplanes, or making sales, at retail or wholesale, of commercial airplanes or components of such airplanes, manufactured by the seller, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business ((shall)), in the case of manufacturers, ((be)) is equal to the value of the product manufactured and the gross proceeds of sales of the product manufactured, or in the case of

- 1 processors for hire, ((be)) <u>is</u> equal to the gross income of the 2 business, multiplied by the rate of:
- 3 (i) 0.4235 percent from October 1, 2005, through the later of June 30, 2007; and
  - (ii) 0.2904 percent beginning July 1, 2007.

- (b) Beginning July 1, 2008, upon every person who is not eligible to report under the provisions of (a) of this subsection (11) and is engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing tooling specifically designed for use in manufacturing commercial airplanes or components of such airplanes, or making sales, at retail or wholesale, of such tooling manufactured by the seller, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business ((shall)), in the case of manufacturers, ((be)) is equal to the value of the product manufactured and the gross proceeds of sales of the product manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, ((be)) is equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent.
- (c) For the purposes of this subsection (11), "commercial airplane" and "component" have the same meanings as provided in RCW 82.32.550.
- (d) In addition to all other requirements under this title, a person eligible for the tax rate under this subsection (11) must report as required under RCW 82.32.545.
  - (e) This subsection (11) does not apply on and after July 1, 2024.
- (12)(a) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of extracting timber or extracting for hire timber; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business ((shall)), in the case of extractors, ((be)) is equal to the value of products, including by-products, extracted, or in the case of extractors for hire, ((be)) is equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2024.
- (b) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing or processing for hire: (i) Timber into timber products or wood products; or (ii) timber products into other timber products or wood products; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to the business ((shall)), in the case of manufacturers, ((be)) is equal to the value of products, including by-products, manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire,

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((be)) <u>is</u> equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2024.

- (c) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of selling at wholesale: (i) Timber extracted by that person; (ii) timber products manufactured by that person from timber or other timber products; or (iii) wood products manufactured by that person from timber or timber products; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to the business ((shall be)) is equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the timber, timber products, or wood products multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2024.
- (d) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of selling standing timber; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to the business ((shall be)) is equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent. For purposes of this subsection (12)(d), "selling standing timber" means the sale of timber apart from the land, where the buyer is required to sever the timber within thirty months from the date of the original contract, regardless of the method of payment for the timber and whether title to the timber transfers before, upon, or after severance.
- (e) For purposes of this subsection, the following definitions apply:
- (i) "Biocomposite surface products" means surface material products containing, by weight or volume, more than fifty percent recycled paper and that also use nonpetroleum-based phenolic resin as a bonding agent.
- (ii) "Paper and paper products" means products made of interwoven cellulosic fibers held together largely by hydrogen bonding. "Paper and paper products" includes newsprint; office, printing, fine, and pressure-sensitive papers; paper napkins, towels, and toilet tissue; kraft bag, construction, and other kraft industrial papers; paperboard, liquid packaging containers, containerboard, corrugated, and solid-fiber containers including linerboard and corrugated medium; and related types of cellulosic products containing primarily, by weight or volume, cellulosic materials. "Paper and paper products" does not

include books, newspapers, magazines, periodicals, and other printed publications, advertising materials, calendars, and similar types of printed materials.

- (iii) "Recycled paper" means paper and paper products having fifty percent or more of their fiber content that comes from postconsumer waste. For purposes of this subsection (12)(e)(iii), "postconsumer waste" means a finished material that would normally be disposed of as solid waste, having completed its life cycle as a consumer item.
- 9 (iv) "Timber" means forest trees, standing or down, on privately or 10 publicly owned land. "Timber" does not include Christmas trees that 11 are cultivated by agricultural methods or short-rotation hardwoods as 12 defined in RCW 84.33.035.
  - (v) "Timber products" means:

- (A) Logs, wood chips, sawdust, wood waste, and similar products obtained wholly from the processing of timber, short-rotation hardwoods as defined in RCW 84.33.035, or both;
- (B) Pulp, including market pulp and pulp derived from recovered paper or paper products; and
- 19 (C) Recycled paper, but only when used in the manufacture of 20 biocomposite surface products.
  - (vi) "Wood products" means paper and paper products; dimensional lumber; engineered wood products such as particleboard, oriented strand board, medium density fiberboard, and plywood; wood doors; wood windows; and biocomposite surface products.
  - (13) Upon every person engaging within this state in inspecting, testing, labeling, and storing canned salmon owned by another person, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities ((shall be)) is equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.
- 30 (14) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business 31 of printing a newspaper, publishing a newspaper, or both, the amount of 32 tax on such business is equal to the gross income of the business 33 multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 82.16.050 and 2007 c 330 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- In computing tax there may be deducted from the gross income the following items:

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(1) Amounts derived by municipally owned or operated public service businesses, directly from taxes levied for the support or maintenance thereof. This subsection may not be construed to exempt service charges which are spread on the property tax rolls and collected as taxes;

- (2) Amounts derived from the sale of commodities to persons in the same public service business as the seller, for resale as such within this state. This deduction is allowed only with respect to water distribution, gas distribution or other public service businesses which furnish water, gas or any other commodity in the performance of public service businesses;
- (3) Amounts actually paid by a taxpayer to another person taxable under this chapter as the latter's portion of the consideration due for services furnished jointly by both, if the total amount has been credited to and appears in the gross income reported for tax by the former;
- (4) The amount of cash discount actually taken by the purchaser or customer;
- (5) The amount of bad debts, as that term is used in 26 U.S.C. Sec. 166, as amended or renumbered as of January 1, 2003, on which tax was previously paid under this chapter;
- (6) Amounts derived from business which the state is prohibited from taxing under the Constitution of this state or the Constitution or laws of the United States;
- (7) ((Amounts derived from the distribution of water through an irrigation system, for irrigation purposes;
- (8)) Amounts derived from the transportation of commodities from points of origin in this state to final destination outside this state, or from points of origin outside this state to final destination in this state, with respect to which the carrier grants to the shipper the privilege of stopping the shipment in transit at some point in this state for the purpose of storing, manufacturing, milling, or other processing, and thereafter forwards the same commodity, or its equivalent, in the same or converted form, under a through freight rate from point of origin to final destination;
- ((+9))) (8) Amounts derived from the transportation of commodities from points of origin in the state to an export elevator, wharf, dock or ship side on tidewater or its navigable tributaries to be forwarded,

without intervening transportation, by vessel, in their original form, to interstate or foreign destinations. No deduction is allowed under this subsection when the point of origin and the point of delivery to the export elevator, wharf, dock, or ship side are located within the corporate limits of the same city or town;

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- (9) Amounts derived from the  $((\frac{10}{10}))$ transportation of agricultural commodities, not including manufactured substances or articles, from points of origin in the state to interim storage facilities in this state for transshipment, without intervening transportation, to an export elevator, wharf, dock, or ship side on tidewater or its navigable tributaries to be forwarded, without intervening transportation, by vessel, in their original form, to interstate or foreign destinations. If agricultural commodities are transshipped from interim storage facilities in this state to storage facilities at a port on tidewater or its navigable tributaries, the same agricultural commodity dealer must operate both the interim storage facilities and the storage facilities at the port.
- (a) The deduction under this subsection is available only when the person claiming the deduction obtains a certificate from the agricultural commodity dealer operating the interim storage facilities, in a form and manner prescribed by the department, certifying that:
- (i) More than ninety-six percent of all of the type of agricultural commodity delivered by the person claiming the deduction under this subsection and delivered by all other persons to the dealer's interim storage facilities during the preceding calendar year was shipped by vessel in original form to interstate or foreign destinations; and
- (ii) Any of the agricultural commodity that is transshipped to ports on tidewater or its navigable tributaries will be received at storage facilities operated by the same agricultural commodity dealer and will be shipped from such facilities, without intervening transportation, by vessel, in their original form, to interstate or foreign destinations.
- (b) As used in this subsection, "agricultural commodity" has the same meaning as agricultural product in RCW 82.04.213;
- $((\frac{11}{11}))$  <u>(10)</u> Amounts derived from the production, sale, or transfer of electrical energy for resale within or outside the state or for consumption outside the state;

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 $((\frac{12}{12}))$  (11) Amounts derived from the distribution of water by a nonprofit water association and used for capital improvements by that nonprofit water association;

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 $((\frac{13}{13}))$  <u>(12)</u> Amounts paid by a sewerage collection business taxable under RCW 82.16.020(1)(a) to a person taxable under chapter 82.04 RCW for the treatment or disposal of sewage;

 $((\langle 14 \rangle))$  (13) Amounts derived from fees or charges imposed on persons for transit services provided by a public transportation agency. For the purposes of this subsection, "public transportation agency" means a municipality, as defined in RCW 35.58.272, and urban public transportation systems, as defined in RCW 47.04.082. Public transportation agencies ((shall)) must spend an amount equal to the reduction in tax provided by this tax deduction solely to adjust routes to improve access for citizens using food banks and senior citizen services or to extend or add new routes to assist low-income citizens and seniors.

Sec. 7. RCW 82.04.280 and 2009 c 461 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business  $((\frac{1}{1}))$  (a) Printing materials other than newspapers, and of publishing periodicals or magazines;  $((\frac{1}{2}))$  (b) building, repairing or improving any street, place, road, highway, easement, right-of-way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle which is owned by a municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state or by the United States and which is used or to be used, primarily for foot or vehicular traffic including transportation vehicles of any kind and mass including readjustment, reconstruction or relocation of the facilities of any public, private or cooperatively owned utility or railroad in the course of such building, repairing or improving, the cost of which readjustment, reconstruction, or relocation, is the responsibility of the public authority whose street, place, road, highway, easement, right-of-way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle is being built, repaired or improved; (((+3))) (c) extracting for hire or processing for hire, except persons taxable as extractors for hire or processors for hire under another section of this chapter; ((4))) (d) operating a cold storage warehouse

or storage warehouse, but not including the rental of cold storage lockers;  $((\frac{5}{}))$  <u>(e)</u> representing and performing services for fire or casualty insurance companies as an independent resident managing general agent ((licensed under the provisions of RCW 48.05.310; (6) radio and television broadcasting, excluding network, national and regional advertising computed as a standard deduction based on the national average thereof as annually reported by the Federal Communications Commission, or in lieu thereof by itemization by the individual broadcasting station, and excluding that portion of revenue represented by the out-of-state audience computed as a ratio to the station's total audience as measured by the 100 micro-volt signal strength and delivery by wire, if any; (7)); (f) engaging in activities which bring a person within the definition of consumer contained in RCW 82.04.190(6); as to such persons, the amount of tax on such business is equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

((As used)) (2) The definitions in this section $((\tau))$  apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(a) "Cold storage warehouse" means a storage warehouse used to store fresh and/or frozen perishable fruits or vegetables, meat, seafood, dairy products, or fowl, or any combination thereof, at a desired temperature to maintain the quality of the product for orderly marketing.

((As used in this section,)) (b) "Storage warehouse" means a building or structure, or any part thereof, in which goods, wares, or merchandise are received for storage for compensation, except field warehouses, fruit warehouses, fruit packing plants, warehouses licensed under chapter 22.09 RCW, public garages storing automobiles, railroad freight sheds, docks and wharves, and "self-storage" or "mini storage" facilities whereby customers have direct access to individual storage areas by separate entrance. "Storage warehouse" does not include a building or structure, or that part of such building or structure, in which an activity taxable under RCW 82.04.272 is conducted.

((As used in this section,))

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(c) "Periodical or magazine" means a printed publication, other than a newspaper, issued regularly at stated intervals at least once every three months, including any supplement or special edition of the publication.

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1 **Sec. 8.** RCW 82.04.280 and 2009 c 461 s 3 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

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(1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business  $((\frac{1}{1}))$  (a) Printing materials other than newspapers, and of publishing periodicals or magazines;  $((\frac{2}{2}))$  building, repairing or improving any street, place, road, highway, easement, right-of-way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle which is owned by a municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state or by the United States and which is used or to be used, primarily for foot or vehicular traffic including mass transportation vehicles of any kind and including readjustment, reconstruction or relocation of the facilities of any public, private or cooperatively owned utility or railroad in the course of such building, repairing or improving, the cost of which readjustment, reconstruction, or relocation, is the responsibility of the public authority whose street, place, road, highway, easement, right-of-way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle is being built, repaired or improved; (((3))) (c) extracting for hire or processing for hire, except persons taxable as extractors for hire or processors for hire under another section of this chapter;  $((\frac{4}{1}))$  (d) operating a cold storage warehouse or storage warehouse, but not including the rental of cold storage lockers;  $((\frac{5}{}))$  <u>(e)</u> representing and performing services for fire or casualty insurance companies as an independent resident managing general agent ((licensed under the provisions of RCW 48.05.310; (6) radio and television broadcasting, excluding network, national and regional advertising computed as a standard deduction based on the national average thereof as annually reported by the Federal Communications Commission, or in lieu thereof by itemization by the individual broadcasting station, and excluding that portion of revenue represented by the out-of-state audience computed as a ratio to the station's total audience as measured by the 100 micro-volt signal strength and delivery by wire, if any; (7)); (f) engaging in activities which bring a person within the definition of consumer contained in RCW 82.04.190(6); as to such persons, the amount of tax on such business is equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

((As used)) (2) The definitions in this section((-)) apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (a) "Cold storage warehouse" means a storage warehouse used to store fresh and/or frozen perishable fruits or vegetables, meat, seafood, dairy products, or fowl, or any combination thereof, at a desired temperature to maintain the quality of the product for orderly marketing.
- ((As used in this section,)) (b) "Storage warehouse" means a building or structure, or any part thereof, in which goods, wares, or merchandise are received for storage for compensation, except field warehouses, fruit warehouses, fruit packing plants, warehouses licensed under chapter 22.09 RCW, public garages storing automobiles, railroad freight sheds, docks and wharves, and "self-storage" or "mini storage" facilities whereby customers have direct access to individual storage areas by separate entrance. "Storage warehouse" does not include a building or structure, or that part of such building or structure, in which an activity taxable under RCW 82.04.272 is conducted.
- ((As used in this section,)) (c) "Periodical or magazine" means a printed publication, other than a newspaper, issued regularly at stated intervals at least once every three months, including any supplement or special edition of the publication.
- **Sec. 9.** RCW 48.14.020 and 2009 c 161 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) Subject to other provisions of this chapter, each authorized insurer except title insurers ((shall)) must on or before the first day of March of each year pay to the state treasurer through the commissioner's office a tax on premiums. Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, such tax ((shall be)) is in the amount of two percent of all premiums, excluding amounts returned to or the amount of reductions in premiums allowed to holders of industrial life policies for payment of premiums directly to an office of the insurer, collected or received by the insurer under RCW 48.14.090 during the preceding calendar year other than ocean marine and foreign trade insurances, after deducting premiums paid to policyholders as returned premiums, upon risks or property resident, situated, or to be performed in this state. For tax purposes, the reporting of premiums ((shall)) must be on a written basis or on a paid-for basis consistent with the

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basis required by the annual statement. For the purposes of this section the consideration received by an insurer for the granting of an annuity ((shall)) is not ((be)) deemed to be a premium.

- (2) In the case of insurers which require the payment by their policyholders at the inception of their policies of the entire premium thereon in the form of premiums or premium deposits which are the same in amount, based on the character of the risks, regardless of the length of term for which such policies are written, such tax ((shall be)) is in the amount of two percent of the gross amount of such premiums and premium deposits upon policies on risks resident, located, or to be performed in this state, in force as of the thirty-first day of December next preceding, less the unused or unabsorbed portion of such premiums and premium deposits computed at the average rate thereof actually paid or credited to policyholders or applied in part payment of any renewal premiums or premium deposits on one-year policies expiring during such year.
- marine and foreign trade insurer shall with respect to all ocean marine and foreign trade insurance contracts written within this state during the preceding calendar year, on or before the first day of March of each year pay to the state treasurer through the commissioner's office a tax of ninety-five one-hundredths of one percent on its gross underwriting profit. Such gross underwriting profit shall be ascertained by deducting from the net premiums (i.e., gross premiums less all return premiums and premiums for reinsurance) on such ocean marine and foreign trade insurance contracts the net losses paid (i.e., gross losses paid less salvage and recoveries on reinsurance ceded) during such calendar year under such contracts. In the case of insurers issuing participating contracts, such gross underwriting profit shall not include, for computation of the tax prescribed by this subsection, the amounts refunded, or paid as participation dividends, by such insurers to the holders of such contracts.
- (4))) The state does hereby preempt the field of imposing excise or privilege taxes upon insurers or their appointed insurance producers, other than title insurers, and no county, city, town or other municipal subdivision ((shall have)) has the right to impose any such taxes upon such insurers or these insurance producers.
- $((\frac{5}{}))$  If an authorized insurer collects or receives any such premiums on account of policies in force in this state which were

- 1 originally issued by another insurer and which other insurer is not
- 2 authorized to transact insurance in this state on its own account, such
- 3 collecting insurer ((shall be)) is liable for and ((shall)) must pay
- 4 the tax on such premiums.
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** The following acts or parts of acts are 6 each repealed:
- 7 (1) RCW 82.04.350 (Exemptions--Racing) and 2005 c 369 s 7 & 1961 c 8 15 s 82.04.350;
- 9 (2) RCW 82.36.280 (Refunds for nonhighway use of fuel) and 1998 c 10 176 s 36, 1993 c 141 s 1, 1985 c 371 s 5, 1980 c 131 s 5, 1972 ex.s. c
- 11 138 s 1, 1971 ex.s. c 36 s 1, 1969 ex.s. c 281 s 23, & 1961 c 15 s
- 12 82.36.280;

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- 13 (3) RCW 82.04.4282 (Deductions--Fees, dues, charges) and 2009 c 535 14 s 410, 1994 c 124 s 3, 1989 c 392 s 1, & 1980 c 37 s 3;
- 15 (4) RCW 82.04.330 (Exemptions--Sales of agricultural products) and 16 2001 c 118 s 3, 1993 sp.s. c 25 s 305, 1988 c 253 s 2, & 1987 c 23 s 4;
- 17 (5) RCW 82.04.410 (Exemptions--Hatching eggs and poultry) and 1967 18 ex.s. c 149 s 15 & 1961 c 15 s 82.04.410;
- 19 (6) RCW 82.08.0261 (Exemptions--Sales of personal property for use 20 connected with private or common carriers in interstate or foreign 21 commerce) and 1980 c 37 s 28;
- 22 (7) RCW 84.36.635 (Property used for the manufacture of alcohol 23 fuel or biodiesel fuel) and 2008 c 268 s 1 & 2003 c 261 s 9;
  - (8) RCW 82.29A.135 (Exemptions--Property used to manufacture alcohol, biodiesel, or wood biomass fuel) and 2008 c 268 s 2;
- 26 (9) RCW 84.36.640 (Property used for the manufacture of wood 27 biomass fuel) and 2003 c 339 s 9;
- 28 (10) RCW 82.08.0257 (Exemptions--Auction sales of personal property used in farming) and 2009 c 535 s 511 & 1980 c 37 s 25;
- 30 (11) RCW 82.12.0258 (Exemptions--Use of personal property 31 previously used in farming and purchased from farmer at auction) and 2009 c 535 s 612 & 1980 c 37 s 58;
- 33 (12) RCW 84.36.130 (Airport property in this state for smaller 34 airports belonging to municipalities of adjoining states) and 1998 c 35 201 s 1 & 1961 c 15 s 84.36.130;
- 36 (13) RCW 48.36A.240 (Funds tax exempt, exception) and 1987 c 366 s 37 24;

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- 1 (14) RCW 82.04.4289 (Exemption--Compensation for patient services 2 or attendant sales of drugs dispensed pursuant to prescription by 3 certain nonprofit organizations) and 2003 c 168 s 402, 1998 c 325 s 1, 4 1993 c 492 s 305, 1981 c 178 s 2, & 1980 c 37 s 10;
- 5 (15) RCW 82.16.0491 (Credit--Contributions to an electric utility 6 rural economic development revolving fund) and 2008 c 131 s 4, 2004 c 7 238 s 1, & 1999 c 311 s 402;
- 8 (16) RCW 82.04.4483 (Credit--Programming or manufacturing software 9 in rural counties) and 2004 c 25 s 1;
- 10 (17) RCW 82.04.4484 (Credit--Information technology help desk 11 services in rural counties) and 2004 c 25 s 2;
- 12 (18) RCW 82.08.841 (Exemptions--Farming equipment--Hay sheds) and 2005 c 420 s 2;
- 14 (19) RCW 82.12.841 (Exemptions--Farming equipment--Hay sheds) and 15 2005 c 420 s 3;
- 16 (20) RCW 82.04.4485 (Credit--Mechanical lifting devices purchased 17 by hospitals) and 2006 c 165 s 5;
- 18 (21) RCW 82.08.0253 (Exemptions--Sale and distribution of 19 newspapers) and 2009 c 535 s 506 & 1980 c 37 s 21; and
- 20 (22) RCW 82.12.0345 (Exemptions--Use of newspapers) and 2009 c 535 21 s 618 & 1994 c 124 s 11.
- 22 **Sec. 11.** 2009 c 461 s 9 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) Section 8, chapter ..., Laws of 2010 (section 8 of this act), section 3, chapter 461, Laws of 2009, section 7, chapter 300, Laws of 2006, and section 4, chapter 149, Laws of 2003 are contingent upon the siting and commercial operation of a significant semiconductor microchip fabrication facility in the state of Washington.
  - (b) For the purposes of this section:

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- 30 (i) "Commercial operation" means the same as "commencement of commercial production" as used in RCW 82.08.965.
- 32 (ii) "Semiconductor microchip fabrication" means "manufacturing 33 semiconductor microchips" as defined in RCW 82.04.426.
- (iii) "Significant" means the combined investment of new buildings and new machinery and equipment in the buildings, at the commencement of commercial production, will be at least one billion dollars.

1 (2) Chapter 149, Laws of 2003 takes effect the first day of the 2 month in which a contract for the construction of a significant 3 semiconductor fabrication facility is signed, as determined by the 4 director of the department of revenue.

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- (3)(a) The department of revenue must provide notice of the effective date of this act to affected taxpayers, the legislature, and others as deemed appropriate by the department.
- 8 (b) If, after making a determination that a contract has been signed and chapter 149, Laws of 2003 is effective, the department 9 10 discovers that commencement of commercial production did not take place 11 within three years of the date the contract was signed, the department 12 must make a determination that chapter 149, Laws of 2003 is no longer 13 effective, and all taxes that would have been otherwise due are deemed 14 deferred taxes and are immediately assessed and payable from any person reporting tax under RCW 82.04.240(2) or claiming an exemption or credit 15 under section 2 or 5 through 10, chapter 149, Laws of 2003. 16 17 department is not authorized to make a second determination regarding 18 the effective date of chapter 149, Laws of 2003.
- 19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** Section 3 of this act expires June 30, 20 2013.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. Section 4 of this act takes effect June 30, 22 2013.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. Section 7 of this act expires on the date that section 8 of this act takes effect.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. Section 8 of this act takes effect if the contingency in section 11 of this act occurs.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. Except for sections 4 and 8, this act takes effect January 1, 2013.

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