Washington State House of Representatives Office of Program Research

BILL ANALYSIS

Early Learning & Human Services Committee

HB 2446

Brief Description: Extending the eligibility period for the working connections child care program.

Sponsors: Representatives Kagi, Roberts, Ormsby and Kenney.

Brief Summary of Bill

• Changes the eligibility period for Working Connections Child Care from six months to 12 months.

Hearing Date: 1/20/12

Staff: Megan Palchak (786-7120).

Background:

Working Connections Child Care (WCCC) is a subsidized child care program designed to promote stability and quality care for children from low-income households while their parents are at work or engaged in WorkFirst participation requirements. The Department of Early Learning (DEL) sets WCCC policy and the Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) provides WCCC eligibility determinations.

In 2010 the Legislature passed Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill 3141 (E2SHB 3141), an act relating to redesigning the delivery of Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, which involved reforming components of the WCCC. Under E2SHB 3141, beginning in fiscal year 2011, families with children enrolled in Early Childhood Education Assistance Program (ECEAP), Head Start, or Early Head Start were authorized for a 12-month period unless a change in circumstances required an eligibility to end earlier than 12-months. The E2SHB 3141 also required the DEL and the DSHS to issue a report to the Legislature by September 2011 that would include: (a) an analysis of the impact of the 12-month authorization on the stability of

House Bill Analysis - 1 - HB 2446

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child care, program costs, and administrative savings, and (b) recommendations for expanding the application of the 12-month authorization period to additional populations of families that receive WCCC.

In 2011 the Legislature passed Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill 5921 (ESSB 5921), requiring a six-month eligibility period for WCCC applicants other than families enrolled in ECEAP, Head Start, or Early Head Start. This population of applicants is currently required to recertify income eligibility every six months. However, the six-month certification provision applies only if enrollments are capped. The ESSB 5921 also required WCCC applicants to seek child support enforcement services from the DSHS, Division of Child Support as a condition of receiving subsidized child care. However, if the DSHS finds an applicant has good cause to not cooperate, then he or she is exempt from the child support requirement.

In August 2011 the legislative report required under E2SHB 3141 concluded that the 12-month eligibility period:

- increased the stability of child care;
- either had no impact on program costs or had a role in reducing program costs per family and per child; and
- there is little difference between the costs for administering the six-month program versus the 12-month program, except that six-month authorizations require additional staff time to reprocess applications.

The report included recommendations to:

- continue to offer the 12-month extended eligibility WCCC program to eligible families;
- increase awareness of the 12-month extended eligibility WCCC program among families and child care programs;
- find ways to reduce the burden of the application process; and
- find ways to do more to help families and child care programs with the eligibility process.

Summary of Bill:

Beginning in fiscal year 2013, authorizations for WCCC subsidy are effective for a 12-month period, unless a change in circumstances necessitates reauthorization sooner. Provisions regarding the 6-month authorization period and the 2011 legislative report studying the 12-month eligibility are repealed.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Requested on January 13, 2012.

Effective Date: The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of the session in which the bill is passed.