SENATE BILL REPORT SB 6467

As of January 30, 2012

Title: An act relating to making Japanese-Americans interned during World War II eligible for former prisoner of war license plates.

Brief Description: Making Japanese-Americans interned during World War II eligible for former prisoner of war license plates.

Sponsors: Senators Hobbs, Shin, Swecker, Haugen, Rolfes, Fraser, Prentice, Kohl-Welles and McAuliffe

Brief History:

Committee Activity: Transportation: 1/26/12.

SENATE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

Staff: Amanda Cecil (786-7429)

Background: An individual that is a veteran of the armed forces, was captured and incarcerated by an enemy of the United States during a period of war, and has received a prisoner of war medal is eligible to receive a prisoner of war license plate. A vehicle that is owned by a veteran with a prisoner of war license plate is exempt from vehicle license fees, license plate fees, and excise taxes.

Summary of Bill: Individuals that are eligible to receive a former prisoner of war license plate is expanded to include Japanese-Americans that were confined in a wartime relocation and internment of civilians center between February 1942 and 1946.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Not requested.

Committee/Commission/Task Force Created: No.

Effective Date: Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.

Staff Summary of Public Testimony: PRO: There were approximately 9000 Japanese-Americans from Washington that were interred in camps during World War II. Of those,

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1000 served in the US Army; about 4000 are still living. This bill clarifies that Japanese-Americans that were interred are eligible for a POW plate.

Persons Testifying: PRO: Don White, citizen.