SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1079

State of Washington 62nd Legislature 2011 Regular Session

By House State Government & Tribal Affairs (originally sponsored by Representatives Hunt, Green, Darneille, Liias, Reykdal, McCoy, Appleton, Kagi, and Jinkins; by request of Secretary of State)

READ FIRST TIME 02/03/11.

1 AN ACT Relating to elections by mail; amending RCW 29A.04.008, 2 29A.04.013, 29A.04.019, 29A.04.031, 29A.04.037, 29A.04.216, 29A.04.220, 29A.04.235, 29A.04.255, 29A.04.470, 29A.04.540, 29A.04.580, 29A.04.611, 3 29A.08.130, 29A.08.140, 29A.08.440, 29A.08.620, 29A.08.720, 29A.08.775, 4 29A.08.810, 29A.08.820, 29A.12.085, 29A.12.110, 29A.12.120, 29A.12.160, 5 б 29A.16.040, 29A.24.081, 29A.28.061, 29A.32.241, 29A.32.260, 29A.36.115, 7 29A.36.131, 29A.36.161, 29A.36.220, 29A.40.010, 29A.40.020, 29A.40.050, 29A.40.070, 29A.40.091, 29A.40.100, 29A.40.110, 29A.40.130, 29A.46.260, 8 29A.56.490, 29A.60.040, 29A.60.050, 29A.60.060, 29A.60.110, 29A.60.120, 9 29A.60.160, 29A.60.160, 29A.60.170, 29A.60.180, 29A.60.190, 29A.60.190, 10 11 29A.60.195, 29A.60.200, 29A.60.230, 29A.60.235, 29A.64.041, 29A.68.020, 29A.68.070, 29A.68.080, 29A.84.020, 29A.84.050, 29A.84.510, 29A.84.520, 12 29A.84.530, 29A.84.540, 29A.84.545, 29A.84.550, 29A.84.655, 29A.84.730, 13 14 27.12.370, 36.83.110, 36.93.030, 40.24.060, 52.04.071, 85.38.125, and 15 90.72.040; reenacting and amending RCW 29A.60.165 and 29A.84.680; 16 adding a new section to chapter 29A.44 RCW; adding a new section to 17 chapter 29A.52 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 29A.04 RCW; 18 creating a new section; recodifying RCW 29A.46.260; repealing RCW 29A.04.049, 29A.04.115, 29A.04.128, 29A.08.430, 29A.12.090, 29A.16.010, 19 29A.16.020, 29A.16.030, 29A.16.060, 29A.16.110, 29A.16.120, 29A.16.130, 20 21 29A.16.140, 29A.16.150, 29A.16.160, 29A.16.170, 29A.24.151, 29A.24.161,

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29A.40.030, 29A.40.040, 29A.40.061, 29A.40.061, 29A.40.080, 29A.40.120, 1 2 29A.40.140, 29A.44.010, 29A.44.020, 29A.44.030, 29A.44.040, 29A.44.045, 29A.44.050, 29A.44.060, 29A.44.070, 29A.44.080, 29A.44.090, 29A.44.110, 3 29A.44.120, 29A.44.130, 29A.44.140, 29A.44.150, 29A.44.160, 29A.44.170, 4 29A.44.180, 29A.44.190, 29A.44.201, 29A.44.205, 29A.44.207, 29A.44.210, 5 29A.44.221, 29A.44.225, 29A.44.231, 29A.44.240, 29A.44.250, 29A.44.260, 6 29A.44.265, 29A.44.270, 29A.44.280, 29A.44.290, 29A.44.310, 29A.44.320, 7 29A.44.330, 29A.44.340, 29A.44.350, 29A.44.410, 29A.44.420, 29A.44.430, 8 29A.44.440, 29A.44.450, 29A.44.460, 29A.44.470, 29A.44.480, 29A.44.490, 9 29A.44.500, 29A.44.510, 29A.44.520, 29A.44.530, 29A.46.010, 29A.46.020, 10 29A.46.030, 29A.46.110, 29A.46.120, 29A.46.130, 29A.48.010, 29A.48.020, 11 29A.48.030, 29A.48.040, 29A.48.050, 29A.48.060, 29A.52.311, 29A.52.351, 12 13 29A.60.030, 29A.60.080, 29A.84.525, 29A.84.670, 29A.84.670, and 29A.84.740; prescribing penalties; providing an effective date; and 14 providing an expiration date. 15

16 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

17 **Sec. 1.** RCW 29A.04.008 and 2007 c 38 s 1 are each amended to read 18 as follows:

19 As used in this title:

20 (1) "Ballot" means, as the context implies, either:

(a) The issues and offices to be voted upon in a jurisdiction or portion of a jurisdiction at a particular primary, general election, or special election;

(b) A facsimile of the contents of a particular ballot whether
printed on a paper ballot or ballot card or as part of a voting machine
or voting device;

(c) A physical or electronic record of the choices of an individual
 voter in a particular primary, general election, or special election;
 or

30 (d) The physical document on which the voter's choices are to be 31 recorded;

32 (2) "Paper ballot" means a piece of paper on which the ballot for 33 a particular election or primary has been printed, on which a voter may 34 record his or her choices for any candidate or for or against any 35 measure, and that is to be tabulated manually;

1 (3) "Ballot card" means any type of card or piece of paper of any 2 size on which a voter may record his or her choices for any candidate 3 and for or against any measure and that is to be tabulated on a vote 4 tallying system;

5 (4) "Sample ballot" means a printed facsimile of all the issues and 6 offices on the ballot in a jurisdiction and is intended to give voters 7 notice of the issues, offices, and candidates that are to be voted on 8 at a particular primary, general election, or special election;

9 (5) "Provisional ballot" means a ballot issued ((at the polling 10 place on election day by the precinct election board)) to a voter who 11 would otherwise be denied an opportunity to vote a regular ballot, for 12 any reason authorized by the Help America Vote Act, including but not 13 limited to the following:

14 (a) The voter's name does not appear in the ((poll book)) list of 15 registered voters for the county;

(b) There is an indication in the ((poll book that the voter has requested an absentee ballot, but the voter wishes to vote at the polling place)) voter registration system that the voter has already voted in that primary, special election, or general election, but the voter wishes to vote again;

(c) There is a question on the part of the voter concerning the issues or candidates on which the voter is qualified to vote;

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(d) Any other reason allowed by law;

(6) "Party ballot" means a primary election ballot specific to a
particular major political party that lists all candidates for partisan
office who affiliate with that same major political party, as well as
the nonpartisan races and ballot measures to be voted on at that
primary;

(7) "Nonpartisan ballot" means a primary election ballot that lists
all nonpartisan races and ballot measures to be voted on at that
primary.

32 Sec. 2. RCW 29A.04.013 and 2003 c 111 s 103 are each amended to 33 read as follows:

34 "Canvassing" means the process of examining ballots or groups of 35 ballots, subtotals, and cumulative totals in order to determine the 36 official returns of a primary or general election and includes the

1 tabulation of any votes that were not <u>previously</u> tabulated ((at the 2 precinct or in a counting center on the day of the primary or 3 election)).

4 Sec. 3. RCW 29A.04.019 and 2003 c 111 s 104 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

6 "Counting center" means the facility or facilities designated by 7 the county auditor to count and canvass ((mail)) ballots((, absentee 8 ballots, and polling place ballots that are transferred to a central 9 site to be counted, rather than being counted by a poll-site ballot 10 counting device, on the day of a primary or election)).

11 **Sec. 4.** RCW 29A.04.031 and 2003 c 111 s 106 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

For registered voters voting by ((absentee or)) mail ((ballot)), "date of mailing" means the date of the postal cancellation on the envelope in which the ballot is returned to the election official by whom it was issued. For all ((nonregistered absentee)) service and overseas voters, "date of mailing" means the date stated by the voter on the ((envelope in which the ballot is returned to the election official by whom it was issued)) declaration.

20 Sec. 5. RCW 29A.04.037 and 2010 c 161 s 1103 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

"Disabled voter" means any registered voter who qualifies for special parking privileges under RCW 46.19.010, or who is defined as blind under RCW 74.18.020, or who qualifies to require assistance with voting under ((RCW 29A.44.240)) section 43 of this act.

26 **Sec. 6.** RCW 29A.04.216 and 2004 c 271 s 104 are each amended to 27 read as follows:

The county auditor of each county shall be ex officio the supervisor of all primaries and elections, general or special, and it shall be the county auditor's duty to provide places for holding such primaries and elections; ((to appoint the precinct election officers and to provide for their compensation;)) to provide the supplies and materials necessary for the conduct of elections ((to the precinct election officers)); and to publish and post notices of calling such

primaries and elections in the manner provided by law. The notice of 1 2 a primary held in an even-numbered year must indicate that the office of precinct committee officer will be on the ballot. The auditor shall 3 also apportion to each city, town, or district, and to the state of 4 5 Washington in the odd-numbered year, its share of the expense of such primaries and elections. This section does not apply to general or б 7 special elections for any city, town, or district that is not subject to RCW 29A.04.321 and 29A.04.330, but all such elections must be held 8 and conducted at the time, in the manner, and by the officials (with 9 10 such notice, requirements for filing for office, and certifications by local officers) as provided and required by the laws governing such 11 12 elections.

13 Sec. 7. RCW 29A.04.220 and 2003 c 111 s 135 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

The county auditor shall provide public notice of the availability of registration and voting aids, assistance to elderly and disabled persons, and procedures for voting ((by absentee ballot)) calculated to reach elderly and disabled persons not later than public notice of the closing of registration for a primary or election.

20 Sec. 8. RCW 29A.04.235 and 2003 c 111 s 138 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

22 The secretary of state shall ensure that each county auditor is provided with the most recent version of the election laws of the 23 24 state, as contained in this title. Where amendments have been enacted 25 after the last compilation of the election laws, he or she shall ensure 26 that each county auditor receives a copy of those amendments before the next primary or election. ((The county auditor shall ensure that any 27 28 statutory information necessary for the precinct election officers to 29 perform their duties is supplied to them in a timely manner.))

30 **Sec. 9.** RCW 29A.04.255 and 2004 c 266 s 5 are each amended to read 31 as follows:

The secretary of state or a county auditor shall accept and file in his or her office electronic facsimile transmissions of the following documents:

35 (1) Declarations of candidacy;

- 1 2
- (2) County canvass reports;
- (3) Voters' pamphlet statements;

3 (4) Arguments for and against ballot measures that will appear in 4 a voters' pamphlet;

5 (5) Requests for recounts;

6 (6) Certification of candidates and measures by the secretary of 7 state;

8 (7) Direction by the secretary of state for the conduct of a 9 mandatory recount;

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(8) Requests for absentee ballots;

(9) Any other election related document authorized by rule adopted
 by the secretary of state under RCW ((29A.04.610)) 29A.04.611.

The acceptance by the secretary of state or the county auditor is conditional upon the document being filed in a timely manner, being legible, and otherwise satisfying the requirements of state law or rules with respect to form and content.

17 If the original copy of a document must be signed and a copy of the document is filed by facsimile transmission under this section, the 18 original copy must be subsequently filed with the official with whom 19 the facsimile was filed. The original copy must be filed by a deadline 20 21 established by the secretary by rule. The secretary may by rule 22 require that the original of any document, a copy of which is filed by 23 facsimile transmission under this section, also be filed by a deadline 24 established by the secretary by rule.

25 **Sec. 10.** RCW 29A.04.470 and 2004 c 267 s 203 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

(1) The secretary of state shall create an advisory committee and adopt rules governing project eligibility, evaluation, awarding of grants, and other criteria for administering the local government grant program, which may include a preference for grants that include a match of local funds.

32 (2) The advisory committee shall review grant proposals and 33 establish a prioritized list of projects to be considered for funding 34 by the third Tuesday in May of each year beginning in 2004 and 35 continuing as long as funds in the election account established by 36 ((chapter 48, Laws of 2003 [RCW 29A.04.440])) <u>RCW 29A.04.440</u> are 37 available. The grant award may have an effective date other than the 1 date the project is placed on the prioritized list, including money 2 spent previously by the county that would qualify for reimbursement 3 under the Help America Vote Act (P.L. 107-252).

4 (3) Examples of projects that would be eligible for local
5 government grant funding include, but are not limited to the following:
6 (a) Replacement or upgrade of voting equipment, including the

(a) Replacement or upgrade of voting equipment, including the
replacement of punch card voting systems;

8 (b) Purchase of additional voting equipment, including the purchase 9 of equipment to meet the disability requirements of the Help America 10 Vote Act (P.L. 107-252);

(c) Purchase of new election management system hardware and software capable of integrating with the statewide voter registration system required by the Help America Vote Act (P.L. 107-252);

14 (d) Development and production of ((poll)) election worker 15 ((recruitment and)) training materials;

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(e) Voter education programs;

17 (f) Publication of a local voters' pamphlet;

18 (g) Toll-free access system to provide notice of the outcome of 19 provisional ballots; and

20 (h) Training for local election officials.

21 Sec. 11. RCW 29A.04.540 and 2009 c 415 s 9 are each amended to 22 read as follows:

23 A person having responsibility for the administration or conduct of elections((, other than precinct election officers,)) shall, within 24 25 eighteen months of undertaking those responsibilities, receive general 26 training regarding the conduct of elections and specific training 27 regarding their responsibilities and duties as prescribed by this title or by rules adopted by the secretary of state under this title. 28 29 Included among those persons for whom such training is mandatory are 30 the following:

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(1) Secretary of state elections division personnel;

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(2) County elections administrators under RCW 36.22.220; and

(3) Any other person or group charged with election administration
responsibilities if the person or group is designated by rule adopted
by the secretary of state as requiring the training.

36 Neither this section nor RCW 29A.04.530 may be construed as

1 requiring an elected official to receive training or a certificate of 2 training as a condition for seeking or holding elective office or as a 3 condition for carrying out constitutional duties.

4 Sec. 12. RCW 29A.04.580 and 2003 c 111 s 156 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

б The county auditor may designate any person who has been certified 7 under this chapter, other than the auditor, to participate in a review conducted in the county under this chapter. Each county auditor and 8 9 canvassing board shall cooperate fully during an election review by 10 making available to the reviewing staff any material requested by the 11 staff. The reviewing staff shall have full access to ((ballot pages, 12 absentee voting materials, any other election material normally kept in 13 a secure environment after the election, and other requested)) the county's election material. If ballots are reviewed by the staff, they 14 shall be reviewed in the presence of the canvassing board or its 15 16 designees. Ballots shall not leave the custody of the canvassing 17 board. During the review and after its completion, the review staff may make appropriate recommendations to the county auditor or 18 canvassing board, or both, to bring the county into compliance with the 19 20 training required under this chapter, and the laws or rules of the 21 state of Washington, to safeguard election material or to preserve the 22 integrity of the elections process.

23 **Sec. 13.** RCW 29A.04.611 and 2009 c 369 s 5 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

25 The secretary of state as chief election officer shall make 26 reasonable rules in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW not inconsistent with the federal and state election laws to effectuate any provision of 27 this title and to facilitate the execution of its provisions in an 28 orderly, timely, and uniform manner relating to any federal, state, 29 30 county, city, town, and district elections. To that end the secretary shall assist local election officers by devising uniform forms and 31 32 procedures.

In addition to the rule-making authority granted otherwise by this section, the secretary of state shall make rules governing the following provisions:

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(1) The maintenance of voter registration records;

(2) The preparation, maintenance, distribution, review, and filing
 of precinct maps;

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(3) Standards for the design, layout, and production of ballots;

4 (4) The examination and testing of voting systems for 5 certification;

6 (5) The source and scope of independent evaluations of voting 7 systems that may be relied upon in certifying voting systems for use in 8 this state;

9 (6) Standards and procedures for the acceptance testing of voting 10 systems by counties;

(7) Standards and procedures for testing the programming of vote tallying software for specific primaries and elections;

(8) Standards and procedures for the preparation and use of each
 type of certified voting system including procedures for the operation
 of counting centers where vote tallying systems are used;

16 (9) Standards and procedures to ensure the accurate tabulation and 17 canvassing of ballots;

(10) Consistency among the counties of the state in the preparation of ballots, the operation of vote tallying systems, and the canvassing of primaries and elections;

(11) Procedures to ensure the secrecy of a voter's ballot when a small number of ballots are counted ((at the polls or at a counting center));

(12) The use of substitute devices or means of voting when a voting device ((at the polling place)) is found to be defective, the counting of votes cast on the defective device, the counting of votes cast on the substitute device, and the documentation that must be submitted to the county auditor regarding such circumstances;

(13) Procedures for the transportation of sealed containers ofvoted ballots or sealed voting devices;

31 (14) The acceptance and filing of documents via electronic 32 ((facsimile)) transmission;

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(15) Voter registration applications and records;

34 (16) The use of voter registration information in the conduct of 35 elections;

36 (17) The coordination, delivery, and processing of voter 37 registration records accepted by driver licensing agents or the 38 department of licensing; 1 (18) The coordination, delivery, and processing of voter 2 registration records accepted by agencies designated by the governor to 3 provide voter registration services;

4 (19) Procedures to receive and distribute voter registration 5 applications by mail;

6 (20) Procedures for a voter to change his or her voter registration
7 address within a county by telephone;

8 (21) Procedures for a voter to change the name under which he or 9 she is registered to vote;

10 (22) Procedures for canceling dual voter registration records and 11 for maintaining records of persons whose voter registrations have been 12 canceled;

13 (23) Procedures for the electronic transfer of voter registration 14 records between county auditors and the office of the secretary of 15 state;

16 (24) Procedures and forms for declarations of candidacy;

17 (25) Procedures and requirements for the acceptance and filing of18 declarations of candidacy by electronic means;

19 (26) Procedures for the circumstance in which two or more 20 candidates have a name similar in sound or spelling so as to cause 21 confusion for the voter;

22 (27) Filing for office;

23 (28) The order of positions and offices on a ballot;

24 (29) Sample ballots;

25 (30) Independent evaluations of voting systems;

26 (31) The testing, approval, and certification of voting systems;

27 (32) The testing of vote tallying software programming;

(33) Standards and procedures to prevent fraud and to facilitate the accurate processing and canvassing of ((absentee ballots and mail)) ballots, including standards for the approval and implementation of hardware and software for automated signature verification systems;

32 (34) Standards and procedures to guarantee the secrecy of 33 ((absentee ballots and mail)) ballots;

34 (35) Uniformity among the counties of the state in the conduct of 35 ((absentee voting and mail ballot)) elections;

36 (36) Standards and procedures to accommodate overseas voters and 37 service voters; 1 (37) The tabulation of paper ballots ((before the close of the 2 polls));

3 (38) The accessibility of ((polling places and registration 4 facilities that are accessible to elderly and disabled persons)) voting 5 <u>centers</u>;

6 (39) The aggregation of precinct results if reporting the results 7 of a single precinct could jeopardize the secrecy of a person's ballot;

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(40) Procedures for conducting a statutory recount;

9 (41) Procedures for filling vacancies in congressional offices if 10 the general statutory time requirements for availability of 11 ((absentee)) ballots, certification, canvassing, and related procedures 12 cannot be met;

13 (42) Procedures for the statistical sampling of signatures for 14 purposes of verifying and canvassing signatures on initiative, 15 referendum, and recall election petitions;

16 (43) Standards and deadlines for submitting material to the office 17 of the secretary of state for the voters' pamphlet;

18 (44) Deadlines for the filing of ballot titles for referendum bills 19 and constitutional amendments if none have been provided by the 20 legislature;

21 (45) Procedures for the publication of a state voters' pamphlet;

(46) Procedures for conducting special elections regarding nuclear waste sites if the general statutory time requirements for availability of ((absentee)) ballots, certification, canvassing, and related procedures cannot be met;

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(47) Procedures for conducting partisan primary elections;

(48) Standards and procedures for the proper conduct of voting ((during the early voting period to provide accessability for the blind or visually impaired)) on accessible voting devices;

30 (49) Standards for voting technology and systems used by the state 31 or any political subdivision to be accessible for individuals with 32 disabilities, including nonvisual accessibility for the blind and 33 visually impaired, in a manner that provides the same opportunity for 34 access and participation, including privacy and independence, as other 35 voters;

36 (50) All data formats for transferring voter registration data on
 37 electronic or machine-readable media for the purpose of administering

1 the statewide voter registration list required by the Help America Vote 2 Act (P.L. 107-252);

3 (51) Defining the interaction of electronic voter registration 4 election management systems employed by each county auditor to maintain 5 a local copy of each county's portion of the official state list of 6 registered voters;

7 (52) Provisions and procedures to implement the state-based 8 administrative complaint procedure as required by the Help America Vote 9 Act (P.L. 107-252);

10 (53) Facilitating the payment of local government grants to local 11 government election officers or vendors; and

12 (54) Standards for the verification of signatures on ((absentee,
 13 mail, and provisional)) ballot ((envelopes)) declarations.

14 **Sec. 14.** RCW 29A.08.130 and 2009 c 369 s 13 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

16 Election officials shall not include inactive voters in the count 17 of registered voters for the purpose of dividing precincts, ((creating vote by mail precincts,)) determining voter turnout, or other purposes 18 in law for which the determining factor is the number of registered 19 20 voters. ((Election officials shall not include persons who are ongoing 21 absentee voters under RCW 29A.40.040 in determining the maximum permissible size of vote-by-mail precincts or in determining the 22 maximum permissible size of precincts. Nothing in this section may be 23 24 construed as altering the vote tallying requirements of RCW 29A.60.230.)) 25

26 **Sec. 15.** RCW 29A.08.140 and 2009 c 369 s 15 are each amended to 27 read as follows:

(1) In order to vote in any primary, special election, or generalelection, a person who is not registered to vote in Washington must:

30 (a) Submit a registration application no later than twenty-nine 31 days before the day of the primary, special election, or general 32 election; or

(b) Register in person at the county auditor's office in his or her county of residence no later than eight days before the day of the primary, special election, or general election. ((A person registering under this subsection will be issued an absentee ballot.)) 1 (2) A person who is already registered to vote in Washington may 2 update his or her registration no later than twenty-nine days before 3 the day of the primary, special election, or general election to be in 4 effect for that primary, special election, or general election. A 5 registered voter who fails to transfer his or her residential address 6 by this deadline may vote according to his or her previous registration 7 address.

8 (((3) Prior to each primary and general election, the county 9 auditor shall give notice of the registration deadlines by one 10 publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county at 11 least thirty-five days before the primary or general election.))

12 **Sec. 16.** RCW 29A.08.440 and 2009 c 369 s 25 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

A registered voter who changes his or her name shall notify the county auditor regarding the name change by submitting a notice clearly identifying the name under which he or she is registered to vote, the voter's new name, and the voter's residence, and providing a signature of the new name, or by submitting a voter registration application.

19 ((A properly registered voter who files a change-of-name notice at 20 the voter's precinct polling place during a primary or election and who 21 desires to vote at that primary or election shall sign the poll book 22 using the voter's former and new names.))

23 **Sec. 17.** RCW 29A.08.620 and 2009 c 369 s 29 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

(1) Each county auditor must request change of address information from the postal service for all ((absentee and)) mail ballots. ((A voter who votes at the polls must be mailed an election-related document, with change of address information requested, at least once every two years and at least ninety days prior to the date of a primary or general election for federal office.))

(2) The county auditor shall transfer the registration of a voter and send an acknowledgement notice to the new address informing the voter of the transfer if change of address information received by the county auditor from the postal service, the department of licensing, or another agency designated to provide voter registration services indicates that the voter has moved within the county.

1 (3) The county auditor shall place a voter on inactive status and 2 send to all known addresses a confirmation notice and a voter 3 registration application if change of address information received by 4 the county auditor from the postal service, the department of 5 licensing, or another agency designated to provide voter registration 6 services indicates that the voter has moved from one county to another.

7 (4) The county auditor shall place a voter on inactive status and 8 send to all known addresses a confirmation notice if any of the 9 following occur:

10 (a) Any document mailed by the county auditor to a voter is 11 returned by the postal service as undeliverable without address 12 correction information; or

(b) Change of address information received from the postal service, the department of licensing, or another state agency designated to provide voter registration services indicates that the voter has moved out of the state.

17 Sec. 18. RCW 29A.08.720 and 2009 c 369 s 34 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

(1) In the case of voter registration records received through the 19 20 department of licensing or an agency designated under RCW 29A.08.310, 21 the identity of the office or agency at which any particular individual 22 registered to vote is not available for public inspection and shall not 23 be disclosed to the public. Any record of a particular individual's 24 choice not to register to vote at an office of the department of 25 licensing or a state agency designated under RCW 29A.08.310 is not 26 available for public inspection and any information regarding such a 27 choice by a particular individual shall not be disclosed to the public.

(2) Subject to the restrictions of RCW 29A.08.710 and 40.24.060, 28 29 $((poll books_{\tau}))$ precinct lists $((\tau))$ and current lists of registered voters are public records and must be made available for public 30 31 inspection and copying under such reasonable rules and regulations as the county auditor or secretary of state may prescribe. The county 32 auditor or secretary of state shall promptly furnish current lists of 33 34 registered voters in his or her possession, at actual reproduction 35 cost, to any person requesting such information. The lists shall not 36 be used for the purpose of mailing or delivering any advertisement or 37 offer for any property, establishment, organization, product, or

service or for the purpose of mailing or delivering any solicitation for money, services, or anything of value. However, the lists and labels may be used for any political purpose. The county auditor or secretary of state must provide a copy of RCW 29A.08.740 to the person requesting the material that is released under this section.

6 (3) For the purposes of this section, "political purpose" means a 7 purpose concerned with the support of or opposition to any candidate 8 for any partisan or nonpartisan office or concerned with the support of 9 or opposition to any ballot proposition or issue. "Political purpose" 10 includes, but is not limited to, such activities as the advertising for 11 or against any candidate or ballot measure or the solicitation of 12 financial support.

13 Sec. 19. RCW 29A.08.775 and 2005 c 246 s 20 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

Only voters who appear on the official statewide voter registration list are eligible to participate in elections. Each county shall maintain a copy of that county's portion of the state list. The county must ensure that <u>voter registration</u> data used for the production, <u>issuance, and processing</u> of ((poll lists and other lists and mailings done)) <u>ballots</u> in the administration of each election are the same as the official statewide voter registration list.

22 Sec. 20. RCW 29A.08.810 and 2006 c 320 s 4 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

(1) Registration of a person as a voter is presumptive evidence of
his or her right to vote. A challenge to the person's right to vote
must be based on personal knowledge of one of the following:

(a) The challenged voter has been convicted of a felony and the
voter's civil rights have not been restored;

(b) The challenged voter has been judicially declared ineligible tovote due to mental incompetency;

31 (c) The challenged voter does not live at the residential address 32 provided, in which case the challenger must either:

33 (i) Provide the challenged voter's actual residence on the 34 challenge form; or

35 (ii) Submit evidence that he or she exercised due diligence to 36 verify that the challenged voter does not reside at the address 1 provided and to attempt to contact the challenged voter to learn the 2 challenged voter's actual residence, including that the challenger 3 personally:

4 (A) Sent a letter with return service requested to the challenged
5 voter's residential address provided, and to the challenged voter's
6 mailing address, if provided;

7 (B) Visited the residential address provided and contacted persons 8 at the address to determine whether the voter resides at the address 9 and, if not, obtained and submitted with the challenge form a signed 10 affidavit subject to the penalties of perjury from a person who owns or 11 manages property, resides, or is employed at the address provided, that 12 to his or her personal knowledge the challenged voter does not reside 13 at the address as provided on the voter registration;

14 (C) Searched local telephone directories, including online 15 directories, to determine whether the voter maintains a telephone 16 listing at any address in the county;

(D) Searched county auditor property records to determine whetherthe challenged voter owns any property in the county; and

(E) Searched the statewide voter registration database to determineif the voter is registered at any other address in the state;

(d) The challenged voter will not be eighteen years of age by the next election; or

23 (e) The challenged voter is not a citizen of the United States.

(2) A person's right to vote may be challenged((÷)) by another
registered voter or the county prosecuting attorney ((at any time, or
by the poll site judge or inspector if the challenge is filed on
election day regarding a voter who presents himself or herself to vote
at the poll site)).

(3) The challenger must file a signed affidavit subject to the 29 30 penalties of perjury swearing that, to his or her personal knowledge and belief, having exercised due diligence to personally verify the 31 32 evidence presented, the challenged voter either is not qualified to vote or does not reside at the address given on his or her voter 33 registration record based on one of the reasons allowed in subsection 34 35 (1) of this section. The challenger must provide the factual basis for 36 the challenge, including any information required by subsection (1)(c) 37 of this section, in the signed affidavit. The challenge may not be

based on unsupported allegations or allegations by anonymous third
 parties. All documents pertaining to the challenge are public records.

3 (4) Challenges based on a felony conviction under RCW 29A.08.520
4 must be heard according to RCW 29A.08.520 and rules adopted by the
5 secretary of state.

6 **Sec. 21.** RCW 29A.08.820 and 2006 c 320 s 5 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

(1) Challenges initiated by a registered voter against a voter who 8 9 registered to vote less than sixty days before the election, or who 10 changed residence less than sixty days before the election without 11 transferring his or her registration, must be filed not later than ten 12 days before any primary or election, general or special, or within ten 13 days of the voter being added to the voter registration database, whichever is later, at the office of the appropriate county auditor. 14 Challenges initiated by a registered voter ((against any other voter)) 15 16 or county prosecuting attorney must be filed not later than forty-five days before the election. ((Challenges initiated by the office of the 17 county prosecuting attorney must be filed in the same manner as 18 challenges initiated by a registered voter.)) 19

(2) (a) If the challenge is filed within forty-five days before an election at which the challenged voter is eligible to vote, a notation of the challenge must be made immediately in the ((poll book or)) voter registration system, and the county canvassing board presides over the hearing.

(b) If the challenge is filed before the challenged voter's ballot is received, the ballot must be treated as a challenged ballot. ((A challenged ballot received at a polling place must be placed in a sealed envelope separate from other voted ballots.))

(c) If the challenge is filed after the challenged voter's ballotis received, the challenge cannot affect the current election.

31 (3) If the challenge is filed at least forty-five days before an 32 election at which the challenged voter is eligible to vote, the county 33 auditor presides over the hearing.

34 **Sec. 22.** RCW 29A.12.085 and 2005 c 242 s 1 are each amended to 35 read as follows:

36 Beginning on January 1, 2006, all <u>direct recording</u> electronic

voting devices must produce a paper record of each vote that may be 1 2 accepted or rejected by the voter before finalizing his or her vote. This record may not be removed from the ((polling place)) voting 3 center, and must be human readable without an interface and machine 4 readable for counting purposes. If the device is programmed to display 5 the ballot in multiple languages, the paper record produced must be 6 7 printed in the language used by the voter. Rejected records must 8 either be destroyed or marked in order to clearly identify the record as rejected. Paper records produced by direct recording electronic 9 voting devices are subject to all the requirements of chapter 29A.60 10 RCW for ballot handling, preservation, reconciliation, transit, and 11 12 storage. The paper records must be preserved in the same manner and 13 for the same period of time as ballots.

14 **Sec. 23.** RCW 29A.12.110 and 2003 c 111 s 311 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

16 In preparing a voting device for a primary or election, a record 17 shall be made of the ((ballot format)) programming installed in each device ((and the precinct or portion of a precinct for which that 18 device has been prepared)). Except where provided by a rule adopted 19 20 under RCW ((29A.04.610)) 29A.04.611, after being prepared for a primary 21 or election, each device shall be sealed with a uniquely numbered seal 22 ((and provided to the inspector of the appropriate polling place)). 23 The programmed memory pack for each voting device must be sealed into the device during final preparation and logic and accuracy testing. 24 25 Except in the case of a device breakdown or error in programming, the 26 memory pack must remain sealed in the device until after 8:00 p.m. on the day of the primary, special election, or general election. 27

28 **Sec. 24.** RCW 29A.12.120 and 2003 c 111 s 312 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

(1) Before each state primary or general election at which voting systems are to be used, the county auditor shall instruct all ((precinct election officers appointed under RCW 29A.44.410,)) counting center personnel((, and political party observers designated under RCW 29A.60.170)) who will operate a voting system in the proper conduct of their voting system duties. 1 (2) The county auditor may waive instructional requirements for 2 ((precinct election officers,)) counting center personnel((, and 3 political party observers)) who have previously received instruction 4 and who have served for a sufficient length of time to be fully 5 qualified to perform their duties. The county auditor shall keep a 6 record of each person who has received instruction and is qualified to 7 serve at the subsequent primary or election.

8 (3) ((As compensation for the time spent in receiving instruction, 9 each precinct election officer who qualifies and serves at the 10 subsequent primary or election shall receive an additional two hours 11 compensation, to be paid at the same time and in the same manner as 12 compensation is paid for services on the day of the primary or 13 election.

14 (4) Except for the appointment of a precinct election officer to 15 fill a vacancy under RCW 29A.44.440, no inspector or judge may serve at any primary or election at which voting systems are used unless he or 16 she has received the required instruction and is qualified to perform 17 18 his or her duties in connection with the voting devices.)) No person 19 may work in a counting center at a primary or election at which a vote 20 tallying system is used unless that person has received the required 21 instruction and is qualified to perform his or her duties in connection 22 with the handling and tallying of ballots for that primary or election. 23 ((No person may serve as a political party observer unless that person has received the required instruction and is familiar with the 24 25 operation of the counting center and the vote tallying system and the 26 procedures to be employed to verify the accuracy of the programming for 27 that vote tallying system.))

28 **Sec. 25.** RCW 29A.12.160 and 2004 c 267 s 701 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

30 (1) At each ((polling location)) voting center, at least one voting 31 unit certified by the secretary of state shall provide access to 32 individuals who are blind or visually impaired.

33 (2) ((Compliance with this provision in regard to voting technology 34 and systems purchased prior to July 27, 2003, shall be achieved at the 35 time of procurement of an upgrade of technology compatible with 36 nonvisual voting methods or replacement of existing voting equipment or 37 systems. (3) Compliance with subsection (2) of this section is contingent on
 available funds to implement this provision.

3 (4))) For purposes of this section, the following definitions
4 apply:

5 (a) "Accessible" includes receiving, using, selecting, and 6 manipulating voter data and controls.

7 (b) "Nonvisual" includes synthesized speech, Braille, and other8 output methods.

9 (c) "Blind and visually impaired" excludes persons who are both 10 deaf and blind.

11

(((5) This section does not apply to voting by absentee ballot.))

12 **Sec. 26.** RCW 29A.16.040 and 2004 c 266 s 10 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

The county legislative authority of each county in the state ((hereafter formed)) shall((, at their first session,)) divide ((their respective counties)) the county into election precincts and establish the boundaries of the precincts. ((The county auditor shall thereupon designate the voting place for each such precinct or whether the precinct is a vote by mail precinct.))

(1) Precinct boundaries may be altered at any time as long as sufficient time exists prior to a given election for the necessary procedural steps to be honored. Except as permitted under subsection ((+5)) (3) of this section, no precinct ((boundaries)) changes may be ((changed)) made during the period starting ((on the thirtieth))fourteen days prior to the first day for candidates to file for the primary election and ending with the day of the general election.

(2) The county legislative authority may establish by ordinance a limitation on the maximum number of active registered voters in each precinct within its jurisdiction. The ((limitation may be different for precincts based upon the method of voting used for such precincts and the)) number may be less than the number established by law, but in no case may the number exceed ((that authorized by law)) one thousand active registered voters.

34 (3) ((Precincts in which voting machines or electronic voting
 35 devices are used may contain as many as nine hundred active registered
 36 voters. The number of poll-site ballot counting devices at each

polling place is at the discretion of the auditor. The number of
 devices must be adequate to meet the expected voter turnout.

3 (4) On petition of twenty-five or more voters resident more than
4 ten miles from any polling site, the county legislative authority shall
5 establish a separate voting precinct therefor.

The county auditor shall temporarily adjust precinct б (5))7 boundaries when a city or town annexes unincorporated territory to the city or town, or whenever unincorporated territory is incorporated as 8 9 a city or town. The adjustment must be made as soon as possible after 10 the approval of the annexation or incorporation. The temporary adjustment must be limited to the minimum changes necessary to 11 12 accommodate the addition of the territory to the city or town, or to 13 establish the eligible voters within the boundaries of the new city or 14 town, and remains in effect only until precinct boundary modifications reflecting the annexation or incorporation are adopted by the county 15 16 legislative authority.

17 (((6) In determining the number of active registered voters for the purposes of this section, persons who are ongoing absentee voters under RCW 29A.40.040 shall not be counted. Nothing in this subsection may be construed as altering the vote tallying requirements of RCW 29A.60.230.))

22 **Sec. 27.** RCW 29A.24.081 and 2004 c 271 s 159 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

Any candidate may mail his or her declaration of candidacy for an office to the filing officer. Such declarations of candidacy shall be processed by the filing officer in the following manner:

(1) Any declaration received by the filing officer by mail before the tenth business day immediately preceding the first day for candidates to file for office shall be returned to the candidate submitting it, together with a notification that the declaration of candidacy was received too early to be processed. The candidate shall then be permitted to resubmit his or her declaration of candidacy during the filing period.

34 (2) Any properly executed declaration of candidacy received by mail
 35 on or after the tenth business day immediately preceding the first day
 36 for candidates to file for office and before the close of business on
 37 the last day of the filing period shall be included with filings made

in person during the filing period. ((In partisan and judicial elections the filing officer shall determine by lot the order in which the names of those candidates shall appear upon sample and absentee primary ballots.))

5 (3) Any declaration of candidacy received by the filing officer 6 after the close of business on the last day for candidates to file for 7 office shall be rejected and returned to the candidate attempting to 8 file it.

9 Sec. 28. RCW 29A.28.061 and 2004 c 271 s 119 are each amended to 10 read as follows:

11 The general election laws and laws relating to partisan primaries 12 shall apply to the special primaries and vacancy elections provided for 13 in chapter 29A.28 RCW to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the provisions of these sections. 14 Minor political party and independent candidates may appear only on the general election ballot. 15 16 Statutory time deadlines relating to availability of ((absentee)) 17 ballots, certification, canvassing, and related procedures that cannot be met in a timely fashion may be modified for the purposes of a 18 19 specific primary or vacancy election under this chapter by the 20 secretary of state through emergency rules adopted under RCW 21 29A.04.611.

22 **Sec. 29.** RCW 29A.32.241 and 2004 c 271 s 123 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

The local voters' pamphlet shall include but not be limited to the following:

(1) Appearing on the cover, the words "official local voters'
 pamphlet," the name of the jurisdiction producing the pamphlet, and the
 date of the election or primary;

(2) A list of jurisdictions that have measures or candidates in thepamphlet;

31 (3) Information on how a person may register to vote and obtain 32 ((an absentee)) <u>a</u> ballot;

33 (4) The text of each measure accompanied by an explanatory 34 statement prepared by the prosecuting attorney for any county measure 35 or by the attorney for the jurisdiction submitting the measure if other 36 than a county measure. All explanatory statements for city, town, or district measures not approved by the attorney for the jurisdiction submitting the measure shall be reviewed and approved by the county prosecuting attorney or city attorney, when applicable, before inclusion in the pamphlet;

5 (5) The arguments for and against each measure submitted by 6 committees selected pursuant to RCW 29A.32.280; and

7 (6) For partisan primary elections, information on how to vote the 8 applicable ballot format and an explanation that minor political party 9 candidates and independent candidates will appear only on the general 10 election ballot.

11 **Sec. 30.** RCW 29A.32.260 and 2003 c 111 s 818 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

13 As soon as practicable before the primary, special election, or general election, the county auditor, or if applicable, the city clerk 14 of a first-class or code city, as appropriate, shall mail the local 15 16 voters' pamphlet to every residence in each jurisdiction that has 17 included information in the pamphlet. The county auditor or city clerk, as appropriate, may choose to mail the pamphlet to each 18 registered voter in each jurisdiction that has included information in 19 20 the pamphlet, if in his or her judgment, a more economical and 21 effective distribution of the pamphlet would result. ((If the county 22 or city chooses to mail the pamphlet to each residence, no notice of 23 election otherwise required by RCW 29A.52.350 need be published.))

24 **Sec. 31.** RCW 29A.36.115 and 2005 c 243 s 3 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

All provisional ((and absentee)) ballots must be visually distinguishable from ((each)) other <u>ballots</u> and ((must be either:

28

(1) Printed on colored paper; or

29 (2) Imprinted with a bar code for the purpose of identifying the 30 ballot as a provisional or absentee ballot. The bar code must not 31 identify the voter.

32 Provisional and absentee ballots must be)) incapable of being 33 tabulated by ((poll-site counting devices)) a voting system.

34 **Sec. 32.** RCW 29A.36.131 and 2004 c 271 s 130 are each amended to 35 read as follows:

After the close of business on the last day for candidates to file 1 for office, the filing officer shall, from among those filings made in 2 person and by mail, determine by lot the order in which the names of 3 those candidates will appear on all ((primary, sample, and absentee)) 4 5 ballots. The determination shall be done publicly and may be witnessed by the media and by any candidate. If no primary is required for any 6 7 nonpartisan office under RCW 29A.52.011 or 29A.52.220, or if any 8 independent or minor party candidate files a declaration of candidacy, the names shall appear on the general election ballot in the order 9 10 determined by lot.

11 Sec. 33. RCW 29A.36.161 and 2010 c 32 s 1 are each amended to read 12 as follows:

(1) On the top of each ballot must be printed clear and concise instructions directing the voter how to mark the ballot, including write-in votes. On the top of each primary ballot must be printed the instructions required by this chapter.

17 (2) The ballot must have a clear delineation between the ballot 18 instructions and the first ballot measure or office through the use of 19 white space, illustration, shading, color, symbol, font size, or bold 20 type. The secretary of state shall establish standards for ballot 21 design and layout consistent with this section and RCW 29A.04.611.

(3) The questions of adopting constitutional amendments or any other state measure authorized by law to be submitted to the voters at that election must appear after the instructions and before any offices.

(4) In a year that president and vice president appear on the general election ballot, the names of candidates for president and vice president for each political party must be grouped together with a single response position for a voter to indicate his or her choice.

30 (5) On a general election ballot, the candidate or candidates of 31 the major political party that received the highest number of votes 32 from the electors of this state for the office of president of the 33 United States at the last presidential election must appear first 34 following the appropriate office heading. The candidate or candidates 35 of the other major political parties will follow according to the votes 36 cast for their nominees for president at the last presidential election, and independent candidates and the candidate or candidates of all other parties will follow in the order of their qualification with the secretary of state.

4 (((6) All paper ballots and ballot cards used at a polling place 5 must be sequentially numbered in such a way to permit removal of such 6 numbers without leaving any identifying marks on the ballot.))

7 **Sec. 34.** RCW 29A.36.220 and 2003 c 111 s 922 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

9 The cost of printing <u>and mailing</u> ballots, ((ballot cards)) 10 <u>envelopes</u>, and instructions ((and the delivery of this material to the 11 precinct election officers)) shall be an election cost that shall be 12 borne as determined under RCW 29A.04.410 and 29A.04.420, as 13 appropriate.

14 **Sec. 35.** RCW 29A.40.010 and 2009 c 369 s 36 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

16 ((Any)) <u>Each</u> registered voter of the state ((or any)), overseas voter ((or)), and service voter ((may vote by absentee)) shall 17 automatically be issued a mail ballot ((in any)) for each general 18 19 election, special election, or primary ((in the manner provided in this 20 chapter)). Overseas voters and service voters are authorized to cast 21 the same ballots, including those for special elections, as a 22 registered voter of the state would receive under this chapter. Each registered voter shall continue to receive a ballot by mail until the 23 24 death or disgualification of the voter, cancellation of the voter's 25 registration, or placing the voter on inactive status.

26 **Sec. 36.** RCW 29A.40.020 and 2009 c 369 s 37 are each amended to 27 read as follows:

(1) ((Except as otherwise provided by law, a registered voter, overseas voter, or service voter desiring to cast an absentee ballot at a single election or primary must request the absentee ballot from his or her county auditor no earlier than ninety days nor later than the day before the election or primary at which the person seeks to vote. Except as otherwise provided by law, the request may be made orally in person, by telephone, electronically, or in writing. An application or 1 request for an absentee ballot made under the authority of a federal 2 statute or regulation will be considered and given the same effect as 3 a request for an absentee ballot under this chapter.

4 (2) A voter requesting an absentee ballot for a primary may also
5 request an absentee ballot for the following general election. A
6 request by an overseas voter or service voter for an absentee ballot
7 for a primary election will be considered as a request for an absentee
8 ballot for the following general election.

(3) In requesting an absentee ballot, the voter shall state the 9 10 address to which the absentee ballot should be sent.)) A request for 11 ((an absentee)) a ballot from an overseas voter or service voter must 12 include the address of the last residence in the state of Washington 13 ((and either a written application or the oath on the return envelope 14 must include a declaration of the other qualifications of the applicant 15 as an elector of this state. A request for an absentee ballot from any other voter must state the address at which that voter is currently 16 17 registered to vote in the state of Washington or the county auditor shall verify that information from the voter registration records of 18 19 the county.

20 (4) A request for an absentee ballot from a registered voter who is 21 within this state must be made directly to the auditor of the county in 22 which the voter is registered. An absentee ballot request from a 23 registered voter who is temporarily outside this state or from an 24 overseas voter or service voter may be made either to the appropriate 25 county auditor or to the secretary of state, who shall promptly forward 26 the request to the appropriate county auditor)).

27 (((5))) <u>(2)</u> No person, organization, or association may distribute 28 ((absentee ballot applications within this state)) any ballot materials 29 that contain a return address other than that of the appropriate county 30 auditor.

31 **Sec. 37.** RCW 29A.40.050 and 2003 c 111 s 1005 are each amended to 32 read as follows:

(1) ((As provided in this section,)) County auditors shall provide special absentee ballots to be used for state primary or state general elections. An auditor shall provide a special absentee ballot only to a registered voter who completes an application stating that she or he will be unable to vote and return a regular ((absentee)) ballot by normal mail delivery within the period provided for regular ((absentee)) ballots.

4 ((The application for)) <u>A</u> special absentee ballot may not be 5 ((filed earlier)) requested more than ninety days before the applicable 6 state primary or general election. The special absentee ballot will 7 list the offices and measures, if known, scheduled to appear on the 8 state primary or general election ballot. The voter may use the 9 special absentee ballot to write in the name of any eligible candidate 10 for each office and vote on any measure.

(2) ((With any special absentee ballot issued under this section,))
The county auditor shall include a listing of any candidates who have
filed before the time of the application for offices that will appear
on the ballot at that primary or election and a list of any issues that
have been referred to the ballot before the time of the application.

16 (3) Write-in votes on special absentee ballots must be counted in 17 the same manner provided by law for the counting of other write-in 18 votes. The county auditor shall process and canvass the special 19 absentee ballots provided under this section in the same manner as 20 other ((absentee)) ballots under this chapter and chapter 29A.60 RCW.

(4) A voter who requests a special absentee ballot under this section may also request ((an absentee)) <u>a regular</u> ballot ((under RCW 29A.40.020(4))). If the regular absentee ballot is properly voted and returned, the special absentee ballot is void, and the county auditor shall reject it in whole when special absentee ballots are canvassed.

26 **Sec. 38.** RCW 29A.40.070 and 2006 c 344 s 13 are each amended to 27 read as follows:

(1) Except where a recount or litigation ((under RCW 29A.68.011)) 28 29 is pending, the county auditor ((shall have sufficient absentee ballots available for absentee voters of that county, other than overseas 30 voters and service voters, at least twenty days before any primary, 31 32 general election, or special election. The county auditor)) must mail ((absentee)) ballots to each voter ((for whom the county auditor has 33 34 received a request nineteen days before the primary or election)) at 35 least eighteen days before ((the)) each primary or election, and as 36 soon as possible for all subsequent registration changes. ((For a 37 request for an absentee ballot received after the nineteenth day before

the primary or election, the county auditor shall make every effort to mail ballots within one business day, and shall mail the ballots within two business days.))

4 (2) ((At least thirty days before any primary, general election, or
5 special election, the county auditor shall mail ballots to all overseas
6 and service voters.)) Except where a recount or litigation is pending,
7 the county auditor must mail ballots to each service and overseas voter
8 at least thirty days before each primary or election. A request for a
9 ballot made by an overseas or service voter after that day must be
10 processed immediately.

11 (3) <u>A registered voter may obtain a replacement ballot if the</u> 12 <u>ballot is destroyed, spoiled, lost, or not received by the voter. The</u> 13 <u>voter may obtain the ballot by telephone request, by mail,</u> 14 <u>electronically, or in person. The county auditor shall keep a record</u> 15 <u>of each request for a replacement ballot.</u>

16 <u>(4)</u> Each county auditor shall certify to the office of the 17 secretary of state the dates the ballots prescribed in subsection (1) 18 of this section were available and mailed.

19 (((4) If absentee ballots will not be available or mailed as 20 prescribed in subsection (1) of this section, the county auditor shall 21 immediately certify to the office of the secretary of state when 22 absentee ballots will be available and mailed. Copies of this 23 certification must be provided to the county canvassing board, the 24 press, jurisdictions with issues on the ballot in the election, and any 25 candidates.

26 (5) If absentee ballots were not available or mailed as prescribed 27 in subsection (1) of this section, for a reason other than a recount or litigation, the county auditor, in consultation with the certification 28 and training program of the office of the secretary of state, shall 29 30 submit a report to the office of the secretary of state outlining why the deadline was missed and what corrective actions will be taken in 31 future elections to ensure that absentee ballots are available and 32 mailed as prescribed in subsection (1) of this section. 33

34 (6))) (5) Failure to ((have absentee ballots available and mailed))
35 <u>mail ballots</u> as prescribed in ((subsection (1) of)) this section does
36 not by itself provide a basis for an election contest or other legal
37 challenge to the results of a primary, general election, or special
38 election.

1 Sec. 39. RCW 29A.40.091 and 2010 c 125 s 1 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 (1) The county auditor shall send each voter a ballot, a security 4 envelope in which to seal the ballot after voting, a larger envelope in 5 which to return the security envelope, <u>a declaration that the voter</u> 6 <u>must sign</u>, and instructions on <u>how to obtain information about the</u> 7 <u>election</u>, how to mark the ballot, and how to return ((it)) the ballot 8 to the county auditor.

9 (2) The ((instructions that accompany a ballot for a partisan 10 primary must include instructions for voting the applicable ballot 11 style, as provided in chapter 29A.36 RCW. The voter's name and address 12 must be printed on the larger return envelope, which must also contain 13 a declaration by the voter reciting his or her qualifications and stating that he or she)) voter must swear under penalty of perjury that 14 he or she meets the qualifications to vote, and has not voted in any 15 16 other jurisdiction at this election((, together with a summary of the penalties for any violation of any of the provisions of this chapter)). 17 The declaration must clearly inform the voter that it is illegal to 18 vote if he or she is not a United States citizen; it is illegal to vote 19 20 if he or she has been convicted of a felony and has not had his or her 21 voting rights restored; and $\left(\frac{1}{1 + 2} + \frac{1}{2} +$ 22 it is illegal to cast a ballot or sign a return envelope on behalf of 23 another voter. The ((return envelope)) ballot materials must provide 24 space for the voter to indicate the date on which the ballot was voted ((and for the voter)), to sign the ((oath. It must also contain a 25 26 space so that the voter may include)) declaration, and to provide a 27 telephone number. ((A summary of the applicable penalty provisions of this chapter must be printed on the return envelope immediately 28 adjacent to the space for the voter's signature. The signature of the 29 30 voter on the return envelope must affirm and attest to the statements 31 regarding the qualifications of that voter and to the validity of the ballot. The return envelope may provide secrecy for the voter's 32 33 signature and optional telephone number.))

34 <u>(3)</u> For overseas and service voters, the signed declaration on the 35 return envelope constitutes the equivalent of a voter registration for 36 the election or primary for which the ballot has been issued. <u>Return</u> 37 <u>envelopes for overseas and service voters must enable the ballot to be</u> returned postage free if mailed through the United States postal
 service, United States armed forces postal service, or the postal
 service of a United States foreign embassy under 39 U.S.C. Sec. 3406.

4 (4) The voter must be instructed to either return the ballot to the 5 county auditor ((by whom it was issued or attach sufficient first-class 6 postage, if applicable, and)) no later than 8:00 p.m. the day of the 7 election or primary, or mail the ballot to the ((appropriate)) county 8 auditor with a postmark no later than the day of the election or 9 primary ((for which the ballot was issued)).

10 ((If the county auditor chooses to forward ballots, he or she must include with the ballot a clear explanation of the qualifications 11 necessary to vote in that election and must also advise a voter with 12 13 questions about his or her eligibility to contact the county auditor. 14 This explanation may be provided on the ballot envelope, on an enclosed insert, or printed directly on the ballot itself. If the information 15 is not included, the envelope must clearly indicate that the ballot is 16 17 not to be forwarded and that return postage is guaranteed.))

18 Sec. 40. RCW 29A.40.100 and 2003 c 111 s 1010 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

20 County auditors must request that observers be appointed by the 21 major political parties to be present during the processing of 22 ((absentee)) ballots at the counting center. County auditors have 23 discretion to also request that observers be appointed by any campaigns 24 or organizations. The absence of the observers will not prevent the 25 processing of ((absentee)) ballots if the county auditor has requested 26 their presence.

27 Sec. 41. RCW 29A.40.110 and 2009 c 369 s 40 are each amended to 28 read as follows:

(1) The opening and subsequent processing of return envelopes for any primary or election may begin upon receipt. The tabulation of absentee ballots must not commence until after 8:00 p.m. on the day of the primary or election.

(2) All received ((absentee)) return envelopes must be placed in
 secure locations from the time of delivery to the county auditor until
 their subsequent opening. After opening the return envelopes, the
 county canvassing board shall place all of the ballots in secure

storage until ((after 8:00 p.m. of the day of the primary or election))
processing. ((Absentee ballots that are to be tabulated on an
electronic vote tallying system)) Ballots may be taken from the inner
envelopes and all the normal procedural steps may be performed to
prepare these ballots for tabulation.

6 (3) ((Before opening a returned absentee ballot,)) The canvassing 7 board, or its designated representatives, shall examine the postmark((τ) 8 statement,)) on the return envelope and signature on the ((return 9 envelope that contains the security envelope and absentee ballot)) declaration before processing the ballot. The ballot must either be 10 received no later than 8:00 p.m. on the day of the primary or election, 11 or must be postmarked no later than the day of the primary or election. 12 13 All personnel assigned to verify signatures must receive training on statewide standards for signature verification. Personnel shall verify 14 that the voter's signature on the ((return envelope)) 15 ballot declaration is the same as the signature of that voter in the 16 registration files of the county. Verification may be conducted by an 17 automated verification system approved by the secretary of state. For 18 19 any absentee ballot, a variation between the signature of the voter on the ((return envelope)) ballot declaration and the signature of that 20 21 voter in the registration files due to the substitution of initials or 22 the use of common nicknames is permitted so long as the surname and 23 handwriting are clearly the same.

(4) ((For registered voters casting absentee ballots)) If the 24 postmark is missing or illegible, the date on the ((return envelope)) 25 26 ballot declaration to which the voter has attested determines the 27 validity, as to the time of voting, for that ((absentee)) ballot ((if 28 the postmark is missing or is illegible)). For overseas voters and 29 service voters, the date on the ((return envelope)) declaration to 30 which the voter has attested determines the validity, as to the time of 31 voting, for that ((absentee)) ballot.

32 **Sec. 42.** RCW 29A.40.130 and 2003 c 111 s 1013 are each amended to 33 read as follows:

Each county auditor shall maintain in his or her office, open for public inspection, a record of ((the requests he or she has received for absentee ballots under this chapter. The information from the requests shall be recorded and lists of
 this information shall be available no later than twenty-four hours
 after their receipt.

This information about absentee voters shall be available according to the date of the requests and by legislative district. It shall include the name of each applicant, the address and precinct in which the voter maintains a voting residence, the date on which an absentee ballot was issued to this voter, if applicable, the type of absentee ballot, and the address to which the ballot was or is to be mailed, if applicable.

The auditor shall make copies of these records available to the public for the actual cost of production or copying)) all voters issued a ballot and all voters who returned a ballot. For each primary, special election, or general election, any political party, committee, or person may request a list of all registered voters who have or have not voted. Such requests shall be handled as public records requests pursuant to chapter 42.56 RCW.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 43. A new section is added to chapter 29A.44
19 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Each county auditor shall open a voting center each primary,
special election, and general election. The voting center shall be
open during business hours during the voting period, which begins
eighteen days before, and ends at 8:00 p.m. on the day of, the primary,
special election, or general election.

(2) The voting center must provide voter registration materials,
ballots, provisional ballots, disability access voting units, sample
ballots, instructions on how to properly vote the ballot, a ballot drop
box, and voters' pamphlets, if a voters' pamphlet has been published.

(3) The voting center must be accessible to persons with disabilities. Each state agency and entity of local government shall permit the use of any of its accessible facilities as voting centers when requested by a county auditor.

33 (4) The voting center must provide at least one voting unit 34 certified by the secretary of state that provides access to individuals 35 who are blind or visually impaired, enabling them to vote with privacy 36 and independence. 1 (5) No person may interfere with a voter attempting to vote in a 2 voting center. Interfering with a voter attempting to vote is a 3 violation of RCW 29A.84.510.

4 (6) Before opening the voting center, the voting equipment shall be 5 inspected to determine if it has been properly prepared for voting. Ιf the voting equipment is capable of direct tabulation of each voter's 6 7 choices, the county auditor shall verify that no votes have been 8 registered for any issue or office, and that the device has been sealed with a unique numbered seal at the time of final preparation and logic 9 10 and accuracy testing. A log must be made of all device numbers and 11 seal numbers.

(7) The county auditor shall require any person desiring to vote at
a voting center to either sign a ballot declaration or provide
identification.

15 (a) The signature on the declaration must be compared to the 16 signature on the voter registration record before the ballot may be 17 counted. If the voter registered using a mark, or can no longer sign 18 his or her name, the election officers shall require the voter to be 19 identified by another registered voter.

(b) The identification must be valid photo identification, such as a driver's license, state identification card, student identification card, tribal identification card, or employer identification card. Any individual who desires to vote in person but cannot provide identification shall be issued a provisional ballot, which shall be accepted if the signature on the declaration matches the signature on the voter's registration record.

27 (8) Provisional ballots must be accompanied by a declaration and security envelope, as required by RCW 29A.40.091, and space for the 28 29 voter's name, date of birth, current and former registered address, 30 reason for the provisional ballot, and disposition of the provisional ballot. The voter shall vote and return the provisional ballot at the 31 32 voting center. The voter must be provided information on how to 33 ascertain whether the provisional ballot was counted and, if applicable, the reason why the vote was not counted. 34

(9) Any voter may take printed or written material into the voting device to assist in casting his or her vote. The voter shall not use this material to electioneer and shall remove it when he or she leaves the voting center. 1 (10) If any voter states that he or she is unable to cast his or 2 her votes due to a disability, the voter may designate a person of his or her choice, or two election officers, to enter the voting booth and 3 record the votes as he or she directs. 4

5 (11) No voter is entitled to vote more than once at a primary, special election, or general election. If a voter incorrectly marks a 6 7 ballot, he or she may be issued a replacement ballot.

(12) A voter who has already returned a ballot but requests to vote 8 at a voting center shall be issued a provisional ballot. 9 The canvassing board shall not count the provisional ballot if it finds 10 that the voter has also voted a regular ballot in that primary, special 11 12 election, or general election.

13 (13) The county auditor must prevent overflow of each ballot drop 14 box to allow a voter to deposit his or her ballot securely. Ballots must be removed from a ballot drop box by at least two people, with a 15 16 record kept of the date and time ballots were removed, and the names of 17 people removing them. Ballots from drop boxes must be returned to the counting center in secured transport containers. A copy of the record 18 must be placed in the container, and one copy must be transported with 19 20 the ballots to the counting center, where the seal number must be 21 verified by the county auditor or a designated representative. All 22 ballot drop boxes must be secured at 8:00 p.m. on the day of the primary, special election, or general election. 23

24 (14) Any voter who is inside or in line at the voting center at 25 8:00 p.m. on the day of the primary, special election, or general 26 election must be allowed to vote.

27 (15) For each primary, special election, and general election, the county auditor may provide election services at locations in addition 28 to the voting center. The county auditor has discretion to establish 29 which services will be provided at the additional locations, and which 30 31 days and hours the locations will be open.

sec. 44. RCW 29A.46.260 and 2010 c 215 s 5 are each amended to 32 read as follows: 33

(1) The legislature finds that the elimination of polling places 34 resulting from the transition to vote by mail creates barriers that 35 36 restrict the ability of many voters with disabilities from achieving 37 the independence and privacy in voting provided by the accessible voting devices required under the help America vote act. Counties ((adopting a vote by mail system)) must take appropriate steps to mitigate these impacts and to address the obligation to provide voters with disabilities an equal opportunity to vote independently and privately, to the extent that this can be achieved without incurring undue administrative and financial burden.

7 (2) Each county shall establish and maintain an advisory committee 8 that includes persons with diverse disabilities and persons with 9 expertise in providing accommodations for persons with disabilities. 10 The committee shall assist election officials in developing a plan to 11 identify and implement changes to improve the accessibility of 12 elections for voters with disabilities. The plan shall include 13 recommendations for the following:

14 (a) The number of ((polling places)) voting centers that will be 15 maintained in order to ensure that people with disabilities have 16 reasonable access to accessible voting devices, and a written 17 explanation for how the determination was made;

18 (b) The locations of ((polling places,)) <u>ballot</u> drop-off 19 facilities, voting centers, and other election-related functions 20 necessary to maximize accessibility to persons with disabilities;

(c) Outreach to voters with disabilities on the availability of
 disability accommodation, including in-person disability access voting;

(d) Transportation of voting devices to locations convenient for voters with disabilities in order to ensure reasonable access for voters with disabilities; and

26 (e) Implementation of the provisions of the help America vote act 27 related to persons with disabilities.

28 Counties must update the plan at least annually. The election 29 review staff of the secretary of state shall review and evaluate the 30 plan in conformance with the review procedure identified in RCW 31 29A.04.570.

32 (3) Counties may form a joint advisory committee to develop the 33 plan identified in subsection (2) of this section if no more than one 34 of the participating counties has a population greater than seventy 35 thousand.

36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 45. A new section is added to chapter 29A.52
37 RCW to read as follows:

Notice for any state, county, district, or municipal primary or 1 2 election, whether special or general, must be given by the county auditor between five and fifteen days prior to the deadline for mail-in 3 4 registrations. The notice must be published in one or more newspapers of general circulation and must contain, at a minimum, the last date to 5 register online or through the mail, the last date to transfer or 6 7 update an existing registration, the last date to register in person 8 for first-time voters, information on where a person can register, the type of election, the date of the election, how a voter can obtain a 9 10 ballot, a list of all jurisdictions involved in the election, including positions and short titles for ballot measures appearing on the ballot, 11 12 and the times and dates of any public meetings associated with the 13 election. The notice shall also include where additional information regarding the election may be obtained. 14 This is the only notice required for a state, county, district, or municipal primary or special 15 If the county or city chooses to mail a local 16 or general election. 17 voters' pamphlet as described in RCW 29A.32.210 to each residence, the notice required in this section need only include the last date to 18 19 register online or through the mail, the last date to transfer or update an existing registration, the last date to register in person 20 21 for first-time voters, information on where a person can register, and 22 the times and dates of any public meetings associated with the 23 election.

24 **Sec. 46.** RCW 29A.56.490 and 2003 c 111 s 1438 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

26 The election officials shall count and determine the number of votes cast for each individual; and shall also count and determine the 27 aggregate number of votes cast for all candidates whose names appear 28 29 under each of the respective headings. Where more than the required 30 number have been voted for, the ballot must be rejected. ((The figures 31 determined by the various counts must be entered in the poll books of 32 the respective precincts.)) The vote must be canvassed in each county by the county canvassing board, and certificate of results must within 33 34 fifteen days after the election be transmitted to the secretary of 35 Upon receiving the certificate, the secretary of state may state. 36 require precinct returns ((or poll books)) from any county ((precinct)) 37 to be forwarded for the secretary's examination.

Where a district embraces precincts of more than one county, the 1 2 secretary of state shall combine the votes from all the precincts included in each district. The delegates elected in each district will 3 be the number of candidates corresponding to the number of state 4 representatives from the district, who receive the highest number of 5 votes in the group (either "for" or "against") that received an 6 7 aggregate number of votes for all candidates in the group greater than 8 the aggregate number of votes for all the candidates in the other group. The secretary of state shall issue certificates of election to 9 10 the delegates so elected.

11 **Sec. 47.** RCW 29A.60.040 and 2009 c 414 s 2 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

13 A ballot is invalid and no votes on that ballot may be counted if 14 it is found folded together with another ballot.

Those parts of a ballot are invalid and no votes may be counted for 15 16 those issues or offices where more votes are cast for the office or 17 issue than are permitted by law; write-in votes do not contain all of the information required under RCW 29A.60.021; or that issue or office 18 is not marked with sufficient definiteness to determine the voter's 19 20 choice or intention. No write-in vote may be rejected due to a 21 variation in the form of the name if the ((election board or the)) 22 canvassing board can determine the issue for or against which or the 23 person and the office for which the voter intended to vote.

24 **Sec. 48.** RCW 29A.60.050 and 2005 c 243 s 13 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

26 Whenever the ((precinct election officers or the)) counting center personnel have a question about the validity of a ballot or the votes 27 for an office or issue that they are unable to resolve, they shall 28 prepare and sign a concise record of the facts in question or dispute. 29 30 These ballots shall be delivered to the canvassing board for processing. A ballot is not considered rejected until the canvassing 31 board has rejected the ballot individually, or the ballot was included 32 in a batch or on a report of ballots that was rejected in its entirety 33 34 by the canvassing board. All ballots shall be preserved in the same 35 manner as valid ballots for that primary or election.

1 Sec. 49. RCW 29A.60.060 and 2003 c 111 s 1506 are each amended to
2 read as follows:

3 After the close of the ((polls, counties employing poll-site ballot 4 counting devices may telephonically or electronically transmit the accumulated tally for each device to a central reporting location. 5 6 Before making a telephonic or electronic transmission the precinct election officer must create a printed record of the results of the 7 election for that poll site. During the canvassing period the results 8 transmitted telephonically or electronically must be considered 9 10 unofficial until a complete reconciliation of the results has been 11 performed. This reconciliation may be accomplished by a direct loading of)) voting center at 8:00 p.m., the county auditor must directly load 12 13 the results from ((the)) any direct recording electronic memory pack 14 into the central accumulator((, or a comparison of the report produced 15 at the poll site on election night with the results received by the central accumulating device)). 16

17 Sec. 50. RCW 29A.60.110 and 2003 c 111 s 1511 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

19 Immediately after their tabulation, all ballots counted at a ballot 20 counting center must be sealed in containers that identify the primary 21 or election and be retained for at least sixty days or according to 22 federal law, whichever is longer. ((All ballots tallied by poll-site ballot counting devices must be returned to the elections department in 23 24 sealed ballot containers on election day. Counties composed entirely 25 of islands or portions of counties composed of islands shall collect the ballots within twenty-four hours of the close of the polls. 26

27 Ballots tabulated in poll-site ballot counting devices must be sealed by two of the election precinct officers at the polling place, 28 29 and a log of the seal and the names of the people sealing the container 30 must be completed. One copy of this log must be retained by the 31 inspector, one copy must be placed in the ballot transfer case, and one 32 copy must be transported with the ballots to the elections department, 33 where the seal number must be verified by the county auditor or a 34 designated representative. Ballots may be transported by one election 35 employee if the container is sealed at the poll and then verified when 36 returned to the elections department. Auditors using poll-site ballot

1 counting devices may conduct early pickup of counted ballots on

2 election day.))

In the presence of major party observers who are available, ballots 3 may be removed from the sealed containers at the elections department 4 5 and consolidated into one sealed container for storage purposes. The containers may only be opened by the canvassing board as part of the б 7 canvass, or to conduct recounts, or under RCW 29A.60.170(3), or by order of the superior court in a contest or election dispute. If the 8 canvassing board opens a ballot container, it shall make a full record 9 10 of the additional tabulation or examination made of the ballots. This record must be added to any other record of the canvassing process in 11 12 that county.

13 Sec. 51. RCW 29A.60.120 and 2003 c 111 s 1512 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

(1) ((The ballots picked up from the precincts during the polling hours may be counted only at the counting center before the polls have closed. Election returns from the count of these ballots must be held in secrecy until the polls have been closed.

(2) Upon breaking the seals and opening the ballot containers from 19 20 the precincts,)) All voted ballots must be manually inspected for damage, write-in votes, and incorrect or incomplete marks. If it is 21 22 found that any ballot is damaged so that it cannot properly be counted 23 by the vote tallying system, a true duplicate copy must be made of the 24 damaged ballot in the presence of witnesses and substituted for the 25 damaged ballot. All damaged ballots must be kept by the county auditor 26 until sixty days after the primary or election or according to federal 27 law, whichever is longer.

28 (((3))) <u>(2)</u> The returns produced by the vote tallying system, to 29 which have been added the counts of questioned ballots, <u>and</u> write-in 30 votes, ((and absentee votes,)) constitute the official returns of the 31 primary or election in that county.

32 Sec. 52. RCW 29A.60.160 and 2007 c 373 s 1 are each amended to 33 read as follows:

(1) Except for an election conducted under the instant runoff
 voting method for the pilot project authorized by RCW 29A.53.020, the
 county auditor, as delegated by the county canvassing board, shall

process ((absentee)) ballots and canvass the votes cast at that primary or election on a daily basis in counties with a population of seventyfive thousand or more, or at least every third day for counties with a population of less than seventy-five thousand, if the county auditor is in possession of more than five hundred ballots that have yet to be canvassed.

7 (2) Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays are not counted for8 purposes of this section.

9 (3) In order to protect the secrecy of a ballot, the county auditor 10 may use discretion to decide when to process absentee ballots and 11 canvass the votes.

12 (4) Tabulation results must be made available to the public13 immediately upon completion of the canvass.

14 **Sec. 53.** RCW 29A.60.160 and 2007 c 373 s 2 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

(1) The county auditor, as delegated by the county canvassing board, shall process ((absentee)) ballots and canvass the votes cast at that primary or election on a daily basis in counties with a population of seventy-five thousand or more, or at least every third day for counties with a population of less than seventy-five thousand, if the county auditor is in possession of more than five hundred ballots that have yet to be canvassed.

(2) Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays are not counted forpurposes of this section.

(3) In order to protect the secrecy of a ballot, the county auditor may use discretion to decide when to process absentee ballots and canvass the votes.

(4) Tabulation results must be made available to the publicimmediately upon completion of the canvass.

30 Sec. 54. RCW 29A.60.165 and 2006 c 209 s 4 and 2006 c 208 s 1 are 31 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) If the voter neglects to sign the ((outside envelope of an absentee or provisional)) ballot <u>declaration</u>, the auditor shall notify the voter by first-class mail and advise the voter of the correct procedures for completing the unsigned ((affidavit)) <u>declaration</u>. If the ((absentee)) ballot is received within three business days of the

final meeting of the canvassing board, or the voter has been notified by first-class mail and has not responded at least three business days before the final meeting of the canvassing board, then the auditor shall attempt to notify the voter by telephone, using the voter registration record information. ((In order for the ballot to be counted, the voter must either:

7 (a) Appear in person and sign the envelope no later than the day
8 before the certification of the primary or election; or

9 (b) Sign a copy of the envelope provided by the auditor, and return 10 it to the auditor no later than the day before the certification of the 11 primary or election.))

12 (2)(a) If the handwriting of the signature on ((an absentee or 13 provisional ballot envelope)) a ballot declaration is not the same as 14 the handwriting of the signature on the registration file, the auditor shall notify the voter by first-class mail, enclosing a copy of the 15 ((envelope affidavit)) declaration, and advise the voter of the correct 16 17 procedures for updating his or her signature on the voter registration 18 If the ((absentee or provisional)) ballot is received within file. three business days of the final meeting of the canvassing board, or 19 the voter has been notified by first-class mail and has not responded 20 21 at least three business days before the final meeting of the canvassing 22 board, then the auditor shall attempt to notify the voter by telephone, using the voter registration record information. ((In order for the 23 24 ballot to be counted, the voter must either:

(i) Appear in person and sign a new registration form no later than
 the day before the certification of the primary or election; or

27 (ii) Sign a copy of the affidavit provided by the auditor and 28 return it to the auditor no later than the day before the certification of the primary or election. The voter may enclose with the affidavit 29 30 a photocopy of a valid government or tribal issued identification document that includes the voter's current signature. If the signature 31 32 on the copy of the affidavit does not match the signature on file or the signature on the copy of the identification document, the voter 33 must appear in person and sign a new registration form no later than 34 35 the day before the certification of the primary or election in order 36 for the ballot to be counted.))

37 (b) If the signature on ((an absentee or provisional ballot
 38 envelope)) a ballot declaration is not the same as the signature on the

1 registration file because the name is different, the ballot may be 2 counted as long as the handwriting is clearly the same. The auditor 3 shall send the voter a change-of-name form under RCW 29A.08.440 and 4 direct the voter to complete the form.

5 (c) If the signature on ((an absentee or provisional ballot 6 envelope)) a ballot declaration is not the same as the signature on the 7 registration file because the voter used initials or a common nickname, 8 the ballot may be counted as long as the surname and handwriting are 9 clearly the same.

10 (3) A voter may not cure a missing or mismatched signature for 11 purposes of counting the ballot in a recount.

12 (4) A record must be kept of all ballots with missing and 13 mismatched signatures. The record must contain the date on which the 14 voter was contacted or the notice was mailed, as well as the date on 15 which the voter signed the envelope, a copy of the envelope, a new 16 registration form, or a change-of-name form. That record is a public 17 record under chapter 42.56 RCW and may be disclosed to interested 18 parties on written request.

19 Sec. 55. RCW 29A.60.170 and 2007 c 373 s 3 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

(1) At least twenty-eight days prior to any special election, 21 general election, or primary, the county auditor shall request from the 22 23 chair of the county central committee of each major political party a list of individuals who are willing to serve as observers. The county 24 25 auditor has discretion to also request observers from any campaign or 26 organization. The county auditor may delete from the lists names of those persons who indicate to the county auditor that they cannot or do 27 not wish to serve as observers, and names of those persons who, in the 28 judgment of the county auditor, lack the ability to properly serve as 29 30 observers after training has been made available to them by the auditor. 31

32 (2) The counting center ((in a county using voting systems)) is 33 under the direction of the county auditor and must be ((observed)) open 34 to observation by one representative from each major political party, 35 if representatives have been appointed by the respective major 36 political parties and these representatives are present while the 37 counting center is operating. The proceedings must be open to the public, but no persons except those employed and authorized by the county auditor may touch any ballot or ballot container or operate a vote tallying system.

4 (((2) In counties in which ballots are not counted at the polling place, the official political party observers, upon mutual agreement, 5 6 may request that a precinct be selected at random on receipt of the 7 ballots from the polling place and that a manual count be made of the 8 number of ballots and of the votes cast on any office or issue. The 9 ballots for that precinct must then be counted by the vote tallying system, and this result will be compared to the results of the manual 10 11 count. This may be done as many as three times during the tabulation 12 of ballots on the day of the primary or election.

13 (3) In counties using poll-site ballot counting devices, the 14 political party observers, upon mutual agreement, may choose as many as 15 three precincts and request that a manual count be made of the number of ballots and the votes cast on any office or issue. The results of 16 this count will be compared to the count of the precinct made by the 17 poll-site ballot counting device. These selections must be made no 18 later than thirty minutes after the close of the polls. The manual 19 20 count must be completed within forty-eight hours after the close of the 21 polls. The process must take place at a location designated by the county auditor for that purpose. The political party observers must 22 receive timely notice of the time and location, and have the right to 23 24 be present. However, the process must proceed as scheduled if the 25 observers are unable to attend.

26 (4) In counties voting entirely by mail,)) (3) A random check of 27 the ballot counting equipment may be conducted upon mutual agreement of the political party observers or at the discretion of the county 28 The random check procedures must be adopted by the county 29 auditor. 30 canvassing board prior to the processing of ballots. The random check process shall involve a comparison of a manual count to the machine 31 count and may involve up to either three precincts or six batches 32 33 depending on the ballot counting procedures in place in the county. The random check will be limited to one office or issue on the ballots 34 35 in the precincts or batches that are selected for the check. The 36 selection of the precincts or batches to be checked must be selected 37 according to procedures established by the county canvassing board and

1 the check must be completed no later than forty-eight hours after 2 election day.

3 Sec. 56. RCW 29A.60.180 and 2003 c 111 s 1518 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

Each registered voter casting ((an absentee)) a valid ballot will be credited with voting on his or her voter registration record. ((Absentee ballots must be retained for the same length of time and in the same manner as ballots cast at the precinct polling places.))

9 Sec. 57. RCW 29A.60.190 and 2006 c 344 s 16 are each amended to 10 read as follows:

(1) Except as provided by subsection (3) of this section, fifteen 11 days after a primary or special election and twenty-one days after a 12 general election, the county canvassing board shall complete the 13 14 canvass and certify the results. Each ((absentee)) ballot that was 15 returned before ((the closing of the polls)) 8:00 p.m. on the day of the special election, generation election, or primary, and each 16 ((absentee)) ballot bearing a postmark on or before the date of the 17 ((primary or)) special election, general election, or primary and 18 19 received on or before the date on which the primary or election is 20 certified, must be included in the canvass report.

(2) At the request of a caucus of the state legislature, the county auditor shall transmit copies of all unofficial returns of state and legislative primaries or elections prepared by or for the county canvassing board to either the secretary of the senate or the chief clerk of the house of representatives.

(3) On or before the thirtieth day after an election conducted
under the instant runoff voting method for the pilot project authorized
by RCW 29A.53.020, the canvassing board shall complete the canvass and
certify the results.

30 **Sec. 58.** RCW 29A.60.190 and 2006 c 344 s 17 are each amended to 31 read as follows:

(1) Fifteen days after a primary or special election and twenty-one
days after a general election, the county canvassing board shall
complete the canvass and certify the results. Each ((absentee)) ballot
that was returned before ((the closing of the polls)) <u>8:00 p.m. on the</u>

1 <u>day of the special election, general election, or primary</u>, and each 2 ((absentee)) ballot bearing a postmark on or before the date of the 3 ((primary or)) <u>special</u> election, <u>general election</u>, <u>or primary</u> and 4 received on or before the date on which the primary or election is 5 certified, must be included in the canvass report.

6 (2) At the request of a caucus of the state legislature, the county 7 auditor shall transmit copies of all unofficial returns of state and 8 legislative primaries or elections prepared by or for the county 9 canvassing board to either the secretary of the senate or the chief 10 clerk of the house of representatives.

11 **Sec. 59.** RCW 29A.60.195 and 2005 c 243 s 9 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

13 Before certification of the primary or election, the county auditor must examine and investigate all received provisional ballots to 14 determine whether the ballot can be counted. The auditor shall provide 15 16 the disposition of the provisional ballot and, if the ballot was not 17 counted, the reason why it was not counted, on a free access system such as a toll-free telephone number, web site, mail, or other means. 18 The auditor must notify the voter in accordance with RCW 29A.60.165 19 20 when the ((envelope)) declaration is unsigned or when the signatures do 21 not match.

22 Sec. 60. RCW 29A.60.200 and 2003 c 111 s 1520 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

Before canvassing the returns of a primary or election, the chair of the county legislative authority or the chair's designee shall administer an oath to the county auditor or the auditor's designee attesting to the authenticity of the information presented to the canvassing board. This oath must be signed by the county auditor or designee and filed with the returns of the primary or election.

The county canvassing board shall proceed to verify the results from the ((precincts and the absentee)) ballots <u>received</u>. The board shall execute a certificate of the results of the primary or election signed by all members of the board or their designees. Failure to certify the returns, if they can be ascertained with reasonable certainty, is a crime under RCW 29A.84.720. 1 Sec. 61. RCW 29A.60.230 and 2003 c 111 s 1523 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

(((1))) Immediately after the official results of a state primary 3 4 or general election in a county are ascertained, the county auditor or other election officer shall make an abstract of the number of 5 registered voters in each precinct and of all the votes cast in the б 7 county at such state primary or general election for and against state 8 measures and for each candidate for federal, state, and legislative office or for any other office which the secretary of state is required 9 10 by law to canvass. The cumulative report of the election and a copy of the certificate of the election must be transmitted to the secretary of 11 12 state immediately((, through electronic means and mailed with the 13 abstract of votes no later than the next business day following the 14 certification by the county canvassing board.

(2) After each general election, the county auditor or other 15 election officer shall provide to the secretary of state a report of 16 the number of absentee ballots cast in each precinct for and against 17 state measures and for each candidate for federal, state, and 18 19 legislative office or for any other office which the secretary of state 20 is required by law to canvass. The report may be included in the 21 abstract required by this section or may be transmitted to the 22 secretary of state separately, but in no event later than March 31st of 23 the year following the election. Absentee ballot results may be 24 incorporated into votes cast at the polls for each precinct or may be reported separately on a precinct-by-precinct basis. 25

(3) If absentee ballot results are not incorporated into votes cast at the polls,)) The county auditor or other election official may aggregate results from more than one precinct if the auditor, pursuant to rules adopted by the secretary of state, finds that reporting a single precinct's ((absentee)) ballot results would jeopardize the secrecy of a person's ballot. To the extent practicable, precincts for which ((absentee)) results are aggregated must be contiguous.

33 **Sec. 62.** RCW 29A.60.235 and 2009 c 369 s 41 are each amended to 34 read as follows:

35 (((+))) The county auditor shall prepare, make publicly available 36 at the auditor's office or on the auditor's web site, and submit at the

1	time of certification an election reconciliation report that discloses
2	the following information:
3	(((a) The number of registered voters;
4	(b) The number of ballots counted;
5	(c) The number of provisional ballots issued;
6	(d) The number of provisional ballots counted;
7	(e) The number of provisional ballots rejected;

- 8 (f) The number of absentee ballots issued;
- 9 (q) The number of absentee ballots counted;
- 10 (h) The number of absentee ballots rejected;
- 11 (i) The number of federal write-in ballots counted;
- 12 (j) The number of overseas and service ballots issued;
- 13 (k) The number of overseas and service ballots counted; and
- 14 (1) The number of overseas and service ballots rejected.
- 15 (2) The county auditor shall prepare and make publicly available at
- 16 the auditor's office or on the auditor's web site within thirty days of
- 17 certification a final election reconciliation report that discloses the
- 18 following information:

19

(a) The number of registered voters;

- 20 (b) The total number of voters credited with voting;
- 21 (c) The number of poll voters credited with voting;
- 22 (d) The number of provisional voters credited with voting;
- 23 (e) The number of absentee voters credited with voting;
- 24 (f) The number of federal write-in voters credited with voting;
- 25 (g) The number of overseas and service voters credited with voting;
- 26 (h) The total number of voters credited with voting even though
- 27 their ballots were postmarked after election day and were not counted;
 28 and
- 29 (i)) (1) The number of registered voters;
- 30 (2) The number of ballots issued;
- 31 (3) The number of ballots received;
- 32 (4) The number of ballots counted;
- 33 (5) The number of ballots rejected;
- 34 (6) The number of provisional ballots issued;
- 35 (7) The number of provisional ballots received;
- 36 (8) The number of provisional ballots counted;
- 37 (9) The number of provisional ballots rejected;
- 38 (10) The number of federal write-in ballots received;

(11) The number of federal write-in ballots counted;

2 (12) The number of federal write-in ballots rejected;

3 (13) The number of overseas and service ballots issued;

4 (14) The number of overseas and service ballots received;

5 (15) The number of overseas and service ballots counted;

6 (16) The number of overseas and service ballots rejected;

7 (17) The number of voters credited with voting; and

8 (18) Any other information the auditor <u>or secretary of state</u> deems 9 necessary to reconcile the number of ballots counted with the number of 10 voters credited with voting.

11 (((3) The county auditor may also prepare such reports for 12 jurisdictions located, in whole or in part, in the county.))

13 Sec. 63. RCW 29A.64.041 and 2004 c 271 s 179 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

(1) At the time and place established for a recount, the canvassing board or its duly authorized representatives, in the presence of all witnesses who may be in attendance, shall open the sealed containers containing the ballots to be recounted, and shall recount the votes for the offices or issues for which the recount has been ordered. Ballots shall be handled only by the members of the canvassing board or their duly authorized representatives.

((Witnesses shall be permitted to observe the ballots and the process of tabulating the votes, but they shall not be permitted to handle the ballots.)) The canvassing board shall not permit the tabulation of votes for any nomination, election, or issue other than the ones for which a recount was applied for or required.

(2) At any time before the ballots from all of the precincts listed
in the application for the recount have been recounted, the applicant
may file with the board a written request to stop the recount.

30 (3) The recount may be observed by persons representing the 31 candidates affected by the recount or the persons representing both sides of an issue that is being recounted. 32 Witnesses shall be permitted to observe the ballots and the process of tabulating the 33 votes, but they shall not be permitted to handle the ballots. 34 The 35 observers may not make a record of the names, addresses, or other 36 information on the ballots, ((poll books, or applications for absentee ballots)) declarations, or lists of voters unless authorized by the 37

1

superior court. The secretary of state or county auditor may limit the number of observers to not less than two on each side if, in his or her opinion, a greater number would cause undue delay or disruption of the recount process.

5 **Sec. 64.** RCW 29A.68.020 and 2007 c 374 s 4 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 Any of the following causes may be asserted by a registered voter 8 to challenge the right to assume office of a candidate declared elected 9 to that office:

10 (1) For misconduct on the part of any member of any precinct 11 election board involved therein;

12 (2) Because the person whose right is being contested was not at13 the time the person was declared elected eligible to that office;

14 (3) Because the person whose right is being contested was previous 15 to the election convicted of a felony by a court of competent 16 jurisdiction, the conviction not having been reversed nor the person's 17 civil rights restored after the conviction;

18 (4) Because the person whose right is being contested gave a bribe 19 or reward to a voter or to an ((inspector or judge of)) election 20 <u>officer</u> for the purpose of procuring the election, or offered to do so;

21 (5) On account of illegal votes.

22 (a) Illegal votes include but are not limited to the following:

23 (i) More than one vote cast by a single voter;

24 (ii) A vote cast by a person disqualified under Article VI, section25 3 of the state Constitution.

(b) Illegal votes do not include votes cast by improperly
 registered voters who were not properly challenged under RCW 29A.08.810
 and 29A.08.820.

All election contests must proceed under RCW 29A.68.011.

30 Sec. 65. RCW 29A.68.070 and 2003 c 111 s 1707 are each amended to 31 read as follows:

No irregularity or improper conduct in the proceedings of any ((election)) <u>county canvassing</u> board or any member of the board amounts to such malconduct as to annul or set aside any election unless the irregularity or improper conduct was such as to procure the person whose right to the office may be contested, to be declared duly elected
 although the person did not receive the highest number of legal votes.

3 **Sec. 66.** RCW 29A.68.080 and 2003 c 111 s 1708 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 When any election for an office exercised in and for a county is 6 contested on account of any malconduct on the part of ((any election)) 7 <u>a county canvassing</u> board, or any member thereof, the election shall 8 not be annulled and set aside upon any proof thereof, unless the 9 rejection of the vote of such precinct or precincts will change the 10 result as to such office in the remaining vote of the county.

11 Sec. 67. RCW 29A.84.020 and 2003 c 111 s 2102 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

Every officer who willfully violates RCW 29A.56.110 through 29A.56.270, for the violation of which no penalty is prescribed in this title or who willfully fails to comply with the provisions of ((this chapter)) <u>RCW 29A.56.110 through 29A.56.270</u> is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

18 Sec. 68. RCW 29A.84.050 and 2005 c 243 s 23 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

20 (1) A person who knowingly destroys, alters, defaces, conceals, or 21 discards a completed voter registration form or signed ((absentee or 22 provisional ballot signature affidavit)) ballot declaration is guilty 23 of a gross misdemeanor. This section does not apply to (((1))) (a) the 24 voter who completed the ((voter registration)) form <u>or declaration</u>, or 25 (((2))) (b) a county auditor ((or registration assistant)) who acts as 26 authorized by ((voter registration)) law.

27 (2) Any person who intentionally fails to return another person's 28 completed voter registration form or signed ballot declaration to the 29 proper state or county elections office by the applicable deadline is 30 guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

31 Sec. 69. RCW 29A.84.510 and 2003 c 111 s 2121 are each amended to 32 read as follows:

(1) ((On the day of any primary or general or special election))
 During the voting period that begins eighteen days before and ends the

1 <u>day of a special election, general election, or primary</u>, no person may, 2 within a ((polling place, or in any public area within three hundred 3 feet of any entrance to such polling place)) voting center:

4 (a) Suggest or persuade or attempt to suggest or persuade any voter
5 to vote for or against any candidate or ballot measure;

б

(b) Circulate cards or handbills of any kind;

7

(c) Solicit signatures to any kind of petition; or

8 (d) Engage in any practice which interferes with the freedom of 9 voters to exercise their franchise or disrupts the administration of 10 the ((polling place)) <u>voting center</u>.

(2) No person may obstruct the doors or entries to a building in which a ((polling place)) voting center or ballot drop location is located or prevent free access to and from any ((polling place)) voting center or ballot drop location. Any sheriff, deputy sheriff, or municipal law enforcement officer shall prevent such obstruction, and may arrest any person creating such obstruction.

17 (3) ((No person may:

18 (a) Except as provided in RCW 29A.44.050, remove any ballot from
 19 the polling place before the closing of the polls; or

20

(b) Solicit any voter to show his or her ballot.

21 (4) No person other than an inspector or judge of election may 22 receive from any voter a voted ballot or deliver a blank ballot to such 23 elector.

(5)) Any violation of this section is a gross misdemeanor,
 punishable to the same extent as a gross misdemeanor that is punishable
 under RCW 9A.20.021, and the person convicted may be ordered to pay the
 costs of prosecution.

28 **Sec. 70.** RCW 29A.84.520 and 2003 c 111 s 2122 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

Any election officer who does any electioneering ((on primary or election day)) during the voting period that begins eighteen days before and ends the day of a special election, general election, or primary, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction must be fined in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars and pay the costs of prosecution. 1 Sec. 71. RCW 29A.84.530 and 2003 c 111 s 2123 are each amended to
2 read as follows:

Deliberately impeding other voters from casting their votes by refusing to leave a voting booth or voting device is a misdemeanor and is subject to the penalties provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW. ((The precinct)) Election officers may provide assistance in the manner provided by ((RCW 29A.44.240)) section 43 of this act to any voter who requests it.

9 Sec. 72. RCW 29A.84.540 and 2003 c 111 s 2124 are each amended to 10 read as follows:

Any person who, without lawful authority, removes a ballot from a ((polling place)) voting center or ballot drop location is guilty of a gross misdemeanor punishable to the same extent as a gross misdemeanor that is punishable under RCW 9A.20.021.

15 **Sec. 73.** RCW 29A.84.545 and 2005 c 242 s 6 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

Anyone who, without authorization, removes from a ((polling place)) <u>voting center</u> a paper record produced by ((an)) <u>a direct recording</u> electronic voting device is guilty of a class C felony punishable under RCW 9A.20.021.

21 Sec. 74. RCW 29A.84.550 and 2003 c 111 s 2125 are each amended to 22 read as follows:

Any person who willfully defaces, removes, or destroys any of the supplies or materials that the person knows are intended both for use in a ((polling place)) voting center and for enabling a voter to prepare his or her ballot is guilty of a class C felony punishable under RCW 9A.20.021.

28 **Sec. 75.** RCW 29A.84.655 and 2003 c 111 s 2132 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

Any ((precinct)) election officer who ((knowingly permits any voter to cast a second vote at any primary or general or special election, or knowingly permits any person not a qualified voter to vote at any primary or general or special election)) intentionally tabulates or <u>causes to be tabulated, through any act or omission, an invalid ballot</u>
 <u>when the person has actual knowledge that the ballot is invalid</u>, is
 guilty of a class C felony punishable under RCW 9A.20.021.

4 Sec. 76. RCW 29A.84.680 and 2003 c 111 s 2136 and 2003 c 53 s 179 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

6 (1) A person who willfully violates any provision of chapter 29A.40
7 RCW regarding the assertion or declaration of qualifications to receive
8 or cast ((an absentee)) <u>a</u> ballot or unlawfully casts a ((vote by
9 absentee)) ballot is guilty of a class C felony punishable under RCW
10 9A.20.021.

(2) Except as provided in this chapter, a person who willfully violates any other provision of chapter 29A.40 RCW is guilty of a misdemeanor.

14 **Sec. 77.** RCW 29A.84.730 and 2003 c 111 s 2139 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

16 (1) In any location in which ballots are counted, no person 17 authorized by law to be present while votes are being counted may 18 divulge any results of the count of the ballots at any time prior to 19 ((the closing of the polls for that)) <u>8:00 p.m. on the day of the</u> 20 primary or special or general election.

(2) A violation of this section is a gross misdemeanor punishable
to the same extent as a gross misdemeanor that is punishable under RCW
9A.20.021.

24 **Sec. 78.** RCW 27.12.370 and 2006 c 344 s 19 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

The county legislative authority or authorities shall by resolution call a special election to be held in such city or town at the next special election date according to RCW 29A.04.321, and shall cause notice of such election to be given as provided for in ((RCW 29A.52.351)) section 45 of this act.

The election on the annexation of the city or town into the library district shall be conducted by the auditor of the county or counties in which the city or town is located in accordance with the general election laws of the state and the results thereof shall be canvassed by the canvassing board of the county or counties. No person shall be

entitled to vote at such election unless he or she is registered to vote in said city or town for at least thirty days preceding the date of the election. The ballot proposition shall be in substantially the following form:

5"Shall the city or town of be annexed to and be6a part of library district?7YES8NO

9 If a majority of the persons voting on the proposition shall vote 10 in favor thereof, the city or town shall thereupon be annexed and shall 11 be a part of such library district.

12 Sec. 79. RCW 36.83.110 and 1996 c 292 s 4 are each amended to read 13 as follows:

Any registered voter residing within the boundaries of the road and 14 15 bridge service district may file a referendum petition to call an election to retain any or all commissioners. Any referendum petition 16 17 to call such election shall be filed with the county auditor no later than one year before the end of a commissioner's term. Within ten days 18 of the filing of a petition, the county auditor shall confer with the 19 20 petitioner concerning form and style of the petition, issue an identification number for the petition, and write a ballot title for 21 22 the measure. The ballot title shall be posed as a question: "Shall 23 (name of commissioner) be retained as a road and bridge service district commissioner?" and the question shall be posed separately for 24 The petitioner shall be notified of the 25 each commissioner. identification number and ballot title within this ten-day period. 26

27 After this notification, the petitioner shall have thirty days in which to secure on petition forms the signatures of not less than 28 twenty-five percent of the registered voters residing within the 29 boundaries of the service district and file the signed petitions with 30 the county auditor. Each petition form shall contain the ballot title. 31 32 The county auditor shall verify the sufficiency of the signatures on 33 the petitions. If sufficient valid signatures are properly submitted, 34 the county auditor shall submit the referendum measure to the 35 registered voters residing in the service district in a special

1 election no later than one hundred twenty days after the signed 2 petition has been filed with the county auditor. ((The special 3 election may be conducted by mail ballot as provided for in chapter 4 29.36 RCW.))

5 The office of any commissioner for whom there is not a majority 6 vote to retain shall be declared vacant.

7 **Sec. 80.** RCW 36.93.030 and 2006 c 344 s 28 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

9 (1) There is hereby created and established in each county with a 10 population of two hundred ten thousand or more a board to be known and 11 designated as a "boundary review board".

(2) A boundary review board may be created and established in anyother county in the following manner:

(a) The county legislative authority may, by majority vote, adopta resolution establishing a boundary review board; or

(b) A petition seeking establishment of a boundary review board signed by qualified electors residing in the county equal in number to at least five percent of the votes cast in the county at the last county general election may be filed with the county auditor.

20 Upon the filing of such a petition, the county auditor shall 21 examine the same and certify to the sufficiency of the signatures 22 thereon. No person may withdraw his or her name from a petition after 23 it has been filed with the auditor. Within thirty days after the 24 filing of such petition, the county auditor shall transmit the same to 25 the county legislative authority, together with his or her certificate 26 of sufficiency.

After receipt of a valid petition for the establishment of a boundary review board, the county legislative authority shall submit the question of whether a boundary review board should be established to the electorate at the next primary or general election according to RCW 29A.04.321. Notice of the election shall be given as provided in ((RCW 29A.52.351)) section 45 of this act and shall include a clear statement of the proposal to be submitted.

If a majority of the persons voting on the proposition shall vote in favor of the establishment of the boundary review board, such board shall thereupon be deemed established. 1 **Sec. 81.** RCW 40.24.060 and 2008 c 18 s 4 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

((A program participant who is otherwise qualified to vote may 3 register as an ongoing absentee voter under RCW 29A.40.040.)) 4 The 5 county auditor shall ((transmit the absentee)) mail a ballot to ((the)) a program participant qualified and registered at the mailing address 6 7 provided. Neither the name nor the address of a program participant shall be included in any list of registered voters available to the 8 9 public.

10 **Sec. 82.** RCW 52.04.071 and 2009 c 115 s 2 are each amended to read 11 as follows:

The county legislative authority or authorities shall by resolution call a special election to be held in the city, partial city as set forth in RCW 52.04.061(2), or town and in the fire protection district at the next date according to RCW 29A.04.321, and shall cause notice of the election to be given as provided for in ((RCW 29A.52.351)) section <u>45 of this act</u>.

The election on the annexation of the city, partial city as set 18 19 forth in RCW 52.04.061(2), or town into the fire protection district 20 shall be conducted by the auditor of the county or counties in which 21 the city, partial city as set forth in RCW 52.04.061(2), or town and 22 the fire protection district are located in accordance with the general 23 election laws of the state. The results thereof shall be canvassed by 24 the canvassing board of the county or counties. No person is entitled to vote at the election unless he or she is a qualified elector in the 25 26 city, partial city as set forth in RCW 52.04.061(2), or town or unless 27 he or she is a qualified elector within the boundaries of the fire 28 protection district. The ballot proposition shall be in substantially 29 the following form:

30 "Shall the city, partial city as set forth in RCW 52.04.061(2), or 31 town of be annexed to and be a part of fire 32 protection district?

 33
 YES
 YES
 YES

 34
 NO
 NO
 YES

If a majority of the persons voting on the proposition in the city, partial city as set forth in RCW 52.04.061(2), or town and a majority of the persons voting on the proposition in the fire protection district vote in favor thereof, the city, partial city as set forth in RCW 52.04.061(2), or town shall be annexed and shall be a part of the fire protection district.

5 **Sec. 83.** RCW 85.38.125 and 1991 c 349 s 15 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 (1) If a special district has less than five hundred qualified
8 voters, then the special district must contract with the county auditor
9 to conduct the special district elections. ((The county auditor has
10 the discretion as to whether to conduct the election by mail.))

11 (2) If a special district has at least five hundred qualified 12 voters, the special district may ((contract with the county auditor to 13 staff the voting site during the election or)) contract with the county 14 auditor to conduct the election ((by mail)). A special district with at least five hundred qualified voters may also choose to conduct its 15 16 own elections. A special district that conducts its own elections must 17 enter into an agreement with the county auditor that specifies the 18 responsibilities of both parties.

19 ((3) If the county auditor conducts a special district election by 20 mail, then the provisions of chapter 29.36 RCW which govern elections 21 by mail, except for the requirements of RCW 29.36.120, shall apply.))

22 Sec. 84. RCW 90.72.040 and 1997 c 447 s 20 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

24 The county legislative authority may create a shellfish (1)25 protection district on its own motion or by submitting the question to the voters of the proposed district and obtaining the approval of a 26 27 majority of those voting. The boundaries of the district shall be 28 determined by the legislative authority. The legislative authority may 29 create more than one district. A district may include any area or 30 areas within the county, whether incorporated or unincorporated. Counties shall coordinate and cooperate with cities, towns, and water-31 related special districts within their boundaries in establishing 32 33 shellfish protection districts and carrying out shellfish protection 34 Where a portion of the proposed district lies within an programs. 35 incorporated area, the county shall develop procedures for the 36 participation of the city or town in the determination of the

boundaries of the district and the administration of the district, 1 2 including funding of the district's programs. The legislative authority of more than one county may by agreement provide for the 3 4 creation of a district including areas within each of those counties. County legislative authorities are encouraged to coordinate their plans 5 and programs to protect shellfish growing areas, especially where 6 7 shellfish growing areas are located within the boundaries of more than 8 The legislative authority or authorities creating a one county. 9 district may abolish a shellfish protection district on its or their 10 own motion or by submitting the question to the voters of the district 11 and obtaining the approval of a majority of those voting.

12 (2) If the county legislative authority creates a shellfish 13 protection district by its own motion, any registered voter residing within the boundaries of the shellfish protection district may file a 14 15 referendum petition to repeal the ordinance that created the district. Any referendum petition to repeal the ordinance creating the shellfish 16 protection district shall be filed with the county auditor within seven 17 18 days of passage of the ordinance. Within ten days of the filing of a petition, the county auditor shall confer with the petitioner 19 20 concerning form and style of the petition, issue an identification 21 number for the petition, and write a ballot title for the measure. The 22 ballot title shall be posed as a question so that an affirmative answer 23 to the question and an affirmative vote on the measure results in 24 creation of the shellfish protection district and a negative answer to the question and a negative vote on the measure results in the 25 26 shellfish protection district not being created. The petitioner shall 27 be notified of the identification number and ballot title within this 28 ten-day period.

After this notification, the petitioner shall have thirty days in 29 30 which to secure on petition forms the signatures of not less than twenty-five percent of the registered voters residing within the 31 boundaries of the shellfish protection district and file the signed 32 petitions with the county auditor. Each petition form shall contain 33 the ballot title and full text of the measure to be referred. 34 The 35 county auditor shall verify the sufficiency of the signatures on the 36 petitions. If sufficient valid signatures are properly submitted, the 37 county auditor shall submit the referendum measure to the registered 38 voters residing in the shellfish protection district in a special

1 election no later than one hundred twenty days after the signed 2 petition has been filed with the county auditor. ((The special 3 election may be conducted by mail ballot as provided for in chapter 4 29.36 RCW.))

5 (3) The county legislative authority shall not impose fees, rates, 6 or charges for shellfish protection district programs upon properties 7 on which fees, rates, or charges are imposed under chapter 36.89 or 8 36.94 RCW for substantially the same programs and services.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 85. The county auditor of any county that 10 maintained poll sites as of the effective date of this section shall 11 notify by mail each registered poll voter that all future primaries, 12 special elections, and general elections will be conducted by mail.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 86.** The following acts or parts of acts are 14 each repealed:

15 (1) RCW 29A.04.049 (Election board) and 2003 c 111 s 109 & 1986 c 16 167 s 1;

17 (2) RCW 29A.04.115 (Poll-site ballot counting devices) and 2003 c
18 111 s 120;

19 (3) RCW 29A.04.128 (Primary) and 2004 c 271 s 152;

20 (4) RCW 29A.08.430 (Transfer on day of primary, special election,
21 or general election) and 2009 c 369 s 24, 2004 c 267 s 123, & 2003 c
22 111 s 230;

23 (5) RCW 29A.12.090 (Single district and precinct) and 2003 c 111 s 24 309;

25 (6) RCW 29A.16.010 (Intent--Duties of county auditors) and 2004 c 26 267 s 315, 2003 c 111 s 401, 1999 c 298 s 13, 1985 c 205 s 1, & 1979 27 ex.s. c 64 s 1;

28 (7) RCW 29A.16.020 (Alternative polling places or procedures) and
29 2003 c 111 s 402, 1999 c 298 s 15, & 1985 c 205 s 5;

30 (8) RCW 29A.16.030 (Costs for modifications--Alternatives--Election
 31 costs) and 2003 c 111 s 403, 1999 c 298 s 20, & 1985 c 205 s 12;

32 (9) RCW 29A.16.060 (Combining or dividing precincts, election
 33 boards) and 2003 c 111 s 406;

34 (10) RCW 29A.16.110 (Polling place--May be located outside 35 precinct) and 2003 c 111 s 407 & 1965 c 9 s 29.48.005;

(11) RCW 29A.16.120 (Polling place--Use of county, municipality, or 1 2 special district facilities) and 2003 c 111 s 408; (12) RCW 29A.16.130 (Public buildings as polling places) and 2004 3 4 c 267 s 316 & 2003 c 111 s 409; 5 (13) RCW 29A.16.140 (Inaccessible polling places--Auditors' list) and 2003 c 111 s 410; 6 7 (14) RCW 29A.16.150 (Polling places--Accessibility required, exceptions) and 2003 c 111 s 411; 8 9 (15) RCW 29A.16.160 (Review by and recommendations of disabled 10 voters) and 2003 c 111 s 412; (16) RCW 29A.16.170 (County auditors -- Notice of accessibility) and 11 12 2003 c 111 s 413; 13 (17) RCW 29A.24.151 (Notice of void in candidacy) and 2004 c 271 s 14 163; (18) RCW 29A.24.161 (Filings to fill void in candidacy--How made) 15 16 and 2004 c 271 s 164; 17 (19) RCW 29A.40.030 (Request on behalf of family member) and 2003 c 111 s 1003; 18 (20) RCW 29A.40.040 (Ongoing status--Request--Termination) and 2003 19 20 c 111 s 1004; 21 (21) RCW 29A.40.061 (Issuance of ballot and other materials) and 22 2009 c 369 s 38 & 2004 c 271 s 134; (22) RCW 29A.40.061 (Issuance of ballot and other materials) and 23 24 2009 c 415 s 6 & 2004 c 271 s 134; 25 (23) RCW 29A.40.080 (Delivery of ballot, qualifications for) and 26 2003 c 111 s 1008; 27 (24) RCW 29A.40.120 (Report of count) and 2003 c 111 s 1012; (25) RCW 29A.40.140 (Challenges) and 2006 c 320 s 8 & 2003 c 111 s 28 29 1014; (26) RCW 29A.44.010 (Interference with voter prohibited) and 2003 30 31 c 111 s 1101; 32 (27) RCW 29A.44.020 (List of who has and who has not voted) and 2003 c 111 s 1102, 1977 ex.s. c 361 s 83, & 1965 c 9 s 29.51.125; 33 (28) RCW 29A.44.030 (Taking papers into voting booth) and 2004 c 34 267 s 317 & 2003 c 111 s 1103; 35 36 (29) RCW 29A.44.040 (Official ballots--Vote only once--Incorrectly 37 marked ballots) and 2004 c 267 s 318 & 2003 c 111 s 1104;

1 (30) RCW 29A.44.045 (Electronic voting devices -- Paper records) and 2 2005 c 242 s 2; (31) RCW 29A.44.050 (Ballot pick up, delivery, and transportation) 3 4 and 2003 c 111 s 1105; (32) RCW 29A.44.060 (Voting booths) and 2003 c 111 s 1106; 5 (33) RCW 29A.44.070 (Opening and closing polls) and 2003 c 111 s б 7 1107; 8 (34) RCW 29A.44.080 (Polls open continuously--Announcement of 9 closing) and 2003 c 111 s 1108; 10 (35) RCW 29A.44.090 (Double voting prohibited) and 2003 c 111 s 1109, 1987 c 346 s 13, & 1965 c 9 s 29.36.050; 11 12 (36) RCW 29A.44.110 (Delivery of supplies) and 2003 c 111 s 1110; 13 (37) RCW 29A.44.120 (Delivery of precinct lists to polls) and 2003 14 c 111 s 1111; (38) RCW 29A.44.130 (Additional supplies for paper ballots) and 15 2003 c 111 s 1112 & 1977 ex.s. c 361 s 82; 16 17 (39) RCW 29A.44.140 (Voting and registration instructions and information) and 2003 c 111 s 1113; 18 (40) RCW 29A.44.150 (Time for arrival of officers) and 2003 c 111 19 20 s 1114; 21 (41) RCW 29A.44.160 (Inspection of voting equipment) and 2003 c 111 22 s 1115; (42) RCW 29A.44.170 (Flag) and 2003 c 111 s 1116; 23 24 (43) RCW 29A.44.180 (Opening the polls) and 2003 c 111 s 1117; 25 (44) RCW 29A.44.190 (Voting devices--Periodic examination) and 2003 26 c 111 s 1118; 27 (45) RCW 29A.44.201 (Issuing ballot to voter--Challenge) and 2004 28 c 271 s 136; 29 (46) RCW 29A.44.205 (Identification required) and 2005 c 243 s 7; (47) RCW 29A.44.207 (Provisional ballots) and 2005 c 243 s 6; 30 31 (48) RCW 29A.44.210 (Signature required--Procedure if voter unable 32 to sign name) and 2003 c 111 s 1120, 1990 c 59 s 41, 1971 ex.s. c 202 s 41, 1967 ex.s. c 109 s 9, 1965 ex.s. c 156 s 5, & 1965 c 9 s 33 29.51.060; 34 35 (49) RCW 29A.44.221 (Casting vote) and 2004 c 271 s 137; (50) RCW 29A.44.225 (Voter using electronic voting device) and 2005 36 37 c 242 s 4; 38 (51) RCW 29A.44.231 (Record of participation) and 2004 c 271 s 138;

(52) RCW 29A.44.240 (Disabled voters) and 2003 c 111 s 1123, 2003 1 2 c 53 s 180, 1981 c 34 s 1, 1965 ex.s. c 101 s 17, & 1965 c 9 s 29.51.200; 3 (53) RCW 29A.44.250 (Tabulation of paper ballots before close of 4 5 polls) and 2003 c 111 s 1124 & 1990 c 59 s 54; (54) RCW 29A.44.260 (Voters in polling place at closing time) and б 7 2003 c 111 s 1125; 8 (55) RCW 29A.44.265 (Provisional ballot after polls close) and 2004 9 c 267 s 501; (56) RCW 29A.44.270 (Unused ballots) and 2003 c 111 s 1126, 1990 c 10 59 s 52, 1977 ex.s. c 361 s 84, 1965 ex.s. c 101 s 6, & 1965 c 9 s 11 12 29.54.010; (57) RCW 29A.44.280 (Duties of election officers after unused 13 ballots secure) and 2003 c 111 s 1127 & 1990 c 59 s 53; 14 (58) RCW 29A.44.290 (Return of precinct lists after election--15 16 Public records) and 2003 c 111 s 1128; 17 (59) RCW 29A.44.310 (Initialization) and 2003 c 111 s 1129; (60) RCW 29A.44.320 (Delivery and sealing) and 2003 c 111 s 1130; 18 19 (61) RCW 29A.44.330 (Memory packs) and 2003 c 111 s 1131; 20 (62) RCW 29A.44.340 (Incorrectly marked ballots) and 2003 c 111 s 1132; 21 22 (63) RCW 29A.44.350 (Failure of device) and 2004 c 267 s 320 & 2003 23 c 111 s 1133; 24 (64) RCW 29A.44.410 (Appointment of judges and inspector) and 2003 25 c 111 s 1134, 1991 c 106 s 1, 1983 1st ex.s. c 71 s 7, 1965 ex.s. c 101 s 1, & 1965 c 9 s 29.45.010; 26 27 (65) RCW 29A.44.420 (Appointment of clerks--Party representation--Hour to report) and 2003 c 111 s 1135, 1965 ex.s. c 101 s 2, & 1965 c 28 9 s 29.45.020; 29 (66) RCW 29A.44.430 (Nomination) and 2003 c 111 s 1136, 1991 c 106 30 31 s 2, 1987 c 295 s 16, 1965 ex.s. c 101 s 3, & 1965 c 9 s 29.45.030; 32 (67) RCW 29A.44.440 (Vacancies--How filled--Inspector's authority) and 2003 c 111 s 1137; 33 (68) RCW 29A.44.450 (One set of precinct election officers, 34 exceptions--Counting board--Receiving board) and 2003 c 111 s 1138, 35 1994 c 223 s 91, 1973 c 102 s 2, 1965 ex.s. c 101 s 4, & 1965 c 9 s 36 37 29.45.050; 38 (69) RCW 29A.44.460 (Duties--Generally) and 2003 c 111 s 1139;

1 (70) RCW 29A.44.470 (Application to other primaries or elections) 2 and 2003 c 111 s 1140; 3 (71) RCW 29A.44.480 (Inspector as chair--Authority) and 2003 c 111 4 s 1141 & 1965 c 9 s 29.45.070; (72) RCW 29A.44.490 (Oaths of officers required) and 2003 c 111 s 5 1142; б 7 (73) RCW 29A.44.500 (Oath of inspectors, form) and 2003 c 111 s 8 1143; (74) RCW 29A.44.510 (Oath of judges, form) and 2003 c 111 s 1144; 9 10 (75) RCW 29A.44.520 (Oath of clerks, form) and 2003 c 111 s 1145; (76) RCW 29A.44.530 (Compensation) and 2003 c 111 s 1146, 1971 11 12 ex.s. c 124 s 2, & 1965 c 9 s 29.45.120; 13 (77) RCW 29A.46.010 ("Disability access voting location.") and 2004 14 c 267 s 301; (78) RCW 29A.46.020 ("Disability access voting period.") and 2006 15 16 c 207 s 5 & 2004 c 267 s 302; 17 (79) RCW 29A.46.030 ("In-person disability access voting.") and 2004 c 267 s 303; 18 (80) RCW 29A.46.110 (When allowed--Multiple voting prevention) and 19 2006 c 207 s 6 & 2004 c 267 s 304; 20 21 (81) RCW 29A.46.120 (Locations and hours) and 2004 c 267 s 305; 22 (82) RCW 29A.46.130 (Compliance with federal and state 23 requirements) and 2004 c 267 s 306; (83) RCW 29A.48.010 (Mail ballot counties and precincts) and 2009 24 c 103 s 1, 2005 c 241 s 1, & 2004 c 266 s 14; 25 26 (84) RCW 29A.48.020 (Special elections) and 2004 c 266 s 15; 27 (85) RCW 29A.48.030 (Odd-year primaries) and 2003 c 111 s 1203; 28 (86) RCW 29A.48.040 (Depositing ballots--Replacement ballots) and 29 2003 c 111 s 1204, 2001 c 241 s 18, & 1983 1st ex.s. c 71 s 3; (87) RCW 29A.48.050 (Return of voted ballot) and 2006 c 206 s 8 & 30 2003 c 111 s 1205; 31 (88) RCW 29A.48.060 (Ballot contents--Counting) and 2003 c 111 s 32 1206, 2001 c 241 s 20, 1993 c 417 s 5, 1990 c 59 s 76, 1983 1st ex.s. 33 c 71 s 5, & 1967 ex.s. c 109 s 7; 34 35 (89) RCW 29A.52.311 (Notice of primary) and 2004 c 271 s 145; 36 (90) RCW 29A.52.351 (Notice of election) and 2004 c 271 s 175; 37 (91) RCW 29A.60.030 (Tabulation continuous) and 2004 c 266 s 16 & 2003 c 111 s 1503; 38

(92) RCW 29A.60.080 (Sealing of voting devices--Exceptions) and 1 2 2004 c 266 s 17 & 2003 c 111 s 1508; (93) RCW 29A.84.525 (Electioneering by disability access voting 3 election officer) and 2004 c 267 s 309; 4 (94) RCW 29A.84.670 (Unlawful acts by voters--Penalty) and 2003 c 5 53 s 181 & 1965 c 9 s 29.51.230; б (95) RCW 29A.84.670 (Unlawful acts by voters) and 2003 c 111 s 2134 7 8 & 1965 c 9 s 29.51.230; and (96) RCW 29A.84.740 (Returns and posted copy of results--Tampering 9 with) and 2003 c 111 s 2140. 10 11 NEW SECTION. Sec. 87. RCW 29A.46.260 is recodified as a section 12 in chapter 29A.04 RCW. 13 NEW SECTION. Sec. 88. Sections 53 and 58 of this act take effect 14 July 1, 2013.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 89. Sections 52 and 57 of this act expire July 16 1, 2013.

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