H-0373.1		

## HOUSE BILL 1170

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State of Washington 62nd Legislature 2011 Regular Session

By Representatives Roberts, Hope, Dickerson, Dammeier, Green, Rolfes, Haigh, Appleton, Walsh, Ormsby, Darneille, and Kenney

Read first time 01/13/11. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

- AN ACT Relating to triage facilities; amending RCW 71.05.153 and
- 2 10.31.110; and reenacting and amending RCW 71.05.020.

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- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 Sec. 1. RCW 71.05.020 and 2009 c 320 s 1 and 2009 c 217 s 20 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
  - The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
    - (1) "Admission" or "admit" means a decision by a physician or psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner that a person should be examined or treated as a patient in a hospital;
    - (2) "Antipsychotic medications" means that class of drugs primarily used to treat serious manifestations of mental illness associated with thought disorders, which includes, but is not limited to atypical antipsychotic medications;
- 15 (3) "Attending staff" means any person on the staff of a public or 16 private agency having responsibility for the care and treatment of a 17 patient;
- 18 (4) "Commitment" means the determination by a court that a person

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should be detained for a period of either evaluation or treatment, or 2 both, in an inpatient or a less restrictive setting;

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- (5) "Conditional release" means a revocable modification of a commitment, which may be revoked upon violation of any of its terms;
- (6) "Crisis stabilization unit" means a short-term facility or a portion of a facility licensed by the department of health and certified by the department of social and health services under RCW 71.24.035, such as an evaluation and treatment facility or a hospital, which has been designed to assess, diagnose, and treat individuals experiencing an acute crisis without the use of long-term hospitalization;
- (7) "Custody" means involuntary detention under the provisions of this chapter or chapter 10.77 RCW, uninterrupted by any period of unconditional release from commitment from a facility providing involuntary care and treatment;
- (8) "Department" means the department of social 16 and health 17 services;
  - (9) "Designated chemical dependency specialist" means a person designated by the county alcoholism and other drug addiction program coordinator designated under RCW 70.96A.310 to perform the commitment duties described in chapters 70.96A and 70.96B RCW;
  - "Designated crisis responder" means а mental professional appointed by the county or the regional support network to perform the duties specified in this chapter;
  - (11) "Designated mental health professional" means a mental health professional designated by the county or other authority authorized in rule to perform the duties specified in this chapter;
  - (12) "Detention" or "detain" means the lawful confinement of a person, under the provisions of this chapter;
  - (13) "Developmental disabilities professional" means a person who has specialized training and three years of experience in directly treating or working with persons with developmental disabilities and is a psychiatrist, psychologist, psychiatric advanced registered nurse social worker, other practitioner, or and such developmental disabilities professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary;
- 37 (14) "Developmental disability" means that condition defined in RCW 38 71A.10.020(3);

HB 1170 p. 2 (15) "Discharge" means the termination of hospital medical authority. The commitment may remain in place, be terminated, or be amended by court order;

- (16) "Evaluation and treatment facility" means any facility which can provide directly, or by direct arrangement with other public or private agencies, emergency evaluation and treatment, outpatient care, and timely and appropriate inpatient care to persons suffering from a mental disorder, and which is certified as such by the department. A physically separate and separately operated portion of a state hospital may be designated as an evaluation and treatment facility. A facility which is part of, or operated by, the department or any federal agency will not require certification. No correctional institution or facility, or jail, shall be an evaluation and treatment facility within the meaning of this chapter;
- (17) "Gravely disabled" means a condition in which a person, as a result of a mental disorder: (a) Is in danger of serious physical harm resulting from a failure to provide for his or her essential human needs of health or safety; or (b) manifests severe deterioration in routine functioning evidenced by repeated and escalating loss of cognitive or volitional control over his or her actions and is not receiving such care as is essential for his or her health or safety;
- (18) "Habilitative services" means those services provided by program personnel to assist persons in acquiring and maintaining life skills and in raising their levels of physical, mental, social, and vocational functioning. Habilitative services include education, training for employment, and therapy. The habilitative process shall be undertaken with recognition of the risk to the public safety presented by the person being assisted as manifested by prior charged criminal conduct;
- (19) "History of one or more violent acts" refers to the period of time ten years prior to the filing of a petition under this chapter, excluding any time spent, but not any violent acts committed, in a mental health facility or in confinement as a result of a criminal conviction;
- (20) "Imminent" means the state or condition of being likely to occur at any moment or near at hand, rather than distant or remote;
  - (21) "Individualized service plan" means a plan prepared by a

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- developmental disabilities professional with other professionals as a team, for a person with developmental disabilities, which shall state:
- (a) The nature of the person's specific problems, prior charged criminal behavior, and habilitation needs;
- (b) The conditions and strategies necessary to achieve the purposes of habilitation;
- (c) The intermediate and long-range goals of the habilitation program, with a projected timetable for the attainment;
- (d) The rationale for using this plan of habilitation to achieve those intermediate and long-range goals;
  - (e) The staff responsible for carrying out the plan;

- (f) Where relevant in light of past criminal behavior and due consideration for public safety, the criteria for proposed movement to less-restrictive settings, criteria for proposed eventual discharge or release, and a projected possible date for discharge or release; and
- (g) The type of residence immediately anticipated for the person and possible future types of residences;
- (22) "Information related to mental health services" means all information and records compiled, obtained, or maintained in the course of providing services to either voluntary or involuntary recipients of services by a mental health service provider. This may include documents of legal proceedings under this chapter or chapter 71.34 or 10.77 RCW, or somatic health care information;
- (23) "Judicial commitment" means a commitment by a court pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;
  - (24) "Legal counsel" means attorneys and staff employed by county prosecutor offices or the state attorney general acting in their capacity as legal representatives of public mental health service providers under RCW 71.05.130;
    - (25) "Likelihood of serious harm" means:
- (a) A substantial risk that: (i) Physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon his or her own person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to commit suicide or inflict physical harm on oneself; (ii) physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon another, as evidenced by behavior which has caused such harm or which places another person or persons in reasonable fear of sustaining such harm; or (iii) physical harm will be inflicted by a person upon the property of

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others, as evidenced by behavior which has caused substantial loss or damage to the property of others; or

- (b) The person has threatened the physical safety of another and has a history of one or more violent acts;
- (26) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or emotional impairment which has substantial adverse effects on a person's cognitive or volitional functions;
- (27) "Mental health professional" means a psychiatrist, psychologist, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, psychiatric nurse, or social worker, and such other mental health professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;
- (28) "Mental health service provider" means a public or private agency that provides mental health services to persons with mental disorders as defined under this section and receives funding from public sources. This includes, but is not limited to, hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, evaluation and treatment facilities as defined in this section, community mental health service delivery systems or community mental health programs as defined in RCW 71.24.025, facilities conducting competency evaluations and restoration under chapter 10.77 RCW, and correctional facilities operated by state and local governments;
- (29) "Peace officer" means a law enforcement official of a public agency or governmental unit, and includes persons specifically given peace officer powers by any state law, local ordinance, or judicial order of appointment;
- (30) "Private agency" means any person, partnership, corporation, or association that is not a public agency, whether or not financed in whole or in part by public funds, which constitutes an evaluation and treatment facility or private institution, or hospital, which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, the care and treatment of persons who are mentally ill;
- (31) "Professional person" means a mental health professional and shall also mean a physician, psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner, registered nurse, and such others as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;

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1 (32) "Psychiatric advanced registered nurse practitioner" means a 2 person who is licensed as an advanced registered nurse practitioner 3 pursuant to chapter 18.79 RCW; and who is board certified in advanced 4 practice psychiatric and mental health nursing;

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- (33) "Psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician and surgeon in this state who has in addition completed three years of graduate training in psychiatry in a program approved by the American medical association or the American osteopathic association and is certified or eligible to be certified by the American board of psychiatry and neurology;
- (34) "Psychologist" means a person who has been licensed as a psychologist pursuant to chapter 18.83 RCW;
- (35) "Public agency" means any evaluation and treatment facility or institution, or hospital which is conducted for, or includes a department or ward conducted for, the care and treatment of persons with mental illness, if the agency is operated directly by, federal, state, county, or municipal government, or a combination of such governments;
- (36) "Registration records" include all the records of the department, regional support networks, treatment facilities, and other persons providing services to the department, county departments, or facilities which identify persons who are receiving or who at any time have received services for mental illness;
- 24 (37) "Release" means legal termination of the commitment under the provisions of this chapter;
- 26 (38) "Resource management services" has the meaning given in 27 chapter 71.24 RCW;
- 28 (39) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social 29 and health services, or his or her designee;
- 30 (40) "Serious violent offense" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 9.94A.030;
  - (41) "Social worker" means a person with a master's or further advanced degree from an accredited school of social work or a degree deemed equivalent under rules adopted by the secretary;
- 35 (42) "Therapeutic court personnel" means the staff of a mental 36 health court or other therapeutic court which has jurisdiction over 37 defendants who are dually diagnosed with mental disorders, including

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court personnel, probation officers, a court monitor, prosecuting attorney, or defense counsel acting within the scope of therapeutic court duties;

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- (43) "Triage facility" means a short-term facility or a portion of a facility licensed by the department of health and certified by the department of social and health services under RCW 71.24.035, which is designed as a facility to assess and stabilize an individual or determine the need for involuntary commitment of an individual, and must meet department of health residential treatment facility standards;
- 11 (44) "Treatment records" include registration and all other records 12 concerning persons who are receiving or who at any time have received 13 services for mental illness, which are maintained by the department, by and their staffs, and by treatment 14 regional support networks 15 facilities. Treatment records include mental health information contained in a medical bill including but not limited to mental health 16 drugs, a mental health diagnosis, provider name, and dates of service 17 stemming from a medical service. Treatment records do not include 18 19 notes or records maintained for personal use by a person providing 20 treatment services for the department, regional support networks, or a 21 treatment facility if the notes or records are not available to others; 22 (((44+))) (45) "Violent act" means behavior that resulted in 23 homicide, attempted suicide, nonfatal injuries, or substantial damage 24 to property.
- 25 **Sec. 2.** RCW 71.05.153 and 2007 c 375 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) When a designated mental health professional receives information alleging that a person, as the result of a mental disorder, presents an imminent likelihood of serious harm, or is in imminent danger because of being gravely disabled, after investigation and evaluation of the specific facts alleged and of the reliability and credibility of the person or persons providing the information if any, the designated mental health professional may take such person, or cause by oral or written order such person to be taken into emergency custody in an evaluation and treatment facility for not more than seventy-two hours as described in RCW 71.05.180.

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- (2) A peace officer may take or cause such person to be taken into custody and immediately delivered to a <u>triage facility</u>, crisis stabilization unit, ((an)) evaluation and treatment facility, or the emergency department of a local hospital under the following circumstances:
  - (a) Pursuant to subsection (1) of this section; or

- (b) When he or she has reasonable cause to believe that such person is suffering from a mental disorder and presents an imminent likelihood of serious harm or is in imminent danger because of being gravely disabled.
- (3) Persons delivered to a <u>triage facility</u>, crisis stabilization unit, evaluation and treatment facility, or the emergency department of a local hospital by peace officers pursuant to subsection (2) of this section may be held by the facility for a period of up to twelve hours: PROVIDED, That they are examined by a mental health professional within three hours of their arrival. Within twelve hours of their arrival, the designated mental health professional must determine whether the individual meets detention criteria. If the individual is detained, the designated mental health professional shall file a petition for detention or a supplemental petition as appropriate and commence service on the designated attorney for the detained person.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 10.31.110 and 2007 c 375 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) When a police officer has reasonable cause to believe that the individual has committed acts constituting a nonfelony crime that is not a serious offense as identified in RCW 10.77.092 and the individual is known by history or consultation with the regional support network to suffer from a mental disorder, the arresting officer may:
  - (a) Take the individual to a crisis stabilization unit as defined in RCW 71.05.020(6). Individuals delivered to a crisis stabilization unit pursuant to this section may be held by the facility for a period of up to twelve hours: PROVIDED, <u>That they are examined by a mental health professional within three hours of their arrival;</u>
- 34 (b) Take the individual to a triage facility as defined in RCW
  35 71.05.020. An individual delivered to a triage facility may be held up
  36 to a period of twelve hours: PROVIDED, That he or she is examined by
  37 a mental health professional within three hours of his or her arrival;

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1 (c) Refer the individual to a mental health professional for 2 evaluation for initial detention and proceeding under chapter 71.05 RCW; or

- $((\frac{c}{c}))$  (d) Release the individual upon agreement to voluntary participation in outpatient treatment.
- (2) In deciding whether to refer the individual to treatment under this section, the police officer shall be guided by standards mutually agreed upon with the prosecuting authority, which address, at a minimum, the length, seriousness, and recency of the known criminal history of the individual, the mental health history of the individual, where available, and the circumstances surrounding the commission of the alleged offense.
- (3) Any agreement to participate in treatment shall not require individuals to stipulate to any of the alleged facts regarding the criminal activity as a prerequisite to participation in a mental health treatment alternative. The agreement is inadmissible in any criminal or civil proceeding. The agreement does not create immunity from prosecution for the alleged criminal activity.
- (4) If an individual violates such agreement and the mental health treatment alternative is no longer appropriate:
- (a) The mental health provider shall inform the referring law enforcement agency of the violation; and
- (b) The original charges may be filed or referred to the prosecutor, as appropriate, and the matter may proceed accordingly.
- 25 (5) The police officer is immune from liability for any good faith conduct under this section.

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