H-1869.1			

## SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1337

State of Washington 62nd Legislature 2011 Regular Session

**By** House Health & Services Appropriations & Oversight Human (originally sponsored by Representatives Pettigrew, Walsh, Green, Orwall, Stanford, Moscoso, Kagi, Seaquist, Liias, Warnick, Appleton, Van De Wege, Roberts, Darneille, and Kenney)

READ FIRST TIME 02/17/11.

1 AN ACT Relating to creating the safety net assessment to fund 2 services for people with developmental disabilities; amending RCW 82.16.010, 82.16.020, 82.16.020, and 35.21.710; reenacting and amending 3 4 RCW 82.16.010; adding a new section to chapter 82.16 RCW; creating a 5 new section; providing an effective date; and providing an expiration 6 date.

- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON: 7
- RCW 82.16.010 and 2010 c 106 s 224 are each amended to 8 9 read as follows:
- 10 For the purposes of this chapter, unless otherwise required by the 11 context:
- 12 (1) "Community residential service business" means the business of 13 providing habilitation, instruction, and support to clients who have a disability meeting the definition of a developmental disability as 14 defined in RCW 71A.10.020(3). "Community residential service business" 15 16 also means a business that is licensed and/or certified by the aging and disabilities services administration at the department of social 17 and health services to provide the services described in this
- 18

19 subsection.

(2) "Express business" means the business of carrying property for public hire on the line of any common carrier operated in this state, when such common carrier is not owned or leased by the person engaging in such business.

- $((\frac{(2)}{2}))$  "Gas distribution business" means the business of operating a plant or system for the production or distribution for hire or sale of gas, whether manufactured or natural.
- ((+3)) (4) "Gross income" means the value proceeding or accruing from the performance of the particular public service or transportation business involved, including operations incidental thereto, but without any deduction on account of the cost of the commodity furnished or sold, the cost of materials used, labor costs, interest, discount, delivery costs, taxes, or any other expense whatsoever paid or accrued and without any deduction on account of losses.
- $((\frac{4}{}))$  (5) "Light and power business" means the business of operating a plant or system for the generation, production or distribution of electrical energy for hire or sale and/or for the wheeling of electricity for others.
- (((5))) <u>(6)</u> "Log transportation business" means the business of transporting logs by truck, except when such transportation meets the definition of urban transportation business or occurs exclusively upon private roads.
- (((6))) (7) "Motor transportation business" means the business (except urban transportation business) of operating any motor propelled vehicle by which persons or property of others are conveyed for hire, and includes, but is not limited to, the operation of any motor propelled vehicle as an auto transportation company (except urban transportation business), common carrier, or contract carrier as defined by RCW 81.68.010 and 81.80.010. However, "motor transportation business" does not mean or include: (a) A log transportation business; or (b) the transportation of logs or other forest products exclusively upon private roads or private highways.
- $((\frac{(7)}{)})$  <u>(8)</u>(a) "Public service business" means any of the businesses defined in subsections (1), (2),  $((\frac{(4)}{,(6)}, (\frac{(9)}{,(10)}, (\frac{(10)}{,(12)}, \frac{(12)}{,(13)}))$  <u>(3)</u>, (5), (7), (9), (10), (11), (13), and (14) of this section or any business subject to control by the state, or having the powers of eminent domain and the duties incident thereto, or any business hereafter declared by the legislature to be of a public

- service nature, except telephone business and low-level radioactive waste site operating companies as redefined in RCW 81.04.010. It includes, among others, without limiting the scope hereof: Airplane transportation, boom, dock, ferry, pipe line, toll bridge, toll logging road, water transportation and wharf businesses.
  - (b) The definitions in this subsection  $((\frac{7}{1}))$  <u>(8)</u>(b) apply throughout this subsection  $((\frac{7}{1}))$  <u>(8)</u>.

6

7

2526

27

28

29

30

3132

33

3435

36

37

38

- 8 (i) "Competitive telephone service" has the same meaning as in RCW 9 82.04.065.
- 10 (ii) "Network telephone service" means the providing by any person of access to a telephone network, telephone network switching service, 11 12 toll service, or coin telephone services, or the providing of 13 telephonic, video, data, or similar communication or transmission for 14 hire, via a telephone network, toll line or channel, cable, microwave, or similar communication or transmission system. "Network telephone 15 service" includes the provision of transmission to and from the site of 16 17 an internet provider via a telephone network, toll line or channel, cable, microwave, or similar communication or transmission system. 18 "Network telephone service" does not include the providing of 19 competitive telephone service, the providing of cable television 20 21 service, the providing of broadcast services by radio or television 22 stations, nor the provision of internet access as defined in RCW 23 82.04.297, including the reception of dial-in connection, provided at 24 the site of the internet service provider.
  - (iii) "Telephone business" means the business of providing network telephone service. It includes cooperative or farmer line telephone companies or associations operating an exchange.
  - (iv) "Telephone service" means competitive telephone service or network telephone service, or both, as defined in (b)(i) and (ii) of this subsection.
  - $((\frac{(8)}{)})$  "Railroad business" means the business of operating any railroad, by whatever power operated, for public use in the conveyance of persons or property for hire. It shall not, however, include any business herein defined as an urban transportation business.
  - ((+9)) (10) "Railroad car business" means the business of operating stock cars, furniture cars, refrigerator cars, fruit cars, poultry cars, tank cars, sleeping cars, parlor cars, buffet cars, tourist cars, or any other kinds of cars used for transportation of

p. 3 SHB 1337

property or persons upon the line of any railroad operated in this state when such railroad is not owned or leased by the person engaging in such business.

1 2

3

4

5

6 7

8

31

32

(((10))) (11) "Telegraph business" means the business of affording telegraphic communication for hire.

- $((\frac{11}{11}))$  (12) "Tugboat business" means the business of operating tugboats, towboats, wharf boats or similar vessels in the towing or pushing of vessels, barges or rafts for hire.
- 9  $((\frac{12}{12}))$  (13) "Urban transportation business" means the business of 10 operating any vehicle for public use in the conveyance of persons or property for hire, insofar as (a) operating entirely within the 11 12 corporate limits of any city or town, or within five miles of the corporate limits thereof, or (b) operating entirely within and between 13 14 cities and towns whose corporate limits are not more than five miles apart or within five miles of the corporate limits of either thereof. 15 Included herein, but without limiting the scope hereof, is the business 16 17 of operating passenger vehicles of every type and also the business of operating cartage, pickup, or delivery services, including in such 18 19 services the collection and distribution of property arriving from or destined to a point within or without the state, whether or not such 20 21 collection or distribution be made by the person performing a local or 22 interstate line-haul of such property.
- $((\frac{(13)}{(14)}))$  <u>(14)</u> "Water distribution business" means the business of operating a plant or system for the distribution of water for hire or sale.
- ((<del>(14)</del>)) <u>(15)</u> The meaning attributed, in chapter 82.04 RCW, to the term "tax year," "person," "value proceeding or accruing," "business," "engaging in business," "in this state," "within this state," "cash discount" and "successor" applies equally in the provisions of this chapter.
  - Sec. 2. RCW 82.16.010 and 2009 c 535 s 1110 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- For the purposes of this chapter, unless otherwise required by the context:
- 35 (1) "Community residential service business" means the business of 36 providing habilitation, instruction, and support to clients who have a 37 disability meeting the definition of a developmental disability as

defined in RCW 71A.10.020(3). "Community residential service business" also means a business that is licensed and/or certified by the aging and disabilities services administration at the department of social and health services to provide the services described in this subsection.

- (2) "Express business" means the business of carrying property for public hire on the line of any common carrier operated in this state, when such common carrier is not owned or leased by the person engaging in such business.
- $((\frac{(2)}{2}))$  "Gas distribution business" means the business of operating a plant or system for the production or distribution for hire or sale of gas, whether manufactured or natural.
- ((+3)) (4) "Gross income" means the value proceeding or accruing from the performance of the particular public service or transportation business involved, including operations incidental thereto, but without any deduction on account of the cost of the commodity furnished or sold, the cost of materials used, labor costs, interest, discount, delivery costs, taxes, or any other expense whatsoever paid or accrued and without any deduction on account of losses.
- ((4))) (5) "Light and power business" means the business of operating a plant or system for the generation, production or distribution of electrical energy for hire or sale and/or for the wheeling of electricity for others.
- (((5))) (6) "Motor transportation business" means the business (except urban transportation business) of operating any motor propelled vehicle by which persons or property of others are conveyed for hire, and includes, but is not limited to, the operation of any motor propelled vehicle as an auto transportation company (except urban transportation business), common carrier, or contract carrier as defined by RCW 81.68.010 and 81.80.010. However, "motor transportation business" does not mean or include the transportation of logs or other forest products exclusively upon private roads or private highways.
- (((6))) <u>(7)</u>(a) "Public service business" means any of the businesses defined in subsections (((1), (2), (4), (5), (7), (8), (9), (11), and (12))) <u>(2)</u>, <u>(3)</u>, <u>(5)</u>, <u>(6)</u>, <u>(8)</u>, <u>(9)</u>, <u>(10)</u>, <u>(12)</u>, and <u>(13)</u> of this section or any business subject to control by the state, or having the powers of eminent domain and the duties incident thereto, or any business hereafter declared by the legislature to be of a public

p. 5 SHB 1337

- service nature, except telephone business and low-level radioactive waste site operating companies as redefined in RCW 81.04.010. It includes, among others, without limiting the scope hereof: Airplane
- 4 transportation, boom, dock, ferry, pipe line, toll bridge, toll logging 5 road, water transportation and wharf businesses.
- 6 (b) The definitions in this subsection  $((\frac{(6)}{(6)}))$   $\underline{(7)}(b)$  apply 7 throughout this subsection  $((\frac{(6)}{(6)}))$   $\underline{(7)}$ .
- 8 (i) "Competitive telephone service" has the same meaning as in RCW 9 82.04.065.
- 10 (ii) "Network telephone service" means the providing by any person of access to a telephone network, telephone network switching service, 11 12 toll service, or coin telephone services, or the providing of 13 telephonic, video, data, or similar communication or transmission for 14 hire, via a telephone network, toll line or channel, cable, microwave, or similar communication or transmission system. "Network telephone 15 service" includes the provision of transmission to and from the site of 16 17 an internet provider via a telephone network, toll line or channel, cable, microwave, or similar communication or transmission system. 18 "Network telephone service" does not include the providing of 19 competitive telephone service, the providing of cable television 20 21 service, the providing of broadcast services by radio or television 22 stations, nor the provision of internet access as defined in RCW 23 82.04.297, including the reception of dial-in connection, provided at 24 the site of the internet service provider.
  - (iii) "Telephone business" means the business of providing network telephone service. It includes cooperative or farmer line telephone companies or associations operating an exchange.
  - (iv) "Telephone service" means competitive telephone service or network telephone service, or both, as defined in (b)(i) and (ii) of this subsection.
  - $((\frac{7}{}))$  (8) "Railroad business" means the business of operating any railroad, by whatever power operated, for public use in the conveyance of persons or property for hire. It  $(\frac{\text{shall}}{\text{shall}})$  may not, however, include any business herein defined as an urban transportation business.
- $((\frac{(8)}{)})$  (9) "Railroad car business" means the business of operating stock cars, furniture cars, refrigerator cars, fruit cars, poultry cars, tank cars, sleeping cars, parlor cars, buffet cars, tourist cars,

SHB 1337 p. 6

25

26

27

28

29

30

3132

33

3435

or any other kinds of cars used for transportation of property or persons upon the line of any railroad operated in this state when such railroad is not owned or leased by the person engaging in such business.

((+9))) <u>(10)</u> "Telegraph business" means the business of affording telegraphic communication for hire.

(((10))) (11) "Tugboat business" means the business of operating tugboats, towboats, wharf boats or similar vessels in the towing or pushing of vessels, barges or rafts for hire.

((\(\frac{(11)}\))) (12) "Urban transportation business" means the business of operating any vehicle for public use in the conveyance of persons or property for hire, insofar as (a) operating entirely within the corporate limits of any city or town, or within five miles of the corporate limits thereof, or (b) operating entirely within and between cities and towns whose corporate limits are not more than five miles apart or within five miles of the corporate limits of either thereof. Included herein, but without limiting the scope hereof, is the business of operating passenger vehicles of every type and also the business of operating cartage, pickup, or delivery services, including in such services the collection and distribution of property arriving from or destined to a point within or without the state, whether or not such collection or distribution be made by the person performing a local or interstate line-haul of such property.

 $((\frac{12}{12}))$  <u>(13)</u> "Water distribution business" means the business of operating a plant or system for the distribution of water for hire or sale.

 $((\frac{13}{13}))$  (14) The meaning attributed, in chapter 82.04 RCW, to the term "tax year," "person," "value proceeding or accruing," "business," "engaging in business," "in this state," "within this state," "cash discount" and "successor" shall apply equally in the provisions of this chapter.

- Sec. 3. RCW 82.16.020 and 2009 c 469 s 702 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) There is levied and ((there shall be)) collected from every person a tax for the act or privilege of engaging within this state in any one or more of the businesses herein mentioned. The tax ((shall)

p. 7 SHB 1337

- be)) is equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate set out after the business, as follows:
- 3 (a) Express, sewerage collection, and telegraph businesses: Three 4 and six-tenths percent;
- 5 (b) Light and power business: Three and sixty-two one-hundredths 6 percent;

7

8

14

19

2021

22

23

24

2526

27

2829

- (c) Gas distribution business: Three and six-tenths percent;
- (d) Urban transportation business: Six-tenths of one percent;
- 9 (e) Vessels under sixty-five feet in length, except tugboats, 10 operating upon the waters within the state: Six-tenths of one percent;
- 11 (f) Motor transportation, railroad, railroad car, and tugboat 12 businesses, and all public service businesses other than ones mentioned 13 above: One and eight-tenths of one percent;
  - (g) Water distribution business: Four and seven-tenths percent;
- 15 (h) Log transportation business: One and twenty-eight one-16 hundredths percent;
- 17 <u>(i) Community residential service business: Four and seven-tenths</u>
  18 <u>percent</u>.
  - (2) An additional tax is imposed equal to the rate specified in RCW 82.02.030 multiplied by the tax payable under subsection (1) of this section.
    - (3) Twenty percent of the moneys collected under subsection (1) of this section on water distribution businesses and sixty percent of the moneys collected under subsection (1) of this section on sewerage collection businesses ((shall)) <u>must</u> be deposited in the public works assistance account created in RCW 43.155.050.
  - (4) 80.5 percent of the moneys collected under subsection (1)(i) of this section must be deposited in the community residential investment account.
- 30 (5) If at any time the centers for medicare and medicaid services
  31 make a determination that any federal matching funds appropriated in
  32 conjunction with appropriations from the community residential
  33 investment account cannot be validly appropriated, the tax under
  34 subsection (1)(i) of this section must cease to be imposed.
- 35 **Sec. 4.** RCW 82.16.020 and 1996 c 150 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- 37 (1) There is levied and ((there shall be)) collected from every

person a tax for the act or privilege of engaging within this state in any one or more of the businesses herein mentioned. The tax ((shall be)) is equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate set out after the business, as follows:

5

6 7

8

9 10

11

12

13

14

15

16

19

2021

22

23

24

2526

27

2829

- (a) Express, sewerage collection, and telegraph businesses: Three and six-tenths percent;
- (b) Light and power business: Three and sixty-two one-hundredths percent;
  - (c) Gas distribution business: Three and six-tenths percent;
  - (d) Urban transportation business: Six-tenths of one percent;
- (e) Vessels under sixty-five feet in length, except tugboats, operating upon the waters within the state: Six-tenths of one percent;
- (f) Motor transportation, railroad, railroad car, and tugboat businesses, and all public service businesses other than ones mentioned above: One and eight-tenths of one percent;
  - (g) Water distribution business: Four and seven-tenths percent:
- 17 <u>(h) Community residential service business: Four and seven-tenths</u>
  18 <u>percent</u>.
  - (2) An additional tax is imposed equal to the rate specified in RCW 82.02.030 multiplied by the tax payable under subsection (1) of this section.
  - (3) Twenty percent of the moneys collected under subsection (1) of this section on water distribution businesses and sixty percent of the moneys collected under subsection (1) of this section on sewerage collection businesses ((shall)) <u>must</u> be deposited in the public works assistance account created in RCW 43.155.050.
  - (4) 80.5 percent of the moneys collected under subsection (1)(h) of this section must be deposited in the community residential investment account.
- 30 (5) If at any time the centers for medicare and medicaid services
  31 make a determination that any federal matching funds appropriated in
  32 conjunction with appropriations from the community residential
  33 investment account and the home and community based investment account
  34 cannot be validly appropriated, the tax under subsection (1)(h) of this
  35 section must cease to be imposed.
- 36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** A new section is added to chapter 82.16 RCW 37 to read as follows:

p. 9 SHB 1337

(1) The community residential investment account is created in the state treasury. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may only be used for the following purposes:

- (a) To increase rates paid to community residential service businesses from the rates provided in section 205(1), chapter 564, Laws of 2009; or
- (b) To enhance the rates paid to increase compensation to staff providing habilitative instruction and support services, and homogenize administrative and indirect client support rates.
- (2) The home and community based services investment account is created in the state treasury. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may only be used for home and community based services provided by the aging and disabilities services administration at the department of social and health services.
- 17 (3) Whenever vendor rates for supported living providers are established, or otherwise affected by legislative action, the funding for the vendor rates must be allocated such that the difference in vendor rates of King and Snohomish counties remains the same as established in 2010.

## **Sec. 6.** RCW 35.21.710 and 2002 c 179 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Any city which imposes a license fee or tax upon business activities consisting of the making of retail sales of tangible personal property which are measured by gross receipts or gross income from such sales, ((shall)) must impose such tax at a single uniform rate upon all such business activities. The taxing authority granted to cities for taxes upon business activities measured by gross receipts or gross income from sales ((shall)) may not exceed a rate of .0020; except that any city with an adopted ordinance at a higher rate, as of January 1, 1982 ((shall)) must be limited to a maximum increase of ten percent of the January 1982 rate, not to exceed an annual incremental increase of two percent of current rate((: PROVIDED, That)). However:

Any adopted ordinance which classifies according to different types of business or services ((shall be)) is subject to both the ten percent and the two percent annual incremental increase limitation on each tax

rate((: PROVIDED FURTHER, That)); and all surtaxes on business and 1 2 occupation classifications in effect as of January 1, 1982, ((shall)) must expire no later than December 31, 1982, or by expiration date 3 4 established by local ordinance. Cities which impose a license fee or tax upon business activities consisting of the making of retail sales 5 6 of tangible personal property which are measured by gross receipts or 7 gross income from such sales ((shall)) must be required to submit an 8 annual report to the state auditor identifying the rate established and 9 the revenues received from each fee or tax. This section ((shall)) does not apply to any business activities subject to the tax imposed by 10 11 chapter 82.16 RCW, except community residential service businesses. 12 For purposes of this section, the providing to consumers of competitive 13 telephone service, as defined in RCW 82.04.065, or the providing of 14 payphone service, ((shall be)) is subject to tax at the same rate as 15 business activities consisting of the making of retail sales of tangible personal property. As used in this section, 16 service" means making telephone service available to the public on a 17 fee-per-call basis, independent of any other commercial transaction, 18 19 for the purpose of making telephone calls, when the telephone can only be activated by inserting coins, calling collect, using a calling card 20 21 or credit card, or dialing a toll-free number, and the provider of the 22 service owns or leases the telephone equipment but does not own the 23 telephone line providing the service to that equipment and has no 24 affiliation with the owner of the telephone line.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. By June 30, 2016, the joint legislative audit and review committee in consultation with the department of social and health services and the department of revenue, must conduct a review of the taxes imposed by this act on community residential services businesses. In this review, the committee must consult with a broad range of interested stakeholders. The review must consider issues including benefits of the tax, compliance with the tax, any determinations by the centers for medicaid and medicare services regarding the tax, administrative costs, other administrative issues and other issues deemed appropriate. The committee must report to the legislature on its findings and any recommendations related to the taxes imposed in this act and related services funded by these taxes by December 1, 2016.

25

26

27

2829

30

31

32

3334

35

36

37

p. 11 SHB 1337

- 1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** Sections 2 and 4 of this act take effect
- 2 June 30, 2013.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** Sections 1 and 3 of this act expire June 30,
- 4 2013.

--- END ---