H-0214.2				

## HOUSE BILL 1423

State of Washington 62nd Legislature 2011 Regular Session

By Representatives Appleton, Rolfes, Haigh, Finn, and Seaquist

Read first time 01/20/11. Referred to Committee on Community Development & Housing.

- AN ACT Relating to encouraging economic development by exempting certain counties from the forest land compensating tax; amending RCW 84.33.145; and reenacting and amending RCW 84.33.140.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 84.33.140 and 2009 c 354 s 2, 2009 c 255 s 3, and 2009 c 246 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
  - (1) When land has been designated as forest land under RCW 84.33.130, a notation of the designation ((shall)) must be made each year upon the assessment and tax rolls. A copy of the notice of approval together with the legal description or assessor's parcel numbers for the land ((shall)) must, at the expense of the applicant, be filed by the assessor in the same manner as deeds are recorded.
  - (2) In preparing the assessment roll as of January 1, 2002, for taxes payable in 2003 and each January 1st thereafter, the assessor ((shall)) must list each parcel of designated forest land at a value with respect to the grade and class provided in this subsection and adjusted as provided in subsection (3) of this section. The assessor ((shall)) must compute the assessed value of the land using the same

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assessment ratio applied generally in computing the assessed value of other property in the county. Values for the several grades of bare forest land ((shall be)) are as follows:

4	LAND	OPERABILITY	VALUES
5	GRADE	CLASS	PER ACRE
6		1	\$234
7	1	2	229
8		3	217
9		4	157
10		1	198
11	2	2	190
12		3	183
13		4	132
14		1	154
15	3	2	149
16		3	148
17		4	113
18		1	117
19	4	2	114
20		3	113
21		4	86
22		1	85
23	5	2	78
24		3	77
25		4	52
26		1	43
27	6	2	39
28		3	39
29		4	37
30		1	21
31	7	2	21
32		3	20
33		4	20
34	8		1

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(3) On or before December 31, 2001, the department ((shall)) must adjust by rule under chapter 34.05 RCW, the forest land values contained in subsection (2) of this section in accordance with this subsection, and ((shall)) must certify the adjusted values to the assessor who will use these values in preparing the assessment roll as of January 1, 2002. For the adjustment to be made on or before December 31, 2001, for use in the 2002 assessment year, the department ((shall)) must:

- (a) Divide the aggregate value of all timber harvested within the state between July 1, 1996, and June 30, 2001, by the aggregate harvest volume for the same period, as determined from the harvester excise tax returns filed with the department under RCW 84.33.074; and
- (b) Divide the aggregate value of all timber harvested within the state between July 1, 1995, and June 30, 2000, by the aggregate harvest volume for the same period, as determined from the harvester excise tax returns filed with the department under RCW 84.33.074; and
- (c) Adjust the forest land values contained in subsection (2) of this section by a percentage equal to one-half of the percentage change in the average values of harvested timber reflected by comparing the resultant values calculated under (a) and (b) of this subsection.
- (4) For the adjustments to be made on or before December 31, 2002, and each succeeding year thereafter, the same procedure described in subsection (3) of this section ((shall)) must be followed using harvester excise tax returns filed under RCW 84.33.074. However, this adjustment ((shall)) must be made to the prior year's adjusted value, and the five-year periods for calculating average harvested timber values ((shall)) must be successively one year more recent.
- (5) Land graded, assessed, and valued as forest land ((shall)) must continue to be so graded, assessed, and valued until removal of designation by the assessor upon the occurrence of any of the following:
  - (a) Receipt of notice from the owner to remove the designation;
- (b) Sale or transfer to an ownership making the land exempt from ad valorem taxation;
- (c) Sale or transfer of all or a portion of the land to a new owner, unless the new owner has signed a notice of forest land designation continuance, except transfer to an owner who is an heir or devisee of a deceased owner, ((shall)) does not, by itself, result in

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removal of designation. The signed notice of continuance ((shall)) must be attached to the real estate excise tax affidavit provided for in RCW 82.45.150. The notice of continuance ((shall)) must be on a form prepared by the department. If the notice of continuance is not signed by the new owner and attached to the real estate excise tax affidavit, all compensating taxes calculated under subsection (11) of this section ((shall become)) are due and payable by the seller or transferor at time of sale. The auditor ((shall)) may not accept an instrument of conveyance regarding designated forest land for filing or recording unless the new owner has signed the notice of continuance or the compensating tax has been paid, as evidenced by the real estate excise tax stamp affixed thereto by the treasurer. The seller, transferor, or new owner may appeal the new assessed valuation calculated under subsection (11) of this section to the county board of equalization in accordance with the provisions of RCW 84.40.038. Jurisdiction is hereby conferred on the county board of equalization to hear these appeals;

- (d) Determination by the assessor, after giving the owner written notice and an opportunity to be heard, that:
- (i) The land is no longer primarily devoted to and used for growing and harvesting timber. However, land ((shall)) may not be removed from designation if a governmental agency, organization, or other recipient identified in subsection (13) or (14) of this section as exempt from the payment of compensating tax has manifested its intent in writing or by other official action to acquire a property interest in the designated forest land by means of a transaction that qualifies for an exemption under subsection (13) or (14) of this section. The governmental agency, organization, or recipient ((shall)) must annually provide the assessor of the county in which the land is located reasonable evidence in writing of the intent to acquire the designated land as long as the intent continues or within sixty days of a request by the assessor. The assessor may not request this evidence more than once in a calendar year;
- (ii) The owner has failed to comply with a final administrative or judicial order with respect to a violation of the restocking, forest management, fire protection, insect and disease control, and forest debris provisions of Title 76 RCW or any applicable rules under Title 76 RCW; or

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(iii) Restocking has not occurred to the extent or within the time specified in the application for designation of such land.

- (6) Land ((shall)) may not be removed from designation if there is a governmental restriction that prohibits, in whole or in part, the owner from harvesting timber from the owner's designated forest land. If only a portion of the parcel is impacted by governmental restrictions of this nature, the restrictions cannot be used as a basis to remove the remainder of the forest land from designation under this chapter. For the purposes of this section, "governmental restrictions" includes: (a) Any law, regulation, rule, ordinance, program, or other action adopted or taken by a federal, state, county, city, or other governmental entity; or (b) the land's zoning or its presence within an urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110.
- (7) The assessor ((shall have)) <u>has</u> the option of requiring an owner of forest land to file a timber management plan with the assessor upon the occurrence of one of the following:
  - (a) An application for designation as forest land is submitted; or
- (b) Designated forest land is sold or transferred and a notice of continuance, described in subsection (5)(c) of this section, is signed.
- (8) If land is removed from designation because of any of the circumstances listed in subsection (5)(a) through (c) of this section, the removal ((shall apply)) applies only to the land affected. If land is removed from designation because of subsection (5)(d) of this section, the removal ((shall apply)) applies only to the actual area of land that is no longer primarily devoted to the growing and harvesting of timber, without regard to any other land that may have been included in the application and approved for designation, as long as the remaining designated forest land meets the definition of forest land contained in RCW 84.33.035.
- (9) Within thirty days after the removal of designation as forest land, the assessor ((shall)) <u>must</u> notify the owner in writing, setting forth the reasons for the removal. The seller, transferor, or owner may appeal the removal to the county board of equalization in accordance with the provisions of RCW 84.40.038.
- (10) Unless the removal is reversed on appeal a copy of the notice of removal with a notation of the action, if any, upon appeal, together with the legal description or assessor's parcel numbers for the land removed from designation ((shall)) must, at the expense of the

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applicant, be filed by the assessor in the same manner as deeds are 1 2 recorded and a notation of removal from designation ((shall)) must immediately be made upon the assessment and tax rolls. 3 The assessor 4 ((shall)) must revalue the land to be removed with reference to its true and fair value as of January 1st of the year of removal from 5 designation. Both the assessed value before and after the removal of 6 7 designation ((shall)) must be listed. Taxes based on the value of the 8 land as forest land ((shall be)) are assessed and payable up until the 9 date of removal and taxes based on the true and fair value of the land 10 ((shall be)) are assessed and payable from the date of removal from 11 designation.

(11) Except as provided in subsection (5)(c), (13), or (14) of this section, a compensating tax ((shall be)) is imposed on land removed from designation as forest land. The compensating tax ((shall be)) is due and payable to the treasurer thirty days after the owner is notified of the amount of this tax. As soon as possible after the land is removed from designation, the assessor ((shall)) <u>must</u> compute the amount of compensating tax and mail a notice to the owner of the amount of compensating tax owed and the date on which payment of this tax is The amount of compensating tax ((shall be)) is equal to the difference between the amount of tax last levied on the land as designated forest land and an amount equal to the new assessed value of the land multiplied by the dollar rate of the last levy extended against the land, multiplied by a number, in no event greater than nine, equal to the number of years for which the land was designated as forest land, plus compensating taxes on the land at forest land values up until the date of removal and the prorated taxes on the land at true and fair value from the date of removal to the end of the current tax year.

(12) Compensating tax, together with applicable interest thereon, ((shall)) becomes a lien on the land, which ((shall attach)) attaches at the time the land is removed from designation as forest land and ((shall have)) has priority ((to)) and ((shall)) must be fully paid and satisfied before any recognizance, mortgage, judgment, debt, obligation, or responsibility to or with which the land may become charged or liable. The lien may be foreclosed upon expiration of the same period after delinquency and in the same manner provided by law for foreclosure of liens for delinquent real property taxes as provided

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in RCW 84.64.050. Any compensating tax unpaid on its due date 1 2 ((shall)) will thereupon become delinquent. From the 3 delinquency until paid, interest ((shall be)) is charged at the same 4 rate applied by law to delinquent ad valorem property taxes.

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- (13) The compensating tax specified in subsection (11) of this section ((shall)) may not be imposed if the removal of designation under subsection (5) of this section resulted solely from:
- (a) Transfer to a government entity in exchange for other forest land located within the state of Washington;
  - (b) A taking through the exercise of the power of eminent domain, or sale or transfer to an entity having the power of eminent domain in anticipation of the exercise of such power;
- (c) A donation of fee title, development rights, or the right to 14 harvest timber, to a government agency or organization qualified under RCW 84.34.210 and 64.04.130 for the purposes enumerated in those 15 sections, or the sale or transfer of fee title to a governmental entity 17 or a nonprofit nature conservancy corporation, as defined in RCW 64.04.130, exclusively for the protection and conservation of lands 18 recommended for state natural area preserve purposes by the natural heritage council and natural heritage plan as defined in chapter 79.70 20 21 RCW or approved for state natural resources conservation area purposes 22 as defined in chapter 79.71 RCW. At such time as the land is not used for the purposes enumerated, the compensating tax specified in 23 24 subsection (11) of this section ((shall be)) is imposed upon the 25 current owner;
  - (d) The sale or transfer of fee title to the parks and recreation commission for park and recreation purposes;
    - (e) Official action by an agency of the state of Washington or by the county or city within which the land is located that disallows the present use of the land;
- 31 (f) The creation, sale, or transfer of forestry riparian easements 32 under RCW 76.13.120;
- (g) The creation, sale, or transfer of a conservation easement of 33 private forest lands within unconfined channel migration zones or 34 35 containing critical habitat for threatened or endangered species under 36 RCW 76.09.040;
- 37 (h) The sale or transfer of land within two years after the death 38 of the owner of at least a fifty percent interest in the land if the

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- (i)(i) The discovery that the land was designated under this chapter in error through no fault of the owner. For purposes of this subsection (13)(i), "fault" means a knowingly false or misleading statement, or other act or omission not in good faith, that contributed to the approval of designation under this chapter or the failure of the assessor to remove the land from designation under this chapter.
- (ii) For purposes of this subsection (13), the discovery that land was designated under this chapter in error through no fault of the owner is not the sole reason for removal of designation under subsection (5) of this section if an independent basis for removal exists. An example of an independent basis for removal includes the land no longer being devoted to and used for growing and harvesting timber.
- (14) In a county with a population of more than six hundred thousand inhabitants or in a county with a population density of at least six hundred twenty-five, but not greater than six hundred seventy-five, inhabitants per square mile as determined by the office of financial management, the compensating tax specified in subsection (11) of this section ((shall)) may not be imposed if the removal of designation as forest land under subsection (5) of this section resulted solely from:
  - (a) An action described in subsection (13) of this section; or
- (b) A transfer of a property interest to a government entity, or to a nonprofit historic preservation corporation or nonprofit nature conservancy corporation, as defined in RCW 64.04.130, to protect or enhance public resources, or to preserve, maintain, improve, restore, limit the future use of, or otherwise to conserve for public use or enjoyment, the property interest being transferred. At such time as the property interest is not used for the purposes enumerated, the compensating tax ((shall be)) is imposed upon the current owner.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 84.33.145 and 2009 c 354 s 4 are each amended to read 37 as follows:

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- (1) If no later than thirty days after removal of designation the owner applies for classification under RCW 84.34.020 (1), (2), or (3), then the designated forest land ((shall)) may not be considered removed from designation for purposes of the compensating tax under RCW 84.33.140 until the application for current use classification under chapter 84.34 RCW is denied or the property is removed from classification under RCW 84.34.108. Upon removal of classification under RCW 84.34.108, the amount of compensating tax due under this chapter ((shall be)) is equal to:
- (a) The difference, if any, between the amount of tax last levied on the land as designated forest land and an amount equal to the new assessed valuation of the land when removed from classification under RCW 84.34.108 multiplied by the dollar rate of the last levy extended against the land, multiplied by
  - (b) A number equal to:

- (i) The number of years the land was designated under this chapter, if the total number of years the land was designated under this chapter and classified under chapter 84.34 RCW is less than ten; or
- (ii) Ten minus the number of years the land was classified under chapter 84.34 RCW, if the total number of years the land was designated under this chapter and classified under chapter 84.34 RCW is at least ten.
- (2) Nothing in this section authorizes the continued designation under this chapter or defers or reduces the compensating tax imposed upon forest land not transferred to classification under subsection (1) of this section which does not meet the definition of forest land under RCW 84.33.035. Nothing in this section affects the additional tax imposed under RCW 84.34.108.
- (3) In a county with a population of more than six hundred thousand inhabitants or in a county with a population density of at least six hundred twenty-five, but not greater than six hundred seventy-five, inhabitants per square mile as determined by the office of financial management, no amount of compensating tax is due under this section if the removal from classification under RCW 84.34.108 results from a transfer of property described in RCW 84.34.108(6).

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