SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1509

State of Washington 62nd Legislature 2011 Regular Session

By House Agriculture & Natural Resources (originally sponsored by Representatives Blake, Dunshee, and Ryu; by request of Commissioner of Public Lands)

READ FIRST TIME 02/16/11.

AN ACT Relating to the forestry riparian easement program; amending RCW 76.13.120, 76.13.140, and 76.13.160; adding a new section to chapter 76.13 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an expiration date.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 Sec. 1. RCW 76.13.120 and 2004 c 102 s 1 are each amended to read 7 as follows:

8 (1) The legislature finds that the state should acquire easements 9 primarily along riparian and other sensitive aquatic areas from 10 <u>qualifying</u> small forest landowners willing to sell or donate such 11 easements to the state provided that the state will not be required to 12 acquire such easements if they are subject to unacceptable liabilities. 13 The legislature therefore establishes a forestry riparian easement 14 program.

(2) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this
section and RCW 76.13.100 ((and)), 76.13.110, 76.13.140, and 76.13.160
unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

18 (a) "Forestry riparian easement" means an easement covering

1 qualifying timber granted voluntarily to the state by a <u>qualifying</u>
2 small forest landowner.

3 (b) <u>"Qualifying small forest landowner" means a landowner meeting</u>
4 <u>all of the following characteristics as of the date the department</u>
5 <u>offers compensation for a forestry riparian easement:</u>

6 <u>(i) Is a small forest landowner as defined in (d) of this</u> 7 <u>subsection; and</u>

8 (ii) Is an individual, partnership, corporation, or other
 9 nongovernmental for-profit legal entity.

10 (c) "Qualifying timber" means those <u>forest</u> trees <u>for which the</u> 11 <u>small forest landowner is willing to grant the state a forestry</u> 12 <u>riparian easement and must meet all of the following:</u>

(i) The forest trees are covered by a forest practices application that the small forest landowner is required to leave unharvested under the rules adopted under RCW 76.09.055 and 76.09.370 or that is made uneconomic to harvest by those rules((, and for which the small landowner is willing to grant the state a forestry riparian easement. "Qualifying timber" is timber));

19 (ii) The forest trees are within or bordering a commercially 20 reasonable harvest unit as determined under rules adopted by the forest 21 practices board, or ((timber)) for which an approved forest practices 22 application for timber harvest cannot be obtained because of 23 restrictions under the forest practices rules<u>;</u>

(iii) The forest trees are located within, or affected by forest
 practices rules pertaining to any one, or all, of the following:

26 (A) Riparian or other sensitive aquatic areas;

27 (B) Channel migration zones; or

28 (C) Areas of potentially unstable slopes or landforms, verified by 29 the department, and must meet all of the following:

(I) Are addressed in a forest practices application;

31 (II) Are adjacent to a commercially reasonable harvest area; and

32 (III) Have the potential to deliver sediment or debris to a public
 33 resource or threaten public safety.

34 ((((c))) <u>(d)</u> "Small forest landowner" means a landowner meeting all 35 of the following characteristics:

(i) A forest landowner as defined in RCW 76.09.020 whose interest
 in the land and timber is in fee or who has rights to the timber to be
 included in the forestry riparian easement that extend at least fifty

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1 years from the date the ((forest practices)) completed forestry
2 riparian easement application associated with the easement is
3 submitted;

4 (ii) <u>An entity that has harvested from its own lands in this state</u>
5 during the three years prior to the year of application an average
6 timber volume that would qualify the owner as a small harvester under
7 RCW 84.33.035; and

8 (iii) An entity that certifies at the time of application that it 9 does not expect to harvest from its own lands more than the volume allowed by RCW 84.33.035 during the ten years following application. 10 11 If a landowner's prior three-year average harvest exceeds the limit of 12 RCW 84.33.035, or the landowner expects to exceed this limit during the 13 ten years following application, and that landowner establishes to the ((department of natural resources')) 14 department's reasonable satisfaction that the harvest limits were or will be exceeded to raise 15 funds to pay estate taxes or equally compelling and unexpected 16 obligations such as court-ordered judgments or extraordinary medical 17 expenses, the landowner shall be deemed to be a small forest landowner. 18 For purposes of determining whether a person qualifies as a small 19 20 forest landowner, the small forest landowner office, created in RCW 21 76.13.110, shall evaluate the landowner under this definition, pursuant 22 to RCW 76.13.160, as of the date that the forest practices application 23 is submitted ((or the date the landowner notifies the department that 24 the harvest is to begin with which the forestry riparian easement is associated)) and the date that the department offers compensation for 25 26 the forestry riparian easement. A small forest landowner can include 27 an individual, partnership, ((corporate)) corporation, or other nongovernmental legal entity. If a landowner grants timber rights to 28 another entity for less than five years, the landowner may still 29 30 qualify as a small forest landowner under this section. If a landowner is unable to obtain an approved forest practices application for timber 31 harvest for any of his or her land because of restrictions under the 32 33 forest practices rules, the landowner may still qualify as a small forest landowner under this section. 34

35 (((d))) <u>(e)</u> "Completion of harvest" means that the trees have been 36 harvested from an area and that further entry into that area by 37 mechanized logging or slash treating equipment is not expected.

1 (3) The department ((of natural resources)) is authorized and 2 directed to accept and hold in the name of the state of Washington 3 forestry riparian easements granted by <u>qualifying</u> small forest 4 landowners covering qualifying timber and to pay compensation to such 5 landowners in accordance with ((subsections (6) and (7) of)) this 6 section. The department ((of natural resources)) may not transfer the 7 easements to any entity other than another state agency.

8 (4) Forestry riparian easements shall be effective for fifty years 9 from the date ((the forest practices application associated with the qualifying timber is submitted to the department of natural resources)) 10 11 of the completed forestry riparian easement application, unless the easement is voluntarily terminated earlier by the department ((of 12 13 natural resources voluntarily)), based on a determination that termination is in the best interest of the state, or under the terms of 14 a termination clause in the easement. 15

(5) Forestry riparian easements shall be restrictive only, and 16 shall preserve all lawful uses of the easement premises by the 17 landowner that are consistent with the terms of the easement and the 18 19 requirement to protect riparian functions during the term of the 20 easement, subject to the restriction that the leave trees required by 21 the rules to be left on the easement premises may not be cut during the 22 term of the easement. No right of public access to or across, or any 23 public use of the easement premises is created by this statute or by 24 the easement. Forestry riparian easements shall not be deemed to trigger the compensating tax of or otherwise disqualify land from being 25 26 taxed under chapter 84.33 or 84.34 RCW.

27 (6) ((Upon application of a small forest landowner for a riparian easement that is associated with a forest practices application and the 28 landowner's marking of the qualifying timber on the qualifying lands, 29 the small forest landowner office shall determine the compensation to 30 31 be offered to the small forest landowner as provided for in this section. The small forest landowner office shall also determine the 32 compensation to be offered to a small forest landowner for qualifying 33 34 timber for which an approved forest practices application for timber harvest cannot be obtained because of restrictions under the forest 35 36 practices rules. The legislature recognizes that there is not readily available market transaction evidence of value for easements of this 37

nature, and thus establishes the following methodology to ascertain the
 value for forestry riparian easements. Values so determined shall not
 be considered competent evidence of value for any other purpose.

The small forest landowner office shall establish the volume of the 4 qualifying timber. Based on that volume and using data obtained or 5 б maintained by the department of revenue under RCW 84.33.074 and 84.33.091, the small forest landowner office shall attempt to determine 7 the fair market value of the qualifying timber as of the date the 8 9 forest practices application associated with the qualifying timber was submitted or the date the landowner notifies the department that the 10 11 harvest is to begin. Removal of any qualifying timber before the expiration of the easement must be in accordance with the forest 12 practices rules and the terms of the easement. There shall be no 13 14 reduction in compensation for reentry)) The small forest landowner office shall determine what constitutes a completed application for a 15 forestry riparian easement. Such an application shall, at a minimum, 16 17 include documentation of the owner's status as a qualifying small forest landowner, identification of location and the types of 18 qualifying timber, and notification of completion of harvest, if 19 20 applicable.

(7) ((Except as provided in subsection (8) of this section, the 21 small forest landowner office shall, subject to available funding, 22 offer compensation to the small forest landowner in the amount of fifty 23 percent of the value determined in subsection (6) of this section, plus 24 25 the compliance and reimbursement costs as determined in accordance with 26 RCW 76.13.140. If the landowner accepts the offer for qualifying 27 timber that will be harvested pursuant to an approved forest practices 28 application, the department of natural resources shall pay the compensation promptly upon (a) completion of harvest in the area 29 covered by the forestry riparian easement; (b) verification that there 30 31 has been compliance with the rules requiring leave trees in the 32 easement area; and (c) execution and delivery of the easement to the department of natural resources. If the landowner accepts the offer 33 for qualifying timber for which an approved forest practices 34 application for timber harvest cannot be obtained because of 35 restrictions under the forest practices rules, the department of 36 natural resources shall pay the compensation promptly upon (i) 37 verification that there has been compliance with the rules requiring 38

1 leave trees in the easement area; and (ii) execution and delivery of 2 the easement to the department of natural resources. Upon donation or 3 payment of compensation, the department of natural resources may record 4 the easement.

5 (8)) Upon receipt of the qualifying small forest landowner's 6 forestry riparian easement application, and subject to the availability 7 of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the following must 8 occur:

9 (a) The small forest landowner office shall determine the compensation to be offered to the qualifying small forest landowner 10 for qualifying timber after the department accepts the completed 11 forestry riparian easement application and the landowner has completed 12 13 marking the boundary of the area containing the qualifying timber. The legislature recognizes that there is not readily available market 14 transaction evidence of value for easements of the nature required by 15 16 this section, and thus establishes the methodology provided in this subsection to ascertain the value for forestry riparian easements. 17 Values so determined may not be considered competent evidence of value 18 19 for any other purpose.

20 (b) The small forest landowner office, subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, is responsible for 21 assessing the volume of qualifying timber. However, no more than fifty 22 percent of the total amounts appropriated for the forestry riparian 23 24 easement program may be applied to determine the volume of qualifying timber for completed forestry riparian easement applications. Based on 25 26 the volume established by the small forest landowner office and using data obtained or maintained by the department of revenue under RCW 27 84.33.074 and 84.33.091, the small forest landowner office shall 28 attempt to determine the fair market value of the qualifying timber as 29 of the date the complete forestry riparian easement application is 30 received. Removal of any qualifying timber before the expiration of 31 the easement must be in accordance with the forest practices rules and 32 the terms of the easement. There shall be no reduction in compensation 33 34 for reentry.

35 (8)(a) Except as provided in subsection (9) of this section and 36 subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific 37 purpose, the small forest landowner office shall offer compensation for 38 gualifying timber to the qualifying small forest landowner in the 1 amount of fifty percent of the value determined by the small forest
2 landowner office, plus the compliance and reimbursement costs as
3 determined in accordance with RCW 76.13.140. However, compensation for
4 gualifying timber located on potentially unstable slopes or landforms
5 may not exceed a total of fifty thousand dollars during any biennial
6 funding period.

7 (b) If the landowner accepts the offer for qualifying timber, the
 8 department shall pay the compensation promptly upon:

9 <u>(i) Completion of harvest in the area within a commercially</u> 10 <u>reasonable harvest unit with which the forestry riparian easement is</u> 11 <u>associated under an approved forest practices application, unless an</u> 12 <u>approved forest practices application for timber harvest cannot be</u> 13 <u>obtained because of restrictions under the forest practices rules;</u>

14 (ii) Verification that the landowner has no outstanding violations
15 under chapter 76.09 RCW or any associated rules; and

16 <u>(iii) Execution and delivery of the easement to the department.</u>

17 (c) Upon donation or payment of compensation, the department may 18 record the easement.

19 (9) For approved forest practices applications ((where)) for which 20 the regulatory impact is greater than the average percentage impact for 21 all small forest landowners as determined by an analysis by the 22 department ((of natural resources analysis)) under the regulatory fairness act, chapter 19.85 RCW, the compensation offered will be 23 24 increased to one hundred percent for that portion of the regulatory impact that is in excess of the average. Regulatory impact includes 25 26 all trees ((left in buffers, special management zones, and those 27 rendered uneconomic to harvest by these rules)) identified as qualifying timber. A separate average or high impact regulatory 28 threshold shall be established for western and eastern Washington. 29 30 Criteria for these measurements and payments shall be established by the small forest landowner office. 31

32 (((-9))) (10) The forest practices board shall adopt rules under the 33 administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, to implement the 34 forestry riparian easement program, including the following:

35 (a) A standard version ((or versions of all)) of a forestry 36 riparian easement application as well as all additional documents 37 necessary or advisable to create the forestry riparian easements as 38 provided for in this section;

1 (b) Standards for descriptions of the easement premises with a 2 degree of precision that is reasonable in relation to the values 3 involved;

(c) Methods and standards for cruises and valuation of forestry 4 riparian easements for purposes of establishing the compensation. 5 The department ((of natural resources)) shall perform the timber cruises of б 7 forestry riparian easements required under this chapter and chapter 8 76.09 RCW. Timber cruises are subject to amounts appropriated for this purpose. However, no more than fifty percent of the total appropriated 9 funding for the forestry riparian easement program may be applied to 10 determine the volume of qualifying timber for completed forestry 11 riparian easement applications. Any rules concerning the methods and 12 13 standards for valuations of forestry riparian easements shall apply only to the department ((of natural resources)), qualifying small 14 forest landowners, and the small forest landowner office; 15

(d) A method to determine that a forest practices application involves a commercially reasonable harvest, and adopt criteria for entering into a ((forest)) forestry riparian easement where a commercially reasonable harvest is not possible or a forest practices application that has been submitted cannot be approved because of restrictions under the forest practices rules;

(e) A method to address blowdown of qualified timber fallingoutside the easement premises;

(f) A formula for sharing of proceeds in relation to the acquisition of qualified timber covered by an easement through the exercise or threats of eminent domain by a federal or state agency with eminent domain authority, based on the present value of the ((department of natural resources')) department's and the landowner's relative interests in the qualified timber;

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(g) High impact regulatory thresholds;

(h) A method to determine timber that is qualifying timber because it is rendered uneconomic to harvest by the rules adopted under RCW 76.09.055 and 76.09.370; ((and))

34 (i) A method for internal department ((of natural resources)) 35 review of small forest landowner office compensation decisions under 36 ((subsection (7) of)) this section; and

37 (j) Consistent with section 4 of this act, a method to collect 38 reimbursement from landowners who received compensation for a forestry 1 riparian easement and who, within the first ten years after receipt of 2 compensation for a forestry riparian easement, sells the land on which 3 an easement is located to a nongualifying landowner.

4 Sec. 2. RCW 76.13.140 and 2002 c 120 s 3 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

In order to assist small forest landowners to remain economically б 7 viable, the legislature intends that the <u>qualifying</u> small forest landowners be able to net fifty percent of the value of the trees left 8 9 in the buffer areas. The amount of compensation offered in RCW 10 76.13.120 shall also include the compliance costs for participation in the <u>forestry</u> riparian easement program((. For purposes of this 11 12 section, "compliance costs" includes)), including the cost of preparing 13 and recording the forestry riparian easement, and any business and 14 occupation tax and real estate excise tax imposed because of entering into the forestry riparian easement. The small forest landowner office 15 may contract with private consultants that the office finds qualified 16 17 to perform timber cruises of forestry riparian easements or to lay out 18 streamside buffers and comply with other forest ((and fish)) practices regulatory requirements related to the ((forest)) forestry riparian 19 20 easement program. The department shall reimburse <u>qualifying</u> small 21 forest landowners for the actual costs incurred for laying out the 22 streamside buffers and marking the qualifying timber once a contract 23 been executed for the forestry riparian easement program. has 24 Reimbursement is subject to the work being acceptable to the 25 department. The small forest landowner office shall determine how the 26 reimbursement costs will be calculated.

27 **Sec. 3.** RCW 76.13.160 and 2004 c 102 s 2 are each amended to read 28 as follows:

29 When establishing a ((forest)) forestry riparian easement program 30 applicant's status as a qualifying small forest landowner pursuant to RCW 76.13.120, the department shall not review the applicant's timber 31 harvest records, or any other tax-related documents, on file with the 32 department of revenue. The department of revenue may confirm or deny 33 34 an applicant's status as a small forest landowner at the request of the 35 department((\div)). <u>H</u>owever, for the purposes of this section, the 36 department of revenue may not disclose more information than whether or

not the applicant has reported a harvest or harvests totaling greater than or less than the qualifying thresholds established in RCW 76.13.120. Nothing in this section, or RCW 84.33.280, prohibits the department from reviewing aggregate or general information provided by the department of revenue.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 76.13 RCW 7 to read as follows:

If, within the first ten years after receipt of compensation for a 8 9 forestry riparian easement, a landowner sells the land on which an easement is located to a nonqualifying landowner, then the selling 10 11 landowner must reimburse the state for the full compensation received 12 for the forestry riparian easement. The department continues to hold, 13 in the name of the state, the forestry riparian easement for the full term of the easement. The department may not transfer the easement to 14 any entity other than another state agency. 15

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** (1) The chair of the forest practices board 17 shall invite relevant stakeholders to participate in a process that 18 investigates, and ultimately recommends, a potential long-term funding 19 source for the forestry riparian easement program established in 20 chapter 76.13 RCW.

(2) The findings of, and recommendations from, the process required by this section must be reported to the appropriate committees of the legislature in the manner prescribed in RCW 43.01.036 by October 31, 24 2011.

25 (3) This section expires July 31, 2012.

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