S-0788.1		

SENATE BILL 5606

State of Washington 62nd Legislature 2011 Regular Session

By Senators Conway, Hargrove, Kohl-Welles, Zarelli, Hobbs, Delvin, and Shin

Read first time 02/01/11. Referred to Committee on Labor, Commerce & Consumer Protection.

- AN ACT Relating to granting binding interest arbitration rights to certain uniformed personnel; amending RCW 41.80.005 and 41.80.010;
- adding new sections to chapter 41.80 RCW; and prescribing penalties.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 41.80.005 and 2002 c 354 s 321 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
 - Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 9 (1) "Agency" means any agency as defined in RCW 41.06.020 and 10 covered by chapter 41.06 RCW.
 - (2) "Collective bargaining" means the performance of the mutual obligation of the representatives of the employer and the exclusive bargaining representative to meet at reasonable times and to bargain in good faith in an effort to reach agreement with respect to the subjects of bargaining specified under RCW 41.80.020. The obligation to bargain does not compel either party to agree to a proposal or to make a concession, except as otherwise provided in this chapter.
- 18 (3) "Commission" means the public employment relations commission.

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- (4) "Confidential employee" means an employee who, in the regular 1 2 course of his or her duties, assists in a confidential capacity persons 3 who formulate, determine, and effectuate management policies with regard to labor relations or who, in the regular course of his or her 4 5 duties, has authorized access to information relating to effectuation or review of the employer's collective bargaining 6 7 policies, or who assists or aids a manager. "Confidential employee" 8 also includes employees who assist assistant attorneys general who advise and represent managers or confidential employees in personnel or 9 10 labor relations matters, or who advise or represent the state in tort 11 actions.
- 12 (5) "Director" means the director of the public employment 13 relations commission.
 - (6) "Employee" means any employee, including employees whose work has ceased in connection with the pursuit of lawful activities protected by this chapter, covered by chapter 41.06 RCW, except:
 - (a) Employees covered for collective bargaining by chapter 41.56 RCW;
 - (b) Confidential employees;

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- (c) Members of the Washington management service;
- (d) Internal auditors in any agency; or
- (e) Any employee of the commission, the office of financial management, or the department of personnel.
 - (7) "Employee organization" means any organization, union, or association in which employees participate and that exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of collective bargaining with employers.
 - (8) "Employer" means the state of Washington.
 - (9) "Exclusive bargaining representative" means any employee organization that has been certified under this chapter as the representative of the employees in an appropriate bargaining unit.
 - (10) "Institutions of higher education" means the University of Washington, Washington State University, Central Washington University, Eastern Washington University, Western Washington University, The Evergreen State College, and the various state community colleges.
- 35 (11) "Labor dispute" means any controversy concerning terms, 36 tenure, or conditions of employment, or concerning the association or 37 representation of persons in negotiating, fixing, maintaining, 38 changing, or seeking to arrange terms or conditions of employment with

respect to the subjects of bargaining provided in this chapter, regardless of whether the disputants stand in the proximate relation of employer and employee.

(12) "Manager" means "manager" as defined in RCW 41.06.022.

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- "Supervisor" means an employee who has authority, in the 5 6 interest of the employer, to hire, transfer, suspend, lay off, recall, 7 promote, discharge, direct, reward, or discipline employees, or to 8 adjust employee grievances, or effectively to recommend such action, if the exercise of the authority is not of a merely routine nature but 9 10 requires the consistent exercise of individual judgment. However, no 11 employee who is a member of the Washington management service may be 12 included in a collective bargaining unit established under this 13 section.
- 14 (14) "Unfair labor practice" means any unfair labor practice listed 15 in RCW 41.80.110.
- 16 <u>(15) "Uniformed personnel" means campus police officers at</u> 17 institutions of higher education.
- 18 **Sec. 2.** RCW 41.80.010 and 2010 c 104 s 1 are each amended to read 19 as follows:
 - (1) For the purpose of negotiating collective bargaining agreements under this chapter, the employer shall be represented by the governor or governor's designee, except as provided for institutions of higher education in subsection (4) of this section.
 - (2)(a) If an exclusive bargaining representative represents more than one bargaining unit, the exclusive bargaining representative shall negotiate with each employer representative as designated in subsection (1) of this section one master collective bargaining agreement on behalf of all the employees in bargaining units that the exclusive bargaining representative represents. For those exclusive bargaining representatives who represent fewer than a total of five hundred employees each, negotiation shall be by a coalition of all those exclusive bargaining representatives. The coalition shall bargain for a master collective bargaining agreement covering all of the employees represented by the coalition. The governor's designee and the exclusive bargaining representative or representatives are authorized to enter into supplemental bargaining of agency-specific issues for inclusion in or as an addendum to the master collective bargaining

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agreement, subject to the parties' agreement regarding the issues and procedures for supplemental bargaining. This section does not prohibit cooperation and coordination of bargaining between two or more exclusive bargaining representatives.

- (b) This subsection (2) does not apply to exclusive bargaining representatives who represent employees of institutions of higher education, except when the institution of higher education has elected to exercise its option under subsection (4) of this section to have its negotiations conducted by the governor or governor's designee under the procedures provided for general government agencies in subsections (1) through (3) of this section.
- (c) If five hundred or more employees of an independent state elected official listed in RCW 43.01.010 are organized in a bargaining unit or bargaining units under RCW 41.80.070, the official shall be consulted by the governor or the governor's designee before any agreement is reached under (a) of this subsection concerning supplemental bargaining of agency specific issues affecting the employees in such bargaining unit.
- (3) The governor shall submit a request for funds necessary to implement the compensation and fringe benefit provisions in the master collective bargaining agreement or for legislation necessary to implement the agreement. Requests for funds necessary to implement the provisions of bargaining agreements shall not be submitted to the legislature by the governor unless such requests:
- (a) Have been submitted to the director of the office of financial management by October 1 prior to the legislative session at which the requests are to be considered; and
- (b) Have been certified by the director of the office of financial management as being feasible financially for the state or reflects the decision of an arbitration panel reached under section 5 of this act.

The legislature shall approve or reject the submission of the request for funds as a whole. The legislature shall not consider a request for funds to implement a collective bargaining agreement unless the request is transmitted to the legislature as part of the governor's budget document submitted under RCW 43.88.030 and 43.88.060. If the legislature rejects or fails to act on the submission, either party may reopen all or part of the agreement or the exclusive bargaining

representative may seek to implement the procedures provided for in RCW 41.80.090.

- (4)(a)(i) For the purpose of negotiating agreements for institutions of higher education, the employer shall be the respective governing board of each of the universities, colleges, or community colleges or a designee chosen by the board to negotiate on its behalf.
- (ii) A governing board of a university or college may elect to have its negotiations conducted by the governor or governor's designee under the procedures provided for general government agencies in subsections (1) through (3) of this section, except that:
- (A) The governor or the governor's designee and an exclusive bargaining representative shall negotiate one master collective bargaining agreement for all of the bargaining units of employees of a university or college that the representative represents; or
- (B) If the parties mutually agree, the governor or the governor's designee and an exclusive bargaining representative shall negotiate one master collective bargaining agreement for all of the bargaining units of employees of more than one university or college that the representative represents.
- (iii) A governing board of a community college may elect to have its negotiations conducted by the governor or governor's designee under the procedures provided for general government agencies in subsections (1) through (3) of this section.
- (b) Prior to entering into negotiations under this chapter, the institutions of higher education or their designees shall consult with the director of the office of financial management regarding financial and budgetary issues that are likely to arise in the impending negotiations.
- (c)(i) If appropriations are necessary to implement the compensation and fringe benefit provisions of the bargaining agreements reached between institutions of higher education and exclusive bargaining representatives agreed to under the provisions of this chapter, the governor shall submit a request for such funds to the legislature according to the provisions of subsection (3) of this section, except as provided in (c)(ii) of this subsection.
- (ii) In the case of a bargaining unit of employees of institutions of higher education in which the exclusive bargaining representative is certified during or after the conclusion of a legislative session, the

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legislature may act upon the compensation and fringe benefit provisions of the unit's initial collective bargaining agreement if those provisions are agreed upon and submitted to the office of financial management and legislative budget committees before final legislative action on the biennial or supplemental operating budget by the sitting legislature.

- relations, which consists of two members with leadership positions in the house of representatives, representing each of the two largest caucuses; the chair and ranking minority member of the house appropriations committee, or its successor, representing each of the two largest caucuses; two members with leadership positions in the senate, representing each of the two largest caucuses; and the chair and ranking minority member of the senate ways and means committee, or its successor, representing each of the two largest caucuses. The governor shall periodically consult with the committee regarding appropriations necessary to implement the compensation and fringe benefit provisions in the master collective bargaining agreements, and upon completion of negotiations, advise the committee on the elements of the agreements and on any legislation necessary to implement the agreements.
- (6) If, after the compensation and fringe benefit provisions of an agreement are approved by the legislature, a significant revenue shortfall occurs resulting in reduced appropriations, as declared by proclamation of the governor or by resolution of the legislature, both parties shall immediately enter into collective bargaining for a mutually agreed upon modification of the agreement.
- (7) After the expiration date of a collective bargaining agreement negotiated under this chapter, all of the terms and conditions specified in the collective bargaining agreement remain in effect until the effective date of a subsequently negotiated agreement, not to exceed one year from the expiration date stated in the agreement. Thereafter, the employer may unilaterally implement according to law.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 41.80 RCW to read as follows:
- The intent and purpose of sections 4 through 10 of this act is to recognize that there exists a public policy in the state of Washington

against strikes by uniformed personnel as a means of settling their labor disputes; that the uninterrupted and dedicated service of these classes of employees is vital to the welfare and public safety of the state of Washington; and that to promote such dedicated and uninterrupted public service there should exist an effective and adequate alternative means of settling disputes.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 41.80 RCW to read as follows:

Negotiations between the employer and the exclusive bargaining representative of a unit of uniformed personnel shall be commenced at least five months prior to the submission of the budget to the legislature. If no agreement has been reached sixty days after the commencement of such negotiations then, at any time thereafter, either party may declare that an impasse exists and may submit the dispute to the commission for mediation, with or without the concurrence of the other party. The commission shall appoint a mediator, who shall promptly meet with the representatives of the parties, either jointly or separately, and shall take such other steps as he or she may deem appropriate in order to persuade the parties to resolve their differences and effect an agreement. A mediator, however, does not have a power of compulsion. The mediator may consider only matters that are subject to bargaining under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 41.80 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Within ten working days after the first Monday in September of every odd-numbered year, the state's bargaining representative and the exclusive bargaining representative for the appropriate bargaining unit shall attempt to agree on an interest arbitration panel consisting of three members to be used if the parties are not successful in negotiating a comprehensive collective bargaining agreement. Each party shall name one person to serve as its arbitrator on the arbitration panel. The two members so appointed shall meet within seven days following the appointment of the later appointed member to attempt to choose a third member to act as the neutral chair of the arbitration panel. Upon the failure of the arbitrators to select a neutral chair within seven days, the two appointed members shall use

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one of the two following options in the appointment of the third 1 member, who shall act as chair of the panel: (a) By mutual consent, 2 3 the two appointed members may jointly request the commission to, and 4 the commission shall, appoint a third member within two days of such a 5 request. Costs of each party's appointee shall be borne by each party respectively; other costs of the arbitration proceedings shall be borne 6 7 by the commission; or (b) either party may apply to the commission, the 8 federal mediation and conciliation service, or the American arbitration association to provide a list of five qualified arbitrators from which 9 10 the neutral chair shall be chosen. Each party shall pay the fees and expenses of its arbitrator, and the fees and expenses of the neutral 11 12 chair shall be shared equally between the parties.

- (2) Immediately upon selecting an interest arbitration panel, the parties shall cooperate to reserve dates with the arbitration panel for potential arbitration between August 1st and September 15th of the following even-numbered year. The parties shall also prepare a schedule of at least five negotiation dates for the following year, absent an agreement to the contrary. The parties shall execute a written agreement before November 1st of each odd-numbered year setting forth the names of the members of the arbitration panel and the dates reserved for bargaining and arbitration. This subsection imposes minimum obligations only and is not intended to define or limit a party's full, good faith bargaining obligation under other sections of this chapter.
- (3) If the parties are not successful in negotiating comprehensive collective bargaining agreement, a hearing shall be held. The hearing shall be informal and each party shall have the opportunity to present evidence and make argument. No member of the arbitration panel may present the case for a party to the proceedings. of evidence prevailing in judicial proceedings may be considered, but are not binding, and any oral testimony or documentary evidence or other data deemed relevant by the chair of the arbitration panel may be received in evidence. A recording of the proceedings shall be taken. The arbitration panel has the power to administer oaths, require the attendance of witnesses, and require the production of such books, papers, contracts, agreements, and documents as may be deemed by the panel to be material to a just determination of the issues in dispute. If any person refuses to obey a subpoena issued by the arbitration

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- panel, or refuses to be sworn or to make an affirmation to testify, or 1 2 any witness, party, or attorney for a party is guilty of any contempt while in attendance at any hearing held under this section, the 3 arbitration panel may invoke the jurisdiction of the superior court in 4 5 the county where the labor dispute exists, and the court has jurisdiction to issue an appropriate order. Any failure to obey the 6 7 order may be punished by the court as a contempt thereof. 8 conducted by the arbitration panel shall be concluded within twenty-five days following the selection or designation of the neutral 9 10 chair of the arbitration panel, unless the parties agree to a longer period. 11
 - (4) The neutral chair shall consult with the other members of the arbitration panel, and, within thirty days following the conclusion of the hearing, the neutral chair shall make written findings of fact and a written determination of the issues in dispute, based on the evidence presented. A copy thereof shall be served on the commission, on each of the other members of the arbitration panel, and on each of the parties to the dispute.

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- (5) Except as provided in this subsection, the written determination shall be final and binding upon both parties.
 - (a) The written determination is subject to review by the superior court upon the application of either party solely upon the question of whether the decision of the panel was arbitrary or capricious.
 - (b) The written determination is not binding on the legislature and, if the legislature does not approve the funds necessary to implement provisions pertaining to compensation and fringe benefits of an arbitrated collective bargaining agreement, is not binding on the state.
- 29 (6) The arbitration panel may consider only matters that are 30 subject to bargaining under this chapter.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 41.80 RCW to read as follows:
- An interest arbitration panel created pursuant to section 5 of this act, in the performance of its duties under this chapter, exercises a state function and is, for the purposes of this chapter, a state agency. Chapter 34.05 RCW does not apply to proceedings before an interest arbitration panel under this chapter.

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 41.80 RCW to read as follows:

In making its determination, the panel shall be mindful of the legislative purpose enumerated in section 3 of this act and, as additional standards or guidelines to aid it in reaching a decision, shall take into consideration the following factors:

- (1) The constitutional and statutory authority of the employer;
- (2) Stipulations of the parties;

- (3) Comparison of the hours and conditions of employment of personnel involved in the proceedings with the hours and conditions of employment of like personnel of like employers of similar size on the west coast of the United States;
- (4) Changes in any of the circumstances under subsections (1) through (3) of this section during the pendency of the proceedings; and
- (5) Such other factors, not confined to the factors under subsections (1) through (4) of this section, that are normally or traditionally taken into consideration in the determination of matters that are subject to bargaining under this chapter.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 41.80 RCW to read as follows:

During the pendency of the proceedings before the arbitration panel, existing wages, hours, and other conditions of employment shall not be changed by action of either party without the consent of the other but a party may so consent without prejudice to his rights or position under sections 4 through 10 of this act.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 41.80 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) If the representative of either or both the uniformed personnel and the employer refuse to submit to the procedures set forth in sections 4 and 5 of this act, the parties, or the commission on its own motion, may invoke the jurisdiction of the superior court for the county in which the labor dispute exists and such court shall have jurisdiction to issue an appropriate order. A failure to obey such order may be punished by the court as a contempt thereof.
- 35 (2) Except as provided in this subsection, a decision of the 36 arbitration panel shall be final and binding on the parties, and may be

enforced at the instance of either party, the arbitration panel or the commission in the superior court for the county where the dispute arose.

- (a) The written determination is subject to review by the superior court upon the application of either party solely upon the question of whether the decision of the panel was arbitrary or capricious.
- (b) The written determination is not binding on the legislature and, if the legislature does not approve the funds necessary to implement provisions pertaining to compensation and fringe benefits of an arbitrated collective bargaining agreement, is not binding on the state.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 41.80 RCW to read as follows:

The right of uniformed personnel to engage in any strike, work slowdown, or stoppage is not granted. An employee organization recognized as the exclusive bargaining representative of uniformed personnel subject to this chapter that willfully disobeys a lawful order of enforcement by a superior court pursuant to this section and section 9 of this act, or willfully offers resistance to such order, whether by strike or otherwise, is in contempt of court as provided in chapter 7.21 RCW. An employer that willfully disobeys a lawful order of enforcement by a superior court pursuant to section 9 of this act or willfully offers resistance to such order is in contempt of court as provided in chapter 7.21 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 41.80 RCW to read as follows:

The exclusive bargaining representatives certified to represent the bargaining units that consist of or include uniformed personnel and exist on the effective date of this section shall continue as the exclusive bargaining representative without the necessity of an election as of the effective date of this section. However, there may be proceedings concerning representation under this chapter thereafter.

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