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SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5631

State of Washington 62nd Legislature 2012 Regular Session

By Senate Agriculture, Water & Rural Economic Development (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Hatfield, Haugen, and Shin)

READ FIRST TIME 02/03/12.

- AN ACT Relating to removing obsolete provisions in statutes administered by the department of agriculture; amending RCW 69.04.331, 15.53.902, and 15.58.150; reenacting and amending RCW 22.09.830 and 16.24.120; reenacting RCW 16.65.440; and repealing RCW 15.58.370 and
- 5 19.94.505.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 7 **Sec. 1.** RCW 69.04.331 and 1986 c 203 s 17 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
- (1) If a theater or other commercial food service establishment 9 10 prepares and sells popcorn for human consumption, the establishment, at 11 the point of sale, shall disclose by posting a sign in a conspicuous manner to prospective consumers a statement as to whether the butter or 12 13 butter-like flavoring added to or attributed to the popcorn offered for 14 sale is butter ((as defined in RCW 15.32.010)) or is some other 15 If the flavoring is some other product, the establishment 16 shall also disclose the ingredients of the product.
- The director of agriculture shall adopt rules prescribing the size and content of the sign upon which the disclosure is to be made. Any popcorn sold by or offered for sale by such an establishment to a

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consumer in violation of this section or the rules of the director implementing this section shall be deemed to be misbranded for the purposes of this chapter.

- (2) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section do not apply to packaged popcorn labeled so as to disclose ingredients as required by law for prepackaged foods.
- (3) For purposes of this section, "butter" is defined as the food product usually known as butter, and which is made exclusively from milk or cream, or both, with or without common salt, and with or without additional coloring matter, and containing not less than eighty percent by weight or milkfat, all tolerance having been allowed for.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 15.53.902 and 2005 c 40 s 1 are each amended to read 13 as follows:

14 It is unlawful for any person to distribute an adulterated feed. 15 A commercial feed is deemed to be adulterated:

- (1) If it bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render it injurious to health; but in case the substance is not an added substance, such commercial feed shall not be considered adulterated under this subsection if the quantity of such substance in such commercial feed does not ordinarily render it injurious to health; or
- (2) If it bears or contains any added poisonous, added deleterious, or added nonnutritive substance which is unsafe within the meaning of section 406 of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act (other than one which is (a) a pesticide chemical in or on a raw agricultural commodity; or (b) a food additive); or
- (3) If it is, or it bears, or contains any food additive which is unsafe within the meaning of section 409 of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act (21 U.S.C. Sec. 348); or
- (4) If it is ruminant feed and is, bears, or contains any animal protein prohibited in ruminant feed that is unsafe within the meaning of federal regulations promulgated under section 409 of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act (21 U.S.C. Sec. 348); or
- (5) If it is a raw agricultural commodity and it bears or contains a pesticide chemical which is unsafe within the meaning of section 408(a) of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act: PROVIDED, That where a pesticide chemical has been used in or on a raw agricultural

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commodity in conformity with an exemption granted or a tolerance prescribed under section 408 of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic and such raw agricultural commodity has been subjected to processing such as canning, cooking, freezing, dehydrating, or milling, the residue of such pesticide chemical remaining in or on such processed feed shall not be deemed unsafe if such residue in or on the raw agricultural commodity has been removed to the extent possible in good manufacturing practice and the concentration of such residue in the processed feed is not greater than the tolerance prescribed for the raw agricultural commodity unless the feeding of such processed feed will result or is likely to result in a pesticide residue in the edible product of the animal, which is unsafe within the meaning of section 408(a) of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act; or

(6) If it is, or it bears or contains any color additive which is unsafe within the meaning of section ((706)) 721 of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act (21 U.S.C. Sec. 379e); or

- (7) If it is, or it bears or contains any new animal drug that is unsafe within the meaning of section 512 of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act (21 U.S.C. Sec. 360b); or
- (8) If any valuable constituent has been in whole or in part omitted or abstracted therefrom or any less valuable substance substituted therefor; or
- (9) If its composition or quality falls below or differs from that which it is purported or is represented to possess by its labeling; or
- (10) If it contains a drug and the methods used in or the facilities or controls used for its manufacture, processing, or packaging do not conform to current good manufacturing practice rules adopted by the department to assure that the drug meets the requirements of this chapter as to safety and has the identity and strength and meets the quality and purity characteristics that it purports or is represented to possess. In adopting such rules, the department shall adopt the current good manufacturing practice regulations for type A medicated articles and type B and type C medicated feeds established under authority of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act, unless the department determines that they are not appropriate to the conditions that exist in this state; or
- (11) If it contains viable, prohibited (primary) noxious weed seeds in excess of one per pound, or if it contains viable, restricted

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- 1 (secondary) noxious weed seeds in excess of twenty-five per pound. The
- 2 primary and secondary noxious weed seeds shall be those as named
- 3 pursuant to the provisions of chapter 15.49 RCW and rules adopted
- 4 thereunder.

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- 5 **Sec. 3.** RCW 16.65.440 and 2003 c 326 s 89 and 2003 c 53 s 116 are each reenacted to read as follows:
 - (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, any person who violates any provisions or requirements of this chapter or rules adopted by the director pursuant to this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor.
 - (2) A second or subsequent violation is a gross misdemeanor.
- 12 **Sec. 4.** RCW 22.09.830 and 1994 sp.s. c 6 s 901 and 1994 c 46 s 6 13 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (1) All moneys collected as fees for weighing, grading, and inspecting commodities and all other fees collected under provisions of this chapter, except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, shall be deposited in the grain inspection revolving fund, which is hereby established. The state treasurer is the custodian of the revolving fund. Disbursements from the revolving fund shall be on authorization of the director of the department of agriculture. The revolving fund is subject to the allotment procedure provided in chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for disbursements from the fund. The fund shall be used for all expenses directly incurred by the grain inspection program in carrying out the provisions of this chapter ((and for departmental administrative expenses during the 1993-95 biennium. The department may use so much of such fund not exceeding five percent thereof as the director of agriculture may determine necessary for research and promotional work, including rate studies, relating to wheat and wheat products)).
 - (2) All fees collected for the inspection, grading, and testing of hops shall be deposited into the hop inspection fund, which is hereby established, and shall be retained by the department for the purpose of inspecting, grading, and testing hops. Any moneys in any fund retained by the department on July 1, 1963, and derived from hop inspection and grading shall be deposited to this hop inspection fund. For the purposes of research which would contribute to the development of

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- superior hop varieties and to improve hop production and harvest 1 2 practices, the department may expend up to twenty percent of the moneys deposited in the hop inspection fund during the fiscal year ending June 3 4 30th immediately preceding the year in which such expenditures are to be made. No expenditures shall be made under the provisions of this 5 6 subsection when the hop inspection fund is, or the director may 7 reasonably anticipate that it will be, reduced below twenty thousand 8 dollars as the result of such expenditure or other necessary 9 expenditures made to carry out the inspection, grading, and testing of 10 hops.
- 11 (3) All moneys collected by the grain warehouse audit program, 12 including grain warehouse license fees pursuant to RCW 22.09.050 and 13 22.09.055, shall be deposited by the director into the grain warehouse 14 audit account, hereby created within the agricultural local fund 15 established in RCW 43.23.230. Moneys collected shall be used to 16 support the grain warehouse audit program.
 - Sec. 5. RCW 16.24.120 and 2011 c 336 s 419 and 2011 c 103 s 11 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

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Upon taking possession of any livestock at large contrary to the provisions of this chapter ((16.24 RCW)), or any unclaimed livestock submitted or impounded, by any person, at any public livestock market or any other facility approved by the director, the sheriff or brand inspector shall cause it to be transported to and impounded at the nearest public livestock market licensed under chapter 16.65 RCW or at such place as approved by the director. If the sheriff has impounded an animal in accordance with this section, he or she shall forthwith notify the nearest brand inspector of the department of agriculture, who shall examine the animal and, by brand, tattoo, or other identifying characteristic, shall attempt to ascertain the ownership thereof.

- 31 **Sec. 6.** RCW 15.58.150 and 2003 c 212 s 3 are each amended to read 32 as follows:
- 33 (1) It is unlawful for any person to distribute within the state or 34 deliver for transportation or transport in intrastate commerce or 35 between points within this state through any point outside this state 36 any of the following:

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- 1 (a) Any pesticide which has not been registered pursuant to the 2 provisions of this chapter;
 - (b) Any pesticide if any of the claims made for it or any of the directions for its use or other labeling differs from the representations made in connection with its registration, or if the composition of a pesticide differs from its composition as represented in connection with its registration: PROVIDED, That at the discretion of the director, a change in the labeling or formula of a pesticide may be made within a registration period without requiring reregistration of the product;
 - (c) Any pesticide unless it is in the registrant's or the manufacturer's unbroken immediate container and there is affixed to such container, and to the outside container or wrapper of the retail package, if there is one through which the required information on the immediate container cannot be clearly read, a label bearing the information required in this chapter and the rules adopted under this chapter;
 - (d) Any pesticide ((including arsenicals, fluorides, fluosilicates, and/or any other white powdered pesticides)) unless ((they have)) it has been distinctly denatured as to color, taste, odor, or form if so required by rule;
 - (e) Any pesticide which is adulterated or misbranded, or any device which is misbranded;
 - (f) Any pesticide in containers, violating rules adopted pursuant to RCW 15.58.040(2)(f) or pesticides found in containers which are unsafe due to damage.
 - (2) It shall be unlawful:

- (a) To sell or deliver any pesticide to any person who is required by law or rules promulgated under such law to be certified, licensed, or have a permit to use or purchase the pesticide unless such person or the person's agent, to whom sale or delivery is made, has a valid certification, license, or permit to use or purchase the kind and quantity of such pesticide sold or delivered: PROVIDED, That, subject to conditions established by the director, such permit may be obtained immediately prior to sale or delivery from any person designated by the director;
- 37 (b) For any person to detach, alter, deface or destroy, wholly or 38 in part, any label or labeling provided for in this chapter or rules

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adopted under this chapter, or to add any substance to, or take any substance from, a pesticide in a manner that may defeat the purpose of this chapter or the rules adopted thereunder;

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- (c) For any person to use or cause to be used any pesticide contrary to label directions or to regulations of the director if those regulations differ from or further restrict the label directions: PROVIDED, The compliance to the term "contrary to label directions" is enforced by the director consistent with the intent of this chapter;
- (d) For any person to use for his or her own advantage or to reveal, other than to the director or proper officials or employees of the state, or to the courts of the state in response to a subpoena, or to physicians, or in emergencies to pharmacists and other qualified persons for use in the preparation of antidotes, any information relative to formulas of products acquired by authority of RCW 15.58.060;
 - (e) For any person to make false, misleading, or erroneous statements or reports concerning any pest during or after a pest inspection or to fail to comply with criteria established by rule for structural pest inspections;
- 20 (f) For any person to make false, misleading, or erroneous 21 statements or reports in connection with any pesticide complaint or 22 investigation;
 - (g) For any person to act as, or advertise that they perform the services of, a structural pest inspector without having a license to act as a structural pest inspector;
- (h) For a business to conduct one or more complete wood destroying organism inspections without first having obtained a structural pest inspection company license from the department.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
- 31 (1) RCW 15.58.370 (Results of analyses to be published) and 1971 32 ex.s. c 190 s 37; and
- 33 (2) RCW 19.94.505 (Gasoline containing alcohol--Dispensing device 34 label required--Carbon monoxide nonattainment area--Penalty) and 2000 35 c 171 s 65, 1992 c 237 s 34, & 1984 c 61 s 1.

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