

CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5352

62nd Legislature
2011 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate March 5, 2011
YEAS 49 NAYS 0

President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 6, 2011
YEAS 93 NAYS 0

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved

Governor of the State of Washington

CERTIFICATE

I, Thomas Hoemann, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5352** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

Secretary

FILED

**Secretary of State
State of Washington**

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5352

Passed Legislature - 2011 Regular Session

State of Washington 62nd Legislature 2011 Regular Session

By Senate Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by
Senators Honeyford, Regala, and Swecker)

READ FIRST TIME 02/08/11.

1 AN ACT Relating to providing eyeglasses for medicaid enrollees;
2 amending RCW 72.09.100; and declaring an emergency.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 72.09.100 and 2005 c 346 s 1 are each amended to read
5 as follows:

6 It is the intent of the legislature to vest in the department the
7 power to provide for a comprehensive inmate work program and to remove
8 statutory and other restrictions which have limited work programs in
9 the past. It is also the intent of the legislature to ensure that the
10 correctional industries board of directors, in developing and selecting
11 correctional industries work programs, does not encourage the
12 development of, or provide for selection of or contracting for, or the
13 significant expansion of, any new or existing class I correctional
14 industries work programs that unfairly compete with Washington
15 businesses. The legislature intends that the requirements relating to
16 fair competition in the correctional industries work programs be
17 liberally construed by the correctional industries board of directors
18 to protect Washington businesses from unfair competition. For purposes

1 of establishing such a comprehensive program, the legislature
2 recommends that the department consider adopting any or all, or any
3 variation of, the following classes of work programs:

4 (1) CLASS I: FREE VENTURE INDUSTRIES.

5 (a) The employer model industries in this class shall be operated
6 and managed in total or in part by any profit or nonprofit organization
7 pursuant to an agreement between the organization and the department.
8 The organization shall produce goods or services for sale to both the
9 public and private sector.

10 (b) The customer model industries in this class shall be operated
11 and managed by the department to provide Washington state manufacturers
12 or businesses with products or services currently produced or provided
13 by out-of-state or foreign suppliers.

14 (c) The correctional industries board of directors shall review
15 these proposed industries, including any potential new class I
16 industries work program or the significant expansion of an existing
17 class I industries work program, before the department contracts to
18 provide such products or services. The review shall include the
19 analysis required under RCW 72.09.115 to determine if the proposed
20 correctional industries work program will compete with any Washington
21 business. An agreement for a new class I correctional industries work
22 program, or an agreement for a significant expansion of an existing
23 class I correctional industries work program, that unfairly competes
24 with any Washington business is prohibited.

25 (d) The department of corrections shall supply appropriate security
26 and custody services without charge to the participating firms.

27 (e) Inmates who work in free venture industries shall do so at
28 their own choice. They shall be paid a wage comparable to the wage
29 paid for work of a similar nature in the locality in which the industry
30 is located, as determined by the director of correctional industries.
31 If the director cannot reasonably determine the comparable wage, then
32 the pay shall not be less than the federal minimum wage.

33 (f) An inmate who is employed in the class I program of
34 correctional industries shall not be eligible for unemployment
35 compensation benefits pursuant to any of the provisions of Title 50 RCW
36 until released on parole or discharged.

37 (2) CLASS II: TAX REDUCTION INDUSTRIES.

1 (a) Industries in this class shall be state-owned and operated
2 enterprises designed primarily to reduce the costs for goods and
3 services for tax-supported agencies and for nonprofit organizations.

4 (b)(i) The industries selected for development within this class
5 shall, as much as possible, match the available pool of inmate work
6 skills and aptitudes with the work opportunities in the free community.
7 The industries shall be closely patterned after private sector
8 industries but with the objective of reducing public support costs
9 rather than making a profit.

10 (ii) The products and services of this industry, including
11 purchased products and services necessary for a complete product line,
12 may be sold to the following:

13 (A) Public agencies;

14 (B) Nonprofit organizations;

15 (C) Private contractors when the goods purchased will be ultimately
16 used by a public agency or a nonprofit organization;

17 (D) An employee and immediate family members of an employee of the
18 department of corrections; (~~and~~)

19 (E) A person under the supervision of the department of corrections
20 and his or her immediate family members; and

21 (F) A licensed health professional for the sole purpose of
22 providing eyeglasses to enrollees of the state medical program at no
23 more than the health professional's cost of acquisition.

24 (iii) The correctional industries board of directors shall
25 authorize the type and quantity of items that may be purchased and sold
26 under (b)(ii)(D) and (E) of this subsection.

27 (iv) It is prohibited to purchase any item purchased under
28 (b)(ii)(D) and (E) of this subsection for the purpose of resale.

29 (v) Clothing manufactured by an industry in this class may be
30 donated to nonprofit organizations that provide clothing free of charge
31 to low-income persons.

32 (c)(i) Class II correctional industries products and services shall
33 be reviewed by the correctional industries board of directors before
34 offering such products and services for sale to private contractors.

35 (ii) The board of directors shall conduct a yearly marketing review
36 of the products and services offered under this subsection. Such
37 review shall include an analysis of the potential impact of the
38 proposed products and services on the Washington state business

1 community. To avoid waste or spoilage and consequent loss to the
2 state, when there is no public sector market for such goods, by-
3 products and surpluses of timber, agricultural, and animal husbandry
4 enterprises may be sold to private persons, at private sale. Surplus
5 by-products and surpluses of timber, agricultural and animal husbandry
6 enterprises that cannot be sold to public agencies or to private
7 persons may be donated to nonprofit organizations. All sales of
8 surplus products shall be carried out in accordance with rules
9 prescribed by the secretary.

10 (d) Security and custody services shall be provided without charge
11 by the department of corrections.

12 (e) Inmates working in this class of industries shall do so at
13 their own choice and shall be paid for their work on a gratuity scale
14 which shall not exceed the wage paid for work of a similar nature in
15 the locality in which the industry is located and which is approved by
16 the director of correctional industries.

17 (f) Subject to approval of the correctional industries board,
18 provisions of RCW 41.06.142 shall not apply to contracts with
19 Washington state businesses entered into by the department of
20 corrections through class II industries.

21 (3) CLASS III: INSTITUTIONAL SUPPORT INDUSTRIES.

22 (a) Industries in this class shall be operated by the department of
23 corrections. They shall be designed and managed to accomplish the
24 following objectives:

25 (i) Whenever possible, to provide basic work training and
26 experience so that the inmate will be able to qualify for better work
27 both within correctional industries and the free community. It is not
28 intended that an inmate's work within this class of industries should
29 be his or her final and total work experience as an inmate.

30 (ii) Whenever possible, to provide forty hours of work or work
31 training per week.

32 (iii) Whenever possible, to offset tax and other public support
33 costs.

34 (b) Class III correctional industries shall be reviewed by the
35 correctional industries board of directors to set policy for work
36 crews. The department shall present to the board of directors
37 quarterly detail statements showing where work crews worked, what

1 correctional industry class, and the hours worked. The board of
2 directors may review any class III program at its discretion.

3 (c) Supervising, management, and custody staff shall be employees
4 of the department.

5 (d) All able and eligible inmates who are assigned work and who are
6 not working in other classes of industries shall work in this class.

7 (e) Except for inmates who work in work training programs, inmates
8 in this class shall be paid for their work in accordance with an inmate
9 gratuity scale. The scale shall be adopted by the secretary of
10 corrections.

11 (4) CLASS IV: COMMUNITY WORK INDUSTRIES.

12 (a) Industries in this class shall be operated by the department of
13 corrections. They shall be designed and managed to provide services in
14 the inmate's resident community at a reduced cost. The services shall
15 be provided to public agencies, to persons who are poor or infirm, or
16 to nonprofit organizations.

17 (b) Class IV correctional industries shall be reviewed by the
18 correctional industries board of directors to set policy for work
19 crews. The department shall present to the board of directors
20 quarterly detail statements showing where work crews worked, what
21 correctional industry class, and the hours worked. The board of
22 directors may review any class IV program at its discretion. Class IV
23 correctional industries operated in work camps established pursuant to
24 RCW 72.64.050 are exempt from the requirements of this subsection
25 (4)(b).

26 (c) Inmates in this program shall reside in facilities owned by,
27 contracted for, or licensed by the department of corrections. A unit
28 of local government shall provide work supervision services without
29 charge to the state and shall pay the inmate's wage.

30 (d) The department of corrections shall reimburse participating
31 units of local government for liability and workers compensation
32 insurance costs.

33 (e) Inmates who work in this class of industries shall do so at
34 their own choice and shall receive a gratuity which shall not exceed
35 the wage paid for work of a similar nature in the locality in which the
36 industry is located.

37 (5) CLASS V: COMMUNITY RESTITUTION PROGRAMS.

1 (a) Programs in this class shall be subject to supervision by the
2 department of corrections. The purpose of this class of industries is
3 to enable an inmate, placed on community supervision, to work off all
4 or part of a community restitution order as ordered by the sentencing
5 court.

6 (b) Employment shall be in a community restitution program operated
7 by the state, local units of government, or a nonprofit agency.

8 (c) To the extent that funds are specifically made available for
9 such purposes, the department of corrections shall reimburse nonprofit
10 agencies for workers compensation insurance costs.

11 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 2.** This act is necessary for the immediate
12 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the
13 state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect
14 immediately.

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