

HOUSE BILL REPORT

HB 1570

As Passed House:
March 4, 2013

Title: An act relating to filing requirements for property tax exemption claims for certain improvements to benefit fish and wildlife habitat, water quality, or water quantity.

Brief Description: Concerning filing requirements for property tax exemption claims for certain improvements to benefit fish and wildlife habitat, water quality, or water quantity.

Sponsors: Representatives Kretz, Takko and Short.

Brief History:

Committee Activity:

Finance: 2/4/13, 2/15/13, 2/19/13 [DP].

Floor Activity:

Passed House: 3/4/13, 98-0.

Brief Summary of Bill

- Requires landowners to file for a property tax exemption for certain habitat improvements by October 31.

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

Majority Report: Do pass. Signed by 12 members: Representatives Carlyle, Chair; Tharinger, Vice Chair; Nealey, Ranking Minority Member; Orcutt, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Condotta, Fitzgibbon, Hansen, Lytton, Pollet, Springer, Vick and Wilcox.

Staff: Jeff Olsen (786-7175).

Background:

All real and personal property is subject to property tax each year based on its value, unless a specific exemption is provided by law. There are two classes of property. Real property consists of land and the buildings, structures, and improvements that are affixed to land. Personal property consists of all other property, such as machinery, equipment, furniture, and

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supplies of businesses. The tax is determined by multiplying the assessed value by the tax rate for each taxing district in which the property is located.

State law provides an exemption for certain types of property. One example is for improvements to real and personal property if the improvements are a part of a written conservation plan that provides benefits to wildlife habitat, water quality, or water quantity. The conservation plan must be approved by a local conservation district. Conservation districts must work with the state and federal natural resource agencies, and nonprofit organizations to include practices, arranged by these entities and landowners, in conservation plans. Habitat conservation plans under the terms of the federal Endangered Species Act and compensatory mitigation projects are not eligible for property tax exemption.

Conservation districts are directed to keep a current list of property owners that have entered into a conservation plan that provides specific natural resource benefits. The districts must provide the list to the appropriate county tax assessor. A landowner may file a claim at any time with a county assessor to receive the tax exemption. The claim must include the district's certification of the conservation plan and the landowner must verify that the improvements have been maintained as provided in the plan.

Summary of Bill:

Landowners applying for a property tax exemption for an improvement that benefits fish and wildlife habitat must file a claim for an exemption by October 31. For each subsequent filing year, the claim must contain a copy of the conservation district's initial certification and the landowner's certification for the current year.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Effective Date: The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of the session in which the bill is passed.

Staff Summary of Public Testimony:

(In support) This bill moves the date up to October 31 for property owners seeking a property tax exemption on improvements that benefit fish and wildlife. Examples of this include irrigation improvements that benefit fish. Levies are set in December, so it is beneficial to have this information before the end of the year.

(Opposed) None.

Persons Testifying: Scott Furman, Okanogan County Assessor.

Persons Signed In To Testify But Not Testifying: None.