

HOUSE BILL REPORT

HB 2331

As Reported by House Committee On:
Labor & Workforce Development

Title: An act relating to certified payroll records on public works projects.

Brief Description: Concerning certified payroll records on public works projects.

Sponsors: Representatives Sells, Ormsby, Moscoso, Moeller, Ryu, Reykdal and Pollet.

Brief History:

Committee Activity:

Labor & Workforce Development: 1/21/14, 1/24/14 [DPS].

Brief Summary of Substitute Bill

- Requires contractors and subcontractors on public works projects to submit certified payroll records to the awarding agency before any payment or final payment is made or retainage is released to the contractor.

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON LABOR & WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

Majority Report: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by 5 members: Representatives Sells, Chair; Reykdal, Vice Chair; Green, Moeller and Ormsby.

Minority Report: Do not pass. Signed by 4 members: Representatives Manweller, Ranking Minority Member; Condotta, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Christian and G. Hunt.

Staff: Trudes Tango (786-7384).

Background:

Prevailing Wages. Contractors and subcontractors on public works projects and public building service maintenance contracts are required to pay their workers prevailing wages when employed on those projects and contracts. The prevailing wage is the hourly wage, usual benefits, and overtime paid in the largest city in each county to the majority of workers

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in a particular trade or occupation. The Department of Labor and Industries (Department) establishes prevailing wage rates for each trade and occupation and is responsible for administering and enforcing the prevailing wage law.

Contract Retainage. Public agencies that award public improvement contracts must withhold an amount of up to 5 percent of the money due to the contractor. This retainage is used to help satisfy claims anyone, such as a laborer or supplier, may have under the contract. Once the contract work is completed, the contractor may request release of the retainage, and the public agency has 60 days to release the retainage, subject to the requirements of the prevailing wage law.

Intents and Affidavits. Contractors and subcontractors on public works projects must submit an "intent" to pay prevailing wages to the awarding agency before any payment by the agency is made. After the final acceptance of the project, contractors and subcontractors must submit an "affidavit" stating that prevailing wages have been paid.

Intents and affidavits must be approved by the industrial statistician at the Department before they are submitted to the awarding agency. An awarding agency may not release the contract retainage until all affidavits are submitted.

Certified Payroll Records. Contractors must keep accurate payroll records for three years from the date of acceptance of a public works project. Upon the written request of the Department or any interested party, the contractor must, within 10 days of the request, file a certified copy of the payroll records with the agency that awarded the public works contract and with the Department.

Summary of Substitute Bill:

Before any payment is made on a public works project, the awarding agency must require the contractor and each subcontractor to submit to the awarding agency current, complete and accurate certified payroll records. After final acceptance of the public works project, the awarding agency must require certified payroll records before final payment is made and the retainage is released. Certified payroll records must be submitted in a format acceptable to the awarding agency. The awarding agency shall be held harmless and is not liable for the currency, completeness, or accuracy of the certified payroll records submitted.

Substitute Bill Compared to Original Bill:

The original bill: (1) required the certified payroll records to be submitted on forms approved by the Department, rather than in a format acceptable to the awarding agency; and (2) did not specify that the awarding agency is held harmless and not liable for the currency, completeness, or accuracy of the certified payroll records.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Effective Date of Substitute Bill: The bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of the session in which the bill is passed.

Staff Summary of Public Testimony:

(In support) When a worker is not paid his or her wages, that is fraud and wage theft. This bill will streamline reporting to assure complete and timely payment on public works. Having certified payroll records are a quick and proactive way to help workers. Fraud detection with the Department is a complaint-driven process and this bill would help that process by providing documentation. This package of bills is a comprehensive approach to address the underground economy, wage theft, and workplace fraud.

(With concerns) There is no provision addressing the extent to which a public owner will be liable for the accuracy of the payroll records it receives. If the public owner must verify payroll records, it will create an administrative burden and add to the cost of the project.

(Opposed) The requirements of the bill is an overlay on top of an existing system. The bill would require a new requirement, handled by the public agency, rather than the Department. The Department already gets affidavits at the end of the project. These types of bills do not work for small businesses. The complexity of these laws is overwhelming and the requirements are onerous and burdensome. Wage issues are complicated matters about which people can disagree.

Persons Testifying: (In support) Representative Sells, prime sponsor; Teresa Mosqueda, Washington State Labor Council; Diego Rondón Ichikawa, National Employment Law Project; Andrea Schmitt, Columbia Legal Services; Joel Coronado and Cariño Barragan, Casa Latina; Robert Bruner, Teamsters Local 117; Larry Boyd, Teamsters Local 174; Neil Hartman, Washington State Building and Construction Trades Council; Nicole Grant, Certified Electricians of Western Washington; Miguel Perez Gibson, Progreso Latino; Emily Murphy, One America; and Simon Gorbaty.

(With concerns) Ginger Eagle, Washington Public Ports Association.

(Opposed) Tim O'Connell, Association of Washington Business; Philip Talmadge, Washington Trucking Association; Van Collins, Associated General Contractors; Mark Johnson, Washington Retail Association; Jeff Hansrom, Direct Sellers Association; Susan Eerdmans, Avon; and Gary Smith, Independent Business Association.

Persons Signed In To Testify But Not Testifying: Don DeMulling, Iron Workers Local 86.