## HOUSE BILL 2149

State of Washington 63rd Legislature 2014 Regular Session

By Representatives Cody, Carlyle, Johnson, Jinkins, Morrell, and Santos

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1 AN ACT Relating to medical marijuana; amending RCW 69.51A.005, 2 69.51A.010, 69.51A.020, 69.51A.025, 69.51A.030, 69.51A.040, 69.51A.040, 69.51A.055, 69.51A.060, 69.51A.100, 69.51A.110, 69.51A.120, and 3 69.51A.900; adding new sections to chapter 69.51A RCW; adding new 4 sections to chapter 69.50 RCW; repealing RCW 69.51A.070, 69.51A.140, 5 б 69.51A.200, 69.51A.043, 69.51A.045, 69.51A.047, 69.51A.090, and 7 69.51A.085; providing effective dates; and providing an expiration date. 8

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

10 Sec. 1. RCW 69.51A.005 and 2011 c 181 s 102 are each amended to 11 read as follows:

12 (1) The legislature finds that:

(a) There is medical evidence that some patients with terminal or debilitating medical conditions may, under their health care professional's care, benefit from the medical use of ((cannabis)) <u>marijuana</u>. Some of the conditions for which ((cannabis)) <u>marijuana</u> appears to be beneficial include, but are not limited to:

(i) Nausea, vomiting, and cachexia associated with cancer, HIV positive status, AIDS, hepatitis C, anorexia, and their treatments;

- (ii) Severe muscle spasms associated with multiple sclerosis,
   epilepsy, and other seizure and spasticity disorders;
- 3 (iii) Acute or chronic glaucoma;

4 (iv) Crohn's disease; and

5 (v) Some forms of intractable pain.

6 (b) Humanitarian compassion necessitates that the decision to use 7 ((cannabis)) <u>marijuana</u> by patients with terminal or debilitating 8 medical conditions is a personal, individual decision, based upon their 9 health care professional's professional medical judgment and 10 discretion.

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(2) Therefore, the legislature intends that:

(a) Qualifying patients with terminal or debilitating medical conditions who, in the judgment of their health care professionals, may benefit from the medical use of ((cannabis)) <u>marijuana</u>, shall not be arrested, prosecuted, or subject to other criminal sanctions or civil consequences under state law based solely on their medical use of ((cannabis)) <u>marijuana</u>, notwithstanding any other provision of law;

(b) Persons who act as designated providers to such patients shall also not be arrested, prosecuted, or subject to other criminal sanctions or civil consequences under state law, notwithstanding any other provision of law, based solely on their assisting with the medical use of ((cannabis)) marijuana; and

23 Health care professionals (C) shall also not be arrested, 24 prosecuted, or subject to other criminal sanctions or civil consequences under state law for the proper authorization of medical 25 26 use of ((cannabis)) marijuana by qualifying patients for whom, in the 27 health care professional's professional judgment, the medical use of ((cannabis)) marijuana may prove beneficial. 28

(3) Nothing in this chapter establishes the medical necessity or
 medical appropriateness of ((cannabis)) marijuana for treating terminal
 or debilitating medical conditions as defined in RCW 69.51A.010.

32 (4) Nothing in this chapter diminishes the authority of correctional agencies and departments, including local governments or 33 34 jails, to establish a procedure for determining when the use of 35 ((cannabis)) marijuana would impact community safety or the effective 36 supervision of those on active supervision for a criminal conviction, 37 nor does it create the right to any accommodation of any medical use of 38 ((cannabis)) marijuana in any correctional facility or jail.

1 Sec. 2. RCW 69.51A.010 and 2010 c 284 s 2 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

3 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 4 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

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(1) <u>"Department" means the department of health.</u>

6 (2) "Designated provider" means a person who:

7 (a) Is eighteen years of age or older;

8 (b) Has been designated in writing by a patient to serve as a 9 designated provider under this chapter;

10 (c) Is prohibited from consuming marijuana obtained for the 11 personal, medical use of the patient for whom the individual is acting 12 as designated provider; and

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(d) Is the designated provider to only one patient at any one time.

14 (((2))) (3) "Health care professional," for purposes of this 15 chapter only, means a physician licensed under chapter 18.71 RCW, a 16 physician assistant licensed under chapter 18.71A RCW, an osteopathic 17 physician licensed under chapter 18.57 RCW, an osteopathic physicians' 18 assistant licensed under chapter 18.57A RCW, a naturopath licensed 19 under chapter 18.36A RCW, or an advanced registered nurse practitioner 12 licensed under chapter 18.79 RCW.

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((<del>(3)</del>)) <u>(4) "Marijuana" has the same meaning as in RCW 69.50.101.</u>

(5) "Marijuana processor" has the same meaning as in RCW 69.50.101.

23 (6) "Marijuana producer" has the same meaning as in RCW 69.50.101.

24 <u>(7) "Marijuana-infused products" has the same meaning as in RCW</u>
25 <u>69.50.101.</u>

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(8) "Marijuana retailer" has the same meaning as in RCW 69.50.101.

27 (9) "Medical use of marijuana" means the production, possession, or 28 administration of marijuana, as defined in RCW 69.50.101(((q))), for 29 the exclusive benefit of a qualifying patient in the treatment of his 30 or her terminal or ((debilitating illness)) medical condition.

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((<del>(4)</del>)) <u>(10)</u> "Qualifying patient" means a person who:

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(a) Is a patient of a health care professional;

33 (b) Has been diagnosed by that health care professional as having34 a terminal or debilitating medical condition;

35 (c) Is a resident of the state of Washington at the time of such 36 diagnosis;

37 (d) Has been advised by that health care professional about the38 risks and benefits of the medical use of marijuana; and

(e) Has been advised by that health care professional that they may
 benefit from the medical use of marijuana.

3 (((<del>(5)</del>)) <u>(11)</u> "Tamper-resistant paper" means paper that meets one or 4 more of the following industry-recognized features:

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(a) One or more features designed to prevent copying of the paper;

6 (b) One or more features designed to prevent the erasure or 7 modification of information on the paper; or

8 (c) One or more features designed to prevent the use of counterfeit 9 valid documentation.

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((<del>(6)</del>)) <u>(12)</u> "Terminal or debilitating medical condition" means:

(a) Cancer, human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), multiple sclerosis,
 epilepsy or other seizure disorder, or spasticity disorders; or

(b) Intractable pain, limited for the purpose of this chapter to mean pain <u>that can be objectively assessed and evaluated, that is</u> unrelieved by standard medical treatments and medications <u>and of such</u> severity as to significantly interfere with the patient's activities of <u>daily living and ability to function</u>; or

18 (c) Glaucoma, either acute or chronic, limited for the purpose of 19 this chapter to mean increased intraocular pressure unrelieved by 20 standard treatments and medications; or

21 (d) Crohn's disease with debilitating symptoms unrelieved by 22 standard treatments or medications; or

(e) Hepatitis C with debilitating nausea or intractable painunrelieved by standard treatments or medications; or

(f) Diseases, including anorexia, which result in nausea, vomiting, wasting, appetite loss, cramping, seizures, muscle spasms, or spasticity, when these symptoms are unrelieved by standard treatments or medications((; or

29 (g) Any other medical condition duly approved by the Washington 30 state medical quality assurance commission in consultation with the 31 board of osteopathic medicine and surgery as directed in this 32 chapter)).

33 (((<del>(7)</del>)) <u>(13) "Useable marijuana" has the same meaning as in RCW</u>
34 <u>69.50.101.</u>

35 <u>(14)</u> "Valid documentation" means((÷

36 (a))) <u>A</u> statement signed and dated by a qualifying patient's health 37 care professional written on tamper-resistant paper, which states that,

in the health care professional's professional opinion, the patient may 1 2 benefit from the medical use of marijuana((; and

(b) Proof of identity such as a Washington state driver's license 3 4 or identicard, as defined in RCW 46.20.035)).

5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 69.51A RCW б to read as follows:

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By May 1, 2015, the department shall:

(1) Within thirty days of receiving an application, issue a 8 9 qualifying patient recognition card to any qualifying patient who meets the criteria established under section 4 of this act; 10

11 (2) Within thirty days of an application, issue a designated 12 provider recognition card to any designated provider who meets the criteria established under section 4 of this act; 13

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(3)(a) Adopt application forms for a:

Qualifying patient to apply for a qualifying patient 15 (i) recognition card under section 4 of this act; or 16

17 (ii) Designated provider to apply for a designated provider recognition card under the qualifying patient's authority. 18

(b) The application forms shall, at a minimum, include: 19

20 (i) The name, address, and date of birth of the qualifying patient 21 and, if appropriate, the qualifying patient's designated provider;

22 (ii) The name, address, and telephone number of the qualifying patient's health care professional who signed the patient's valid 23 24 documentation;

25 (iii) Any other information that the department determines is 26 necessary to verify the identity of the qualifying patient or designated provider, including unique identifiers such as driver's 27 license information or social security numbers; 28

29 (4) Adopt procedures for the issuance, annual renewal, and cancellation of a qualifying patient recognition card; 30

31 (5) Adopt procedures for the issuance and cancellation of a 32 designated provider recognition card to a designated provider. Cancellation may be initiated by the department or at the request of 33 34 the qualifying patient;

35 (6) Adopt attestation forms and procedures for health care 36 professionals to use in section 5 of this act;

(7) Establish and maintain a system for safeguarding the records of
 individuals applying for or holding qualifying patient recognition
 cards or designated provider recognition cards;

4 (8) Adopt rules and guidelines as necessary to implement this5 chapter.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 69.51A RCW 7 to read as follows:

8 (1) After May 1, 2015, a qualifying patient may receive a 9 qualifying patient recognition card from the department if the 10 qualifying patient:

11 (a) Submits to the department an application signed by:

12 (i)(A) The qualifying patient; or

(B) If the qualifying patient is less than eighteen years of age,a parent or guardian of the qualifying patient; and

15 (ii) The qualifying patient's health care professional who has 16 signed the patient's valid documentation; and

17 (b) Submits a copy of his or her valid documentation to the 18 department.

19 (2) After May 1, 2015, a designated provider may receive a 20 designated provider recognition card from the department if the 21 designated provider:

(a) Submits to the department an application signed by the designated provider and the qualifying patient that has made the designation; and

(b) Submits a copy of the qualifying patient recognition card for the qualifying patient that has made the designation or, if the qualifying patient recognition card has not been processed by the department a copy of the qualifying patient's application for a qualifying patient recognition card.

30 (3) At a minimum, a qualifying patient recognition card and a 31 designated provider recognition card must contain the following 32 information on its face:

- 33 (a) The individual's name;
- 34 (b) The individual's birth date;

35 (c) The expiration date; and

36 (d) In the case of a designated provider registration card, the 37 name of the qualifying patient who the designated provider represents.

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1 (4) Qualifying patient recognition cards and designated provider 2 recognition cards expire on the date identified by the health care 3 professional on the valid documentation which may not exceed one year 4 from the date that the valid documentation was authorized.

5 (5) Qualifying patient recognition cards and designated provider 6 recognition cards are not transferrable.

7 (6)(a) If a qualifying patient's health care professional has 8 determined that a patient's terminal or debilitating medical condition 9 justifies an extraordinary demand for the possession and purchase of up 10 to eight ounces of useable marijuana, the health care professional may 11 provide the patient with an attestation that meets the requirement of 12 section 5 of this act.

13 (b) The attestation may be submitted with the application for a qualifying patient recognition card or designated provider recognition 14 15 card or submitted separately during the period that a qualifying patient recognition card or designated provider recognition card is 16 17 valid. If submitted separately, the department shall invalidate the 18 previous card and issue a new qualifying patient recognition card or 19 designated provider recognition card with the previous expiration date. 20 (c) If the department determines that the conditions of section 5 21 of this act have been met, the qualifying patient recognition card or 22 designated provider recognition card shall note the amount of useable 23 cannabis authorized for possession or purchase.

24 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 69.51A RCW 25 to read as follows:

26 (1) An individual who holds a valid qualifying patient recognition 27 card or a designated provider recognition card pursuant to section 4 of 28 this act may assert the protections available under RCW 69.51A.040 and 29 purchase the amounts approved under that section from a licensed 30 marijuana retailer that holds a medical marijuana endorsement, except 31 that the individual may possess or purchase an amount in excess of 32 three ounces of useable marijuana, but not to exceed eight ounces of 33 useable marijuana if an extraordinary demand has been approved by the 34 qualifying patient's health care professional in accordance with 35 subsection (2) of this section.

36 (2) A health care professional may authorize the possession or

1 purchase of more than three ounces of useable marijuana for a 2 qualifying patient if the health care professional attests to the 3 department:

4 (a) That he or she is the primary health care professional treating
5 the patient's terminal or debilitating medical condition that is the
6 basis for the issuance of the valid documentation;

7 (b) That he or she maintains an ongoing medical relationship with 8 the patient that includes regular visits with the patient at least 9 every three months;

10 (c) That alternatives to marijuana for medical use have been 11 attempted with the qualifying patient and have been unsuccessful and 12 that the use of marijuana in amounts that would allow for possession of 13 less than three ounces of useable marijuana has been attempted and has 14 been unsuccessful; and

(d) That he or she maintains documentation of efforts to use alternatives to marijuana for medical use and marijuana in amounts that would allow for possession of less than three ounces of useable marijuana.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 69.51A RCW 20 to read as follows:

21 (1) The department shall establish and maintain a system for 22 safeguarding the records of qualifying patients that have applied for 23 a qualifying patient recognition card under section 4 of this act and 24 designated providers that have applied for a designated provider 25 recognition card under section 4 of this act secure and as 26 confidential.

(2) Information maintained by the department under this sectionshall be confidential and not subject to disclosure, except:

(a) To a peace officer at any time for purposes of verifying that
a person is lawfully in possession of a qualifying patient recognition
card or a designated provider recognition card;

32 (b) To appropriate local, state, and federal law enforcement or 33 prosecutorial officials who are engaged in a bona fide specific 34 investigation involving a designated person;

35 (c) To members of a disciplining authority or a state employee in 36 connection with an investigation conducted by a disciplining authority 37 for unprofessional conduct under RCW 69.51A.030 or chapter 18.130 RCW;

1 (d) In an aggregated form that does not allow for the 2 identification of any individual holder of a qualifying patient 3 recognition card or designated provider recognition card;

4 (e) To persons authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled
5 substances, for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical care
6 for their patients;

7 (f) To employees of the department of revenue to the extent 8 necessary to determine applicable exemptions from state and local 9 taxes; or

10 (g) To employees of the liquor control board to the extent 11 necessary to determine compliance with the requirements of sections 22 12 and 23 of this act.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 69.51A RCW 14 to read as follows:

15 If a qualifying patient is less than eighteen years of age, a 16 parent or guardian of the qualifying patient must:

17 (1) Be named as his or her designated provider and hold a18 designated provider recognition card to that effect; and

(2) Have sole control over the qualifying patient's marijuana,
except that the qualifying patient may possess an amount of marijuana
that is necessary to fulfill his or her next dose.

22 Sec. 8. RCW 69.51A.020 and 2011 c 181 s 103 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to supersede Washington state law prohibiting the acquisition, possession, manufacture, sale, or use of ((cannabis)) <u>marijuana</u> for nonmedical purposes. Criminal penalties created under chapter 181, Laws of 2011 do not preclude the prosecution or punishment for other crimes, including other crimes involving the manufacture or delivery of ((cannabis)) <u>marijuana</u> for nonmedical purposes.

31 **Sec. 9.** RCW 69.51A.025 and 2011 c 181 s 413 are each amended to 32 read as follows:

33 Nothing in this chapter or in the rules adopted to implement it 34 precludes a qualifying patient or designated provider from engaging in

1 the private, unlicensed, noncommercial production, possession, 2 transportation, delivery, or administration of ((cannabis)) <u>marijuana</u> 3 for medical use as authorized under RCW 69.51A.040.

4 Sec. 10. RCW 69.51A.030 and 2011 c 181 s 301 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

б (1) The following acts do not constitute crimes under state law or 7 unprofessional conduct under chapter 18.130 RCW, and a health care professional may not be arrested, searched, prosecuted, disciplined, or 8 9 subject to other criminal sanctions or civil consequences or liability 10 under state law, or have real or personal property searched, seized, or 11 forfeited pursuant to state law, notwithstanding any other provision of 12 law as long as the health care professional complies with subsection 13 (2) of this section:

(a) Advising a patient about the risks and benefits of medical use
 of ((cannabis)) marijuana or that the patient may benefit from the
 medical use of ((cannabis)) marijuana; or

(b) Providing a patient meeting the ((criteria established under RCW 69.51A.010(26))) definition of a qualifying patient with valid documentation, based upon the health care professional's assessment of the patient's medical history and current medical condition, where such use is within a professional standard of care or in the individual health care professional's medical judgment.

23 (2)(a)(i) A health care professional may only provide a patient 24 with valid documentation authorizing the medical use of ((cannabis or 25 register the patient with the registry established in section 901 of 26 this act)) <u>marijuana</u> if he or she has a newly initiated or existing 27 documented relationship with the patient, as a primary care provider or a specialist, relating to the diagnosis and ongoing treatment or 28 29 monitoring of the patient's terminal or debilitating medical condition, 30 and only after:

31 ((((i))) (A) Completing a physical examination of the patient as 32 appropriate, based on the patient's condition and age;

33 ((<del>(ii)</del>)) <u>(B)</u> Documenting the terminal or debilitating medical 34 condition of the patient in the patient's medical record and that the 35 patient may benefit from treatment of this condition or its symptoms 36 with medical use of ((cannabis)) marijuana;

- 1 (((iii))) (C) Informing the patient of other options for treating
  2 the terminal or debilitating medical condition; and
- 3 (((iv))) (D) Documenting other measures attempted to treat the 4 terminal or debilitating medical condition that do not involve the 5 medical use of ((cannabis)) marijuana.
- 6 (ii) If a patient is less than eighteen years of age, in addition
  7 to the requirement of (a) of this subsection, the health care
  8 professional must:
- 9 <u>(A) Frequently reexamine the patient and consult with his or her</u> 10 <u>parent or guardian; and</u>

11 (B) Consult with other health care providers who are providing 12 treatment to the patient prior to providing the patient with valid 13 documentation authorizing the medical use of marijuana or a renewal of 14 valid documentation authorizing the medical use of marijuana.

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(b) A health care professional shall not:

(i) Accept, solicit, or offer any form of pecuniary remuneration from or to a licensed dispenser, licensed producer, or licensed processor of ((cannabis)) marijuana products;

(ii) Offer a discount or any other thing of value to a qualifying patient who is a customer of, or agrees to be a customer of, a particular licensed dispenser, licensed producer, or licensed processor of ((cannabis)) marijuana products;

(iii) Examine or offer to examine a patient for purposes of diagnosing a terminal or debilitating medical condition at a location where ((cannabis)) marijuana is produced, processed, or dispensed;

26 (iv) Have a business or practice which consists ((solely))
27 primarily of authorizing the medical use of ((cannabis)) marijuana;

(v) Include any statement or reference, visual or otherwise, on the medical use of ((cannabis)) marijuana in any advertisement for his or her business or practice; ((or))

(vi) Hold an economic interest in an enterprise that produces, processes, or dispenses ((cannabis)) <u>marijuana</u> if the health care professional authorizes the medical use of ((cannabis)) <u>marijuana;</u>

34 <u>(vii) Provide services related to the issuance of valid</u>
35 <u>documentation in a location other than his or her permanent physical</u>
36 <u>location of business; or</u>

37 (viii) Charge a varying rate for sevices depending on the amount of

1 <u>marijuana for medical use that is authorized or duration of the</u> 2 expiration date of the authorization.

3 (3) <u>A health care professional shall identify the expiration date</u> 4 <u>of the valid documentation issued pursuant to subsection (2)(a) of this</u> 5 <u>section. The expiration date may not be more than one year from the</u> 6 <u>date that the valid documentation was issued. Any renewal of the valid</u> 7 <u>documentation must meet the procedures established under subsection</u> 8 <u>(2)(a) of this section and be performed immediately prior to the</u> 9 <u>issuance of the renewed valid documentation.</u>

10 <u>(4)</u> A violation of any provision of subsection (2) <u>or (3)</u> of this 11 section constitutes unprofessional conduct under chapter 18.130 RCW.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 69.51A 13 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall convene a work group of representatives of the medical quality assurance commission, board of osteopathic medicine and surgery, the nursing care quality assurance committee, and the board of naturopathy to:

(1) Develop practice guidelines for health care professionals to
 consider when authorizing the medical use of marijuana for patients.
 The practice guidelines shall address:

(a) Assessing a patient to determine if he or she has adebilitating condition or intractable pain;

(b) Conducting an adequate examination of a patient for the needfor marijuana for medical use;

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(c) Dosing criteria related to the medical use of marijuana;

26 (d) Developing a treatment plan for patients who may benefit from27 the medical use of marijuana;

(e) Communicating with a patient about the medical use of marijuana
 and other options for treating his or her terminal or debilitating
 medical condition;

31 (f) Maintaining records for patients who have been authorized to 32 use marijuana for medical purposes; and

33 (g) Other issues identified by the work group as necessary to 34 provide appropriate care to patients who have been authorized to use 35 marijuana for medical purposes.

36 (2) The department shall make the practice guidelines broadly37 available to health care professionals.

1 Sec. 12. RCW 69.51A.040 and 2011 c 181 s 401 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

The medical use of ((cannabis)) marijuana in accordance with the 3 4 terms and conditions of this chapter does not constitute a crime and a qualifying patient who holds a qualifying patient recognition card or 5 6 designated provider who holds a designated provider recognition card in 7 compliance with the terms and conditions of this chapter may not be 8 arrested, prosecuted, or subject to other criminal sanctions or civil 9 consequences, for possession, manufacture, or delivery of, or for 10 possession with intent to manufacture or deliver, ((cannabis)) 11 marijuana under state law, or have real or personal property seized or 12 forfeited for possession, manufacture, or delivery of, for or 13 possession with intent to manufacture or deliver, ((cannabis)) 14 marijuana under state law, and investigating peace officers and law 15 enforcement agencies may not be held civilly liable for failure to seize ((cannabis)) marijuana in this circumstance, if: 16

(1)(a) The qualifying patient or designated provider possesses no more than ((fifteen cannabis)) three flowering marijuana plants and three nonflowering marijuana plants and:

20 (i) No more than ((twenty-four)) three ounces of useable 21 ((cannabis)) marijuana or an amount authorized pursuant to section 5 of 22 this act and stated on the individual's qualifying patient recognition 23 card or designated provider recognition card;

(ii) No more ((cannabis)) <u>marijuana</u> product than what could
reasonably be produced with no more than ((twenty-four)) <u>three</u> ounces
of useable ((cannabis)) <u>marijuana or an amount authorized pursuant to</u>
<u>section 5 of this act and stated on the individual's qualifying patient</u>
<u>recognition card or designated provider recognition card</u>; or

(iii) A combination of useable ((cannabis)) marijuana and ((cannabis)) marijuana product that does not exceed a combined total representing possession and processing of no more than ((twenty-four)) three ounces of useable ((cannabis)) marijuana or an amount authorized pursuant to section 5 of this act and stated on the individual's qualifying patient recognition card or designated provider recognition card.

36 (b) <u>The limitations related to the possession of marijuana</u>
 37 <u>established under (a) of this subsection also apply as the total</u>
 38 <u>possession amount even if a person is both a qualifying patient and a</u>

designated provider for another qualifying patient, ((the person may possess no more than twice the amounts described in (a) of this subsection,)) whether the plants, useable ((cannabis)) marijuana, and ((cannabis)) marijuana product are possessed individually or in combination between the qualifying patient and his or her designated provider;

7 (2) The qualifying patient or designated provider presents his or
8 her ((proof of registration with the department of health)) valid
9 qualifying patient recognition card or designated provider recognition
10 card, to any peace officer who questions the patient or provider
11 regarding his or her medical use of ((cannabis)) marijuana;

12 (3) The qualifying patient or designated provider keeps a copy of 13 his or her ((proof of registration with the registry established in 14 section 901 of this act)) valid qualifying patient recognition card or 15 designated provider recognition card and the qualifying patient or 16 designated provider's contact information posted prominently next to 17 any ((cannabis)) marijuana plants, ((cannabis)) marijuana products, or 18 useable ((cannabis)) marijuana located at his or her residence;

19 (4) The investigating peace officer does not possess evidence that:
20 (a) The designated provider has converted ((cannabis)) marijuana
21 produced or obtained for the qualifying patient for his or her own
22 personal use or benefit; or

(b) The qualifying patient has converted ((cannabis)) marijuana
 produced or obtained for his or her own medical use to the qualifying
 patient's personal, nonmedical use or benefit; and

(5) The investigating peace officer does not possess evidence that
the designated provider has served as a designated provider to more
than one qualifying patient within a fifteen-day period((; and

29 (6) The investigating peace officer has not observed evidence of 30 any of the circumstances identified in section 901(4) of this act)).

31 **Sec. 13.** RCW 69.51A.040 and 2011 c 181 s 401 are each amended to 32 read as follows:

33 The medical use of ((cannabis)) <u>marijuana</u> in accordance with the 34 terms and conditions of this chapter does not constitute a crime and a 35 qualifying patient <u>who holds a qualifying patient recognition card</u> or 36 designated provider <u>who holds a designated provider recognition card</u> in 37 compliance with the terms and conditions of this chapter may not be

arrested, prosecuted, or subject to other criminal sanctions or civil 1 consequences, for possession, manufacture, or delivery of, or for 2 3 possession with intent to manufacture or deliver, ((cannabis)) 4 marijuana under state law, or have real or personal property seized or 5 forfeited for possession, manufacture, or delivery of, or for 6 possession with intent to manufacture or deliver, ((cannabis)) 7 marijuana under state law, and investigating peace officers and law 8 enforcement agencies may not be held civilly liable for failure to seize ((cannabis)) marijuana in this circumstance, if: 9

10 (1)(a) The qualifying patient or designated provider possesses ((no 11 more than fifteen cannabis plants and)):

12 (i) No more than ((twenty four)) three ounces of useable 13 ((cannabis)) marijuana or an amount authorized pursuant to section 5 of 14 this act and stated on the individual's qualifying patient recognition 15 card or designated provider recognition card;

16 (ii) No more ((cannabis)) <u>marijuana</u> product than what could 17 reasonably be produced with no more than ((twenty-four)) <u>three</u> ounces 18 of useable ((cannabis)) <u>marijuana or an amount authorized pursuant to</u> 19 <u>section 5 of this act and stated on the individual's qualifying patient</u> 20 <u>recognition card or designated provider recognition card;</u> or

(iii) A combination of useable ((cannabis)) marijuana and ((cannabis)) marijuana product that does not exceed a combined total representing possession and processing of no more than ((twenty-four)) three ounces of useable ((cannabis)) marijuana or an amount authorized pursuant to section 5 of this act and stated on the individual's qualifying patient recognition card or designated provider recognition card.

The limitations related to the possession of marijuana 28 (b) established under (a) of this subsection also apply as the total 29 30 possession amount even if a person is both a qualifying patient and a designated provider for another qualifying patient, ((the person may 31 32 possess no more than twice the amounts described in (a) of this 33 subsection,)) whether the ((plants,)) useable ((cannabis)) marijuana, and ((cannabis)) marijuana product are possessed individually or in 34 35 combination between the qualifying patient and his or her designated 36 provider;

37 (2) The qualifying patient or designated provider presents his or
 38 her ((proof of registration with the department of health)) valid

1 <u>qualifying patient recognition card or designated provider recognition</u>
2 <u>card</u>, to any peace officer who questions the patient or provider
3 regarding his or her medical use of ((cannabis)) <u>marijuana</u>;

(3) The qualifying patient or designated provider keeps a copy of
his or her ((proof of registration with the registry established in
section 901 of this act)) valid qualifying patient recognition card or
designated provider recognition card and the qualifying patient or
designated provider's contact information posted prominently next to
any ((cannabis)) marijuana plants, ((cannabis)) marijuana products, or
useable ((cannabis)) marijuana located at his or her residence;

11 (4) The investigating peace officer does not possess evidence that:
12 (a) The designated provider has converted ((cannabis)) marijuana
13 produced or obtained for the qualifying patient for his or her own
14 personal use or benefit; or

(b) The qualifying patient has converted ((cannabis)) marijuana produced or obtained for his or her own medical use to the qualifying patient's personal, nonmedical use or benefit; and

18 (5) The investigating peace officer does not possess evidence that 19 the designated provider has served as a designated provider to more 20 than one qualifying patient within a fifteen-day period((<del>; and</del>)

(6) The investigating peace officer has not observed evidence of
 any of the circumstances identified in section 901(4) of this act)).

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 14. A new section is added to chapter 69.51A
 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department, in collaboration with the state liquor control board, shall report to the governor and the legislature by November 15, 27 2019, regarding the need for qualifying patients and designated 28 providers to be able to possess their own marijuana plants as allowed 29 under RCW 69.51A.040.

30 (2) The report shall:

31 (a) Use records maintained under section 6 of this act to detail 32 the adequacy of the commercial marijuana supply for qualifying patients 33 by describing:

34 (i) The distances between qualifying patients and designated 35 providers and the nearest licensed marijuana retailer with a medical 36 marijuana endorsement; 1 (ii) The number of qualifying patients that may be experiencing 2 hardship in purchasing a safe and adequate supply of marijuana for 3 medical use from a licensed marijuana retailer with a medical marijuana 4 endorsement; and

5 (iii) The extent to which the cost of purchasing marijuana for 6 medical use from a licensed marijuana retailer with a medical marijuana 7 endorsement impedes access to a safe and adequate supply of marijuana 8 for qualifying patients; and

9 (b) Include information compiled from law enforcement officials 10 about the extent to which the authority of qualifying patients and 11 designated providers to possess their own marijuana plants as allowed 12 under RCW 69.51A.040 has been illegally associated with the conversion 13 of marijuana for nonmedical use.

14 **Sec. 15.** RCW 69.51A.055 and 2011 c 181 s 1105 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

16 (1)(((a))) The arrest and prosecution protections established in 17 RCW 69.51A.040 may not be asserted in a supervision revocation or 18 violation hearing by a person who is supervised by a corrections agency 19 or department, including local governments or jails, that has 20 determined that the terms of this section are inconsistent with and 21 contrary to his or her supervision.

(((b) The affirmative defenses established in RCW 69.51A.043, 69.51A.045, 69.51A.047, and section 407 of this act may not be asserted in a supervision revocation or violation hearing by a person who is supervised by a corrections agency or department, including local governments or jails, that has determined that the terms of this section are inconsistent with and contrary to his or her supervision.))

(2) The provisions of RCW 69.51A.040, 69.51A.085, and 69.51A.025 do
not apply to a person who is supervised for a criminal conviction by a
corrections agency or department, including local governments or jails,
that has determined that the terms of this chapter are inconsistent
with and contrary to his or her supervision.

33 (((3) A person may not be licensed as a licensed producer, licensed 34 processor of cannabis products, or a licensed dispenser under section 35 601, 602, or 701 of this act if he or she is supervised for a criminal 36 conviction by a corrections agency or department, including local

governments or jails, that has determined that licensure is 1

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inconsistent with and contrary to his or her supervision.))

3 Sec. 16. RCW 69.51A.060 and 2011 c 181 s 501 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

(1) It shall be a class 3 civil infraction to use or display 5 б marijuana for medical ((cannabis)) use in a manner or place which is 7 open to the view of the general public.

8 (2) Nothing in this chapter establishes a right of care as a 9 covered benefit or requires any state purchased health care as defined in RCW 41.05.011 or other health carrier or health plan as defined in 10 11 Title 48 RCW to be liable for any claim for reimbursement for the 12 medical use of ((cannabis)) marijuana. Such entities may enact 13 coverage or noncoverage criteria or related policies for payment or nonpayment of marijuana for medical ((cannabis)) use in their sole 14 15 discretion.

16 (3) Nothing in this chapter requires any health care professional 17 to authorize the medical use of ((cannabis)) marijuana for a patient.

(4) Nothing in this chapter requires any accommodation of any on-18 site medical use of ((cannabis)) marijuana in any place of employment, 19 20 in any school bus or on any school grounds, in any youth center, in any 21 correctional facility, or smoking ((cannabis)) marijuana in any public place or hotel or motel. 22

23 (5) Nothing in this chapter authorizes the ((use of)) medical ((cannabis)) use of marijuana by any person who is subject to the 24 25 Washington code of military justice in chapter 38.38 RCW.

26 (6) Employers may establish drug-free work policies. Nothing in 27 this chapter requires an accommodation for the medical use of ((cannabis)) marijuana if an employer has a drug-free work place. 28

29 (7) It is a class C felony to fraudulently produce any record 30 purporting to be, or tamper with the content of any record for the 31 purpose of having it accepted as, valid documentation ((under)) as 32 defined in RCW 69.51A.010( $(\frac{(32)(a)}{a})$ ), or to backdate such documentation to a time earlier than its actual date of execution. 33

34 (8) No person shall be entitled to claim the protection from arrest 35 and prosecution under RCW 69.51A.040 ((or the affirmative defense under 36 RCW 69.51A.043)) for engaging in the medical use of ((cannabis)) 37 marijuana in a way that endangers the health or well-being of any

1 person through the use of a motorized vehicle on a street, road, or 2 highway, including violations of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or 3 equivalent local ordinances.

4 **Sec. 17.** RCW 69.51A.100 and 2011 c 181 s 404 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

6 (1) A qualifying patient may revoke his or her designation of a 7 specific provider and designate a different provider at any time <u>in</u> 8 <u>accordance with department procedures</u>. A revocation of designation 9 must be in writing, signed, and dated. The protections of this chapter 10 cease to apply to a person who has served as a designated provider to 11 a qualifying patient seventy-two hours after receipt of that patient's 12 revocation of his or her designation.

(2) A person may stop serving as a designated provider to a given qualifying patient at any time. However, that person may not begin serving as a designated provider to a different qualifying patient until fifteen days have elapsed from the date the last qualifying patient designated him or her to serve as a provider.

18 Sec. 18. RCW 69.51A.110 and 2011 c 181 s 408 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

20 A qualifying patient's medical use of ((cannabis)) marijuana as 21 authorized by a health care professional may not be a sole 22 disqualifying factor in determining the patient's suitability for an 23 organ transplant, unless it is shown that this use poses a significant 24 risk of rejection or organ failure. This section does not preclude a 25 health care professional from requiring that a patient abstain from the medical use of ((cannabis)) marijuana, for a period of time determined 26 27 by the health care professional, while waiting for a transplant organ or before the patient undergoes an organ transplant. 28

29 Sec. 19. RCW 69.51A.120 and 2011 c 181 s 409 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

A qualifying patient or designated provider may not have his or her parental rights or residential time with a child restricted solely due to his or her medical use of ((cannabis)) <u>marijuana</u> in compliance with the terms of this chapter absent written findings supported by evidence 1 that such use has resulted in a long-term impairment that interferes 2 with the performance of parenting functions as defined under RCW 3 26.09.004.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 20. A new section is added to chapter 69.51A
RCW to read as follows:

6 All valid documentation issued prior to the effective date of this 7 section expires May 1, 2015.

8 **Sec. 21.** RCW 69.51A.900 and 2011 c 181 s 1106 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

10 This chapter may be known and cited as the Washington state medical 11 use of ((cannabis)) marijuana act.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 22. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 RCW 13 to read as follows:

(1)(a) After May 1, 2015, any marijuana retailer that is licensed under RCW 69.50.325 may apply to the state liquor control board for a medical marijuana endorsement to sell quantities of useable marijuana and marijuana-infused products up to the amount authorized in RCW 69.51A.040 to any individual who holds a qualifying patient recognition card under section 4 of this act or a designated provider recognition card under section 4 of this act.

(b) A separate medical marijuana endorsement shall be required for each location at which a marijuana retailer intends to function pursuant to a medical marijuana endorsement.

(c) Each medical marijuana endorsement must be renewed annually. The state liquor control board may authorize a one time extension of the renewal date so that the renewal of a medical marijuana endorsement coincides with the renewal of a marijuana retailer license.

(d) A medical marijuana endorsement is not transferrable, except to the extent permitted for the transfer of a marijuana retail license under RCW 69.50.339.

31 (2) Applicants for a medical marijuana endorsement must:

(a)(i) Hold an active marijuana retailer license issued pursuant to
 RCW 69.50.325 that is in good standing with the state liquor control
 board; or

(ii) Submit a concurrent application for a new marijuana retailer
 license and a medical marijuana endorsement; and

3 (b) Pay an annual fee for the issuance or renewal of a medical4 marijuana endorsement of two hundred dollars.

5 (3)(a) Any cancellation, suspension, condition, or restriction 6 imposed upon the marijuana retail license shall similarly affect the 7 medical marijuana endorsement.

8 (b) When conducting investigations or actions against the license 9 of a marijuana retailer pursuant to RCW 69.50.331 or 69.50.334, the 10 state liquor control board may similarly consider violations of any 11 requirements specifically related to a medical marijuana endorsement.

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(4) The state liquor control board shall:

(a) Adopt rules related to the issuance, denial, suspension, or cancellation of new and renewal medical marijuana endorsements to marijuana retail licenses. In addition, the rules shall address procedures for the consideration of a medical marijuana endorsement submitted concurrently with a marijuana retailer license;

(b) Issue, deny, suspend, or cancel new and renewal medical marijuana endorsements as provided in this chapter and the state liquor control board rules; and

(c) Adopt rules for the general operation of marijuana retailers
 that hold a medical marijuana endorsement that include requirements to:

(i) Verify the identity of a qualifying patient or designatedprovider;

(ii) Label the THC concentration and cannabinoids in marijuana products for sale in the retailer; and

(iii) Record sales to qualifying patients and designated providers for purposes of determining applicable exemptions from state and local taxes and compliance with sales amount requirements in section 23 of this act.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 23. A new section is added to chapter 69.50 RCW 32 to read as follows:

(1) Prior to selling marijuana to an individual who holds a qualifying patient recognition card or designated provider recognition card, a licensed marijuana retailer that holds a medical marijuana endorsement under section 22 of this act must verify the identity of the individual and the authenticity of the card according to rules
 established by the state liquor control board.

3 (2) A licensed marijuana retailer that holds a medical marijuana 4 endorsement under section 22 of this act may not sell or distribute any more marijuana than the amounts permitted in RCW 69.51A.040 to any 5 6 individual who holds a qualifying patient recognition card or designate 7 provider recognition card. The retail sale of useable marijuana and 8 marijuana-infused products in accordance with the amounts permitted in RCW 69.51A.040 and the rules adopted to implement and enforce it, by a 9 10 validly licensed marijuana retailer that holds a medical marijuana endorsement or any of its employees, shall not be a criminal or civil 11 12 offense under Washington state law.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 24.** The following acts or parts of acts are 14 each repealed:

15 (1) RCW 69.51A.070 (Addition of medical conditions) and 2007 c 371 16 s 7 & 1999 c 2 s 9;

17 (2) RCW 69.51A.140 (Counties, cities, towns--Authority to adopt and
 18 enforce requirements) and 2011 c 181 s 1102; and

19 (3) RCW 69.51A.200 (Evaluation) and 2011 c 181 s 1001.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 25.** The following acts or parts of acts are 21 each repealed, effective May 1, 2015:

(1) RCW 69.51A.043 (Failure to register--Affirmative defense) and
2011 c 181 s 402;

(2) RCW 69.51A.045 (Possession of cannabis exceeding lawful
 amount--Affirmative defense) and 2011 c 181 s 405;

26 (3) RCW 69.51A.047 (Failure to register or present valid 27 documentation--Affirmative defense) and 2011 c 181 s 406;

28 (4) RCW 69.51A.090 (Applicability of valid documentation 29 definition) and 2010 c 284 s 5; and

30 (5) RCW 69.51A.085 (Collective gardens) and 2011 c 181 s 403.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 26. Section 12 of this act takes effect May 1,
 32 2015.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 27. Section 12 of this act expires July 1,
34 2020.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 28. Section 13 of this act takes effect July 1,
 2020.

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