HOUSE BILL 2203

State of Washington 63rd Legislature 2014 Regular Session

By Representatives Orcutt, Takko, Blake, Haler, DeBolt, Buys, Magendanz, and Vick

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1 AN ACT Relating to amending the definition of commercial airplane 2 for specific tax preferences to include other types of commercial aircraft to encourage the migration of good wage jobs in the state; 3 amending RCW 82.32.550, 82.04.260, 82.04.260, 82.04.260, 82.04.260, 4 82.04.627, 82.04.4463, 82.04.4463, 82.04.4461, 82.04.4461, 82.04.43391, 5 6 82.08.975, 82.08.975, 82.08.980, 82.32.850, and 82.32.550; providing 7 effective dates; providing contingent effective dates; and providing an 8 expiration date.

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

10 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that the people of 11 Washington have benefited from the presence of the aerospace industry 12 in Washington state. The legislature further finds that the industry 13 continues to provide good wage jobs and benefits for employees 14 throughout the state. The legislature further finds that expansion of 15 the aerospace industry to other types of aircraft manufacturing would 16 provide additional good wage jobs for the citizens of Washington, increasing the economic activity of manufacturing in the state. 17 The 18 legislature further finds that expansion of the current aerospace 19 industry to all types of aerospace products will establish Washington

as the leading aerospace industry state. Therefore, the legislature 1 intends to extend preferential tax rates, credits, and sales and use 2 tax deferrals for the aerospace industry to other types of aircraft 3 4 manufacturing. Specifically, the legislature intends to provide tax relief to manufacturers of all types of aircraft and manufacturers and 5 suppliers of aircraft components to encourage the migration of these б 7 businesses to Washington, in turn creating and retaining good wage jobs 8 and new tax revenue for the state.

9 (2) It is the specific public policy objective of the legislature 10 to provide a preferential business and occupation tax rate, business 11 and occupation tax credit, and sales and use tax deferral for the 12 manufacturing of rotorcraft, including the components used in the This tax preference is intended to promote 13 manufacturing process. economic growth and jobs for Washington. The legislature categorizes 14 15 this tax preference as one intended to create and retain jobs, as described in RCW 82.32.808(2)(c). 16

17 (3)(a) In order to obtain the necessary data to perform a review of 18 this tax preference, persons using this preference must file a tax 19 preference annual report under RCW 82.32.534.

20 (b) The joint legislative audit and review committee must review 21 the tax preference provided in this act as part of its normal review 22 process of tax preferences. The committee must specifically assess 23 employment changes and tax revenue changes in the commercial aircraft industry in Washington in comparison to employment and tax revenues 24 prior to the extension of tax preferences in this act. To the extent 25 26 practicable, the committee must use data provided by state agencies 27 responsible for administering unemployment insurance and collecting tax 28 revenue and data statistics provided by the bureau of labor statistics.

29 Sec. 2. RCW 82.32.550 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 23 s 517 are each 30 amended to read as follows:

31 (1) <u>"Commercial aircraft" means a "commercial airplane" or</u>
32 <u>"commercial rotorcraft."</u>

33 (2) "Commercial airplane" has its ordinary meaning, which is an 34 airplane certified by the federal aviation administration for 35 transporting persons or property, and any military derivative of such 36 an airplane.

1 (((2))) <u>(3) "Commercial rotorcraft" means an aircraft supported in</u> 2 flight by one or more rotors to provide lift, which may also include 3 rotorcrafts with additional thrust engines or propellers, certified by 4 the federal aviation administration for transporting persons or 5 property, and any military derivative of such an aircraft.

6 (4) "Component" means a part or system certified by the federal
7 aviation administration for installation or assembly into a commercial
8 ((airplane)) aircraft.

9 (((3))) <u>(5)</u> "Superefficient airplane" means a twin aisle airplane 10 that carries between two hundred and three hundred fifty passengers, 11 with a range of more than seven thousand two hundred nautical miles, a 12 cruising speed of approximately mach .85, and that uses fifteen to 13 twenty percent less fuel than other similar airplanes on the market.

14 **Sec. 3.** RCW 82.04.260 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 13 s 202 are each 15 amended to read as follows:

16 (1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of 17 manufacturing:

(a) Wheat into flour, barley into pearl barley, soybeans into soybean oil, canola into canola oil, canola meal, or canola byproducts, or sunflower seeds into sunflower oil; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the value of the flour, pearl barley, oil, canola meal, or canola by-product manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent;

24 (b) Beginning July 1, 2015, seafood products that remain in a raw, 25 raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the manufacturing 26 by that person; or selling manufactured seafood products that remain in 27 a raw, raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the manufacturing, to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of 28 29 business the goods out of this state; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the value of the products 30 31 manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records 32 for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods 33 34 were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business 35 out of this state;

36 (c)(i) Beginning July 1, 2015, dairy products; or selling dairy 37 products that the person has manufactured to purchasers who either

transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of state or 1 2 purchasers who use such dairy products as an ingredient or component in the manufacturing of a dairy product; as to such persons the tax 3 4 imposed is equal to the value of the products manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 5 Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period 6 percent. required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported 7 8 by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state 9 or sold to a manufacturer for use as an ingredient or component in the 10 manufacturing of a dairy product.

11 (ii) For the purposes of this subsection (1)(c), "dairy products"
12 means:

(A) Products that as of September 20, 2001, are identified in 21
C.F.R., chapter 1, parts 131, 133, and 135, including by-products from
the manufacturing of the dairy products, such as whey and casein; and

16 (B) Products comprised of not less than seventy percent dairy 17 products that qualify under (c)(ii)(A) of this subsection, measured by 18 weight or volume.

(iii) The preferential tax rate provided to taxpayers under this subsection (1)(c) does not apply to sales of dairy products on or after July 1, 2023, where a dairy product is used by the purchaser as an ingredient or component in the manufacturing in Washington of a dairy product;

(d) Beginning July 1, 2015, fruits or vegetables by canning, 24 preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or 25 26 vegetables, or selling at wholesale fruits or vegetables manufactured 27 by the seller by canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or vegetables and sold to purchasers who 28 29 transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this 30 state; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the value of the products manufactured or the 31 32 gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 33 Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period percent. required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported 34 35 by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state;

36 (e) Until July 1, 2009, alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel
 37 feedstock, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such

1 persons the amount of tax with respect to the business is equal to the 2 value of alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock 3 manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent; and

4 (f) Wood biomass fuel as defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such 5 persons the amount of tax with respect to the business is equal to the 6 value of wood biomass fuel manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 7 0.138 percent.

8 (2) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of 9 splitting or processing dried peas; as to such persons the amount of 10 tax with respect to such business is equal to the value of the peas 11 split or processed, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.

12 (3) Upon every nonprofit corporation and nonprofit association 13 engaging within this state in research and development, as to such 14 corporations and associations, the amount of tax with respect to such 15 activities is equal to the gross income derived from such activities 16 multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

(4) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of slaughtering, breaking and/or processing perishable meat products and/or selling the same at wholesale only and not at retail; as to such persons the tax imposed is equal to the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.

(5) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of acting as a travel agent or tour operator; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such activities is equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

(6) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as an international steamship agent, international customs house broker, international freight forwarder, vessel and/or cargo charter broker in foreign commerce, and/or international air cargo agent; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to only international activities is equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

(7) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the movement of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the gross proceeds derived from such activities multiplied by

the rate of 0.275 percent. Persons subject to taxation under this 1 2 subsection are exempt from payment of taxes imposed by chapter 82.16 RCW for that portion of their business subject to taxation under this 3 4 Stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the subsection. conduct of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign 5 6 commerce are defined as all activities of a labor, service or 7 transportation nature whereby cargo may be loaded or unloaded to or 8 from vessels or barges, passing over, onto or under a wharf, pier, or 9 similar structure; cargo may be moved to a warehouse or similar holding 10 or storage yard or area to await further movement in import or export 11 or may move to a consolidation freight station and be stuffed, 12 unstuffed, containerized, separated or otherwise segregated or 13 aggregated for delivery or loaded on any mode of transportation for Specific activities included in this 14 delivery to its consignee. 15 definition are: Wharfage, handling, loading, unloading, moving of cargo to a convenient place of delivery to the consignee or a 16 17 convenient place for further movement to export mode; documentation services in connection with the receipt, delivery, checking, care, 18 19 custody and control of cargo required in the transfer of cargo; 20 imported automobile handling prior to delivery to consignee; terminal 21 stevedoring and incidental vessel services, including but not limited 22 to plugging and unplugging refrigerator service to containers, 23 trailers, and other refrigerated cargo receptacles, and securing ship 24 hatch covers.

(8)(a) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of disposing of low-level waste, as defined in RCW 43.145.010; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such business is equal to the gross income of the business, excluding any fees imposed under chapter 43.200 RCW, multiplied by the rate of 3.3 percent.

30 <u>(b)</u> If the gross income of the taxpayer is attributable to 31 activities both within and without this state, the gross income 32 attributable to this state must be determined in accordance with the 33 methods of apportionment required under RCW 82.04.460.

(9) Upon every person engaging within this state as an insurance producer or title insurance agent licensed under chapter 48.17 RCW or a surplus line broker licensed under chapter 48.15 RCW; as to such persons, the amount of the tax with respect to such licensed activities

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is equal to the gross income of such business multiplied by the rate of
 0.484 percent.

3 (10) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as a 4 hospital, as defined in chapter 70.41 RCW, that is operated as a 5 nonprofit corporation or by the state or any of its political 6 subdivisions, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to 7 such activities is equal to the gross income of the business multiplied 8 by the rate of 0.75 percent through June 30, 1995, and 1.5 percent 9 thereafter.

10 (11)(a) Beginning October 1, 2005, upon every person engaging 11 within this state in the business of manufacturing commercial 12 ((airplanes)) aircraft, or components of such ((airplanes)) aircraft, 13 or making sales, at retail or wholesale, of commercial ((airplanes)) <u>aircraft</u> or components of such ((airplanes)) <u>aircraft</u>, manufactured by 14 15 the seller, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is, in the case of manufacturers, equal to the value of the 16 product manufactured and the gross proceeds of sales of the product 17 manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, equal to the gross 18 19 income of the business, multiplied by the rate of:

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(i) 0.4235 percent from October 1, 2005, through June 30, 2007; and (ii) 0.2904 percent beginning July 1, 2007.

(b) Beginning July 1, 2008, upon every person who is not eligible 22 to report under the provisions of (a) of this subsection (11) and is 23 24 engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing tooling specifically designed for use in manufacturing commercial ((airplanes)) 25 26 aircraft or components of such ((airplanes)) aircraft, or making sales, 27 at retail or wholesale, of such tooling manufactured by the seller, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is, in 28 29 the case of manufacturers, equal to the value of the product 30 manufactured and the gross proceeds of sales of the product 31 manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, be equal to the 32 gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent.

33 (c) For the purposes of this subsection (11), "commercial 34 ((airplane)) <u>aircraft</u>" and "component" have the same meanings as 35 provided in RCW 82.32.550.

36 (d) In addition to all other requirements under this title, a37 person reporting under the tax rate provided in this subsection (11)

must file a complete annual report with the department under RCW
 82.32.534.

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(e) This subsection (11) does not apply on and after July 1, 2024.

4 (12)(a) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this 5 state in the business of extracting timber or extracting for hire timber; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the 6 7 business is, in the case of extractors, equal to the value of products, 8 including by-products, extracted, or in the case of extractors for hire, equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate 9 10 of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2024. 11

12 (b) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this 13 state in the business of manufacturing or processing for hire: (i) 14 Timber into timber products or wood products; or (ii) timber products into other timber products or wood products; as to such persons the 15 amount of the tax with respect to the business is, in the case of 16 17 manufacturers, equal to the value of products, including by-products, 18 manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from 19 July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 20 21 2007, through June 30, 2024.

22 (c) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of selling at wholesale: (i) Timber extracted by 23 that person; (ii) timber products manufactured by that person from 24 25 timber or other timber products; or (iii) wood products manufactured by 26 that person from timber or timber products; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to the business is equal to the gross 27 proceeds of sales of the timber, timber products, or wood products 28 29 multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through 30 June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2024. 31

(d) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of selling standing timber; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to the business is equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent. For purposes of this subsection (12)(d), "selling standing timber" means the sale of timber apart from the land, where the buyer is required to sever the timber within thirty months from the date of the

original contract, regardless of the method of payment for the timber and whether title to the timber transfers before, upon, or after severance.

4 (e) For purposes of this subsection, the following definitions 5 apply:

6 (i) "Biocomposite surface products" means surface material products 7 containing, by weight or volume, more than fifty percent recycled paper 8 and that also use nonpetroleum-based phenolic resin as a bonding agent.

(ii) "Paper and paper products" means products made of interwoven 9 10 cellulosic fibers held together largely by hydrogen bonding. "Paper 11 and paper products" includes newsprint; office, printing, fine, and pressure-sensitive papers; paper napkins, towels, and toilet tissue; 12 13 kraft bag, construction, and other kraft industrial papers; paperboard, 14 liquid packaging containers, containerboard, corrugated, and solidfiber containers including linerboard and corrugated medium; and 15 related types of cellulosic products containing primarily, by weight or 16 17 volume, cellulosic materials. "Paper and paper products" does not include books, newspapers, magazines, periodicals, and other printed 18 19 publications, advertising materials, calendars, and similar types of 20 printed materials.

(iii) "Recycled paper" means paper and paper products having fifty percent or more of their fiber content that comes from postconsumer waste. For purposes of this subsection (12)(e)(iii), "postconsumer waste" means a finished material that would normally be disposed of as solid waste, having completed its life cycle as a consumer item.

(iv) "Timber" means forest trees, standing or down, on privately or publicly owned land. "Timber" does not include Christmas trees that are cultivated by agricultural methods or short-rotation hardwoods as defined in RCW 84.33.035.

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(v) "Timber products" means:

31 (A) Logs, wood chips, sawdust, wood waste, and similar products 32 obtained wholly from the processing of timber, short-rotation hardwoods 33 as defined in RCW 84.33.035, or both;

(B) Pulp, including market pulp and pulp derived from recoveredpaper or paper products; and

36 (C) Recycled paper, but only when used in the manufacture of 37 biocomposite surface products. (vi) "Wood products" means paper and paper products; dimensional lumber; engineered wood products such as particleboard, oriented strand board, medium density fiberboard, and plywood; wood doors; wood windows; and biocomposite surface products.

5 (f) Except for small harvesters as defined in RCW 84.33.035, a 6 person reporting under the tax rate provided in this subsection (12) 7 must file a complete annual survey with the department under RCW 8 82.32.585.

9 (13) Upon every person engaging within this state in inspecting, 10 testing, labeling, and storing canned salmon owned by another person, 11 as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities 12 is equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by 13 the rate of 0.484 percent.

(14) (14)(a) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of printing a newspaper, publishing a newspaper, or both, the amount of tax on such business is equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.365 percent through June 30, 2013, and beginning July 1, 2013, multiplied by the rate of 0.35 percent.

(b) A person reporting under the tax rate provided in this subsection (14) must file a complete annual report with the department under RCW 82.32.534.

22 **Sec. 4.** RCW 82.04.260 and 2013 2nd sp.s. c 13 s 203 are each 23 amended to read as follows:

24 (1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of 25 manufacturing:

(a) Wheat into flour, barley into pearl barley, soybeans into
soybean oil, canola into canola oil, canola meal, or canola byproducts, or sunflower seeds into sunflower oil; as to such persons the
amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the value of
the flour, pearl barley, oil, canola meal, or canola by-product
manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent;

(b) Beginning July 1, 2015, seafood products that remain in a raw, raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the manufacturing by that person; or selling manufactured seafood products that remain in a raw, raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the manufacturing, to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this state; as to such persons the amount of

1 tax with respect to such business is equal to the value of the products 2 manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales, multiplied 3 by the rate of 0.138 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records 4 for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods 5 were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business 6 out of this state;

(c)(i) Beginning July 1, 2015, dairy products; or selling dairy 7 8 products that the person has manufactured to purchasers who either transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of state or 9 10 purchasers who use such dairy products as an ingredient or component in the manufacturing of a dairy product; as to such persons the tax 11 12 imposed is equal to the value of the products manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 13 14 Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period percent. required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported 15 by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state 16 17 or sold to a manufacturer for use as an ingredient or component in the 18 manufacturing of a dairy product.

19 (ii) For the purposes of this subsection (1)(c), "dairy products"
20 means:

(A) Products that as of September 20, 2001, are identified in 21
C.F.R., chapter 1, parts 131, 133, and 135, including by-products from
the manufacturing of the dairy products, such as whey and casein; and

(B) Products comprised of not less than seventy percent dairy
 products that qualify under (c)(ii)(A) of this subsection, measured by
 weight or volume.

(iii) The preferential tax rate provided to taxpayers under this subsection (1)(c) does not apply to sales of dairy products on or after July 1, 2023, where a dairy product is used by the purchaser as an ingredient or component in the manufacturing in Washington of a dairy product;

(d) Beginning July 1, 2015, fruits or vegetables by canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or vegetables, or selling at wholesale fruits or vegetables manufactured by the seller by canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or vegetables and sold to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this state; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the value of the products manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state;

6 (e) Until July 1, 2009, alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel 7 feedstock, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such 8 persons the amount of tax with respect to the business is equal to the 9 value of alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock 10 manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent; and

(f) Wood biomass fuel as defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business is equal to the value of wood biomass fuel manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.

(2) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of splitting or processing dried peas; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the value of the peas split or processed, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.

19 (3) Upon every nonprofit corporation and nonprofit association 20 engaging within this state in research and development, as to such 21 corporations and associations, the amount of tax with respect to such 22 activities is equal to the gross income derived from such activities 23 multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

(4) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of
slaughtering, breaking and/or processing perishable meat products
and/or selling the same at wholesale only and not at retail; as to such
persons the tax imposed is equal to the gross proceeds derived from
such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.

(5) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of acting as a travel agent or tour operator; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such activities is equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

(6) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as an
 international steamship agent, international customs house broker,
 international freight forwarder, vessel and/or cargo charter broker in
 foreign commerce, and/or international air cargo agent; as to such

1 persons the amount of the tax with respect to only international 2 activities is equal to the gross income derived from such activities 3 multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

4 (7) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the movement of 5 goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce; as 6 7 to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is 8 equal to the gross proceeds derived from such activities multiplied by 9 the rate of 0.275 percent. Persons subject to taxation under this subsection are exempt from payment of taxes imposed by chapter 82.16 10 11 RCW for that portion of their business subject to taxation under this 12 subsection. Stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the 13 conduct of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce are defined as all activities of a labor, service or 14 15 transportation nature whereby cargo may be loaded or unloaded to or from vessels or barges, passing over, onto or under a wharf, pier, or 16 17 similar structure; cargo may be moved to a warehouse or similar holding 18 or storage yard or area to await further movement in import or export 19 or may move to a consolidation freight station and be stuffed, 20 unstuffed, containerized, separated or otherwise segregated or 21 aggregated for delivery or loaded on any mode of transportation for 22 delivery to its consignee. Specific activities included in this Wharfage, handling, loading, unloading, moving of 23 definition are: 24 cargo to a convenient place of delivery to the consignee or a convenient place for further movement to export mode; documentation 25 26 services in connection with the receipt, delivery, checking, care, 27 custody and control of cargo required in the transfer of cargo; 28 imported automobile handling prior to delivery to consignee; terminal stevedoring and incidental vessel services, including but not limited 29 30 to plugging and unplugging refrigerator service to containers, trailers, and other refrigerated cargo receptacles, and securing ship 31 32 hatch covers.

(8)(a) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of disposing of low-level waste, as defined in RCW 43.145.010; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such business is equal to the gross income of the business, excluding any fees imposed under chapter 43.200 RCW, multiplied by the rate of 3.3 percent.

1 (b) If the gross income of the taxpayer is attributable to 2 activities both within and without this state, the gross income 3 attributable to this state must be determined in accordance with the 4 methods of apportionment required under RCW 82.04.460.

5 (9) Upon every person engaging within this state as an insurance 6 producer or title insurance agent licensed under chapter 48.17 RCW or 7 a surplus line broker licensed under chapter 48.15 RCW; as to such 8 persons, the amount of the tax with respect to such licensed activities 9 is equal to the gross income of such business multiplied by the rate of 10 0.484 percent.

(10) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as a hospital, as defined in chapter 70.41 RCW, that is operated as a nonprofit corporation or by the state or any of its political subdivisions, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities is equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.75 percent through June 30, 1995, and 1.5 percent thereafter.

(11)(a) Beginning October 1, 2005, upon every person engaging 18 within this state in the business of manufacturing commercial 19 ((airplanes)) aircraft, or components of such ((airplanes)) aircraft, 20 21 or making sales, at retail or wholesale, of commercial ((airplanes)) 22 aircraft or components of such ((airplanes)) aircraft, manufactured by 23 the seller, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such 24 business is, in the case of manufacturers, equal to the value of the product manufactured and the gross proceeds of sales of the product 25 26 manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, equal to the gross 27 income of the business, multiplied by the rate of:

28 29 (i) 0.4235 percent from October 1, 2005, through June 30, 2007; and (ii) 0.2904 percent beginning July 1, 2007.

30 (b) Beginning July 1, 2008, upon every person who is not eligible to report under the provisions of (a) of this subsection (11) and is 31 32 engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing tooling 33 specifically designed for use in manufacturing commercial ((airplanes)) <u>aircraft</u> or components of such ((airplanes)) <u>aircraft</u>, or making sales, 34 35 at retail or wholesale, of such tooling manufactured by the seller, as 36 to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is, in 37 the case of manufacturers, equal to the value of the product

1 manufactured and the gross proceeds of sales of the product 2 manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, be equal to the 3 gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent. 4 (c) For the purposes of this subsection (11), "commercial 5 ((airplane)) aircraft" and "component" have the same meanings as 6 provided in RCW 82.32.550.

7 (d) In addition to all other requirements under this title, a 8 person reporting under the tax rate provided in this subsection (11) 9 must file a complete annual report with the department under RCW 10 82.32.534.

11 (e) This subsection (11) does not apply on and after July 1, 2024.

12 (12)(a) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of extracting timber or extracting for hire 13 14 timber; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business is, in the case of extractors, equal to the value of products, 15 including by-products, extracted, or in the case of extractors for 16 hire, equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate 17 of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 18 19 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2024.

20 (b) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this 21 state in the business of manufacturing or processing for hire: (i) 22 Timber into timber products or wood products; or (ii) timber products 23 into other timber products or wood products; as to such persons the 24 amount of the tax with respect to the business is, in the case of manufacturers, equal to the value of products, including by-products, 25 26 manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from 27 July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 28 29 2007, through June 30, 2024.

30 (c) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of selling at wholesale: (i) Timber extracted by 31 32 that person; (ii) timber products manufactured by that person from timber or other timber products; or (iii) wood products manufactured by 33 that person from timber or timber products; as to such persons the 34 35 amount of the tax with respect to the business is equal to the gross 36 proceeds of sales of the timber, timber products, or wood products 37 multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through

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1 June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2024.

(d) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this 3 state in the business of selling standing timber; as to such persons 4 5 the amount of the tax with respect to the business is equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent. 6 7 For purposes of this subsection (12)(d), "selling standing timber" means the sale of timber apart from the land, where the buyer is 8 required to sever the timber within thirty months from the date of the 9 10 original contract, regardless of the method of payment for the timber and whether title to the timber transfers before, upon, or after 11 12 severance.

13 (e) For purposes of this subsection, the following definitions 14 apply:

(i) "Biocomposite surface products" means surface material products
 containing, by weight or volume, more than fifty percent recycled paper
 and that also use nonpetroleum-based phenolic resin as a bonding agent.

18 (ii) "Paper and paper products" means products made of interwoven cellulosic fibers held together largely by hydrogen bonding. "Paper 19 and paper products" includes newsprint; office, printing, fine, and 20 21 pressure-sensitive papers; paper napkins, towels, and toilet tissue; 22 kraft bag, construction, and other kraft industrial papers; paperboard, liquid packaging containers, containerboard, corrugated, and solid-23 24 fiber containers including linerboard and corrugated medium; and 25 related types of cellulosic products containing primarily, by weight or 26 volume, cellulosic materials. "Paper and paper products" does not 27 include books, newspapers, magazines, periodicals, and other printed 28 publications, advertising materials, calendars, and similar types of 29 printed materials.

(iii) "Recycled paper" means paper and paper products having fifty percent or more of their fiber content that comes from postconsumer waste. For purposes of this subsection (12)(e)(iii), "postconsumer waste" means a finished material that would normally be disposed of as solid waste, having completed its life cycle as a consumer item.

(iv) "Timber" means forest trees, standing or down, on privately or publicly owned land. "Timber" does not include Christmas trees that are cultivated by agricultural methods or short-rotation hardwoods as defined in RCW 84.33.035. 1

(v) "Timber products" means:

(A) Logs, wood chips, sawdust, wood waste, and similar products
obtained wholly from the processing of timber, short-rotation hardwoods
as defined in RCW 84.33.035, or both;

5 (B) Pulp, including market pulp and pulp derived from recovered 6 paper or paper products; and

7 (C) Recycled paper, but only when used in the manufacture of8 biocomposite surface products.

9 (vi) "Wood products" means paper and paper products; dimensional 10 lumber; engineered wood products such as particleboard, oriented strand 11 board, medium density fiberboard, and plywood; wood doors; wood 12 windows; and biocomposite surface products.

(f) Except for small harvesters as defined in RCW 84.33.035, a person reporting under the tax rate provided in this subsection (12) must file a complete annual survey with the department under RCW 82.32.585.

(13) Upon every person engaging within this state in inspecting, testing, labeling, and storing canned salmon owned by another person, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities is equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

(14)(a) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of printing a newspaper, publishing a newspaper, or both, the amount of tax on such business is equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent.

(b) A person reporting under the tax rate provided in this subsection (14) must file a complete annual report with the department under RCW 82.32.534.

29 Sec. 5. RCW 82.04.260 and 2013 3rd sp.s. c 2 s 5 are each amended 30 to read as follows:

31 (1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of 32 manufacturing:

(a) Wheat into flour, barley into pearl barley, soybeans into soybean oil, canola into canola oil, canola meal, or canola byproducts, or sunflower seeds into sunflower oil; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the value of 1 the flour, pearl barley, oil, canola meal, or canola by-product 2 manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent;

(b) Beginning July 1, 2015, seafood products that remain in a raw, 3 4 raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the manufacturing 5 by that person; or selling manufactured seafood products that remain in a raw, raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the 6 7 manufacturing, to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of 8 business the goods out of this state; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the value of the products 9 10 manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records 11 12 for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods 13 were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business 14 out of this state;

(c)(i) Beginning July 1, 2015, dairy products; or selling dairy 15 products that the person has manufactured to purchasers who either 16 17 transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of state or 18 purchasers who use such dairy products as an ingredient or component in 19 the manufacturing of a dairy product; as to such persons the tax imposed is equal to the value of the products manufactured or the gross 20 21 proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 22 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period 23 required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported 24 by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state 25 or sold to a manufacturer for use as an ingredient or component in the 26 manufacturing of a dairy product.

27 (ii) For the purposes of this subsection (1)(c), "dairy products"
28 means:

(A) Products that as of September 20, 2001, are identified in 21
C.F.R., chapter 1, parts 131, 133, and 135, including by-products from
the manufacturing of the dairy products, such as whey and casein; and

32 (B) Products comprised of not less than seventy percent dairy 33 products that qualify under (c)(ii)(A) of this subsection, measured by 34 weight or volume.

35 (iii) The preferential tax rate provided to taxpayers under this 36 subsection (1)(c) does not apply to sales of dairy products on or after 37 July 1, 2023, where a dairy product is used by the purchaser as an ingredient or component in the manufacturing in Washington of a dairy
product;

(d) Beginning July 1, 2015, fruits or vegetables by canning, 3 4 preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or vegetables, or selling at wholesale fruits or vegetables manufactured 5 by the seller by canning, preserving, freezing, processing, б or dehydrating fresh fruits or vegetables and sold to purchasers who 7 8 transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this 9 state; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the value of the products manufactured or the 10 11 gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 12 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period 13 required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state; 14

(e) Until July 1, 2009, alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business is equal to the value of alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent; and

(f) Wood biomass fuel as defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business is equal to the value of wood biomass fuel manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.

(2) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of
splitting or processing dried peas; as to such persons the amount of
tax with respect to such business is equal to the value of the peas
split or processed, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.

(3) Upon every nonprofit corporation and nonprofit association engaging within this state in research and development, as to such corporations and associations, the amount of tax with respect to such activities is equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

(4) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of slaughtering, breaking and/or processing perishable meat products and/or selling the same at wholesale only and not at retail; as to such persons the tax imposed is equal to the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. 1 (5) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of 2 acting as a travel agent or tour operator; as to such persons the 3 amount of the tax with respect to such activities is equal to the gross 4 income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 5 percent.

6 (6) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as an 7 international steamship agent, international customs house broker, 8 international freight forwarder, vessel and/or cargo charter broker in 9 foreign commerce, and/or international air cargo agent; as to such 10 persons the amount of the tax with respect to only international 11 activities is equal to the gross income derived from such activities 12 multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

13 (7) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of 14 stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the movement of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce; as 15 to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is 16 equal to the gross proceeds derived from such activities multiplied by 17 18 the rate of 0.275 percent. Persons subject to taxation under this 19 subsection are exempt from payment of taxes imposed by chapter 82.16 20 RCW for that portion of their business subject to taxation under this 21 subsection. Stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the 22 conduct of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign 23 commerce are defined as all activities of a labor, service or 24 transportation nature whereby cargo may be loaded or unloaded to or 25 from vessels or barges, passing over, onto or under a wharf, pier, or 26 similar structure; cargo may be moved to a warehouse or similar holding 27 or storage yard or area to await further movement in import or export 28 or may move to a consolidation freight station and be stuffed, 29 unstuffed, containerized, separated or otherwise segregated or 30 aggregated for delivery or loaded on any mode of transportation for delivery to its consignee. Specific activities included in this 31 32 definition are: Wharfage, handling, loading, unloading, moving of cargo to a convenient place of delivery to the consignee or a 33 convenient place for further movement to export mode; documentation 34 35 services in connection with the receipt, delivery, checking, care, 36 custody and control of cargo required in the transfer of cargo; 37 imported automobile handling prior to delivery to consignee; terminal stevedoring and incidental vessel services, including but not limited 38

to plugging and unplugging refrigerator service to containers,
 trailers, and other refrigerated cargo receptacles, and securing ship
 hatch covers.

(8)(a) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business
of disposing of low-level waste, as defined in RCW 43.145.010; as to
such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such business is
equal to the gross income of the business, excluding any fees imposed
under chapter 43.200 RCW, multiplied by the rate of 3.3 percent.

9 (b) If the gross income of the taxpayer is attributable to 10 activities both within and without this state, the gross income 11 attributable to this state must be determined in accordance with the 12 methods of apportionment required under RCW 82.04.460.

(9) Upon every person engaging within this state as an insurance producer or title insurance agent licensed under chapter 48.17 RCW or a surplus line broker licensed under chapter 48.15 RCW; as to such persons, the amount of the tax with respect to such licensed activities is equal to the gross income of such business multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

(10) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as a hospital, as defined in chapter 70.41 RCW, that is operated as a nonprofit corporation or by the state or any of its political subdivisions, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities is equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.75 percent through June 30, 1995, and 1.5 percent thereafter.

26 (11)(a) Beginning October 1, 2005, upon every person engaging 27 within this state in the business of manufacturing commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft, or components of such ((airplanes)) aircraft, 28 or making sales, at retail or wholesale, of commercial ((airplanes)) 29 30 aircraft or components of such ((airplanes)) aircraft, manufactured by the seller, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such 31 business is, in the case of manufacturers, equal to the value of the 32 33 product manufactured and the gross proceeds of sales of the product manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, equal to the gross 34 35 income of the business, multiplied by the rate of:

36 (i) 0.4235 percent from October 1, 2005, through June 30, 2007; and
 37 (ii) 0.2904 percent beginning July 1, 2007.

(b) Beginning July 1, 2008, upon every person who is not eligible 1 2 to report under the provisions of (a) of this subsection (11) and is engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing tooling 3 specifically designed for use in manufacturing commercial ((airplanes)) 4 <u>aircraft</u> or components of such ((airplanes)) <u>aircraft</u>, or making sales, 5 at retail or wholesale, of such tooling manufactured by the seller, as 6 7 to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is, in 8 the case of manufacturers, equal to the value of the product 9 the gross proceeds of sales of manufactured and the product manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, be equal to the 10 11 gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent. of this subsection (11), "commercial 12 (C) For the purposes 13 ((airplane)) aircraft and "component" have the same meanings as provided in RCW 82.32.550. 14

(d) In addition to all other requirements under this title, a person reporting under the tax rate provided in this subsection (11) must file a complete annual report with the department under RCW 82.32.534.

(e)(i) Except as provided in (e)(ii) of this subsection (11), thissubsection (11) does not apply on and after July 1, 2040.

21 (ii) With respect to the manufacturing of commercial ((airplanes)) 22 aircraft or making sales, at retail or wholesale, of commercial 23 ((airplanes)) aircraft, this subsection (11) does not apply on and July 1st of the year in which the department makes a 24 after determination that any final assembly or wing assembly of any version 25 26 or variant of a commercial ((airplane)) aircraft that is the basis of 27 a siting of a significant commercial airplane manufacturing program in the state under RCW 82.32.850 has been sited outside the state of 28 29 Washington. This subsection (11)(e)(ii) only applies to the 30 manufacturing or sale of commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft that are the basis of a siting of a significant commercial airplane manufacturing 31 32 program in the state under RCW 82.32.850.

(12)(a) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of extracting timber or extracting for hire timber; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business is, in the case of extractors, equal to the value of products, including by-products, extracted, or in the case of extractors for hire, equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2024.

4 (b) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this 5 state in the business of manufacturing or processing for hire: (i) Timber into timber products or wood products; or (ii) timber products 6 7 into other timber products or wood products; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to the business is, in the case of 8 manufacturers, equal to the value of products, including by-products, 9 10 manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from 11 July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 12 13 2007, through June 30, 2024.

14 (c) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of selling at wholesale: (i) Timber extracted by 15 16 that person; (ii) timber products manufactured by that person from 17 timber or other timber products; or (iii) wood products manufactured by that person from timber or timber products; as to such persons the 18 amount of the tax with respect to the business is equal to the gross 19 proceeds of sales of the timber, timber products, or wood products 20 21 multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through 22 June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 23 2024.

24 (d) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this 25 state in the business of selling standing timber; as to such persons 26 the amount of the tax with respect to the business is equal to the 27 gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent. 28 For purposes of this subsection (12)(d), "selling standing timber" means the sale of timber apart from the land, where the buyer is 29 required to sever the timber within thirty months from the date of the 30 31 original contract, regardless of the method of payment for the timber 32 and whether title to the timber transfers before, upon, or after 33 severance.

34 (e) For purposes of this subsection, the following definitions 35 apply:

(i) "Biocomposite surface products" means surface material products
 containing, by weight or volume, more than fifty percent recycled paper
 and that also use nonpetroleum-based phenolic resin as a bonding agent.

(ii) "Paper and paper products" means products made of interwoven 1 2 cellulosic fibers held together largely by hydrogen bonding. "Paper and paper products" includes newsprint; office, printing, fine, and 3 pressure-sensitive papers; paper napkins, towels, and toilet tissue; 4 5 kraft bag, construction, and other kraft industrial papers; paperboard, liquid packaging containers, containerboard, corrugated, and solidб 7 fiber containers including linerboard and corrugated medium; and related types of cellulosic products containing primarily, by weight or 8 volume, cellulosic materials. "Paper and paper products" does not 9 10 include books, newspapers, magazines, periodicals, and other printed publications, advertising materials, calendars, and similar types of 11 12 printed materials.

(iii) "Recycled paper" means paper and paper products having fifty percent or more of their fiber content that comes from postconsumer waste. For purposes of this subsection (12)(e)(iii), "postconsumer waste" means a finished material that would normally be disposed of as solid waste, having completed its life cycle as a consumer item.

18 (iv) "Timber" means forest trees, standing or down, on privately or 19 publicly owned land. "Timber" does not include Christmas trees that 20 are cultivated by agricultural methods or short-rotation hardwoods as 21 defined in RCW 84.33.035.

22

(v) "Timber products" means:

(A) Logs, wood chips, sawdust, wood waste, and similar products
 obtained wholly from the processing of timber, short-rotation hardwoods
 as defined in RCW 84.33.035, or both;

(B) Pulp, including market pulp and pulp derived from recoveredpaper or paper products; and

(C) Recycled paper, but only when used in the manufacture ofbiocomposite surface products.

30 (vi) "Wood products" means paper and paper products; dimensional 31 lumber; engineered wood products such as particleboard, oriented strand 32 board, medium density fiberboard, and plywood; wood doors; wood 33 windows; and biocomposite surface products.

(f) Except for small harvesters as defined in RCW 84.33.035, a person reporting under the tax rate provided in this subsection (12) must file a complete annual survey with the department under RCW 82.32.585. 1 (13) Upon every person engaging within this state in inspecting, 2 testing, labeling, and storing canned salmon owned by another person, 3 as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities 4 is equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by 5 the rate of 0.484 percent.

6 (14)(a) Upon every person engaging within this state in the 7 business of printing a newspaper, publishing a newspaper, or both, the 8 amount of tax on such business is equal to the gross income of the 9 business multiplied by the rate of 0.365 percent through June 30, 2013, 10 and beginning July 1, 2013, multiplied by the rate of 0.35 percent.

(b) A person reporting under the tax rate provided in this subsection (14) must file a complete annual report with the department under RCW 82.32.534.

14 Sec. 6. RCW 82.04.260 and 2013 3rd sp.s. c 2 s 6 are each amended 15 to read as follows:

16 (1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of 17 manufacturing:

(a) Wheat into flour, barley into pearl barley, soybeans into soybean oil, canola into canola oil, canola meal, or canola byproducts, or sunflower seeds into sunflower oil; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the value of the flour, pearl barley, oil, canola meal, or canola by-product manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent;

24 (b) Beginning July 1, 2015, seafood products that remain in a raw, 25 raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the manufacturing 26 by that person; or selling manufactured seafood products that remain in 27 a raw, raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the manufacturing, to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of 28 29 business the goods out of this state; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the value of the products 30 31 manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records 32 33 for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods 34 were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business 35 out of this state;

36 (c)(i) Beginning July 1, 2015, dairy products; or selling dairy 37 products that the person has manufactured to purchasers who either

transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of state or 1 2 purchasers who use such dairy products as an ingredient or component in the manufacturing of a dairy product; as to such persons the tax 3 4 imposed is equal to the value of the products manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 5 Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period б percent. 7 required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported 8 by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state 9 or sold to a manufacturer for use as an ingredient or component in the 10 manufacturing of a dairy product.

11 (ii) For the purposes of this subsection (1)(c), "dairy products"
12 means:

(A) Products that as of September 20, 2001, are identified in 21
C.F.R., chapter 1, parts 131, 133, and 135, including by-products from
the manufacturing of the dairy products, such as whey and casein; and

16 (B) Products comprised of not less than seventy percent dairy 17 products that qualify under (c)(ii)(A) of this subsection, measured by 18 weight or volume.

(iii) The preferential tax rate provided to taxpayers under this subsection (1)(c) does not apply to sales of dairy products on or after July 1, 2023, where a dairy product is used by the purchaser as an ingredient or component in the manufacturing in Washington of a dairy product;

(d) Beginning July 1, 2015, fruits or vegetables by canning, 24 25 preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or 26 vegetables, or selling at wholesale fruits or vegetables manufactured 27 by the seller by canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or vegetables and sold to purchasers who 28 29 transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this 30 state; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the value of the products manufactured or the 31 32 gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 33 Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period percent. required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported 34 35 by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state;

36 (e) Until July 1, 2009, alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel
 37 feedstock, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such

1 persons the amount of tax with respect to the business is equal to the 2 value of alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock 3 manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent; and

4 (f) Wood biomass fuel as defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such 5 persons the amount of tax with respect to the business is equal to the 6 value of wood biomass fuel manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 7 0.138 percent.

8 (2) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of 9 splitting or processing dried peas; as to such persons the amount of 10 tax with respect to such business is equal to the value of the peas 11 split or processed, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.

12 (3) Upon every nonprofit corporation and nonprofit association 13 engaging within this state in research and development, as to such 14 corporations and associations, the amount of tax with respect to such 15 activities is equal to the gross income derived from such activities 16 multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

(4) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of slaughtering, breaking and/or processing perishable meat products and/or selling the same at wholesale only and not at retail; as to such persons the tax imposed is equal to the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.

(5) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of acting as a travel agent or tour operator; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such activities is equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

(6) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as an international steamship agent, international customs house broker, international freight forwarder, vessel and/or cargo charter broker in foreign commerce, and/or international air cargo agent; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to only international activities is equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

(7) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the movement of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the gross proceeds derived from such activities multiplied by

the rate of 0.275 percent. Persons subject to taxation under this 1 2 subsection are exempt from payment of taxes imposed by chapter 82.16 RCW for that portion of their business subject to taxation under this 3 4 Stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the subsection. conduct of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign 5 6 commerce are defined as all activities of a labor, service or 7 transportation nature whereby cargo may be loaded or unloaded to or 8 from vessels or barges, passing over, onto or under a wharf, pier, or 9 similar structure; cargo may be moved to a warehouse or similar holding 10 or storage yard or area to await further movement in import or export 11 or may move to a consolidation freight station and be stuffed, 12 unstuffed, containerized, separated or otherwise segregated or 13 aggregated for delivery or loaded on any mode of transportation for Specific activities included in this 14 delivery to its consignee. 15 definition are: Wharfage, handling, loading, unloading, moving of cargo to a convenient place of delivery to the consignee or a 16 17 convenient place for further movement to export mode; documentation services in connection with the receipt, delivery, checking, care, 18 19 custody and control of cargo required in the transfer of cargo; 20 imported automobile handling prior to delivery to consignee; terminal 21 stevedoring and incidental vessel services, including but not limited 22 to plugging and unplugging refrigerator service to containers, 23 trailers, and other refrigerated cargo receptacles, and securing ship 24 hatch covers.

(8)(a) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of disposing of low-level waste, as defined in RCW 43.145.010; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such business is equal to the gross income of the business, excluding any fees imposed under chapter 43.200 RCW, multiplied by the rate of 3.3 percent.

30 <u>(b)</u> If the gross income of the taxpayer is attributable to 31 activities both within and without this state, the gross income 32 attributable to this state must be determined in accordance with the 33 methods of apportionment required under RCW 82.04.460.

(9) Upon every person engaging within this state as an insurance producer or title insurance agent licensed under chapter 48.17 RCW or a surplus line broker licensed under chapter 48.15 RCW; as to such persons, the amount of the tax with respect to such licensed activities is equal to the gross income of such business multiplied by the rate of
 0.484 percent.

3 (10) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as a 4 hospital, as defined in chapter 70.41 RCW, that is operated as a 5 nonprofit corporation or by the state or any of its political 6 subdivisions, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to 7 such activities is equal to the gross income of the business multiplied 8 by the rate of 0.75 percent through June 30, 1995, and 1.5 percent 9 thereafter.

10 (11)(a) Beginning October 1, 2005, upon every person engaging 11 within this state in the business of manufacturing commercial 12 ((airplanes)) aircraft, or components of such ((airplanes)) aircraft, 13 or making sales, at retail or wholesale, of commercial ((airplanes)) <u>aircraft</u> or components of such ((airplanes)) <u>aircraft</u>, manufactured by 14 15 the seller, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is, in the case of manufacturers, equal to the value of the 16 product manufactured and the gross proceeds of sales of the product 17 manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, equal to the gross 18 19 income of the business, multiplied by the rate of:

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(i) 0.4235 percent from October 1, 2005, through June 30, 2007; and (ii) 0.2904 percent beginning July 1, 2007.

(b) Beginning July 1, 2008, upon every person who is not eligible 22 to report under the provisions of (a) of this subsection (11) and is 23 24 engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing tooling specifically designed for use in manufacturing commercial ((airplanes)) 25 26 aircraft or components of such ((airplanes)) aircraft, or making sales, 27 at retail or wholesale, of such tooling manufactured by the seller, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is, in 28 29 the case of manufacturers, equal to the value of the product 30 manufactured and the gross proceeds of sales of the product manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, be equal to the 31 32 gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent.

33 (c) For the purposes of this subsection (11), "commercial 34 ((airplane)) <u>aircraft</u>" and "component" have the same meanings as 35 provided in RCW 82.32.550.

36 (d) In addition to all other requirements under this title, a37 person reporting under the tax rate provided in this subsection (11)

must file a complete annual report with the department under RCW
 82.32.534.

3 (e)(i) Except as provided in (e)(ii) of this subsection (11), this
4 subsection (11) does not apply on and after July 1, 2040.

(ii) With respect to the manufacturing of commercial ((airplanes)) 5 aircraft or making sales, at retail or wholesale, of commercial 6 7 ((airplanes)) aircraft, this subsection (11) does not apply on and 8 after July 1st of the year in which the department makes a determination that any final assembly or wing assembly of any version 9 10 or variant of a commercial ((airplane)) aircraft that is the basis of a siting of a significant commercial airplane manufacturing program in 11 12 the state under RCW 82.32.850 has been sited outside the state of 13 Washington. This subsection (11)(e)(ii) only applies to the manufacturing or sale of commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft that are the 14 basis of a siting of a significant commercial airplane manufacturing 15 16 program in the state under RCW 82.32.850.

17 (12)(a) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this 18 state in the business of extracting timber or extracting for hire 19 timber; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business is, in the case of extractors, equal to the value of products, 20 21 including by-products, extracted, or in the case of extractors for 22 hire, equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate 23 of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2024. 24

25 (b) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this 26 state in the business of manufacturing or processing for hire: (i) Timber into timber products or wood products; or (ii) timber products 27 28 into other timber products or wood products; as to such persons the 29 amount of the tax with respect to the business is, in the case of 30 manufacturers, equal to the value of products, including by-products, 31 manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, equal to the gross 32 income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 33 2007, through June 30, 2024. 34

35 (c) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this 36 state in the business of selling at wholesale: (i) Timber extracted by 37 that person; (ii) timber products manufactured by that person from 38 timber or other timber products; or (iii) wood products manufactured by that person from timber or timber products; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to the business is equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the timber, timber products, or wood products multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2024.

7 (d) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of selling standing timber; as to such persons 8 the amount of the tax with respect to the business is equal to the 9 10 gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent. For purposes of this subsection (12)(d), "selling standing timber" 11 12 means the sale of timber apart from the land, where the buyer is 13 required to sever the timber within thirty months from the date of the 14 original contract, regardless of the method of payment for the timber and whether title to the timber transfers before, upon, or after 15 16 severance.

17 (e) For purposes of this subsection, the following definitions 18 apply:

(i) "Biocomposite surface products" means surface material products
 containing, by weight or volume, more than fifty percent recycled paper
 and that also use nonpetroleum-based phenolic resin as a bonding agent.

22 (ii) "Paper and paper products" means products made of interwoven 23 cellulosic fibers held together largely by hydrogen bonding. "Paper 24 and paper products" includes newsprint; office, printing, fine, and 25 pressure-sensitive papers; paper napkins, towels, and toilet tissue; 26 kraft bag, construction, and other kraft industrial papers; paperboard, 27 liquid packaging containers, containerboard, corrugated, and solid-28 fiber containers including linerboard and corrugated medium; and related types of cellulosic products containing primarily, by weight or 29 volume, cellulosic materials. "Paper and paper products" does not 30 31 include books, newspapers, magazines, periodicals, and other printed 32 publications, advertising materials, calendars, and similar types of printed materials. 33

(iii) "Recycled paper" means paper and paper products having fifty percent or more of their fiber content that comes from postconsumer waste. For purposes of this subsection (12)(e)(iii), "postconsumer waste" means a finished material that would normally be disposed of as solid waste, having completed its life cycle as a consumer item. 1 (iv) "Timber" means forest trees, standing or down, on privately or 2 publicly owned land. "Timber" does not include Christmas trees that 3 are cultivated by agricultural methods or short-rotation hardwoods as 4 defined in RCW 84.33.035.

5

(v) "Timber products" means:

(A) Logs, wood chips, sawdust, wood waste, and similar products
obtained wholly from the processing of timber, short-rotation hardwoods
as defined in RCW 84.33.035, or both;

9 (B) Pulp, including market pulp and pulp derived from recovered 10 paper or paper products; and

11 (C) Recycled paper, but only when used in the manufacture of 12 biocomposite surface products.

(vi) "Wood products" means paper and paper products; dimensional lumber; engineered wood products such as particleboard, oriented strand board, medium density fiberboard, and plywood; wood doors; wood windows; and biocomposite surface products.

(f) Except for small harvesters as defined in RCW 84.33.035, a person reporting under the tax rate provided in this subsection (12) must file a complete annual survey with the department under RCW 82.32.585.

(13) Upon every person engaging within this state in inspecting, testing, labeling, and storing canned salmon owned by another person, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities is equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

26 (14)(a) Upon every person engaging within this state in the 27 business of printing a newspaper, publishing a newspaper, or both, the 28 amount of tax on such business is equal to the gross income of the 29 business multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent.

30 (b) A person reporting under the tax rate provided in this 31 subsection (14) must file a complete annual report with the department 32 under RCW 82.32.534.

33 Sec. 7. RCW 82.04.627 and 2008 c 81 s 15 are each amended to read 34 as follows:

35 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, for 36 purposes of the taxes imposed under this chapter on the sale of parts

1 to the manufacturer of a commercial ((airplane)) aircraft, the sale is 2 deemed to take place at the site of the final testing or inspection as 3 required by:

4 (a) An approved production inspection system under federal aviation
5 regulation part 21, subpart F; or

6 (b) A quality control system for which a production certificate has7 been issued under federal aviation regulation part 21, subpart G.

8

(2) This section does not apply to:

9 (a) Sales of the types of parts listed in federal aviation 10 regulation part 21, section 303(b)(2) through (4) or parts for which 11 certification or approval under federal aviation regulation part 21 is 12 not required; or

(b) Sales of parts in respect to which final testing or inspection
as required by the approved production inspection system or quality
control system takes place in this state.

16 (3) "Commercial ((airplane)) aircraft" has the same meaning given 17 in RCW 82.32.550.

18 Sec. 8. RCW 82.04.4463 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 23 s 515 are each 19 amended to read as follows:

(1) In computing the tax imposed under this chapter, a credit is allowed for property taxes and leasehold excise taxes paid during the calendar year.

23 (2) The credit is equal to:

(a)(i)(A) Property taxes paid on buildings, and land upon which the buildings are located, constructed after December 1, 2003, and used exclusively in manufacturing commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft or components of such ((airplanes)) aircraft; and

(B) Leasehold excise taxes paid with respect to buildings constructed after January 1, 2006, the land upon which the buildings are located, or both, if the buildings are used exclusively in manufacturing commercial ((airplanes)) <u>aircraft</u> or components of such ((airplanes)) <u>aircraft</u>; and

33 (C) Property taxes or leasehold excise taxes paid on, or with 34 respect to, buildings constructed after June 30, 2008, the land upon 35 which the buildings are located, or both, and used exclusively for 36 aerospace product development, manufacturing tooling specifically 37 designed for use in manufacturing commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft or their components, or in providing aerospace services, by persons not within the scope of (a)(i)(A) and (B) of this subsection (2) and are taxable under RCW 82.04.290(3), 82.04.260(((10))) <u>(11)(b)</u>, or 82.04.250(3); or

(ii) Property taxes attributable to an increase in assessed value 5 due to the renovation or expansion, after: (A) December 1, 2003, of a 6 7 building used exclusively in manufacturing commercial ((airplanes)) 8 aircraft or components of such ((airplanes)) aircraft; and (B) June 30, 2008, of buildings used exclusively for aerospace product development, 9 10 manufacturing tooling specifically designed for use in manufacturing commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft or their components, or in providing 11 12 aerospace services, by persons not within the scope of (a)(ii)(A) of 13 subsection (2) and are taxable under RCW 82.04.290(3), this 14 82.04.260((((10))))((11)(b)), or 82.04.250(3); and

15 (b) An amount equal to:

16 (i)(A) Property taxes paid, by persons taxable under RCW 17 82.04.260(((10))) <u>(11)</u>(a), on machinery and equipment exempt under RCW 18 82.08.02565 or 82.12.02565 and acquired after December 1, 2003;

(B) Property taxes paid, by persons taxable under RCW
 82.04.260(((10))) <u>(11)(b)</u>, on machinery and equipment exempt under RCW
 82.08.02565 or 82.12.02565 and acquired after June 30, 2008; or

(C) Property taxes paid, by persons taxable under RCW 82.04.250(3)
or 82.04.290(3), on computer hardware, computer peripherals, and
software exempt under RCW 82.08.975 or 82.12.975 and acquired after
June 30, 2008.

(ii) For purposes of determining the amount eligible for credit
under (i)(A) and (B) of this subsection (2)(b), the amount of property
taxes paid is multiplied by a fraction.

(A) The numerator of the fraction is the total taxable amount subject to the tax imposed under RCW 82.04.260(((10))) (11) (a) or (b) on the applicable business activities of manufacturing commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft, components of such ((airplanes)) aircraft, or tooling specifically designed for use in the manufacturing of commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft or components of such ((airplanes)) aircraft.

(B) The denominator of the fraction is the total taxable amount
 subject to the tax imposed under all manufacturing classifications in
 chapter 82.04 RCW.

(C) For purposes of both the numerator and denominator of the 1 2 fraction, the total taxable amount refers to the total taxable amount required to be reported on the person's returns for the calendar year 3 4 before the calendar year in which the credit under this section is The department may provide for an alternative method for 5 earned. calculating the numerator in cases where the tax rate provided in RCW б 7 82.04.260(((10))) (11) for manufacturing was not in effect during the 8 full calendar year before the calendar year in which the credit under 9 this section is earned.

10 (D) No credit is available under (b)(i)(A) or (B) of this 11 subsection (2) if either the numerator or the denominator of the 12 fraction is zero. If the fraction is greater than or equal to nine-13 tenths, then the fraction is rounded to one.

14 (E) As used in (b)(ii)(C) of this subsection (2), "returns" means 15 the tax returns for which the tax imposed under this chapter is 16 reported to the department.

17 (3) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this18 section, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

(a) "Aerospace product development" has the same meaning asprovided in RCW 82.04.4461.

(b) "Aerospace services" has the same meaning given in RCW82.08.975.

23 (c) "Commercial ((airplane)) aircraft" and "component" have the 24 same meanings as provided in RCW 82.32.550.

(4) A credit earned during one calendar year may be carried over to be credited against taxes incurred in a subsequent calendar year, but may not be carried over a second year. No refunds may be granted for credits under this section.

(5) In addition to all other requirements under this title, a
 person claiming the credit under this section must file a complete
 annual report with the department under RCW 82.32.534.

32 (6) This section expires July 1, 2024.

33 **Sec. 9.** RCW 82.04.4463 and 2013 3rd sp.s. c 2 s 10 are each 34 amended to read as follows:

35 (1) In computing the tax imposed under this chapter, a credit is 36 allowed for property taxes and leasehold excise taxes paid during the 37 calendar year.

- 1
- (2) The credit is equal to:

2 (a)(i)(A) Property taxes paid on buildings, and land upon which the 3 buildings are located, constructed after December 1, 2003, and used 4 exclusively in manufacturing commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft or 5 components of such ((airplanes)) aircraft; and

6 (B) Leasehold excise taxes paid with respect to buildings 7 constructed after January 1, 2006, the land upon which the buildings 8 are located, or both, if the buildings are used exclusively in 9 manufacturing commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft or components of such 10 ((airplanes)) aircraft; and

11 (C) Property taxes or leasehold excise taxes paid on, or with 12 respect to, buildings constructed after June 30, 2008, the land upon 13 which the buildings are located, or both, and used exclusively for 14 aerospace product development, manufacturing tooling specifically designed for use in manufacturing commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft or 15 their components, or in providing aerospace services, by persons not 16 17 within the scope of (a)(i)(A) and (B) of this subsection (2) and are taxable under RCW 82.04.290(3), 82.04.260(11)(b), or 82.04.250(3); or 18

19 (ii) Property taxes attributable to an increase in assessed value 20 due to the renovation or expansion, after: (A) December 1, 2003, of a 21 building used exclusively in manufacturing commercial 22 ((airplanes))aircraft or components of such ((airplanes)) aircraft; and 23 (B) June 30, 2008, of buildings used exclusively for aerospace product 24 development, manufacturing tooling specifically designed for use in 25 manufacturing commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft or their components, or 26 in providing aerospace services, by persons not within the scope of 27 (a)(ii)(A) of this subsection (2) and are taxable under RCW 82.04.290(3), 82.04.260(11)(b), or 82.04.250(3); and 28

29 (b) An amount equal to:

30 (i)(A) Property taxes paid, by persons taxable under RCW
31 82.04.260(11)(a), on machinery and equipment exempt under RCW
32 82.08.02565 or 82.12.02565 and acquired after December 1, 2003;

paid, taxable 33 (B) Property taxes by persons under RCW 82.04.260(11)(b), on machinery and equipment 34 exempt under RCW 35 82.08.02565 or 82.12.02565 and acquired after June 30, 2008; or

36 (C) Property taxes paid, by persons taxable under RCW 82.04.250(3)
 37 or 82.04.290(3), on computer hardware, computer peripherals, and

1 software exempt under RCW 82.08.975 or 82.12.975 and acquired after 2 June 30, 2008.

3 (ii) For purposes of determining the amount eligible for credit
4 under (i)(A) and (B) of this subsection (2)(b), the amount of property
5 taxes paid is multiplied by a fraction.

6 (A) The numerator of the fraction is the total taxable amount subject to the tax imposed under RCW 82.04.260(11) (a) or (b) on the 7 8 business activities of manufacturing commercial applicable 9 ((airplanes)) aircraft, components of such ((airplanes)) aircraft, or 10 tooling specifically designed for use in the manufacturing of 11 commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft or components of such ((airplanes)) 12 aircraft.

(B) The denominator of the fraction is the total taxable amount
 subject to the tax imposed under all manufacturing classifications in
 chapter 82.04 RCW.

(C) For purposes of both the numerator and denominator of the 16 fraction, the total taxable amount refers to the total taxable amount 17 18 required to be reported on the person's returns for the calendar year 19 before the calendar year in which the credit under this section is The department may provide for an alternative method for 20 earned. 21 calculating the numerator in cases where the tax rate provided in RCW 22 82.04.260(11) for manufacturing was not in effect during the full 23 calendar year before the calendar year in which the credit under this 24 section is earned.

(D) No credit is available under (b)(i)(A) or (B) of this subsection (2) if either the numerator or the denominator of the fraction is zero. If the fraction is greater than or equal to ninetenths, then the fraction is rounded to one.

(E) As used in (b)(ii)(C) of this subsection (2), "returns" means the tax returns for which the tax imposed under this chapter is reported to the department.

32 (3) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this33 section, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

34 (a) "Aerospace product development" has the same meaning as35 provided in RCW 82.04.4461.

36 (b) "Aerospace services" has the same meaning given in RCW 37 82.08.975. 1 (c) "Commercial ((airplane)) aircraft" and "component" have the 2 same meanings as provided in RCW 82.32.550.

3 (4) A credit earned during one calendar year may be carried over to 4 be credited against taxes incurred in a subsequent calendar year, but 5 may not be carried over a second year. No refunds may be granted for 6 credits under this section.

7 (5) In addition to all other requirements under this title, a
8 person claiming the credit under this section must file a complete
9 annual report with the department under RCW 82.32.534.

10 (6) This section expires July 1, 2040.

11 **Sec. 10.** RCW 82.04.4461 and 2010 c 114 s 115 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

(1)(a)(i) In computing the tax imposed under this chapter, a credit is allowed for each person for qualified aerospace product development. For a person who is a manufacturer or processor for hire of commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft or components of such ((airplanes)) aircraft, credit may be earned for expenditures occurring after December 1, 2003. For all other persons, credit may be earned only for expenditures occurring after June 30, 2008.

20 (ii) For purposes of this subsection, "commercial ((airplane))
21 <u>aircraft</u>" and "component" have the same meanings as provided in RCW
22 82.32.550.

(b) Before July 1, 2005, any credits earned under this section must
be accrued and carried forward and may not be used until July 1, 2005.
These carryover credits may be used at any time thereafter, and may be
carried over until used. Refunds may not be granted in the place of a
credit.

(2) The credit is equal to the amount of qualified aerospace
 product development expenditures of a person, multiplied by the rate of
 1.5 percent.

31 (3) Except as provided in subsection (1)(b) of this section the credit must be claimed against taxes due for the same calendar year in 32 33 which the qualified aerospace product development expenditures are 34 incurred. Credit earned on or after July 1, 2005, may not be carried 35 The credit for each calendar year may not exceed the amount of over. 36 tax otherwise due under this chapter for the calendar year. Refunds 37 may not be granted in the place of a credit.

1 (4) Any person claiming the credit must file a form prescribed by 2 the department that must include the amount of the credit claimed, an 3 estimate of the anticipated aerospace product development expenditures 4 during the calendar year for which the credit is claimed, an estimate 5 of the taxable amount during the calendar year for which the credit is 6 claimed, and such additional information as the department may 7 prescribe.

8 (5) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 9 section.

10

(a) "Aerospace product" has the meaning given in RCW 82.08.975.

11 (b) "Aerospace product development" means research, design, and 12 engineering activities performed in relation to the development of an 13 aerospace product or of a product line, model, or model derivative of an aerospace product, including prototype development, testing, and 14 15 certification. The term includes the discovery of technological information, the translating of technological information into new or 16 17 improved products, processes, techniques, formulas, or inventions, and 18 the adaptation of existing products and models into new products or new 19 models, or derivatives of products or models. The term does not 20 include manufacturing activities or other production-oriented 21 activities, however the term does include tool design and engineering 22 design for the manufacturing process. The term does not include 23 surveys and studies, social science and humanities research, market 24 research or testing, quality control, sale promotion and service, computer software developed for internal use, and research in areas 25 26 such as improved style, taste, and seasonal design.

(c) "Qualified aerospace product development" means aerospaceproduct development performed within this state.

29 (d) "Qualified aerospace product development expenditures" means 30 operating expenses, including wages, compensation of a proprietor or a partner in a partnership as determined by the department, benefits, 31 32 supplies, and computer expenses, directly incurred in qualified 33 aerospace product development by a person claiming the credit provided in this section. The term does not include amounts paid to a person or 34 35 to the state and any of its departments and institutions, other than a 36 public educational or research institution to conduct qualified 37 aerospace product development. The term does not include capital costs

and overhead, such as expenses for land, structures, or depreciable
 property.

3 (e) "Taxable amount" means the taxable amount subject to the tax 4 imposed in this chapter required to be reported on the person's tax 5 returns during the year in which the credit is claimed, less any 6 taxable amount for which a credit is allowed under RCW 82.04.440.

(6) In addition to all other requirements under this title, a
person claiming the credit under this section must file a complete
annual report with the department under RCW 82.32.534.

10 (7) Credit may not be claimed for expenditures for which a credit 11 is claimed under RCW 82.04.4452.

12 (8) This section expires July 1, 2024.

13 Sec. 11. RCW 82.04.4461 and 2013 3rd sp.s. c 2 s 9 are each 14 amended to read as follows:

(1)(a)(i) In computing the tax imposed under this chapter, a credit is allowed for each person for qualified aerospace product development. For a person who is a manufacturer or processor for hire of commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft or components of such ((airplanes)) aircraft, credit may be earned for expenditures occurring after December 1, 2003. For all other persons, credit may be earned only for expenditures occurring after June 30, 2008.

(ii) For purposes of this subsection, "commercial ((airplane)) aircraft" and "component" have the same meanings as provided in RCW 82.32.550.

(b) Before July 1, 2005, any credits earned under this section must be accrued and carried forward and may not be used until July 1, 2005. These carryover credits may be used at any time thereafter, and may be carried over until used. Refunds may not be granted in the place of a credit.

30 (2) The credit is equal to the amount of qualified aerospace 31 product development expenditures of a person, multiplied by the rate of 32 1.5 percent.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (1)(b) of this section the credit must be claimed against taxes due for the same calendar year in which the qualified aerospace product development expenditures are incurred. Credit earned on or after July 1, 2005, may not be carried

over. The credit for each calendar year may not exceed the amount of
 tax otherwise due under this chapter for the calendar year. Refunds
 may not be granted in the place of a credit.

4 (4) Any person claiming the credit must file a form prescribed by 5 the department that must include the amount of the credit claimed, an 6 estimate of the anticipated aerospace product development expenditures 7 during the calendar year for which the credit is claimed, an estimate 8 of the taxable amount during the calendar year for which the credit is 9 claimed, and such additional information as the department may 10 prescribe.

11 (5) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 12 section.

13

(a) "Aerospace product" has the meaning given in RCW 82.08.975.

14 (b) "Aerospace product development" means research, design, and engineering activities performed in relation to the development of an 15 aerospace product or of a product line, model, or model derivative of 16 17 an aerospace product, including prototype development, testing, and The term includes the discovery of technological 18 certification. 19 information, the translating of technological information into new or improved products, processes, techniques, formulas, or inventions, and 20 21 the adaptation of existing products and models into new products or new 22 models, or derivatives of products or models. The term does not 23 include manufacturing activities or other production-oriented 24 activities, however the term does include tool design and engineering 25 design for the manufacturing process. The term does not include 26 surveys and studies, social science and humanities research, market 27 research or testing, quality control, sale promotion and service, computer software developed for internal use, and research in areas 28 29 such as improved style, taste, and seasonal design.

30 (c) "Qualified aerospace product development" means aerospace 31 product development performed within this state.

(d) "Qualified aerospace product development expenditures" means operating expenses, including wages, compensation of a proprietor or a partner in a partnership as determined by the department, benefits, supplies, and computer expenses, directly incurred in qualified aerospace product development by a person claiming the credit provided in this section. The term does not include amounts paid to a person or to the state and any of its departments and institutions, other than a public educational or research institution to conduct qualified aerospace product development. The term does not include capital costs and overhead, such as expenses for land, structures, or depreciable property.

5 (e) "Taxable amount" means the taxable amount subject to the tax 6 imposed in this chapter required to be reported on the person's tax 7 returns during the year in which the credit is claimed, less any 8 taxable amount for which a credit is allowed under RCW 82.04.440.

9 (6) In addition to all other requirements under this title, a 10 person claiming the credit under this section must file a complete 11 annual report with the department under RCW 82.32.534.

12 (7) Credit may not be claimed for expenditures for which a credit13 is claimed under RCW 82.04.4452.

14 (8) This section expires July 1, 2040.

15 Sec. 12. RCW 82.04.43391 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 23 s 112 are each 16 amended to read as follows:

(1) In computing tax there may be deducted from the measure of tax interest and fees on loans secured by commercial aircraft primarily used to provide routine air service and owned by:

(a) An air carrier, as defined in RCW ((82.42.030)) 82.42.010,
 which is primarily engaged in the business of providing passenger air
 service;

23 (b) An affiliate of such air carrier; or

24 (c) A parent entity for which such air carrier is an affiliate.

(2) The deduction authorized under this section is not available to any person who is physically present in this state as determined under RCW 82.04.067(6).

28 (3) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

(a) "Affiliate" means a person is "affiliated," as defined in RCW
82.04.645, with another person; and

31 (b) "Commercial aircraft" ((means a commercial airplane as
 32 defined)) has the same meaning as provided in RCW 82.32.550.

33 Sec. 13. RCW 82.08.975 and 2008 c 81 s 2 are each amended to read 34 as follows:

(1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 ((shall)) does not apply to
 sales of computer hardware, computer peripherals, or software, not

otherwise eligible for exemption under RCW 82.08.02565, used primarily in the development, design, and engineering of aerospace products or in providing aerospace services, or to sales of or charges made for labor and services rendered in respect to installing the computer hardware, computer peripherals, or software.

6 (2) The exemption is available only when the buyer provides the 7 seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by 8 the department. The seller ((shall)) <u>must</u> retain a copy of the 9 certificate for the seller's files.

10

(3) As used in this section, the following definitions apply:

11 (a) "Aerospace products" means:

12 (i) Commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft and their components;

(ii) Machinery and equipment that is designed and used primarily for the maintenance, repair, overhaul, or refurbishing of commercial ((airplanes)) <u>aircraft</u> or their components by federal aviation regulation part 145 certificated repair stations; and

(iii) Tooling specifically designed for use in manufacturing
 commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft or their components.

(b) "Aerospace services" means the maintenance, repair, overhaul, or refurbishing of commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft or their components, but only when such services are performed by a FAR part 145 certificated repair station.

23 (c) "Commercial ((airplane)) aircraft" and "component" have the 24 same meanings provided in RCW 82.32.550.

(d) "Peripherals" includes keyboards, monitors, mouse devices, and
 other accessories that operate outside of the computer, excluding
 cables, conduit, wiring, and other similar property.

28 (4) This section expires July 1, 2024.

29 Sec. 14. RCW 82.08.975 and 2013 3rd sp.s. c 2 s 11 are each 30 amended to read as follows:

(1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of computer hardware, computer peripherals, or software, not otherwise eligible for exemption under RCW 82.08.02565, used primarily in the development, design, and engineering of aerospace products or in providing aerospace services, or to sales of or charges made for labor and services rendered in respect to installing the computer hardware, computer peripherals, or software. 1 (2) The exemption is available only when the buyer provides the 2 seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by 3 the department. The seller must retain a copy of the certificate for 4 the seller's files.

5 (3) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 6 section unless the context requires otherwise.

7

8

(a) "Aerospace products" means:

(i) Commercial ((airplanes)) <u>aircraft</u> and their components;

9 (ii) Machinery and equipment that is designed and used primarily 10 for the maintenance, repair, overhaul, or refurbishing of commercial 11 ((airplanes)) <u>aircraft</u> or their components by federal aviation 12 regulation part 145 certificated repair stations; and

13 (iii) Tooling specifically designed for use in manufacturing 14 commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft or their components.

(b) "Aerospace services" means the maintenance, repair, overhaul, or refurbishing of commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft or their components, but only when such services are performed by a FAR part 145 certificated repair station.

19 (c) "Commercial ((airplane)) aircraft" and "component" have the 20 same meanings provided in RCW 82.32.550.

(d) "Peripherals" includes keyboards, monitors, mouse devices, and
 other accessories that operate outside of the computer, excluding
 cables, conduit, wiring, and other similar property.

24 (4) This section expires July 1, 2040.

25 Sec. 15. RCW 82.08.980 and 2013 3rd sp.s. c 2 s 3 are each amended 26 to read as follows:

27

(1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to:

(a) Charges, for labor and services rendered in respect to the 28 29 constructing of new buildings, made to (i) a manufacturer engaged in 30 the manufacturing of commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft or the fuselages 31 or wings of commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft or (ii) a port district, political subdivision, or municipal corporation, to be leased to a 32 33 manufacturer engaged in the manufacturing of commercial ((airplanes)) <u>aircraft</u> or the fuselages or wings of commercial ((airplanes)) 34 35 aircraft;

36 (b) Sales of tangible personal property that will be incorporated

as an ingredient or component of such buildings during the course of
 the constructing; or

3 (c) Charges made for labor and services rendered in respect to 4 installing, during the course of constructing such buildings, building 5 fixtures not otherwise eligible for the exemption under RCW 6 82.08.02565(2)(b).

7 (2) The exemption is available only when the buyer provides the 8 seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by 9 the department. The seller must retain a copy of the certificate for 10 the seller's files.

11 (3) No application is necessary for the tax exemption in this 12 section. However, in order to qualify under this section before 13 starting construction, the port district, political subdivision, or municipal corporation must have entered into an agreement with the 14 manufacturer to build such a facility. A person claiming the exemption 15 under this section is subject to all the requirements of chapter 82.32 16 17 RCW. In addition, the person must file a complete annual report with 18 the department under RCW 82.32.534.

19 (4) The exemption in this section applies to buildings or parts of 20 buildings, including buildings or parts of buildings used for the 21 storage of raw materials or finished product, that are used primarily 22 in the manufacturing of any one or more of the following products:

23

24 (b) Fuselages of commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft; or

25 (c) Wings of commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft.

(a) Commercial ((airplanes)) aircraft;

26 (5) For the purposes of this section, "commercial ((airplane)) 27 <u>aircraft</u>" has the meaning given in RCW 82.32.550.

28 (6) This section expires July 1, 2040.

Sec. 16. RCW 82.32.850 and 2013 3rd sp.s. c 2 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Chapter 2, Laws of 2013 3rd sp. sess. takes effect contingent upon the siting of a significant commercial airplane manufacturing program in the state of Washington. If a significant commercial airplane manufacturing program is not sited in the state of Washington by June 30, 2017, chapter 2, Laws of 2013 3rd sp. sess. does not take effect. 1 (2) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 2 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

3 (a) "Commercial ((airplane)) aircraft" has the same meaning
4 provided in RCW 82.32.550.

5 (b) "New model, or any version or variant of an existing model, of 6 a commercial ((airplane)) aircraft" means a commercial ((airplane)) 7 aircraft manufactured with a carbon fiber composite fuselage or carbon 8 fiber composite wings or both.

9 (c) "Significant commercial airplane manufacturing program" means 10 an airplane program in which the following products, including final 11 assembly, will commence manufacture at a new or existing location 12 within Washington state on or after the effective date of this section:

(i) The new model, or any version or variant of an existing model,
 of a commercial ((airplane)) aircraft; and

(ii) Fuselages and wings of a new model, or any version or variant
 of an existing model, of a commercial ((airplane)) aircraft.

(d) "Siting" means a final decision, made on or after November 1, 2013, by a manufacturer to locate a significant commercial airplane manufacturing program in Washington state.

(3) The department must make a determination regarding whether the 20 21 contingency in subsection (1) of this section occurs and must provide 22 written notice of the date on which such contingency occurs and chapter 23 2, Laws of 2013 3rd sp. sess. takes effect. If the department determines that the contingency in subsection (1) of this section has 24 25 not occurred by June 30, 2017, the department must provide written 26 notice stating that chapter 2, Laws of 2013 3rd sp. sess. does not take 27 effect. Written notice under this subsection (3) must be provided to 28 affected parties, the chief clerk of the house of representatives, the 29 secretary of the senate, the office of the code reviser, and others as deemed appropriate by the department. 30

31 **Sec. 17.** RCW 82.32.550 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 23 s 517 are each 32 amended to read as follows:

(1) "Commercial ((airplane)) aircraft" has its ordinary meaning, which is an ((airplane)) aircraft certified by the federal aviation administration for transporting persons or property, and any military derivative of such ((an airplane)) aircraft. (2) "Component" means a part or system certified by the federal
 aviation administration for installation or assembly into a commercial
 ((airplane)) aircraft.

4 (3) "Superefficient airplane" means a twin aisle airplane that 5 carries between two hundred and three hundred fifty passengers, with a 6 range of more than seven thousand two hundred nautical miles, a 7 cruising speed of approximately mach .85, and that uses fifteen to 8 twenty percent less fuel than other similar airplanes on the market.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 18.** This act takes effect July 1, 2014, except 10 as provided otherwise in this section:

11 (1) Section 4 of this act takes effect July 1, 2015;

12 (2) Section 6 of this act takes effect July 1, 2015, if the 13 contingency in section 2(1), chapter 2, Laws of 2013 3rd sp. sess. has 14 occurred;

(3) Sections 5, 9, 11, 14, 15, and 16 of this act take effect on
the date the contingency in section 2(1), chapter 2, Laws of 2013 3rd
sp. sess. occurs.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 19. Sections 3 and 5 of this act expire July 1,
2015.

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