
ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 2636

State of Washington 63rd Legislature 2014 Regular Session

By Representatives Smith, Tarleton, and Morrell; by request of Department of Ecology

Read first time 01/23/14. Referred to Committee on Environment.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to streamlining statutorily required environmental
- 2 reports by government entities; amending RCW 70.93.200, 70.93.220,
- 3 70.93.250, 70.94.162, 70.95.530, 70.95J.025, 70.120A.050, 90.42.130,
- 4 90.44.052, 90.48.545, 90.80.150, and 90.82.043; reenacting and amending
- 5 RCW 43.21A.667; and repealing RCW 70.95.545, 70.120A.040, and
- 6 90.80.901.

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- 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 8 **Sec. 1.** RCW 43.21A.667 and 2011 c 171 s 7, 2011 c 169 s 2, and
- 9 2011 c 5 s 908 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 10 (1) The aquatic algae control account is created in the state
- 11 treasury. Moneys directed to the account from RCW 88.02.640 must be

deposited in the account. Expenditures from the account may only be

- used as provided in this section. Moneys in the account may be spent
- only after appropriation.
- 15 (2) Funds in the aquatic algae control account may be appropriated
- 16 to the department to develop a freshwater and saltwater aquatic algae
- 17 control program and may be used to establish contingency funds for
- 18 emergent issues. Funds must be expended as follows:

p. 1 EHB 2636

(a) As grants to cities, counties, tribes, special purpose districts, and state agencies: (i) To manage excessive freshwater and saltwater nuisance algae, with priority for the treatment of lakes in which harmful algal blooms have occurred within the past three years; and (ii) for freshwater and saltwater nuisance algae monitoring and removal; and

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- (b) To provide technical assistance to applicants and the public about aquatic algae control(($\dot{\tau}$ and
- (c)-During-the-2009-2011-fiscal-biennium,-the-legislature-may transfer from the freshwater aquatic algae control account to the state general-fund-such amounts as reflect the excess fund balance of the account).
- 13 (3) ((The-department-shall-submit-a-biennial-report-to-the
 14 appropriate-legislative-committees-describing-the-actions-taken-to
 15 implement this section along with suggestions on how to better fulfill
 16 the-intent-of-chapter-464,-Laws-of-2005. The-first-report-is-due
 17 December 1, 2007.
- (4))) For the purposes of this section, "saltwater nuisance algae" means native invasive algae (sea lettuce), nonnative invasive algae, and algae producing harmful toxins.
- 21 **Sec. 2.** RCW 70.93.200 and 1998 c 257 s 8 are each amended to read 22 as follows:

In addition to the foregoing, the department of ecology shall:

- (1) Serve as the coordinating agency between the various industry organizations seeking to aid in the waste reduction, anti-litter, and recycling efforts;
- (2) Serve as the coordinating and administrating agency for all state agencies and local governments receiving funds for waste reduction, litter control, and recycling under this chapter;
- (3) Recommend to the governing bodies of all local governments that they adopt ordinances similar to the provisions of this chapter;
- (4) Cooperate with all local governments to accomplish coordination of local waste reduction, anti-litter, and recycling efforts;
- 34 (5) Encourage, organize, and coordinate all voluntary local waste 35 reduction, anti-litter, and recycling campaigns seeking to focus the 36 attention of the public on the programs of this state to reduce waste, 37 control and remove litter, and foster recycling;

1 (6) Investigate the availability of, and apply for funds available 2 from any private or public source to be used in the program outlined in 3 this chapter;

- (7) Develop statewide programs by working with local governments, payers of the waste reduction, recycling, and litter control tax, and industry organizations that are active in waste reduction, anti-litter, and recycling efforts to increase public awareness of and participation in recycling and to stimulate and encourage local private recycling centers, public participation in recycling and research and development in the field of litter control, and recycling, removal, and disposal of litter-related recycling materials;
- (8) Conduct a ((biennial)) periodic statewide litter survey targeted at litter composition, sources, demographics, and geographic trends; and
- (9) Provide on the department's web site a ((biennial)) summary of all waste reduction, litter control, and recycling efforts statewide including those of the department ((of-ecology,)) and other state agencies and local governments funded for such programs under this chapter. ((This report is due to the legislature in March of even-numbered years.))
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 70.93.220 and 1998 c 257 s 6 are each amended to read 22 as follows:
 - (1) The department ((of-ecology)) is the coordinating and administrative agency working with the departments of natural resources, revenue, transportation, and corrections, and the parks and recreation commission in developing a biennial budget request for funds for the various agencies' litter collection programs.
 - (2) Funds may be used to meet the needs of efficient and effective litter collection and illegal dumping programs identified by the various agencies. The department shall develop criteria for evaluating the effectiveness and efficiency of the waste reduction, litter control, and recycling programs being administered by the various agencies listed in RCW 70.93.180, and shall distribute funds according to the effectiveness and efficiency of those programs. In addition, the department shall approve funding requests for efficient and effective waste reduction, litter control, and recycling programs, provide funds, and monitor the results of all agency programs.

p. 3 EHB 2636

(3) All agencies are responsible for reporting information on their litter collection programs((-,)) as requested by the department ((of ecology. Beginning-in-the-year-2000,-this-information-shall-be provided to the department by March of even-numbered years. In 1998, this information shall be provided by July 1st.

- (4) By December 1998, and in every even-numbered year thereafter, the department shall provide a report to the legislature summarizing biennial waste reduction, litter control, and recycling activities by state agencies and submitting the coordinated litter budget request of all agencies)).
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 70.93.250 and 2002 c 175 s 46 are each amended to read 12 as follows:
 - (1) The department shall provide funding to local units of government to establish, conduct, and evaluate community restitution and other programs for waste reduction, litter and illegal dump cleanup, and recycling. Programs eligible for funding under this section shall include, but not be limited to, programs established pursuant to RCW 72.09.260.
 - (2) Funds may be offered for costs associated with community waste reduction, litter cleanup and prevention, and recycling activities. The funding program must be flexible, allowing local governments to use funds broadly to meet their needs to reduce waste, control litter and illegal dumping, and promote recycling. Local governments are required to contribute resources or in-kind services. The department shall evaluate funding requests from local government according to the same criteria as those developed in RCW 70.93.220, provide funds according to the effectiveness and efficiency of local government litter control programs, and monitor the results of all local government programs under this section.
 - (3) Local governments shall report information as requested by the department in funding agreements entered into by the department and a local government. ((The-department-shall-report-to-the-appropriate standing-committees-of-the-legislature-by-December-of-even-numbered years on the effectiveness of local government waste reduction, litter, and recycling programs funded under this section.))

1 **Sec. 5.** RCW 70.94.162 and 1998 c 245 s 129 are each amended to read as follows:

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(1)The department and delegated local air authorities are authorized to determine, assess, and collect, and each permit program source shall pay, annual fees sufficient to cover the direct and indirect costs of implementing a state operating permit program approved by the United States environmental protection agency under the federal clean air act. However, a source that receives its operating permit from the United States environmental protection agency shall not be considered a permit program source so long as the environmental protection agency continues to act as the permitting authority for that source. Each permitting authority shall develop by rule a fee schedule allocating among its permit program sources the costs of the operating permit program, and may, by rule, establish a payment schedule whereby periodic installments of the annual fee are due and payable more frequently. All operating permit program fees collected by the department shall be deposited in the air operating permit account. All operating permit program fees collected by the delegated local air authorities shall be deposited in their respective air operating permit accounts or other accounts dedicated exclusively to support of the operating permit program. The fees assessed under this subsection shall first be due not less than forty-five days after the United States environmental protection agency delegates to the department the authority to administer the operating permit program and then annually thereafter.

The department shall establish, by rule, procedures for administrative appeals to the department regarding the fee assessed pursuant to this subsection.

- (2) The fee schedule developed by each permitting authority shall fully cover and not exceed both its permit administration costs and the permitting authority's share of statewide program development and oversight costs.
- (a) Permit administration costs are those incurred by each permitting authority, including the department, in administering and enforcing the operating permit program with respect to sources under its jurisdiction. Costs associated with the following activities are fee eligible as these activities relate to the operating permit program

p. 5 EHB 2636

and to the sources permitted by a permitting authority, including, where applicable, sources subject to a general permit:

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- (i) Preapplication assistance and review of an application and proposed compliance plan for a permit, permit revision, or renewal;
- (ii) Source inspections, testing, and other data-gathering activities necessary for the development of a permit, permit revision, or renewal;
- (iii) Acting on an application for a permit, permit revision, or renewal, including the costs of developing an applicable requirement as part of the processing of a permit, permit revision, or renewal, preparing a draft permit and fact sheet, and preparing a final permit, but excluding the costs of developing BACT, LAER, BART, or RACT requirements for criteria and toxic air pollutants;
- (iv) Notifying and soliciting, reviewing and responding to comment from the public and contiguous states and tribes, conducting public hearings regarding the issuance of a draft permit and other costs of providing information to the public regarding operating permits and the permit issuance process;
- (v) Modeling necessary to establish permit limits or to determine compliance with permit limits;
- (vi) Reviewing compliance certifications and emissions reports and conducting related compilation and reporting activities;
- (vii) Conducting compliance inspections, complaint investigations, and other activities necessary to ensure that a source is complying with permit conditions;
- (viii) Administrative enforcement activities and penalty assessment, excluding the costs of proceedings before the pollution control hearings board and all costs of judicial enforcement;
- (ix) The share attributable to permitted sources of the development and maintenance of emissions inventories;
 - (x) The share attributable to permitted sources of ambient air quality monitoring and associated recording and reporting activities;
 - (xi) Training for permit administration and enforcement;
- (xii) Fee determination, assessment, and collection, including the costs of necessary administrative dispute resolution and penalty collection;
- 37 (xiii) Required fiscal audits, periodic performance audits, and 38 reporting activities;

- 1 (xiv) Tracking of time, revenues and expenditures, and accounting 2 activities;
- 3 (xv) Administering the permit program including the costs of 4 clerical support, supervision, and management;

- (xvi) Provision of assistance to small businesses under the jurisdiction of the permitting authority as required under section 507 of the federal clean air act; and
- (xvii) Other activities required by operating permit regulations issued by the United States environmental protection agency under the federal clean air act.
- (b) Development and oversight costs are those incurred by the department in developing and administering the state operating permit program, and in overseeing the administration of the program by the delegated local permitting authorities. Costs associated with the following activities are fee eligible as these activities relate to the operating permit program:
- (i) Review and determinations necessary for delegation of authority to administer and enforce a permit program to a local air authority under RCW 70.94.161(2) and 70.94.860;
- (ii) Conducting fiscal audits and periodic performance audits of delegated local authorities, and other oversight functions required by the operating permit program;
- (iii) Administrative enforcement actions taken by the department on behalf of a permitting authority, including those actions taken by the department under RCW 70.94.785, but excluding the costs of proceedings before the pollution control hearings board and all costs of judicial enforcement;
- (iv) Determination and assessment with respect to each permitting authority of the fees covering its share of the costs of development and oversight;
- (v) Training and assistance for permit program administration and oversight, including training and assistance regarding technical, administrative, and data management issues;
- (vi) Development of generally applicable regulations or guidance regarding the permit program or its implementation or enforcement;
- 36 (vii) State codification of federal rules or standards for 37 inclusion in operating permits;

p. 7 EHB 2636

1 (viii) Preparation of delegation package and other activities 2 associated with submittal of the state permit program to the United 3 States environmental protection agency for approval, including ongoing 4 coordination activities;

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- (ix) General administration and coordination of the state permit program, related support activities, and other agency indirect costs, including necessary data management and quality assurance;
- (x) Required fiscal audits and periodic performance audits of the department, and reporting activities;
- 10 (xi) Tracking of time, revenues and expenditures, and accounting 11 activities;
- 12 (xii) Public education and outreach related to the operating permit 13 program, including the maintenance of a permit register;
- 14 (xiii) The share attributable to permitted sources of compiling and 15 maintaining emissions inventories;
- 16 (xiv) The share attributable to permitted sources of ambient air 17 quality monitoring, related technical support, and associated recording 18 activities;
- 19 (xv) The share attributable to permitted sources of modeling 20 activities;
 - (xvi) Provision of assistance to small business as required under section 507 of the federal clean air act as it exists on July 25, 1993, or its later enactment as adopted by reference by the director by rule;
 - (xvii) Provision of services by the department of revenue and the office of the state attorney general and other state agencies in support of permit program administration;
 - (xviii) A one-time revision to the state implementation plan to make those administrative changes necessary to ensure coordination of the state implementation plan and the operating permit program; and
 - (xix) Other activities required by operating permit regulations issued by the United States environmental protection agency under the federal clean air act.
 - (3) The responsibility for operating permit fee determination, assessment, and collection is to be shared by the department and delegated local air authorities as follows:
- 36 (a) Each permitting authority, including the department, acting in 37 its capacity as a permitting authority, shall develop a fee schedule 38 and mechanism for collecting fees from the permit program sources under

its jurisdiction; the fees collected by each authority shall be sufficient to cover its costs of permit administration and its share of the department's costs of development and oversight. Each delegated local authority shall remit to the department its share of the department's development and oversight costs.

- (b) Only those local air authorities to whom the department has delegated the authority to administer the program pursuant to RCW 70.94.161(2) (b) and (c) and 70.94.860 shall have the authority to administer and collect operating permit fees. The department shall retain the authority to administer and collect such fees with respect to the sources within the jurisdiction of a local air authority until the effective date of program delegation to that air authority.
- (c) The department shall allocate its development and oversight costs among all permitting authorities, including the department, in proportion to the number of permit program sources under the jurisdiction of each authority, except that extraordinary costs or other costs readily attributable to a specific permitting authority may be assessed that authority. For purposes of this subsection, all sources covered by a single general permit shall be treated as one source.
- (4) The department and each delegated local air authority shall adopt by rule a general permit fee schedule for sources under their respective jurisdictions after such time as the department adopts provisions for general permit issuance. Within ninety days of the time that the department adopts a general permit fee schedule, the department shall report to the relevant standing committees of the legislature regarding the general permit fee schedules adopted by the department and by the delegated local air authorities. The permit administration costs of each general permit shall be allocated equitably among only those sources subject to that general permit. The share of development and oversight costs attributable to each general permit shall be determined pursuant to subsection (3)(c) of this section.
- (5) The fee schedule developed by the department shall allocate among the sources for whom the department acts as a permitting authority, other than sources subject to a general permit, those portions of the department's permit administration costs and the

p. 9 EHB 2636

department's share of the development and oversight costs which the department does not plan to recover under its general permit fee schedule or schedules as follows:

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- (a) The department shall allocate its permit administration costs and its share of the development and oversight costs not recovered through general permit fees according to a three-tiered model based upon:
 - (i) The number of permit program sources under its jurisdiction;
- 9 (ii) The complexity of permit program sources under its 10 jurisdiction; and
- (iii) The size of permit program sources under its jurisdiction, as measured by the quantity of each regulated pollutant emitted by the source.
 - (b) Each of the three tiers shall be equally weighted.
 - (c) The department may, in addition, allocate activities-based costs readily attributable to a specific source to that source under RCW 70.94.152(1) and 70.94.154(7).

The quantity of each regulated pollutant emitted by a source shall be determined based on the annual emissions during the most recent calendar year for which data is available.

- (6) The department shall, after opportunity for public review and comment, adopt rules that establish a process for development and review of its operating permit program fee schedule, a methodology for tracking program revenues and expenditures, and, for both the department and the delegated local air authorities, a system of fiscal audits, reports, and periodic performance audits.
- (a) The fee schedule development and review process shall include the following:
- (i) The department shall conduct a biennial workload analysis. The department shall provide the opportunity for public review of and comment on the workload analysis. The department shall review and update its workload analysis during each biennial budget cycle, taking into account information gathered by tracking previous revenues, time, and expenditures and other information obtained through fiscal audits and performance audits.
- 36 (ii) The department shall prepare a biennial budget based upon the 37 resource requirements identified in the workload analysis for that 38 biennium. In preparing the budget, the department shall take into

account the projected operating permit account balance at the start of the biennium. The department shall provide the opportunity for public review of and comment on the proposed budget. The department shall review and update its budget each biennium.

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- (iii) The department shall develop a fee schedule allocating the department's permit administration costs and its share of development and oversight costs among the department's permit program sources using the methodology described in subsection (5) of this The department shall provide the opportunity for public review of and comment on the allocation methodology and fee schedule. The department shall provide procedures for administrative resolution of disputes regarding the source data on which allocation determinations are based; these procedures shall be designed such that resolution occurs prior to the completion of the allocation process. The department shall review and update its fee schedule annually.
- (b) The methodology for tracking revenues and expenditures shall include the following:
 - (i) The department shall develop a system for tracking revenues and expenditures that provides the maximum practicable information. At a minimum, revenues from fees collected under the operating permit program shall be tracked on a source-specific basis and time and expenditures required to administer the program shall be tracked on the basis of source categories and functional categories. Each general permit will be treated as a separate source category for tracking and accounting purposes.
 - (ii) The department shall use the information obtained from tracking revenues, time, and expenditures to modify the workload analysis required in subsection (6)(a) of this section.
 - (iii) The information obtained from tracking revenues, time, and expenditures shall not provide a basis for challenge to the amount of an individual source's fee.
 - (c) The system of fiscal audits, reports, and periodic performance audits shall include the following:
 - (i) The department and the delegated local air authorities shall ((prepare annual reports and shall submit the reports to, respectively, the appropriate standing committees of the legislature and the board of directors of the local air authority)) periodically report information about the air operating permit program on the department's web site.

p. 11 EHB 2636

(ii) The department shall arrange for fiscal audits and routine performance audits and for periodic intensive performance audits of each permitting authority and of the department.

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- (7) Each local air authority requesting delegation shall, after opportunity for public review and comment, publish regulations which establish a process for development and review of its operating permit program fee schedule, and a methodology for tracking its revenues and expenditures. These regulations shall be submitted to the department for review and approval as part of the local authority's delegation request.
- (8) As used in this section and in RCW 70.94.161(14), "regulated pollutant" shall have the same meaning as defined in section 502(b) of the federal clean air act as it exists on July 25, 1993, or its later enactment as adopted by reference by the director by rule.
- 15 (9) Fee structures as authorized under this section shall remain in 16 effect until such time as the legislature authorizes an alternative 17 structure following receipt of the report required by this subsection.
- 18 **Sec. 6.** RCW 70.95.530 and 2009 c 261 s 5 are each amended to read 19 as follows:
- 20 (1) Moneys in the waste tire removal account may be appropriated to 21 the department of ecology:
- 22 (a) To provide for funding to state and local governments for the 23 removal of discarded vehicle tires from unauthorized tire dump sites; 24 and
 - (b) To accomplish the other purposes of RCW 70.95.020 as they relate to waste tire cleanup under this chapter.
 - (2) In spending funds in the account under this section, the department $((\frac{\text{of}-\text{ecology}}{\text{ecommunities}}))$ shall identify communities with the most severe problems with waste tires and provide funds first to those communities to remove accumulations of waste tires.
- (3) ((On-September-1st-of-even-numbered-years,)) The department ((of-ecology)) shall provide ((a-report-to-the-house-[of representatives] and senate transportation committees on the progress being made on the cleanup of unauthorized waste tire piles in the state and efforts underway to prevent-the formation of future unauthorized waste tire piles. The report must detail any additional unauthorized waste tire piles discovered since the last report and present a plan to

clean-up-these-new-unauthorized-waste-tire-piles-if-they-have-not already done so, as well as include a listing of authorized waste tire piles and transporters. The report must also include the status of funds available to the program and a needs assessment of the program. On September 1, 2010, the department shall also make recommendations to the-committees-for-an-ongoing-program-to-prevent-the-formation-of future-unauthorized-waste-tire-piles. Such-a-program,-if-required, must-include-joint-efforts-with-local-governments-and-the-tire industry)) on its web site a summary of state and local government efforts funded using the waste tire removal account, a list of authorized waste tire storage sites and transporters, and tire recycling and reuse rates in the state for each calendar year.

Sec. 7. RCW 70.95J.025 and 1997 c 398 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) The department shall establish annual fees to collect expenses for issuing and administering biosolids permits under this chapter. An initial fee schedule shall be established by rule and shall be adjusted no more often than once every two years. This fee schedule applies to all permits, regardless of date of issuance, and fees shall be assessed prospectively. Fees shall be established in amounts to recover expenses incurred by the department in processing permit applications and modifications, reviewing related plans and documents, monitoring, evaluating, conducting inspections, overseeing performance of delegated program elements, providing technical assistance and supporting overhead expenses that are directly related to these activities.
- (2) The annual fee paid by a permittee for any permit issued under this chapter shall be determined by the number of residences or residential equivalents contributing to the permittee's biosolids management system. If residences or residential equivalents cannot be determined or reasonably estimated, fees shall be based on other appropriate criteria.
- (3) The biosolids permit account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from fees under this section must be deposited into the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used only for the purposes of administering permits under this chapter.

p. 13 EHB 2636

(4) The department shall ((present a biennial progress report on the use of moneys from the biosolids permit account to the legislature. The first report is due on or before December 31, 1998, and thereafter on or before December 31st of odd numbered years. The report shall consist—of)) make available on the web site information on fees collected, actual expenses incurred, and anticipated expenses for the current and following fiscal years.

- (5) The department shall work with the regulated community and local health departments to study the feasibility of modifying the fee schedule to support delegated local health departments and reduce local health department fees paid by biosolids permittees.
- **Sec. 8.** RCW 70.120A.050 and 2008 c 32 s 2 are each amended to read 13 as follows:
 - (1) No model year 2010 or subsequent model year new passenger car, light duty truck, or medium duty passenger vehicle may be sold in Washington unless there is securely and conspicuously affixed in a clearly visible location a label on which the manufacturer clearly discloses comparative greenhouse gas emissions for that new vehicle.
 - (2) The label required by this section should include a greenhouse gas index or rating system that contains quantitative and graphical information presented in a continuous, easy-to-read scale that compares the greenhouse gas emissions from the vehicle with the average projected greenhouse gas emissions from all passenger cars, light duty trucks, and medium duty passenger vehicles of the same model year. For reference purposes, the index or rating system should also identify the greenhouse gas emissions from the vehicle model of that same model year that has the lowest greenhouse gas emissions.
 - (3) The index or rating system included in the label under subsection (2) of this section shall be updated as necessary to ensure that the differences in greenhouse gas emissions among vehicles are readily apparent to the consumer.
 - (4) An automobile manufacturer may apply to the department of ecology for approval of an alternative to the disclosure labeling requirement that is at least as effective in providing notification and disclosure of the vehicle's greenhouse gas emissions as is the labeling required by this section.

(5) A label that complies with the requirements of the California greenhouse gas vehicle labeling program shall be deemed to meet the requirements of this section and any rules adopted under this section.

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- (6) The department of ecology may adopt such rules as are necessary to implement this section.
- (((7) The department of ecology shall provide a status report to 6 7 the appropriate committees of the legislature on or before December 1, 8 2008,-(a)-outlining-its-approach-and-progress-toward-implementing-a greenhouse-gas-vehicle-emissions-disclosure-labeling-program-for 9 10 Washington, -(b) -providing -an -update -on -the -status -of -California's greenhouse gas vehicle labeling program, and (c) making recommendations 11 12 as necessary for legislation to meet the intent and purpose of chapter 13 32, Laws of 2008 by the 2010 model year.))
- 14 **Sec. 9.** RCW 90.42.130 and 2003 c 144 s 5 are each amended to read 15 as follows:
 - (1)department shall seek input from agricultural organizations, federal agencies, tribal governments, local governments, watershed groups, conservation groups, and developers on water banking, including water banking procedures and identification of areas in Washington state where water banking could assist in providing water supplies for instream and out-of-stream uses. ((The department shall summarize any comments received on water banking and submit a report, including-any-recommendations,-to-the-appropriate-committees-of-the legislature-for-their-consideration-in-the-subsequent-legislative session.))
 - (2) ((By-December-31st-of-every-even-numbered-year,)) <u>The</u> department shall ((submit a report to the appropriate committees of the legislature on water banking activities authorized under RCW 90.42.100. The report shall:
- 30 (a)—Evaluate—the—effectiveness—of—water—banking—in—meeting—the
 31 policies and objectives of this chapter;
- 32 (b)—Describe—any—statutory,—regulatory,—or—other—impediments—to 33 water banking in other areas of the state; and

p. 15 EHB 2636

- site regarding water banking, including information on water banks and 1
- 2 related programs in various areas of the state.

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- Sec. 10. RCW 90.44.052 and 2003 c 307 s 2 are each amended to read 3 4 as follows:
 - (1) On a pilot project basis, the use of water for domestic use in clustered residential developments is exempt as described in subsection (2) of this section from the permit requirements of RCW 90.44.050 in Whitman county. The department must review the use of water under this section and its impact on water resources in the county and ((report to the-legislature-by-December-31st-of-each-even-numbered-year-through 2016 regarding its review)) maintain information regarding the pilot project on its web site.
 - (2) For the pilot project, the domestic use of water for a clustered residential development is exempt from the permit requirements of RCW 90.44.050 for an amount of water that is not more than one thousand two hundred gallons a day per residence for a residential development that has an overall density equal to or less than one residence per ten acres and a minimum of six homes.
- 19 (3) No new right to use water may be established for a clustered 20 development under this section where the first residential use of water 21 for the development begins after December 31, 2015.
- 22 Sec. 11. RCW 90.48.545 and 2009 c 449 s 2 are each amended to read 23 as follows:
 - (1) As funding to do so becomes available, the department shall create a storm water technical resource center in partnership with a university, nonprofit organization, or other public or private entity to provide tools for storm water management. The center shall use its authority to support the duties listed in this subsection through research, development, technology demonstration, technology transfer, education, outreach, recognition, and training programs. The center may:
 - (a) Review and evaluate emerging storm water technologies;
- (b) Research and develop innovative and cost-effective technical 34 solutions to remove pollutants from runoff and to reduce or eliminate 35 storm water discharges;
 - (c) Conduct pilot projects to test technical solutions;

p. 16 EHB 2636

1 (d) Serve as a clearinghouse and outreach center for information on storm water technology;

- (e) Assist in the development of storm water control methods to better protect water quality, including source control, product substitution, pollution prevention, and storm water treatment;
- (f) Coordinate with federal, state, and local agencies and private organizations in administering programs related to storm water control measures; and
 - (g) Collaborate with existing storm water outreach programs.
- (2) The department shall consult with an advisory committee in the development of the storm water technical resource center. The advisory committee must include representatives from relevant state agencies, local governments, the business community, the environmental community, tribes, and the building and development industry.
- 15 (3) The department, in consultation with the storm water technical 16 resource center advisory committee, shall identify a funding strategy 17 for funding the storm water technical resource center.
 - (4) The department shall encourage all interested parties to help and support the technical resource center with in-kind services.
 - (5) The department <u>and other partners in the center</u> shall ((prepare and submit a biennial progress report to the legislature)) <u>in even-numbered years inform the appropriate legislative committees of the progress made in achieving the objectives of this section.</u>
- **Sec. 12.** RCW 90.80.150 and 2001 c 237 s 21 are each amended to 25 read as follows:
 - The department shall ((report biennially by December 31st of each even numbered year to the appropriate committees of the legislature on)) maintain information on its web site concerning the boards formed or sought to be formed under the authority of this chapter, the transfer applications reviewed and other activities conducted by the boards, and the funding of such boards. Conservancy boards must provide information regarding their activities to the department to assist the department in ((preparing the report)) updating this information at least biennially in even-numbered years.
- **Sec. 13.** RCW 90.82.043 and 2007 c 445 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

p. 17 EHB 2636

(1) Within one year of accepting funding under RCW 90.82.040(2)(e), the planning unit must complete a detailed implementation plan. Submittal of a detailed implementation plan to the department is a condition of receiving grants for the second and all subsequent years of the phase four grant.

- (2) Each implementation plan must contain strategies to provide sufficient water for: (a) Production agriculture; (b) commercial, industrial, and residential use; and (c) instream flows. Each implementation plan must contain timelines to achieve these strategies and interim milestones to measure progress.
- (3) The implementation plan must clearly define coordination and oversight responsibilities; any needed interlocal agreements, rules, or ordinances; any needed state or local administrative approvals and permits that must be secured; and specific funding mechanisms.
- (4) In developing the implementation plan, the planning unit must consult with other entities planning in the watershed management area and identify and seek to eliminate any activities or policies that are duplicative or inconsistent.
- (((5)(a)-By-December-1,-2003,-and-by-December-1st-of-each subsequent-year, the director of the department shall report to the appropriate legislative standing committees regarding statutory changes necessary-to-enable-state-agency-approval-or-permit-decision-making needed to implement a plan approved under this chapter.
- (b) Beginning with the December 1, 2007, report, and then every two years thereafter, the director shall include in each report the extent to which reclaimed water has been identified in the watershed plans as potential—sources—or—strategies—to—meet—future—water—needs,—and provisions in any watershed implementation plans that discuss barriers to—implementation—of—the—water—reuse—elements—of—those—plans. The department's report shall include an estimate of the potential cost of reclaimed water facilities—and identification—of—potential sources—of funding—for them.))
- 33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** The following acts or parts of acts are 34 each repealed:
- 35 (1) RCW 70.95.545 (Tire recycling--Report) and 2002 c 299 s 9;

- 1 (2) RCW 70.120A.040 (Reports) and 2005 c 295 s 9; and
- 2 (3) RCW 90.80.901 (Reports to the legislature) and 2001 c 237 s 32.

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p. 19 EHB 2636