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## ESB 5476 - H AMD TO APP COMM AMD (H-1622.1/21) 763 By Representative Goodman

## WITHDRAWN 04/24/2021

- On page 52, after line 29, insert the following: 1
- 2 "Sec. 26. RCW 4.100.040 and 2013 c 175 s 4 are each amended to 3 read as follows:
- (1) In order to file an actionable claim for compensation under this chapter, the claimant must establish by documentary evidence 5 6 that:
- (a) The claimant has been convicted of one or more felonies in superior court and subsequently sentenced to a term of imprisonment, 8 9 and has served all or part of the sentence;
- 10 (b)(i) The claimant is not currently incarcerated for 11 offense; and
- 12 (ii) During the period of confinement for which the claimant is 13 seeking compensation, the claimant was not serving a term 14 imprisonment or a concurrent sentence for any crime other than the felony or felonies that are the basis for the claim; 15
- 16 (c)(i) The claimant has been pardoned on grounds consistent with 17 innocence for the felony or felonies that are the basis for the claim; or 18
- (ii) The claimant's judgment of conviction was reversed 19 20 vacated and the charging document dismissed on the basis 21 significant new exculpatory information or, if a new trial was 22 ordered pursuant to the presentation of significant new exculpatory information, either the claimant was found not guilty at the new 23 24 trial or the claimant was not retried and the charging document 25 dismissed; and
  - (d) The claim is not time barred by RCW 4.100.090.
- 2.7 (2) In addition to the requirements in subsection (1) of this 28 section, the claimant must state facts in sufficient detail for the 29 finder of fact to determine that:
- (a) The claimant did not engage in any illegal conduct alleged in 30 31 the charging documents; and

- (b) The claimant did not commit or suborn perjury, or fabricate evidence to cause or bring about the conviction. A guilty plea to a crime the claimant did not commit, or a confession that is later 3 determined by a court to be false, does not automatically constitute 4 perjury or fabricated evidence under this subsection.
  - (3) Convictions vacated, overturned, or subject to resentencing pursuant to In re: Personal Detention of Andress, 147 Wn.2d 602 (2002), and State v. Blake, No. 96873-0 (Feb. 25, 2021), may not serve as the basis for a claim under this chapter unless the claimant otherwise satisfies the qualifying criteria set forth in RCW 4.100.020 and this section.
  - (4) The claimant must verify the claim unless he or she is incapacitated, in which case the personal representative or agent filing on behalf of the claimant must verify the claim.
- (5) If the attorney general concedes that the claimant was 15 16 wrongly convicted, the court must award compensation as provided in 17 RCW 4.100.060.
- (6)(a) If the attorney general does not concede that the claimant 18 was wrongly convicted and the court finds after reading the claim 19 that the claimant does not meet the filing criteria set forth in this 20 21 section, it may dismiss the claim, either on its own motion or on the motion of the attorney general. 22
- (b) If the court dismisses the claim, the court must set forth 23 24 the reasons for its decision in written findings of fact and 25 conclusions of law."
- 26 Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any 27 internal references accordingly.
- 28 On page 52, line 34, after "24," strike "and 26" and insert "26, 29 and 27"

EFFECT: Excludes convictions vacated, overturned, or subject to resentencing pursuant to State v. Blake from eligibility for wrongly convicted compensation claims, unless other qualifying criteria are met.

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