# SENATE BILL REPORT SB 5900

#### As of January 24, 2022

**Title:** An act relating to creating a provisional paramedic or emergency medical technician license.

Brief Description: Creating a provisional paramedic or emergency medical technician license.

Sponsors: Senators Van De Wege, Keiser, Conway, Hasegawa, Lovick, Randall and Saldaña.

**Brief History:** 

Committee Activity: Health & Long Term Care: 1/24/22.

### **Brief Summary of Bill**

• Establishes a provisional paramedic or emergency medical technician license.

#### SENATE COMMITTEE ON HEALTH & LONG TERM CARE

**Staff:** Julie Tran (786-7283)

**Background:** <u>Emergency Medical Services Personnel.</u> Emergency medical service (EMS) means medical treatment and care which may be rendered at the scene of any medical emergency or while transporting any patient in an ambulance to an appropriate medical facility, including ambulance transportation between medical facilities. EMS personnel are certified by the Department of Health (DOH). There are four primary categories of EMS personnel: paramedics; emergency medical technicians (EMTs); advanced emergency medical technicians (AEMTs); and emergency medical responders, also known as first responders. EMS personnel may only provide services within the scope of care established in the curriculum of the person's level of certification or any specialized training.

To obtain an initial EMS provider certification following the successful completion of approved training and association, a candidate must:

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- be at least 18 years of age;
- obtain a high school diploma or GED—required for EMTs, AEMTs, and paramedics;
- complete a background check;
- provide proof of EMS agency association with a licensed aide or ambulance service; a law enforcement agency; a business with an organized safety team; or as instructors or coordinators with approved EMS training programs;
- receive recommendation of county medical program director; and
- meet EMS education and certification examination requirements.

A candidate must provide proof of successful EMS course completion from a departmentapproved EMS training program to meet the EMS education requirement. Paramedic applicants must have proof from a training program accredited by a department-approved national accrediting organization.

An EMT is defined as a person who is authorized by the Secretary of Health to render emergency medical care or under the responsible supervision and direction of an approved medical director to participate in a community assistance referral and education services program.

Summary of Bill: The bill as referred to committee not considered.

**Summary of Bill (Proposed Substitute):** Paramedics and EMTs are eligible for a Washington provisional paramedic or EMT license if the individual:

- is currently licensed or certified in another state; and
- holds a current national registry of EMTs certification.

To receive a Washington provisional paramedic or EMT license, an applicant must:

- be currently licensed or certified in another state and be in good standing with the EMT licensing board of that state;
- hold a current EMT or paramedic certification from the national registry of EMTs, and paramedics must have attended an accredited paramedic school;
- be employed or have a valid employment offer from a Washington emergency medical services agency;
- be approved for a provisional status from the emergency medical services medical director of the Washington agency for which the applicant is or will be employed;
- provide evidence of being current on ongoing training; and
- pay an application fee.

The application fee is \$300 for a paramedic or EMT application and \$50 for a provisional paramedic or EMT application.

If the employer or host agency has fewer than 25 employees holding a current EMT or paramedic certification or license, up to 20 percent of those employees, rounded to the next whole number, may practice under a provisional certification.

If the employer or host agency has twenty-five or more employees holding a current EMT or paramedic certification or license, up to 10 percent of those employees, rounded to the next whole number, may practice under a provisional certification.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Requested on January 19, 2022.

## Creates Committee/Commission/Task Force that includes Legislative members: No.

Effective Date: Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.