## ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1041

State of Washington 67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

**By** House State Government & Tribal Relations (originally sponsored by Representatives Springer, Cody, Ortiz-Self, Gregerson, Frame, and Jacobsen)

READ FIRST TIME 02/01/21.

AN ACT Relating to sunshine committee recommendations regarding juveniles; amending RCW 7.69A.020, 7.69A.030, 10.97.130, 13.50.050, and 42.56.240; and reenacting and amending RCW 42.56.230.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 7.69A.020 and 1993 c 350 s 7 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 8 this section apply throughout this chapter.

9 (1) "Crime" means an act punishable as a felony, gross 10 misdemeanor, or misdemeanor under the laws of this state or 11 equivalent federal or local law.

12 (2) "Child" means any living child under the age of eighteen 13 years.

14 (3) "Victim" means a living person against whom a crime has been 15 committed.

16 (4) "Witness" means a person who has been or is expected to be 17 summoned to testify for the prosecution in a criminal action, or who 18 by reason of having relevant information is subject to call or likely 19 to be called as a witness for the prosecution, whether or not an 20 action or proceeding has been commenced.

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(5) "Family member" means child, parent, or legal guardian.

1 (6) "Advocate" means any person, including a family member not 2 accused of a crime, who provides support to a child victim or child 3 witness during any legal proceeding.

4 (7) "Court proceedings" means any court proceeding conducted
5 during the course of the prosecution of a crime committed against a
6 child victim, including pretrial hearings, trial, sentencing, or
7 appellate proceedings.

(8) "Identifying information\_" ((means)) of a living child victim 8 or witness, includes the child's name, ((address,)) home and other 9 physical addresses, telephone number, email address, social media 10 identifier, image, location((, and photograph, and in cases in which 11 the child is a relative or stepchild of the alleged perpetrator, 12 identification of)) of the child (except the location of the assault 13 when it is not the child's address), and the surname of the child's 14 parent if it is the same as the child's and the parent is not the 15 16 alleged perpetrator. In cases where the child victim is a victim of 17 sexual assault, "identifying information" also includes the 18 relationship between the child and the alleged perpetrator when the alleged perpetrator is a relative or step relative of the child 19 20 <u>victim</u>.

(9) "Crime victim/witness program" means any crime victim and 21 22 witness program of a county or local law enforcement agency or 23 prosecutor's office, any rape crisis center's sexual assault victim advocacy program as provided in chapter 70.125 RCW, any domestic 24 25 violence program's legal and community advocate program for domestic 26 violence victims as provided in chapter 70.123 RCW, or any other crime victim advocacy program which provides trained advocates to 27 28 assist crime victims during the investigation and prosecution of the 29 crime.

30 Sec. 2. RCW 7.69A.030 and 2004 c 120 s 9 are each amended to 31 read as follows:

32 In addition to the rights of victims and witnesses provided for in RCW 7.69.030, there shall be every reasonable effort made by law 33 enforcement agencies, prosecutors, and judges to assure that child 34 victims and witnesses are afforded the rights enumerated in this 35 section. Except as provided in RCW 7.69A.050 regarding child victims 36 or child witnesses of violent crimes, sex crimes, or child abuse, the 37 38 enumeration of rights shall not be construed to create substantive rights and duties, and the application of an enumerated right in an 39

1 individual case is subject to the discretion of the law enforcement 2 agency, prosecutor, or judge. Child victims and witnesses have the 3 following rights, which apply to any criminal court and/or juvenile 4 court proceeding:

5 (1) To have explained in language easily understood by the child, 6 all legal proceedings and/or police investigations in which the child 7 may be involved.

(2) With respect to child victims of sex or violent crimes or 8 child abuse, to have a crime victim advocate from a crime victim/ 9 witness program, or any other support person of the victim's 10 11 choosing, present at any prosecutorial or defense interviews with the 12 child victim. This subsection applies if practical and if the presence of the crime victim advocate or support person does not 13 14 cause any unnecessary delay in the investigation or prosecution of the case. The role of the crime victim advocate is to provide 15 16 emotional support to the child victim and to promote the child's 17 feelings of security and safety.

18 (3) To be provided, whenever possible, a secure waiting area 19 during court proceedings and to have an advocate or support person 20 remain with the child prior to and during any court proceedings.

(4) To ((not have the names, addresses, nor photographs of the)) 21 22 exempt from public disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW, identifying information as defined in RCW 7.69A.020, of a living child victim or 23 witness, and to not have identifying information disclosed by any law 24 25 enforcement agency, prosecutor's office, or state agency without the permission of the child victim, child witness, parents, or legal 26 27 guardians to anyone except another law enforcement agency, prosecutor, defense counsel, or private or governmental agency that 28 provides services to the child victim or witness. 29

30 (5) To allow an advocate to make recommendations to the 31 prosecuting attorney about the ability of the child to cooperate with 32 prosecution and the potential effect of the proceedings on the child.

33 (6) To allow an advocate to provide information to the court 34 concerning the child's ability to understand the nature of the 35 proceedings.

36 (7) To be provided information or appropriate referrals to social 37 service agencies to assist the child and/or the child's family with 38 the emotional impact of the crime, the subsequent investigation, and 39 judicial proceedings in which the child is involved.

1 (8) To allow an advocate to be present in court while the child 2 testifies in order to provide emotional support to the child.

3 (9) To provide information to the court as to the need for the 4 presence of other supportive persons at the court proceedings while 5 the child testifies in order to promote the child's feelings of 6 security and safety.

7 (10) To allow law enforcement agencies the opportunity to enlist 8 the assistance of other professional personnel such as child 9 protection services, victim advocates or prosecutorial staff trained 10 in the interviewing of the child victim.

(11) With respect to child victims of violent or sex crimes or 11 child abuse, to receive either directly or through the child's parent 12 or guardian if appropriate, at the time of reporting the crime to law 13 enforcement officials, a written statement of the rights of child 14 victims as provided in this chapter. The written statement shall 15 16 include the name, address, and telephone number of a county or local 17 crime victim/witness program, if such a crime victim/witness program 18 exists in the county.

19 Sec. 3. RCW 10.97.130 and 2019 c 300 s 2 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

21 (1) Information revealing the specific details that describe the alleged or proven child victim of sexual assault under age eighteen, 22 or the identity or contact information of an alleged or proven child 23 24 victim under age eighteen is confidential and not subject to release 25 to the press or public without the permission of the child victim and the child's legal guardian. Identifying information ((includes the 26 27 child victim's name, addresses, location, photographs, and in cases 28 in which the child victim is a relative, stepchild, or stepsibling of the alleged perpetrator, identification of the relationship between 29 30 the child and the alleged perpetrator)) is defined in RCW 7.69A.020. 31 Contact information includes phone numbers, email addresses, social media profiles, and user names and passwords. Contact information or 32 information identifying the child victim of sexual assault may be 33 released to law enforcement, prosecutors, judges, defense attorneys, 34 35 or private or governmental agencies that provide services to the child victim of sexual assault. Prior to release of any criminal 36 history record information, the releasing agency shall delete any 37 38 contact information or information identifying a child victim of

1 sexual assault from the information except as provided in this
2 section.

3 (2) This section does not apply to court documents or other 4 materials admitted in open judicial proceedings.

5 **Sec. 4.** RCW 13.50.050 and 2014 c 175 s 3 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 (1) This section and RCW 13.50.260 and 13.50.270 govern records 8 relating to the commission of juvenile offenses, including records 9 relating to diversions.

10 (2) The official juvenile court file of any alleged or proven 11 juvenile offender shall be open to public inspection, unless sealed 12 pursuant to RCW 13.50.260.

13 (3) All records other than the official juvenile court file are 14 confidential and may be released only as provided in this 15 chapter( $(\tau)$ ) and RCW 13.40.215 and 4.24.550.

16 (4) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, records 17 retained or produced by any juvenile justice or care agency may be 18 released to other participants in the juvenile justice or care system 19 only when an investigation or case involving the juvenile in question 20 is being pursued by the other participant or when that other 21 participant is assigned the responsibility for supervising the 22 juvenile.

(5) Except as provided in RCW 4.24.550, information not in an official juvenile court file concerning a juvenile or a juvenile's family may be released to the public only when that information could not reasonably be expected to identify the juvenile or the juvenile's family.

(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the release, to the juvenile or his or her attorney, of law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys' records pertaining to investigation, diversion, and prosecution of juvenile offenses shall be governed by the rules of discovery and other rules of law applicable in adult criminal investigations and prosecutions.

(7) ((Upon the decision to arrest or the arrest, law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys may cooperate with schools in releasing information to a school pertaining to the investigation, diversion, and prosecution of a juvenile attending the school.)) Upon the decision to arrest or the arrest, <u>unredacted</u> incident reports may be released <u>to a school</u>, unless ((releasing the records would) jeopardize)) redaction is necessary to avoid jeopardizing the investigation or prosecution or ((endanger)) endangering witnesses((. If release of incident reports would jeopardize the investigation or prosecution or endanger witnesses, law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys may release information to the maximum extent possible to assist schools in protecting)), other students, staff, ((and)) or school property.

(8) The juvenile court and the prosecutor may set up and maintain 8 a central recordkeeping system which may receive information on all 9 alleged juvenile offenders against whom a complaint has been filed 10 pursuant to RCW 13.40.070 whether or not their cases are currently 11 12 pending before the court. The central recordkeeping system may be computerized. If a complaint has been referred to a diversion unit, 13 the diversion unit shall promptly report to the juvenile court or the 14 prosecuting attorney when the juvenile has agreed to diversion. An 15 16 offense shall not be reported as criminal history in any central 17 recordkeeping system without notification by the diversion unit of the date on which the offender agreed to diversion. 18

(9) Upon request of the victim of a crime or the victim's immediate family, ((the identity of an alleged or proven juvenile offender alleged or found to have committed a crime against the victim and the identity of the alleged or proven juvenile offender's parent, guardian, or custodian and the circumstance of the alleged or proven crime)) incident reports shall be released to the victim of the crime or the victim's immediate family.

(10) Subject to the rules of discovery applicable in adult 26 27 criminal prosecutions, the juvenile offense records of an adult 28 criminal defendant or witness in an adult criminal proceeding shall 29 be released upon request to prosecution and defense counsel after a charge has actually been filed. The juvenile offense records of any 30 31 adult convicted of a crime and placed under the supervision of the 32 adult corrections system shall be released upon request to the adult 33 corrections system.

(11) Any juvenile to whom the provisions of this section or RCW 13.50.260 or 13.50.270 may apply shall be given written notice of his or her rights under this section at the time of his or her disposition hearing or during the diversion process.

38 (12) Nothing in this section or RCW 13.50.260 or 13.50.270 may be 39 construed to prevent a crime victim or a member of the victim's

1 family from divulging the identity of the alleged or proven juvenile 2 offender or his or her family when necessary in a civil proceeding.

(13) Except as provided in RCW 13.50.270(2), no identifying 3 information held by the Washington state patrol in accordance with 4 chapter 43.43 RCW is subject to destruction or sealing under this 5 6 section. For the purposes of this subsection, identifying information 7 includes photographs, fingerprints, palmprints, soleprints, toeprints any other data that identifies a person by physical 8 and characteristics, name, birthdate or address, but does not include 9 information regarding criminal activity, arrest, charging, diversion, 10 conviction or other information about a person's treatment by the 11 12 criminal justice system or about the person's behavior.

(14) Information identifying child victims under age eighteen who 13 are victims of sexual assaults by juvenile offenders is confidential 14 and not subject to release to the press or public without the 15 16 permission of the child victim or the child's legal guardian. 17 Identifying information includes the child victim's name, addresses, location, photographs, and in cases in which the child victim is a 18 19 relative of the alleged perpetrator, identification of the relationship between the child and the alleged perpetrator. 20 21 Information identifying a child victim of sexual assault may be released to law enforcement, prosecutors, judges, defense attorneys, 22 or private or governmental agencies that provide services to the 23 child victim of sexual assault. 24

25 Sec. 5. RCW 42.56.230 and 2019 c 470 s 8, 2019 c 239 s 2, and 26 2019 c 213 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The following personal information is exempt from public inspection and copying under this chapter:

(1) (a) Personal information in any files maintained for students
 in public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or
 public health agencies, or welfare recipients.

32 (b) Personal information of children under this subsection (1) 33 may be disclosed if the agency has received written consent for 34 disclosure from the child's parent or guardian;

35 (2)(a) Personal information:

36 (i) For a child enrolled in licensed child care in any files37 maintained by the department of children, youth, and families;

38 (ii) For a child enrolled in a public or nonprofit program 39 serving or pertaining to children, adolescents, or students,

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including but not limited to early learning or child care services, parks and recreation programs, youth development programs, and afterschool programs;

4 (iii) For the family members or guardians of a child who is 5 subject to the exemption under this subsection (2) if the family 6 member or guardian has the same last name as the child or if the 7 family member or guardian resides at the same address as the child 8 and disclosure of the family member's or guardian's information would 9 result in disclosure of the personal information exempted under 10 (a) (i) and (ii) of this subsection; or

(iv) For substitute caregivers who are licensed or approved to provide overnight care of children by the department of children, youth, and families.

(b) Emergency contact information under this subsection (2) may be provided to appropriate authorities and medical personnel for the purpose of treating the individual during an emergency situation.

17 (c) Personal information of children under this subsection (2) 18 may be disclosed if the agency has received written consent for 19 disclosure from the child's parent or guardian;

(3) Personal information in files maintained for employees,
appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent
that disclosure would violate their right to privacy;

(4) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the information to other persons would: (a) Be prohibited to such persons by RCW 84.08.210, 82.32.330, 84.40.020, 84.40.340, or any ordinance authorized under RCW 35.102.145; or (b) violate the taxpayer's right to privacy or result in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer;

30 (5) Credit card numbers, debit card numbers, electronic check 31 numbers, card expiration dates, or bank or other financial 32 information as defined in RCW 9.35.005 including social security 33 numbers, except when disclosure is expressly required by or governed 34 by other law;

(6) Personal and financial information related to a small loan or
 any system of authorizing a small loan in RCW 31.45.093;

37 (7) (a) Any record used to prove identity, age, residential 38 address, social security number, or other personal information 39 required to apply for a driver's license or identicard.

1 (b) Information provided under RCW 46.20.111 that indicates that 2 an applicant declined to register with the selective service system.

3 (c) Any record pertaining to a vehicle license plate, driver's license, or identicard issued under RCW 46.08.066 that, alone or in 4 combination with any other records, may reveal the identity of an 5 6 individual, or reveal that an individual is or was, performing an undercover or covert law enforcement, confidential public health 7 work, public assistance fraud, or child support investigative 8 activity. This exemption does not prevent the release of the total 9 number of vehicle license plates, drivers' licenses, or identicards 10 11 that, under RCW 46.08.066, an agency or department has applied for, 12 been issued, denied, returned, destroyed, lost, and reported for 13 misuse.

14 (d) Any record pertaining to a vessel registration issued under RCW 88.02.330 that, alone or in combination with any other records, 15 16 may reveal the identity of an individual, or reveal that an 17 individual is or was, performing an undercover or covert law enforcement activity. This exemption does not prevent the release of 18 the total number of vessel registrations that, under RCW 88.02.330, 19 an agency or department has applied for, been issued, denied, 20 21 returned, destroyed, lost, and reported for misuse;

(8) All information related to individual claims resolution structured settlement agreements submitted to the board of industrial insurance appeals under RCW 51.04.063, other than final orders from the board of industrial insurance appeals.

26 Upon request by the legislature, the department of licensing 27 shall provide a report to the legislature containing all of the 28 information in subsection (7)(c) and (d) of this section that is 29 subject to public disclosure;

30 (9) Voluntarily submitted information contained in a database 31 that is part of or associated with enhanced 911 emergency 32 communications systems, or information contained or used in emergency 33 notification systems as provided under RCW 38.52.575 and 38.52.577;

(10) Until the person reaches eighteen years of age, information, otherwise disclosable under chapter 29A.08 RCW, that relates to a future voter, except for the purpose of processing and delivering ballots;

(11) All information submitted by a person to the state, either directly or through a state-licensed gambling establishment, or Indian tribes, or tribal enterprises that own gambling operations or

1 facilities with class III gaming compacts, as part of the self-2 exclusion program established in RCW 9.46.071 or 67.70.040 for people 3 with a gambling problem or gambling disorder; and

4 (12) Names, addresses, or other personal information of 5 individuals who participated in the bump-fire stock buy-back program 6 under RCW 43.43.920.

7 Sec. 6. RCW 42.56.240 and 2019 c 300 s 1 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

9 The following investigative, law enforcement, and crime victim 10 information is exempt from public inspection and copying under this 11 chapter:

((<del>Specific</del>)) <u>(a) Except as provided in (b) of this</u> 12 (1) 13 subsection, specific intelligence information and specific investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and 14 15 penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility 16 to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which 17 is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of 18 any person's right to privacy;

19 (b) For the department of children, youth, and families, records 20 regarding an on-going child protective services investigation in 21 conjunction with an early learning licensing complaint inspection, 22 the records must remain exempt during the course of the child 23 protective services investigation. At the conclusion of the child 24 protective services investigation, all responsive records must be 25 made available to the public when requested;

(2) Information revealing the identity of persons who are 26 27 witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the 28 commission, if disclosure would endanger any person's life, physical 29 30 safety, or property. If at the time a complaint is filed the 31 complainant, victim, or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints 32 filed with the commission about any elected official or candidate for 33 public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant 34 35 under oath;

36 (3) Any records of investigative reports prepared by any state, 37 county, municipal, or other law enforcement agency pertaining to sex 38 offenses contained in chapter 9A.44 RCW or sexually violent offenses 39 as defined in RCW 71.09.020, which have been transferred to the

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1 Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs for permanent 2 electronic retention and retrieval pursuant to RCW 40.14.070(2)(b);

3 (4) License applications under RCW 9.41.070; copies of license
4 applications or information on the applications may be released to
5 law enforcement or corrections agencies;

6 (5) Identifying information ((revealing the specific details that describe an alleged or proven child victim of sexual assault under 7 age eighteen, or the identity or contact information of an alleged or 8 proven child victim of sexual assault who is under age eighteen. 9 Identifying information includes the child victim's name, addresses, 10 location, photograph, and in cases in which the child victim is a 11 relative, stepchild, or stepsibling of the alleged perpetrator, 12 identification of the relationship between the child and the alleged 13 perpetrator. Contact information includes phone numbers, email 14 addresses, social media profiles, and usernames and passwords)), as 15 16 defined in RCW 7.69A.020, of child victims and witnesses;

17 (6) Information contained in a local or regionally maintained 18 gang database as well as the statewide gang database referenced in 19 RCW 43.43.762;

20 (7) Data from the electronic sales tracking system established in 21 RCW 69.43.165;

(8) Information submitted to the statewide unified sex offender notification and registration program under RCW 36.28A.040(6) by a person for the purpose of receiving notification regarding a registered sex offender, including the person's name, residential address, and email address;

(9) Personally identifying information collected by law
enforcement agencies pursuant to local security alarm system programs
and vacation crime watch programs. Nothing in this subsection shall
be interpreted so as to prohibit the legal owner of a residence or
business from accessing information regarding his or her residence or
business;

33 (10) The felony firearm offense conviction database of felony 34 firearm offenders established in RCW 43.43.822;

(11) The identity of a state employee or officer who has in good faith filed a complaint with an ethics board, as provided in RCW 42.52.410, or who has in good faith reported improper governmental action, as defined in RCW 42.40.020, to the auditor or other public official, as defined in RCW 42.40.020;

1 (12) The following security threat group information collected and maintained by the department of corrections pursuant to RCW 2 72.09.745: (a) Information that could lead to the identification of a 3 person's security threat group status, affiliation, or activities; 4 (b) information that reveals specific security threats associated 5 6 with the operation and activities of security threat groups; and (c) 7 information that identifies the number of security threat group members, affiliates, or associates; 8

9 (13) The global positioning system data that would indicate the 10 location of the residence of an employee or worker of a criminal 11 justice agency as defined in RCW 10.97.030;

(14) Body worn camera recordings to the extent nondisclosure is essential for the protection of any person's right to privacy as described in RCW 42.56.050, including, but not limited to, the circumstances enumerated in (a) of this subsection. A law enforcement or corrections agency shall not disclose a body worn camera recording to the extent the recording is exempt under this subsection.

18 (a) Disclosure of a body worn camera recording is presumed to be 19 highly offensive to a reasonable person under RCW 42.56.050 to the 20 extent it depicts:

21 (i) (A) Any areas of a medical facility, counseling, or 22 therapeutic program office where:

(I) A patient is registered to receive treatment, receiving treatment, waiting for treatment, or being transported in the course of treatment; or

26 (II) Health care information is shared with patients, their 27 families, or among the care team; or

(B) Information that meets the definition of protected health information for purposes of the health insurance portability and accountability act of 1996 or health care information for purposes of chapter 70.02 RCW;

32 (ii) The interior of a place of residence where a person has a 33 reasonable expectation of privacy;

- 34 (iii) An intimate image;
- 35 (iv) A minor;

36 (v) The body of a deceased person;

(vi) The identity of or communications from a victim or witness of an incident involving domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020 or sexual assault as defined in RCW 70.125.030, or disclosure of intimate images as defined in RCW 9A.86.010. If at the

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1 time of recording the victim or witness indicates a desire for 2 disclosure or nondisclosure of the recorded identity or 3 communications, such desire shall govern; or

4 (vii) The identifiable location information of a community-based
5 domestic violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020, or emergency
6 shelter as defined in RCW 70.123.020.

7 (b) The presumptions set out in (a) of this subsection may be 8 rebutted by specific evidence in individual cases.

9 (c) In a court action seeking the right to inspect or copy a body 10 worn camera recording, a person who prevails against a law 11 enforcement or corrections agency that withholds or discloses all or 12 part of a body worn camera recording pursuant to (a) of this 13 subsection is not entitled to fees, costs, or awards pursuant to RCW 14 42.56.550 unless it is shown that the law enforcement or corrections 15 agency acted in bad faith or with gross negligence.

(d) A request for body worn camera recordings must:

17 (i) Specifically identify a name of a person or persons involved 18 in the incident;

(ii) Provide the incident or case number;

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20 (iii) Provide the date, time, and location of the incident or 21 incidents; or

(iv) Identify a law enforcement or corrections officer involved in the incident or incidents.

(e)(i) A person directly involved in an incident recorded by the 24 25 requested body worn camera recording, an attorney representing a person directly involved in an incident recorded by the requested 26 body worn camera recording, a person or his or her attorney who 27 28 requests a body worn camera recording relevant to a criminal case involving that person, or the executive director from either the 29 Washington state commission on African American affairs, Asian 30 31 Pacific American affairs, or Hispanic affairs, has the right to 32 obtain the body worn camera recording, subject to any exemption under this chapter or any applicable law. In addition, an attorney who 33 represents a person regarding a potential or existing civil cause of 34 action involving the denial of civil rights under the federal or 35 state Constitution, or a violation of a United States department of 36 justice settlement agreement, has the right to obtain the body worn 37 camera recording if relevant to the cause of action, subject to any 38 39 exemption under this chapter or any applicable law. The attorney must 40 explain the relevancy of the requested body worn camera recording to

1 the cause of action and specify that he or she is seeking relief from 2 redaction costs under this subsection (14)(e).

3 (ii) A law enforcement or corrections agency responding to 4 requests under this subsection (14)(e) may not require the requesting 5 individual to pay costs of any redacting, altering, distorting, 6 pixelating, suppressing, or otherwise obscuring any portion of a body 7 worn camera recording.

8 (iii) A law enforcement or corrections agency may require any 9 person requesting a body worn camera recording pursuant to this 10 subsection (14)(e) to identify himself or herself to ensure he or she 11 is a person entitled to obtain the body worn camera recording under 12 this subsection (14)(e).

(f) (i) A law enforcement or corrections agency responding to a request to disclose body worn camera recordings may require any requester not listed in (e) of this subsection to pay the reasonable costs of redacting, altering, distorting, pixelating, suppressing, or otherwise obscuring any portion of the body worn camera recording prior to disclosure only to the extent necessary to comply with the exemptions in this chapter or any applicable law.

(ii) An agency that charges redaction costs under this subsection (14)(f) must use redaction technology that provides the least costly commercially available method of redacting body worn camera recordings, to the extent possible and reasonable.

(iii) In any case where an agency charges a requestor for the costs of redacting a body worn camera recording under this subsection (14)(f), the time spent on redaction of the recording shall not count towards the agency's allocation of, or limitation on, time or costs spent responding to public records requests under this chapter, as established pursuant to local ordinance, policy, procedure, or state law.

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(g) For purposes of this subsection (14):

32 (i) "Body worn camera recording" means a video and/or sound 33 recording that is made by a body worn camera attached to the uniform 34 or eyewear of a law enforcement or corrections officer while in the 35 course of his or her official duties; and

36 (ii) "Intimate image" means an individual or individuals engaged 37 in sexual activity, including sexual intercourse as defined in RCW 38 9A.44.010 and masturbation, or an individual's intimate body parts, 39 whether nude or visible through less than opaque clothing, including 40 the genitals, pubic area, anus, or postpubescent female nipple.

1 (h) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to restrict 2 access to body worn camera recordings as otherwise permitted by law 3 for official or recognized civilian and accountability bodies or 4 pursuant to any court order.

(i) Nothing in this section is intended to modify the obligations
of prosecuting attorneys and law enforcement under *Brady v. Maryland*,
373 U.S. 83, 83 S. Ct. 1194, 10 L. Ed. 2d 215 (1963), *Kyles v. Whitley*, 541 U.S. 419, 115 S. Ct. 1555, 131 L. Ed.2d 490 (1995), and
the relevant Washington court criminal rules and statutes.

(j) A law enforcement or corrections agency must retain body worn camera recordings for at least sixty days and thereafter may destroy the records in accordance with the applicable records retention schedule;

(15) Any records and information contained within the statewide
 sexual assault kit tracking system established in RCW 43.43.545;

16 (16)(a) Survivor communications with, and survivor records 17 maintained by, campus-affiliated advocates.

(b) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to restrict access to records maintained by a campus-affiliated advocate in the event that:

(i) The survivor consents to inspection or copying;

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(ii) There is a clear, imminent risk of serious physical injuryor death of the survivor or another person;

24 (iii) Inspection or copying is required by federal law; or

(iv) A court of competent jurisdiction mandates that the recordbe available for inspection or copying.

27 (c) "Campus-affiliated advocate" and "survivor" have the 28 definitions in RCW 28B.112.030;

(17) Information and records prepared, owned, used, or retained by the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs and information and records prepared, owned, used, or retained by the Washington state patrol pursuant to chapter 261, Laws of 2017; and

33 (18) Any and all audio or video recordings of child forensic interviews as defined in chapter 26.44 RCW. Such recordings are 34 confidential and may only be disclosed pursuant to a court order 35 entered upon a showing of good cause and with advance notice to the 36 child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian. However, if the child 37 is an emancipated minor or has attained the age of majority as 38 39 defined in RCW 26.28.010, advance notice must be to the child. 40 Failure to disclose an audio or video recording of a child forensic

- 1 interview as defined in chapter 26.44 RCW is not grounds for
- 2 penalties or other sanctions available under this chapter.

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