CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5273

67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate April 21, 2021 Yeas 29 Nays 20	CERTIFICATE
	I, Brad Hendrickson, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is SUBSTITUTE SENATE
President of the Senate	BILL 5273 as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.
Passed by the House March 28, 2021 Yeas 57 Nays 40	
	Secretary
Speaker of the House of Representatives	-
Approved	FILED
	Secretary of State
Governor of the State of Washington	_ State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5273

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2021 Regular Session

State of Washington 67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

By Senate Agriculture, Water, Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Salomon, Rolfes, Pedersen, Das, Lovelett, and Nobles)

READ FIRST TIME 02/05/21.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the replacement of shoreline armoring;
- 2 amending RCW 77.55.231; and creating a new section.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- The legislature finds that the state of 4 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. Washington will continue to be negatively impacted by the effects of 5 6 climate change, including reduced winter snowpack, drought, increased 7 frequencies of forest fires, and acidifying oceans that disrupt 8 marine ecosystem viability. In the nearshore environment, climate 9 change contributes to the rise in average sea-surface temperatures 10 and rising sea levels. Hardened shoreline structures are not always 11 well-suited for their intended purpose and may have unintended 12 consequences in the nearshore environment. Soft shorelines or natural 13 shorelines may protect and restore shoreline ecosystems through the 14 use of natural plants and materials, and the legislature finds that 15 landowners must consider alternatives to hardening shorelines to 16 restore ecosystem function and recover threatened and endangered 17 species to help address the impacts of climate change in the 18 nearshore environment.
- 19 **Sec. 2.** RCW 77.55.231 and 2012 1st sp.s. c 1 s 106 are each 20 amended to read as follows:

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- (1) (a) Conditions imposed upon a permit must be reasonably related to the project. The permit conditions must ensure that the project provides proper protection for fish life, but the department may not impose conditions that attempt to optimize conditions for fish life that are out of proportion to the impact of the proposed project.
- (b) In the event that any person desires to replace residential 7 marine shoreline stabilization or armoring, a person must use the 8 least impacting technically feasible bank protection alternative for the protection of fish life. Unless the department provides an exemption depending on the scale and nature of the project, a person 11 12 that desires to replace residential marine shoreline stabilization or armoring must conduct a site assessment to consider the least 13 impactful alternatives. A person should propose a hard armor 14 15 technique only after considering site characteristics such as the threat to major improvements, wave energy, and other factors in an 16 17 analysis of alternatives. The common alternatives identified in (b)(i) through (vii) of this subsection are in order from most 18 19 preferred to least preferred:
 - (i) Remove the structure and restore the beach;

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- (ii) Remove the structure and install native vegetation; 21
- 22 (iii) Remove the structure and control upland drainage;
- 23 (iv) Remove the structure and replace it with a soft structure 24 constructed of natural materials, including bioengineering;
- 25 (v) Remove the hard structure and construct upland retaining walls; 26
 - (vi) Remove the hard structure and replace it with a hard structure located landward of the existing structure, preferably at or above the ordinary high water line; or
- 30 (vii) Remove the hard structure and replace it with hard 31 shoreline structure in the same footprint as the existing structure.
- (c) For the purposes of this subsection, "feasible" means 32 available and capable of being done after taking into consideration 33 34 cost, existing technology, and logistics in light of overall project 35 purposes.
 - (2) The permit must contain provisions allowing for minor modifications to the plans and specifications without requiring reissuance of the permit.
- 39 (3) The permit must contain provisions that allow for minor 40 modifications to the required work timing without requiring the

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- 1 reissuance of the permit. "Minor modifications to the required work
- 2 timing" means a minor deviation from the timing window set forth in
- 3 the permit when there are no spawning or incubating fish present
- 4 within the vicinity of the project.

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