

WAC 246-310-812 Kidney disease treatment facilities—Methodology. A kidney dialysis facility that provides hemodialysis or peritoneal dialysis, training, or backup must meet the following standards in addition to applicable review criteria in WAC 246-310-210, 246-310-220, 246-310-230, and 246-310-240.

(1) Applications for new stations may only address projected station need in the planning area in which the facility is to be located.

(a) If there is no existing facility in an adjacent planning area, the application may also address the projected station need in that planning area.

(b) Station need projections must be calculated separately for each planning area within the application.

(2) Data used to project station need must be the most recent five-year resident end-of-year in-center patient data available from the Northwest Renal Network as of the letter of intent submission date, concluding with the base year at the time of application.

(3) Projected station need must be based on 4.8 resident in-center patients per station (4.8 planning area) for all planning areas except Adams, Columbia, Douglas, Ferry, Garfield, Jefferson, Kittitas, Klickitat, Lincoln, Okanogan, Pacific, Pend Oreille, San Juan, Skamania, Stevens, Wahkiakum, and Whitman counties. The projected station need for these exception planning areas must be based on 3.2 resident in-center patients per station (3.2 planning area).

(4) The number of dialysis stations projected as needed in a planning area will be determined by using the following methodology:

(a) Determine the type of regression analysis to be used to project resident in-center station need by calculating the annual growth rate in the planning area using the end-of-year number of resident in-center patients for each of the previous six consecutive years, concluding with the base year.

(i) If the planning area has experienced less than six percent growth in any of the previous five annual changes calculations, use linear regression to project station need; or

(ii) If the planning area has experienced six percent or greater growth in each of the previous five annual changes, use nonlinear (exponential) regression to project station need.

(b) Project the number of resident in-center patients in the projection year using the regression type determined in (a) of this subsection. When performing the regression analysis use the previous five consecutive years of end-of-year data concluding with the base year. For example, if the base year is 2015, use end-of-year data for 2011 through 2015 to perform the regression analysis.

(c) Determine the number of dialysis stations needed to serve resident in-center patients in the planning area in the projection year by dividing the result of (b) of this subsection by the appropriate resident in-center patient per station number from subsection (3) of this section. In order to assure access, fractional numbers are rounded up to the nearest whole number. For example, 5.1 would be rounded to 6.0. Rounding to a whole number is only allowed for determining the number of stations needed.

(d) To determine the net station need for a planning area, subtract the number calculated in (c) of this subsection from the total number of certificate of need approved stations located in the planning area. This number does not include the one department recognized exempt isolation station defined in WAC 246-310-800(9). For example, a kidney dialysis facility that is certificate of need approved and cer-

tified for eleven stations would subtract the one exempt isolation station and use ten stations for the methodology calculations.

(5) Before the department approves new in-center kidney dialysis stations in a 4.8 planning area, all certificate of need counted stations at each facility in the planning area must be operating at 4.5 in-center patients per station. However, when a planning area has one or more facilities with stations not meeting the in-center patients per stations standard, the department will consider the 4.5 in-center patients per station standard met for those facilities when:

(a) All stations for a facility have been in operation for at least three years; or

(b) Certificate of need approved stations for a facility have not become operational within the timeline as represented in the approved application. For example, an applicant states the stations will be operational within eight months following the date of the certificate of need approval. The eight months would start from the date of an uncontested certificate of need approval. If the certificate of need approval is contested, the eight months would start from the date of the final department or judicial order. However, the department, at its sole discretion, may approve a one-time modification of the timeline for purposes of this subsection upon submission of documentation that the applicant was prevented from meeting the initial timeline due to circumstances beyond its control.

Both resident and nonresident patients using the kidney dialysis facility are included in this calculation. Data used to make this calculation must be from the most recent quarterly modality report from the Northwest Renal Network as of the letter of intent submission date.

(6) Before the department approves new in-center kidney dialysis stations in a 3.2 planning area, all certificate of need counted stations at each facility in the planning area must be operating at or above 3.2 in-center patients per station. If the certificate of need approval is contested, the eight months would start from the date of the final department or judicial order. However, when a planning area has facilities with stations not meeting the in-center patients per station standard, the department will consider the 3.2 in-center patients per station standard met for those facilities when:

(a) All stations for a facility have been in operation for at least three years; or

(b) Certificate of need approved stations for a facility have not become operational within the timeline as represented in the approved application. For example, an applicant states the stations will be operational within eight months following the date of the certificate of need approval. The eight months would start from the date of an uncontested certificate of need approval. However, the department, at its sole discretion, may approve a one-time modification of the timeline for the purposes of this subsection upon submission of documentation that the applicant was prevented from meeting the initial timeline due to circumstances beyond its control.

Both resident and nonresident patients using the kidney dialysis facility are included in this calculation. Data used to make this calculation must be from the most recent quarterly modality report from the Northwest Renal Network as of the letter of intent submission date.

(7) When there are relocated stations within a planning area pursuant to WAC 246-310-830(3) and data is not available for the relocated stations, the department will use the station use rate from the

previous location as reported on the last quarterly modality report from Northwest Renal Network.

(8) If a provider, including any affiliates, submits multiple applications for projected need in a planning area, the department will use the following process:

(a) Each application will be scored as an individual application to determine superiority.

(b) The sum of the stations requested in the applications cannot exceed the projected need at the time of applications in the planning area.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 70.38.135. WSR 17-04-062, § 246-310-812, filed 1/27/17, effective 1/1/18.]