

FORM OF ORDER AND TRANSMITTAL BY AGENCY HAVING SINGLE HEAD

State of Washington

DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION, DIVISION OF BANKING

(agency name)

Administrative Order No. 59

(1) I, L. O. Malmberg, director

Acting Supervisor of Banking

do promulgate and adopt at Olympia, Washington (place)

the annexed rules relating to: industrial loan companies; amending section WAC 50-20-050.

(2) ALTERNATIVE A. Use only for Adoption of Permanent Rules.

This action is taken pursuant to Notice No. WSR 84-03-009 filed with the code reviser on Jan. 6, 1984. These rules shall take effect: [X] thirty days after they are filed with the code reviser pursuant to RCW 34.04.040(2). [] at a later date, such date being

(2) ALTERNATIVE B. Use only for Adoption of Emergency Rules.

I, find that an emergency exists and that this order is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare and that observance of the requirements of notice and opportunity to present views on the proposed action would be contrary to public interest. A statement of the facts constituting the emergency is:

These rules are therefore adopted as emergency rules to take effect upon filing with the code reviser.

(3) Pursuant to the requirements of RCW 34.04.026 that "every agency shall incorporate the most specific, but in no case omit all, of the following language alternatives when adopting or amending rules" fill in statement (a), (b), or (c) as appropriate:

[] (a) This rule is promulgated pursuant to RCW 31.04.150 and is intended to administratively implement that statute.

[] (b) This rule is promulgated pursuant to RCW which directs that the

(agency)

has authority to implement the provisions of

(name of act or RCW citation)

[] (c) This rule is promulgated under the general rule-making authority of the

(agency)

as authorized in RCW

(4) The undersigned hereby declares that the agency has complied with the provisions of the Open Public Meetings Act (chapter 42.30 RCW), the Administrative Procedure Act (chapter 34.04 RCW) and the State Register Act (chapter 34.08 RCW) in the adoption of these rules.

(5) This order, after being first recorded in the order register of this agency, is herewith transmitted to the Code Reviser for filing pursuant to chapter 34.04 RCW and chapter 1-12 WAC.

APPROVED AND ADOPTED February 23 19 84

FILED

FEB 23 1984

By L. O. Malmberg, CFE Acting Supervisor of Banking

Title

CODE REVISER'S OFFICE WSR 84-06-001

AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending Order 48, filed 12-1-82)

WAC 50-20-050 Restrictions as to charges. (1) No company shall charge the borrower for notarial fees.

(2) No industrial loan company shall require the purchasing of property insurance from the company or any employee, affiliate or associate of the company or from any agent, broker, or insurance company designated by the company as a condition precedent to the making of a loan nor shall any company decline existing insurance which meets or exceeds the standards set forth in this section.

A company may provide insurance on the life and disability of one borrower and on the life of the spouse of the borrower if both are obligors, provided that such insurance coverage shall not exceed the approximate unpaid balance of the total amount repayable under contract of indebtedness scheduled to be outstanding. The premium or cost for all such insurance when written pursuant to the Washington insurance code and regulations issued thereunder, shall not be deemed interest, charges or consideration in connection with the loan transaction and any gain or advantage to the lender arising out of the premium or cost of the insurance or from its sale shall not be a violation of any provision of chapter 31.04. The amount of the premium or cost of such insurance may be included in the original loan amount and may be paid from the proceeds of the loan.

If the loan contract is prepaid in full by cash, a new loan, renewal, refinancing, or otherwise, the credit life and/or accident and health insurance coverage shall be cancelled and a portion of the charge made for such insurance shall be rebated as provided by the Washington insurance code and regulations issued thereunder.

(3) No company shall make any charge for the filing, recording or releasing of mortgages or other instruments or for transferring title certificates to automobiles unless such charges are or are in fact to be paid out by the company to the proper officials for such filing, recording, transferring or releasing thereof.

(4) In the event a company makes a new loan where any part of the proceeds is used to pay the amount due it on an existing loan within four months from date of the existing loan, no charge for investigation fee shall be permitted ~~(-)~~, unless the investigation fee on the existing loan is refunded.

(5) Any note which is prepaid in full by cash, a new loan, refinancing, or otherwise before the final due date, the unearned portion of the interest shall be refunded using the sum of the digits method commonly known as the "Rule of 78's."

Provided, however, That in the case of any loan originally scheduled to be repaid in sixty-one months or more which is secured by an investment certificate, the refund of the unearned portion of the interest shall be computed as follows: Interest shall be considered earned at the single nominal annual percentage rate which if applied to the unpaid amounts of principal outstanding from time to time would produce the same total of interest paid at maturity as originally contracted for, based upon the assumption that all payments were made on the loan according to the schedule of payments due on the certificate and calculations were made according to the actuarial method. Interest earned so calculated up to the

scheduled due date nearest the date of prepayment shall be subtracted from the original amount of interest included in the note and the balance of such interest shall be refunded.

For purposes of this calculation only, the original principal amount of the loan shall be deemed to be the amount of the total note less the interest deducted in advance. Actuarial method means the method of allocating payments made between principal and interest whereby a payment is applied first to the interest accumulated to date and the remainder then applied to the unpaid principal amount. In computing an actuarial refund, the lender may round the single annual percentage rate used to the nearest quarter of one percent.

In computing any required refund, any prepayment made on or before the fifteenth day following the scheduled payment date on the investment certificate shall be deemed to have been made on the payment date preceding such prepayment. In the case of prepayment prior to the first installment date, the company may retain an amount not to exceed 1/30 of the first month's interest charge for each date between the origination date of the loan and the actual date of prepayment.